### As Introduced

# 127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

S. B. No. 71

## Senator Miller, R.

**Cosponsor: Senator Smith** 

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# A BILL

To amend sections 2919.22, 3319.088, 3319.41,
4510.13, and 4510.31 of the Revised Code to
prohibit the use of corporal punishment on a child
who is less than three or more than twelve years
of age or by hitting a child about the face or
head or with any object other than a bare hand and
to prohibit corporal punishment in schools.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

**Section 1.** That sections 2919.22, 3319.088, 3319.41, 4510.13, 8 and 4510.31 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows: 9

Sec. 2919.22. (A) No person, who is the parent, guardian, 10 custodian, person having custody or control, or person in loco 11 parentis of a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally or 12 physically handicapped child under twenty-one years of age, shall 13 create a substantial risk to the health or safety of the child, by 14 violating a duty of care, protection, or support. It is not a 15 violation of a duty of care, protection, or support under this 16 division when the parent, quardian, custodian, or person having 17 custody or control of a child treats the physical or mental 18 illness or defect of the child by spiritual means through prayer 19

alone, in accordance with the tenets of a recognized religious	20
body.	21
(B) No person shall do any of the following to a child under	22
eighteen years of age or a mentally or physically handicapped	23
child under twenty-one years of age:	24
(1) Abuse the child;	25
(2) Torture or cruelly abuse the child;	26
(3) Administer corporal punishment or other physical	27
disciplinary measure, or physically restrain the child in a cruel	28
manner or for a prolonged period, which punishment, discipline, or	29
restraint is excessive under the circumstances and creates a	30
substantial risk of serious physical harm to the child, administer	31
corporal punishment to the child by hitting the child about the	32
face or head, or administer corporal punishment to the child with	33
any object other than a bare hand;	34
(4) Repeatedly administer unwarranted disciplinary measures	35
to the child, when there is a substantial risk that such conduct,	36
if continued, will seriously impair or retard the child's mental	37
health or development;	38
(5) Entice, coerce, permit, encourage, compel, hire, employ,	39
use, or allow the child to act, model, or in any other way	40
participate in, or be photographed for, the production,	41
presentation, dissemination, or advertisement of any material or	42
performance that the offender knows or reasonably should know is	43
obscene, is sexually oriented matter, or is nudity-oriented	44
matter;	45
(6) Allow the child to be on the same parcel of real property	46
and within one hundred feet of, or, in the case of more than one	47
housing unit on the same parcel of real property, in the same	48
housing unit and within one hundred feet of, any act in violation	49

of section 2925.04 or 2925.041 of the Revised Code when the person	50
knows that the act is occurring, whether or not any person is	51
prosecuted for or convicted of the violation of section 2925.04 or	52
2925.041 of the Revised Code that is the basis of the violation of	53
this division.	54
(C)(1) No person shall operate a vehicle, streetcar, or	55

- trackless trolley within this state in violation of division (A) 56 of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code when one or more children 57 under eighteen years of age are in the vehicle, streetcar, or 58 trackless trolley. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 59 person may be convicted at the same trial or proceeding of a 60 violation of this division and a violation of division (A) of 61 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that constitutes the basis of 62 the charge of the violation of this division. For purposes of 63 sections 4511.191 to 4511.197 of the Revised Code and all related 64 provisions of law, a person arrested for a violation of this 65 division shall be considered to be under arrest for operating a 66 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or 67 a combination of them or for operating a vehicle with a prohibited 68 concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite 69 of a controlled substance in the whole blood, blood serum or 70 plasma, breath, or urine. 71
  - (2) As used in division (C)(1) of this section: 72
- (a) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in section 73 3719.01 of the Revised Code.
- (b) "Vehicle," "streetcar," and "trackless trolley" have the same meanings as in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code. 76
- (D) No person shall administer corporal punishment to a child 77

  who is less than three years of age, to a child who is more than 78

  twelve and less than eighteen years of age, or to a mentally or 79

  physically handicapped child who is more than twelve and less than 80

twenty-one years of age.	81
$\underline{(E)}(1)$ Division (B)(5) of this section does not apply to any	82
material or performance that is produced, presented, or	83
disseminated for a bona fide medical, scientific, educational,	84
religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by or	85
to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist, teacher,	86
person pursuing bona fide studies or research, librarian, member	87
of the clergy, prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper	88
interest in the material or performance.	89
(2) Mistake of age is not a defense to a charge under	90
division (B)(5) of this section.	91
(3) In a prosecution under division (B)(5) of this section,	92
the trier of fact may infer that an actor, model, or participant	93
in the material or performance involved is a juvenile if the	94
material or performance, through its title, text, visual	95
representation, or otherwise, represents or depicts the actor,	96
model, or participant as a juvenile.	97
(4) As used in this division and division (B)(5) of this	98
section:	99
(a) "Material," "performance," "obscene," and "sexual	100
activity" have the same meanings as in section 2907.01 of the	101
Revised Code.	102
(b) "Nudity-oriented matter" means any material or	103
performance that shows a minor in a state of nudity and that,	104
taken as a whole by the average person applying contemporary	105
community standards, appeals to prurient interest.	106
(c) "Sexually oriented matter" means any material or	107
performance that shows a minor participating or engaging in sexual	108
activity, masturbation, or bestiality.	109
$\frac{(E)(F)}{(I)}$ (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	110

endangering children.	111
(2) If the offender violates division (A) or (B)(1) of this	112
section, endangering children is one of the following:	113
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(E)}(2)(b)$ ,	114
(c), or (d) of this section, a misdemeanor of the first degree;	115
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of an	116
offense under this section or of any offense involving neglect,	117
abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse	118
of a child, except as otherwise provided in division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(2)(c)}$	119
or (d) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree;	120
(c) If the violation is a violation of division (A) of this	121
section and results in serious physical harm to the child	122
involved, a felony of the third degree;	123
(d) If the violation is a violation of division (B)(1) of	124
this section and results in serious physical harm to the child	125
involved, a felony of the second degree.	126
(3) If the offender violates division $(B)(2)$ , $(3)$ , $(4)$ , or	127
(6) $\underline{\text{or }(D)}$ of this section, except as otherwise provided in this	128
division, endangering children is a felony of the third degree. If	129
the violation results in serious physical harm to the child	130
involved, or if the offender previously has been convicted of an	131
offense under this section or of any offense involving neglect,	132
abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse	133
of a child, endangering children is a felony of the second degree.	134
If the offender violates division (B)(6) of this section and the	135
drug involved is methamphetamine, the court shall impose a	136
mandatory prison term on the offender as follows:	137
(a) If the violation is a violation of division (B)(6) of	138
this section that is a felony of the third degree under division	139
$\frac{(E)(F)}{(S)}$ of this section and the drug involved is	140
methamphetamine, except as otherwise provided in this division,	141

the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	142
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree that is	143
not less than two years. If the violation is a violation of	144
division (B)(6) of this section that is a felony of the third	145
degree under division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(S)}$ of this section, if the drug	146
involved is methamphetamine, and if the offender previously has	147
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division	148
(B)(6) of this section, a violation of division (A) of section	149
2925.04 of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (A) of	150
section 2925.041 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose as a	151
mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	152
felony of the third degree that is not less than five years.	153

- (b) If the violation is a violation of division (B)(6) of 154 this section that is a felony of the second degree under division 155 (E)(F)(3) of this section and the drug involved is 156 methamphetamine, except as otherwise provided in this division, 157 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 158 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree that is 159 not less than three years. If the violation is a violation of 160 division (B)(6) of this section that is a felony of the second 161 degree under division  $\frac{(E)(F)}{(S)}$  of this section, if the drug 162 involved is methamphetamine, and if the offender previously has 163 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division 164 (B)(6) of this section, a violation of division (A) of section 165 2925.04 of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (A) of 166 section 2925.041 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose as a 167 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 168 felony of the second degree that is not less than five years. 169
- (4) If the offender violates division (B)(5) of this section,endangering children is a felony of the second degree.
- (5) If the offender violates division (C) of this section, 172
  the offender shall be punished as follows: 173

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(F)}(5)(b)$ or	174
(c) of this section, endangering children in violation of division	175
(C) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	176
(b) If the violation results in serious physical harm to the	177
child involved or the offender previously has been convicted of an	178
offense under this section or any offense involving neglect,	179
abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse	180
of a child, except as otherwise provided in division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(S)}$	181
of this section, endangering children in violation of division (C)	182
of this section is a felony of the fifth degree.	183
(c) If the violation results in serious physical harm to the	184
child involved and if the offender previously has been convicted	185
of a violation of division (C) of this section, section 2903.06 or	186
2903.08 of the Revised Code, section 2903.07 of the Revised Code	187
as it existed prior to March 23, 2000, or section 2903.04 of the	188
Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the	189
sanctions described in division (D) of that section, endangering	190
children in violation of division (C) of this section is a felony	191
of the fourth degree.	192
(d) In addition to any term of imprisonment, fine, or other	193
sentence, penalty, or sanction it imposes upon the offender	194
pursuant to division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(5)}(5)(a)$ , $(b)$ , or $(c)$ of this section or	195
pursuant to any other provision of law and in addition to any	196
suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial driver's	197
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege under Chapter	198
4506., 4509., 4510., or 4511. of the Revised Code or under any	199

(e) In addition to any term of imprisonment, fine, or other

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other provision of law, the court also may impose upon the

4510.02 of the Revised Code.

offender a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's or

commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating

privilege from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section

sentence, penalty, or sanction imposed upon the offender pursuant	206
to division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(S)(a)}$ , (b), (c), or (d) of this section or	207
pursuant to any other provision of law for the violation of	208
division (C) of this section, if as part of the same trial or	209
proceeding the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	210
separate charge charging the violation of division (A) of section	211
4511.19 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the charge of	212
the violation of division (C) of this section, the offender also	213
shall be sentenced in accordance with section 4511.19 of the	214
Revised Code for that violation of division (A) of section 4511.19	215
of the Revised Code.	216
$\frac{(F)(G)}{(G)}(1)(a)$ A court may require an offender to perform not	217
more than two hundred hours of supervised community service work	218

under the authority of an agency, subdivision, or charitable 219 organization. The requirement shall be part of the community 220 control sanction or sentence of the offender, and the court shall 221 impose the community service in accordance with and subject to 222 divisions  $\frac{F}{G}(1)(1)$  and (b) of this section. The court may 223 require an offender whom it requires to perform supervised 224 community service work as part of the offender's community control 225 sanction or sentence to pay the court a reasonable fee to cover 226 the costs of the offender's participation in the work, including, 227 but not limited to, the costs of procuring a policy or policies of 228 liability insurance to cover the period during which the offender 229 will perform the work. If the court requires the offender to 230 perform supervised community service work as part of the 231 offender's community control sanction or sentence, the court shall 232 do so in accordance with the following limitations and criteria: 233

(i) The court shall require that the community service work 234 be performed after completion of the term of imprisonment or jail 235 term imposed upon the offender for the violation of division (C) 236 of this section, if applicable. 237

(ii) The supervised community service work shall be subject	238
to the limitations set forth in divisions $(B)(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(3)$ of	239
section 2951.02 of the Revised Code.	240
(iii) The community service work shall be supervised in the	241
manner described in division (B)(4) of section 2951.02 of the	242
Revised Code by an official or person with the qualifications	243
described in that division. The official or person periodically	244
shall report in writing to the court concerning the conduct of the	245
offender in performing the work.	246
(iv) The court shall inform the offender in writing that if	247
the offender does not adequately perform, as determined by the	248
court, all of the required community service work, the court may	249
order that the offender be committed to a jail or workhouse for a	250
period of time that does not exceed the term of imprisonment that	251
the court could have imposed upon the offender for the violation	252
of division (C) of this section, reduced by the total amount of	253
time that the offender actually was imprisoned under the sentence	254
or term that was imposed upon the offender for that violation and	255
by the total amount of time that the offender was confined for any	256
reason arising out of the offense for which the offender was	257
convicted and sentenced as described in sections 2949.08 and	258
2967.191 of the Revised Code, and that, if the court orders that	259
the offender be so committed, the court is authorized, but not	260
required, to grant the offender credit upon the period of the	261
commitment for the community service work that the offender	262
adequately performed.	263
(b) If a govern purguant to division $(F)(C)(1)(a)$ of this	264

(b) If a court, pursuant to division (F)(G)(1)(a) of this 264 section, orders an offender to perform community service work as 265 part of the offender's community control sanction or sentence and 266 if the offender does not adequately perform all of the required 267 community service work, as determined by the court, the court may 268 order that the offender be committed to a jail or workhouse for a 269

period of time that does not exceed the term of imprisonment that	270
the court could have imposed upon the offender for the violation	271
of division (C) of this section, reduced by the total amount of	272
time that the offender actually was imprisoned under the sentence	273
or term that was imposed upon the offender for that violation and	274
by the total amount of time that the offender was confined for any	275
reason arising out of the offense for which the offender was	276
convicted and sentenced as described in sections 2949.08 and	277
2967.191 of the Revised Code. The court may order that a person	278
committed pursuant to this division shall receive hour-for-hour	279
credit upon the period of the commitment for the community service	280
work that the offender adequately performed. No commitment	281
pursuant to this division shall exceed the period of the term of	282
imprisonment that the sentencing court could have imposed upon the	283
offender for the violation of division (C) of this section,	284
reduced by the total amount of time that the offender actually was	285
imprisoned under that sentence or term and by the total amount of	286
time that the offender was confined for any reason arising out of	287
the offense for which the offender was convicted and sentenced as	288
described in sections 2949.08 and 2967.191 of the Revised Code.	289

(2) Division  $\frac{F}{G}(G)$  (1) of this section does not limit or 290 affect the authority of the court to suspend the sentence imposed 291 upon a misdemeanor offender and place the offender under a 292 community control sanction pursuant to section 2929.25 of the 293 Revised Code, to require a misdemeanor or felony offender to 294 perform supervised community service work in accordance with 295 division (B) of section 2951.02 of the Revised Code, or to place a 296 felony offender under a community control sanction. 297

 $\frac{(G)(H)}{(I)}$  If a court suspends an offender's driver's or 298 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 299 privilege under division  $\frac{(E)(F)}{(5)}(5)(d)$  of this section, the period 300 of the suspension shall be consecutive to, and commence after, the 301

period of suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial	302
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege that	303
is imposed under Chapter 4506., 4509., 4510., or 4511. of the	304
Revised Code or under any other provision of law in relation to	305
the violation of division (C) of this section that is the basis of	306
the suspension under division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(S)}(5)(d)$ of this section or in	307
relation to the violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of	308
the Revised Code that is the basis for that violation of division	309
(C) of this section.	310
(2) An offender is not entitled to request, and the court	311
shall not grant to the offender, limited driving privileges if the	312
offender's license, permit, or privilege has been suspended under	313
division $\frac{(E)(F)}{(F)}(5)(d)$ of this section and the offender, within the	314
preceding six years, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	315
three or more violations of one or more of the following:	316
(a) Division (C) of this section;	317
(b) Any equivalent offense, as defined in section 4511.181 of	318
the Revised Code.	319
$\frac{(H)(I)}{(I)}(1)$ If a person violates division (C) of this section	320
and if, at the time of the violation, there were two or more	321
children under eighteen years of age in the motor vehicle involved	322
in the violation, the offender may be convicted of a violation of	323
division (C) of this section for each of the children, but the	324
court may sentence the offender for only one of the violations.	325
(2)(a) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	326
violation of division (C) of this section but the person is not	327
also convicted of and does not also plead guilty to a separate	328
charge charging the violation of division (A) of section 4511.19	329
of the Revised Code that was the basis of the charge of the	330
violation of division (C) of this section, both of the following	331

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apply:

(i) For purposes of the provisions of section 4511.19 of the	333
Revised Code that set forth the penalties and sanctions for a	334
violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code,	335
the conviction of or plea of guilty to the violation of division	336
(C) of this section shall not constitute a violation of division	337
(A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code;	338
(ii) For purposes of any provision of law that refers to a	339
conviction of or plea of guilty to a violation of division (A) of	340
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code and that is not described in	341
division $\frac{(H)(I)}{(2)(a)(i)}$ of this section, the conviction of or	342
plea of guilty to the violation of division (C) of this section	343
shall constitute a conviction of or plea of guilty to a violation	344
of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	345
(b) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	346
violation of division (C) of this section and the person also is	347
convicted of or pleads guilty to a separate charge charging the	348
violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code	349
that was the basis of the charge of the violation of division (C)	350
of this section, the conviction of or plea of guilty to the	351
violation of division (C) of this section shall not constitute,	352
for purposes of any provision of law that refers to a conviction	353
of or plea of guilty to a violation of division (A) of section	354
4511.19 of the Revised Code, a conviction of or plea of guilty to	355
a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	356
Code.	357
$\frac{(I)}{(J)}$ As used in this section:	358
(1) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as in	359
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code;	360
(2) "Limited driving privileges" has the same meaning as in	361
section 4501.01 of the Revised Code;	362

(3) "Methamphetamine" has the same meaning as in section

2925.01 of the Revised Code.

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sec. 3319.088. As used in this section, "educational 365 assistant" means any nonteaching employee in a school district who 366 directly assists a teacher as defined in section 3319.09 of the 367 Revised Code, by performing duties for which a license issued 368 pursuant to sections 3319.22 to 3319.30 of the Revised Code is not 369 required.

- (A) The state board of education shall issue educational aide 371 permits and educational paraprofessional licenses for educational 372 assistants and shall adopt rules for the issuance and renewal of 373 such permits and licenses which shall be consistent with the 374 provisions of this section. Educational aide permits and 375 educational paraprofessional licenses may be of several types and 376 the rules shall prescribe the minimum qualifications of education, 377 health, and character for the service to be authorized under each 378 type. The prescribed minimum qualifications may require special 379 training or educational courses designed to qualify a person to 380 perform effectively the duties authorized under an educational 381 aide permit or educational paraprofessional license. 382
- (B)(1) Any application for a permit or license, or a renewal 383 or duplicate of a permit or license, under this section shall be 384 accompanied by the payment of a fee in the amount established 385 under division (A) of section 3319.51 of the Revised Code. Any 386 fees received under this division shall be paid into the state 387 treasury to the credit of the state board of education licensure 388 fund established under division (B) of section 3319.51 of the 389 Revised Code. 390
- (2) Any person applying for or holding a permit or license 391 pursuant to this section is subject to sections 3123.41 to 3123.50 392 of the Revised Code and any applicable rules adopted under section 393 3123.63 of the Revised Code and sections 3319.31 and 3319.311 of 394

the Revised Code.

(C) Educational assistants shall at all times while in the 396 performance of their duties be under the supervision and direction 397 of a teacher as defined in section 3319.09 of the Revised Code. 398 Educational assistants may assist a teacher to whom assigned in 399 the supervision of pupils, in assisting with instructional tasks, 400 and in the performance of duties which, in the judgment of the 401 teacher to whom the assistant is assigned, may be performed by a 402 person not licensed pursuant to sections 3319.22 to 3319.30 of the 403 Revised Code and for which a teaching license, issued pursuant to 404 sections 3319.22 to 3319.30 of the Revised Code is not required. 405 The duties of an educational assistant shall not include the 406 assignment of grades to pupils. The duties of an educational 407 assistants assistant need not be performed in the physical 408 presence of the teacher to whom assigned, but the activity of an 409 educational assistant shall at all times be under the direction of 410 the teacher to whom assigned. The assignment of an educational 411 assistant need not be limited to assisting a single teacher. In 412 the event an educational assistant is assigned to assist more than 413 one teacher the assignments shall be clearly delineated and so 414 arranged that the educational assistant shall never be subject to 415 simultaneous supervision or direction by more than one teacher. 416

Educational assistants assigned to supervise children shall, 417
when the teacher to whom assigned is not physically present, 418
maintain the degree of control and discipline which that would be 419
maintained by the teacher, but an educational assistant may not 420
render corporal punishment. 421

Except when expressly permitted solely for the purposes of 422 section 3317.029 of the Revised Code, educational assistants may 423 not be used in place of classroom teachers or other employees and 424 any payment of compensation by boards of education to educational 425 assistants for such services is prohibited. The ratio between the 426

number of licensed teachers and the pupils in a school district	427
may not be decreased by utilization of educational assistants and	428
no grouping, or other organization of pupils, for utilization of	429
educational assistants shall be established which is inconsistent	430
with sound educational practices and procedures. A school district	431
may employ up to one full time equivalent educational assistant	432
for each six full time equivalent licensed employees of the	433
district. Educational assistants shall not be counted as licensed	434
employees for purposes of state support in the school foundation	435
program and no grouping or regrouping of pupils with educational	436
assistants may be counted as a class or unit for school foundation	437
program purposes. Neither special courses required by the	438
regulations of the state board of education, prescribing minimum	439
qualifications of education for an educational assistant, nor	440
years of service as an educational assistant shall be counted in	441
any way toward qualifying for a teacher license, for a teacher	442
contract of any type, or for determining placement on a salary	443
schedule in a school district as a teacher.	444

(D) Educational assistants employed by a board of education 445 shall have all rights, benefits, and legal protection available to 446 other nonteaching employees in the school district, except that 447 provisions of Chapter 124. of the Revised Code shall not apply to 448 any person employed as an educational assistant, and shall be 449 members of the school employees retirement system. Educational 450 assistants shall be compensated according to a salary plan adopted 451 annually by the board. 452

Except as provided in this section nonteaching employees 453 shall not serve as educational assistants without first obtaining 454 an appropriate educational aide permit or educational 455 paraprofessional license from the state board of education. A 456 nonteaching employee who is the holder of a valid educational aide 457 permit or educational paraprofessional license shall neither 458

render nor be required to render services inconsistent with the	459
type of services authorized by the permit or license held. No	460
person shall receive compensation from a board of education for	461
services rendered as an educational assistant in violation of this	462
provision.	463

Nonteaching employees whose functions are solely 464 secretarial-clerical and who do not perform any other duties as 465 educational assistants, even though they assist a teacher and work 466 under the direction of a teacher shall not be required to hold a 467 permit or license issued pursuant to this section. Students 468 preparing to become licensed teachers or educational assistants 469 shall not be required to hold an educational aide permit or 470 paraprofessional license for such periods of time as such students 471 are assigned, as part of their training program, to work with a 472 teacher in a school district. Such students shall not be 473 compensated for such services. 474

Following the determination of the assignment and general job 475 description of an educational assistant and subject to supervision 476 by the teacher's immediate administrative officer, a teacher to 477 whom an educational assistant is assigned shall make all final 478 determinations of the duties to be assigned to such assistant. 479 Teachers shall not be required to hold a license designated for 480 being a supervisor or administrator in order to perform the 481 necessary supervision of educational assistants. 482

(E) No person who is, or who has been employed as an 483 educational assistant shall divulge, except to the teacher to whom 484 assigned, or the administrator of the school in the absence of the 485 teacher to whom assigned, or when required to testify in a court 486 or proceedings, any personal information concerning any pupil in 487 the school district which was obtained or obtainable by the 488 educational assistant while so employed. Violation of this 489 provision is grounds for disciplinary action or dismissal, or 490

both. 491

Sec. 3319.41. (A)(1) Beginning September 1, 1994, and except	492
as provided in division (C) of this section, no No person employed	493
or engaged as a teacher, principal, administrator, nonlicensed	494
school employee, or bus driver in a public school may inflict or	495
cause to be inflicted corporal punishment as a means of discipline	496
upon a pupil attending such the school, unless the board of	497
education of the school district in which the school is located	498
adopts a resolution no later than September 1, 1994, to permit	499
corporal punishment as a means of discipline and does not adopt a	500
resolution prohibiting corporal punishment pursuant to division	501
(B) of this section. No board shall adopt a resolution permitting	502
corporal punishment before receiving and studying the report of	503
the local discipline task force appointed under division (A)(2) of	504
this section.	505
(2) The board of education of each city, local, exempted	506
village, and joint vocational school district that has not adopted	507
a rule prohibiting corporal punishment under section 3313.20 of	508
the Revised Code prior to the effective date of this amendment	509
shall appoint, and any board that has adopted a rule under that	510
section prior to the effective date of this amendment may appoint,	511
no later than April 1, 1994, a local discipline task force to	512
conduct a study of effective discipline measures that are	513
appropriate for that school district. Members of the task force	514
shall include teachers, administrators, nonlicensed school	515
employees, school psychologists, members of the medical	516
profession, pediatricians when available, and representatives of	517
parents' organizations.	518
The task force shall hold meetings regularly. All meetings of	519

the task force shall be open to the public and at least one of the
meetings shall be for the purpose of inviting public

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participation. The board of education shall provide public notice	522
of any public meeting of the task force in newspapers or other	523
periodicals of general circulation in the school district. The	524
task force shall report its findings and recommendations in	525
writing to the board of education no later than July 15, 1994. The	526
task force's written report must be available for inspection by	527
the public at the board's offices for at least five years after	528
being submitted to the board.	529
(B) <del>(1) At any time after September 1, 1996, the board of</del>	530
education of any city, local, exempted village, or joint	531
vocational school district in which corporal punishment is	532
permitted may adopt a resolution to prohibit corporal punishment.	533
After the adoption of a resolution prohibiting corporal punishment	534
pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, the board of	535
education of any city, local, exempted village, or joint	536
vocational school district may adopt a resolution permitting	537
corporal punishment after complying with division (B)(3) of this	538
section.	539
(2) At any time after September 1, 1998, the board of	540
education of any city, local, exempted village, or joint	541
vocational school district that did not adopt a resolution	542
permitting corporal punishment as a means of discipline pursuant	543
to division (A)(1) of this section may adopt a resolution	544
permitting corporal punishment after complying with division	545
(B)(3) of this section.	546
(3)(a) The board of education of each city, local, exempted	547
village, and joint vocational school district that intends to	548
adopt a resolution permitting corporal punishment as a means of	549
discipline pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of this section may	550
adopt that resolution permitting corporal punishment as a means of	551
discipline only after receiving and studying the report of the	552
secondary local discipline task force appointed under division	553

(B)(3)(b) of this section.	554
(b) Any board of education described in division (B)(1) or	555
(2) of this section that intends to adopt a resolution permitting	556
corporal punishment as a means of discipline shall appoint a	557
secondary local discipline task force to conduct a study of	558
effective discipline measures that are appropriate for that school	559
district. Membership on the secondary local discipline task force	560
shall consist of the same types of persons that are required to be	561
included as members of the local discipline task force pursuant to	562
division (A)(2) of this section. The secondary local discipline	563
task force shall follow the same procedures with respect to	564
holding meetings, the provision of public notice, and the	565
production and inspection of a written report of findings and	566
recommendations that are applicable to the local discipline task	567
force pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section, except that the	568
secondary local discipline task force is not required to present	569
its written report to the board of education on a date that is no	570
<del>later than July 15, 1994.</del>	571
(C) The prohibition of corporal punishment by division (A) of	572
this section or by a resolution adopted under division (B) of this	573
section does not prohibit the use of reasonable force or restraint	574
in accordance with division $\frac{(G)}{(D)}$ of this section.	575
(D) If the (C) The board of education of any city, local,	576
exempted village, or joint vocational school district does not	577
prohibit corporal punishment on the effective date of this	578
amendment but at any time after that date corporal punishment will	579
be prohibited in the district pursuant to division (A)(1) or (B)	580
of this section, the board shall do both of the following prior to	581
the date on which the prohibition takes effect:	582
(1) Adopt a disciplinary policy for the district that	583

includes alternative disciplinary measures other than corporal

punishment;

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(2) Consider what in-service training, if any, school	586
district employees might need as part of implementing the policy	587
adopted under division $\frac{(D)(C)}{(1)}$ of this section.	588
(E) A person employed or otherwise engaged as a teacher,	589
principal, or administrator by a board of education permitting	590
corporal punishment pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section or	591
by a nonpublic school, except as otherwise provided by the	592
governing authority of the nonpublic school, may inflict or cause	593
to be inflicted reasonable corporal punishment upon a pupil	594
attending the school to which the person is assigned whenever such	595
punishment is reasonably necessary in order to preserve discipline	596
while the student is subject to school authority.	597
(F) A board of education of a school district that permits	598
the use of corporal punishment as a means of discipline pursuant	599
to a resolution adopted by the board pursuant to division (A)(1)	600
of this section shall permit as part of its discipline policy the	601
parents, guardian, or custodian of a child that is attending any	602
school within the school district to request that corporal	603
punishment not be used as a means of discipline on that child;	604
upon the receipt of a request of that nature, shall ensure that an	605
alternative disciplinary measure is applied with respect to that	606
child; and shall include a procedure for the exercise of that	607
option in the resolution adopted pursuant to division (A)(1) of	608
this section.	609
(G)(D) Persons employed or engaged as teachers, principals,	610
or administrators in a school, whether public or private, and	611
nonlicensed school employees and school bus drivers may, within	612
the scope of their employment, use and apply such amount of force	613
and restraint as is reasonable and necessary to quell a	614
disturbance threatening physical injury to others, to obtain	615
possession of weapons or other dangerous objects upon the person	616

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or within the control of the pupil, for the purpose of

self-defense, or for the protection of persons or property.	618
Sec. 4510.13. (A)(1) Divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section	619
apply to a judge or mayor regarding the suspension of, or the	620
grant of limited driving privileges during a suspension of, an	621
offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	622
nonresident operating privilege imposed under division (G) or (H)	623
of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under division (B) or (C)	624
of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or under section 4510.07	625
of the Revised Code for a conviction of a violation of a municipal	626
OVI ordinance.	627
(2) No judge or mayor shall suspend the following portions of	628
the suspension of an offender's driver's or commercial driver's	629
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege imposed under	630
division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or	631
under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a conviction of a	632
violation of a municipal OVI ordinance, provided that division	633
(A)(2) of this section does not limit a court or mayor in	634
crediting any period of suspension imposed pursuant to division	635
(B) or (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code against any	636
time of judicial suspension imposed pursuant to section 4511.19 or	637
4510.07 of the Revised Code, as described in divisions (B)(2) and	638
(C)(2) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code:	639
(a) The first six months of a suspension imposed under	640
division (G)(1)(a) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a	641
comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the	642
Revised Code;	643
(b) The first year of a suspension imposed under division	644
(G)(1)(b) or (c) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a	645
comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the	646
Revised Code;	647

(c) The first three years of a suspension imposed under

division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code	649
or of a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07	650
of the Revised Code;	651
(d) The first sixty days of a suspension imposed under	652
division (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a	653
comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the	654
Revised Code.	655
(3) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges	656
to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or	657
permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under	658
division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under	659
division (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or under	660
section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI conviction	661
if the offender, within the preceding six years, has been	662
convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more <del>violations of one</del>	663
or more of the Revised Code sections, municipal ordinances,	664
statutes of the United States or another state, or municipal	665
ordinances of a municipal corporation of another state that are	666
identified in divisions (G)(2)(b) to (h) of equivalent offenses as	667
defined in section 2919.22 4511.181 of the Revised Code.	668
Additionally, no judge or mayor shall grant limited driving	669
privileges to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's	670
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has been	671
suspended under division (B) of section 4511.191 of the Revised	672
Code if the offender, within the preceding six years, has refused	673
three previous requests to consent to a chemical test of the	674
person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine to	675
determine its alcohol content.	676
(4) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges	677
for employment as a driver of commercial motor vehicles to an	678

offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit

or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under

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division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under	681
division (B) or (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or	682
under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI	683
conviction if the offender is disqualified from operating a	684
commercial motor vehicle, or whose license or permit has been	685
suspended, under section 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the Revised Code.	686
(5) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges	687
to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or	688
permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under	689
division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under	690
division (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or under	691

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section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a conviction of a

periods of time:

violation of a municipal OVI ordinance during any of the following

- (a) The first fifteen days of a suspension imposed under 695 division (G)(1)(a) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 696 comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the 697 Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division (C)(1)(a) 698 of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the sixteenth 699 day of the suspension, the court may grant limited driving 700 privileges, but the court may require that the offender shall not 701 exercise the privileges unless the vehicles the offender operates 702 are equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that monitor 703 the offender's alcohol consumption or any other type of 704 immobilizing or disabling devices, except as provided in division 705 (C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. 706
- (b) The first thirty days of a suspension imposed under 707 division (G)(1)(b) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 708 comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the 709 Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division (C)(1)(b) 710 of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the 711 thirty-first day of suspension, the court may grant limited 712

driving privileges, but the court may require that the offender 713 shall not exercise the privileges unless the vehicles the offender 714 operates are equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that 715 monitor the offender's alcohol consumption or any other type of 716 immobilizing or disabling devices, except as provided in division 717 (C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. 718

- (c) The first sixty days of a suspension imposed under 719 division (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 720 comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the 721 Revised Code. 722
- (d) The first one hundred eighty days of a suspension imposed 723 under division (G)(1)(c) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or 724 a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of 725 the Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division 726 (C)(1)(c) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may 727 grant limited driving privileges on or after the one hundred 728 eighty-first day of the suspension only if the judge, at the time 729 of granting the privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the 730 offender, while exercising the privileges during the period 731 commencing with the one hundred eighty-first day of suspension and 732 ending with the first year of suspension, from operating any motor 733 vehicle unless it is equipped with an immobilizing or disabling 734 device that monitors the offender's alcohol consumption. After the 735 first year of the suspension, the court may authorize the offender 736 to continue exercising the privileges in vehicles that are not 737 equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that monitor the 738 offender's alcohol consumption, except as provided in division (C) 739 of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. If the offender does not 740 petition for limited driving privileges until after the first year 741 of suspension, the judge may grant limited driving privileges 742 without requiring the use of an immobilizing or disabling device 743 that monitors the offender's alcohol consumption. 744

(e) The first three years of a suspension imposed under	745
division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code	746
or a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of	747
the Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division	748
(C)(1)(d) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may	749
grant limited driving privileges after the first three years of	750
suspension only if the judge, at the time of granting the	751
privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the offender from	752
operating any motor vehicle, for the period of suspension	753
following the first three years of suspension, unless the motor	754
vehicle is equipped with an immobilizing or disabling device that	755
monitors the offender's alcohol consumption, except as provided in	756
division (C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code.	757
(6) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges	758
to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or	759
permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under	760
division (B) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code during any of	761
the following periods of time:	762
(a) The first thirty days of suspension imposed under	763
division (B)(1)(a) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code;	764
(b) The first ninety days of suspension imposed under	765
division (B)(1)(b) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code;	766
(c) The first year of suspension imposed under division	767
(B)(1)(c) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code;	768
(d) The first three years of suspension imposed under	769
division (B)(1)(d) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code.	770
(7) In any case in which a judge or mayor grants limited	771
driving privileges to an offender whose driver's or commercial	772
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has	773
been suspended under division (G)(1)(b), (c), (d), or (e) of	774

section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under division (G)(1)(a) of

section 4511.19 of the Revised Code for a violation of division	776
(A)(1)(f), $(g)$ , $(h)$ , or $(i)$ of that section, or under section	777
4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI conviction for	778
which sentence would have been imposed under division	779
(G)(1)(a)(ii) or $(G)(1)(b)$ , $(c)$ , $(d)$ , or $(e)$ of section 4511.19 of	780
the Revised Code had the offender been charged with and convicted	781
of a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code instead of a	782
violation of the municipal OVI ordinance, the judge or mayor shall	783
impose as a condition of the privileges that the offender must	784
display on the vehicle that is driven subject to the privileges	785
restricted license plates that are issued under section 4503.231	786
of the Revised Code, except as provided in division (B) of that	787
section.	788

- (B) Any person whose driver's or commercial driver's license 789 or permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended 790 pursuant to section 4511.19 or 4511.191 of the Revised Code or 791 under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a 792 municipal OVI ordinance may file a petition for limited driving 793 privileges during the suspension. The person shall file the 794 petition in the court that has jurisdiction over the place of 795 arrest. Subject to division (A) of this section, the court may 796 grant the person limited driving privileges during the period 797 during which the suspension otherwise would be imposed. However, 798 the court shall not grant the privileges for employment as a 799 driver of a commercial motor vehicle to any person who is 800 disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under 801 section 4506.16 of the Revised Code or during any of the periods 802 prescribed by division (A) of this section. 803
- (C)(1) After a driver's or commercial driver's license or 804 permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended 805 pursuant to section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2907.24, 2921.331, 806 2923.02, 2929.02, 4511.19, 4511.251, 4549.02, 4549.021, or 5743.99

of the Revised Code, any provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised 808 Code, or section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a 809 municipal OVI ordinance, the judge of the court or mayor of the 810 mayor's court that suspended the license, permit, or privilege 811 shall cause the offender to deliver to the court the license or 812 permit. The judge, mayor, or clerk of the court or mayor's court 813 shall forward to the registrar the license or permit together with 814 notice of the action of the court. 815

- (2) A suspension of a commercial driver's license under any 816 section or chapter identified in division (C)(1) of this section 817 shall be concurrent with any period of suspension or 818 disqualification under section 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the Revised 819 Code. No person who is disqualified for life from holding a 820 commercial driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised 821 Code shall be issued a driver's license under this chapter during 822 the period for which the commercial driver's license was suspended 823 under this section, and no person whose commercial driver's 824 license is suspended under any section or chapter identified in 825 division (C)(1) of this section shall be issued a driver's license 826 under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period of the 827 suspension. 828
- (3) No judge or mayor shall suspend any class one suspension, 829 or any portion of any class one suspension, imposed under section 830 2903.04, 2903.06, 2903.08, or 2921.331 of the Revised Code. No 831 judge or mayor shall suspend the first thirty days of any class 832 two, class three, class four, class five, or class six suspension 833 imposed under section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2923.02, or 834 2929.02 of the Revised Code.
- (D) The judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court 836 shall credit any time during which an offender was subject to an 837 administrative suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial 838 driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege 839

imposed pursuant to section 4511.191 or 4511.192 of the Revised	840
Code or a suspension imposed by a judge, referee, or mayor	841
pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4511.196 of the	842
Revised Code against the time to be served under a related	843
suspension imposed pursuant to any section or chapter identified	844
in division (C)(1) of this section.	845

- (E) The judge or mayor shall notify the bureau of motor 846 vehicles of any determinations made pursuant to this section and 847 of any suspension imposed pursuant to any section or chapter 848 identified in division (C)(1) of this section. 849
- (F)(1) If a court issues an immobilizing or disabling device 850 order under section 4510.43 of the Revised Code, the order shall 851 authorize the offender during the specified period to operate a 852 motor vehicle only if it is equipped with an immobilizing or 853 disabling device, except as provided in division (C) of that 854 section. The court shall provide the offender with a copy of an 855 immobilizing or disabling device order issued under section 856 4510.43 of the Revised Code, and the offender shall use the copy 857 of the order in lieu of an Ohio driver's or commercial driver's 858 license or permit until the registrar or a deputy registrar issues 859 the offender a restricted license. 860

An order issued under section 4510.43 of the Revised Code 861 does not authorize or permit the offender to whom it has been 862 issued to operate a vehicle during any time that the offender's 863 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is suspended 864 under any other provision of law.

(2) An offender may present an immobilizing or disabling 866 device order to the registrar or to a deputy registrar. Upon 867 presentation of the order to the registrar or a deputy registrar, 868 the registrar or deputy registrar shall issue the offender a 869 restricted license. A restricted license issued under this 870 division shall be identical to an Ohio driver's license, except 871

that it shall have printed on its face a statement that the	872
offender is prohibited during the period specified in the court	873
order from operating any motor vehicle that is not equipped with	874
an immobilizing or disabling device. The date of commencement and	875
the date of termination of the period of suspension shall be	876
indicated conspicuously upon the face of the license.	877

- Sec. 4510.31. (A)(1) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, the registrar of motor vehicles shall suspend the probationary driver's license, restricted license, or temporary instruction permit issued to any person when the person has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated in juvenile court of having committed, prior to the person's eighteenth birthday, any of the following:
- (a) Three separate violations of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 885 2921.331, 4511.12, 4511.13, 4511.15, 4511.191, 4511.20, 4511.201, 886 4511.202, 4511.21, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25 to 4511.48, 4511.57 887 to 4511.65, 4511.75, 4549.02, 4549.021, or 4549.03 of the Revised 888 Code, section 4510.14 of the Revised Code involving a suspension 889 imposed under section 4511.191 or 4511.196 of the Revised Code, 890 section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the person 891 would have been subject to the sanctions described in division (D) 892 of that section had the person been convicted of the violation of 893 that section, former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or any 894 municipal ordinances similarly relating to the offenses referred 895 to in those sections; 896
- (b) One violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance;

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(c) Two separate violations of any of the Revised Code 899 sections referred to in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, or any 900 municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those 901 sections.

(2) Any person whose license or permit is suspended under	903
division (A)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section shall mail or	904
deliver the person's probationary driver's license, restricted	905
license, or temporary instruction permit to the registrar within	906
fourteen days of notification of the suspension. The registrar	907
shall retain the license or permit during the period of the	908
suspension. A suspension pursuant to division (A)(1)(a) of this	909
section shall be a class C suspension, a suspension pursuant to	910
division (A)(1)(b) of this section shall be a class D suspension,	911
and a suspension pursuant to division (A)(1)(c) of this section	912
shall be a class E suspension, all for the periods of time	913
specified in division (B) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	914
If the person's probationary driver's license, restricted license,	915
or temporary instruction permit is under suspension on the date	916
the court imposes sentence upon the person for a violation	917
described in division (A)(1)(b) of this section, the suspension	918
shall take effect on the next day immediately following the end of	919
that period of suspension. If the person is sixteen years of age	920
or older and pleads guilty to or is convicted of a violation	921
described in division (A)(1)(b) of this section and the person	922
does not have a current, valid probationary driver's license,	923
restricted license, or temporary instruction permit, the registrar	924
shall deny the issuance to the person of a probationary driver's	925
license, restricted license, driver's license, commercial driver's	926
license, or temporary instruction permit, as the case may be, for	927
six months beginning on the date the court imposes sentence upon	928
the person for the violation. If the person has not attained the	929
age of sixteen years on the date the court imposes sentence upon	930
the person for the violation, the period of denial shall commence	931
on the date the person attains the age of sixteen years.	932

(3) The registrar shall suspend the person's license or 933 permit under division (A) of this section regardless of whether 934 the disposition of the case in juvenile court occurred after the 935

person's eighteenth birthday. 936

(B) The registrar also shall impose a class D suspension for 937 the period of time specified in division (B)(4) of section 4510.02 938 of the Revised Code of the temporary instruction permit or 939 probationary driver's license of any person under the age of 940 eighteen who has been adjudicated an unruly child, delinquent 941 child, or juvenile traffic offender for having committed any act 942 that if committed by an adult would be a drug abuse offense or a 943 violation of division (B) of section 2917.11 of the Revised Code. 944 The registrar, in the registrar's discretion, may terminate the 945 suspension if the child, at the discretion of the court, attends 946 and satisfactorily completes a drug abuse or alcohol abuse 947 education, intervention, or treatment program specified by the 948 court. Any person whose temporary instruction permit or 949 probationary driver's license is suspended under this division 950 shall mail or deliver the person's permit or license to the 951 registrar within fourteen days of notification of the suspension. 952 The registrar shall retain the permit or license during the period 953 of the suspension. 954

(C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this section, 955 for any person who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is 956 adjudicated in juvenile court of having committed a second or 957 third violation of section 4511.12, 4511.13, 4511.15, 4511.20 to 958 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.26 to 4511.48, 4511.57 to 4511.65, or 959 4511.75 of the Revised Code or any similar municipal ordinances 960 and whose license or permit is suspended under division (A)(1)(a) 961 or (c) of this section, the court in which the second or third 962 conviction, finding, plea, or adjudication resulting in the 963 suspension was made, upon petition of the person, may grant the 964 person limited driving privileges during the period during which 965 the suspension otherwise would be imposed under division (A)(1)(a) 966 or (c) of this section if the court finds reasonable cause to 967

believe that the suspension will seriously affect the person's	968
ability to continue in employment, educational training,	969
vocational training, or treatment. In granting the limited driving	970
privileges, the court shall specify the purposes, times, and	971
places of the privileges and may impose any other conditions upon	972
the person's driving a motor vehicle that the court considers	973
reasonable and necessary.	974

A court that grants limited driving privileges to a person 975 under this division shall retain the person's probationary 976 driver's license, restricted license, or temporary instruction 977 permit during the period the license or permit is suspended and 978 also during the period for which limited driving privileges are 979 granted, and shall deliver to the person a permit card, in a form 980 to be prescribed by the court, setting forth the date on which the 981 limited driving privileges will become effective, the purposes for 982 which the person may drive, the times and places at which the 983 person may drive, and any other conditions imposed upon the 984 person's use of a motor vehicle. 985

The court immediately shall notify the registrar, in writing, 986 of a grant of limited driving privileges under this division. The 987 notification shall specify the date on which the limited driving 988 privileges will become effective, the purposes for which the 989 person may drive, the times and places at which the person may 990 drive, and any other conditions imposed upon the person's use of a 991 motor vehicle. The registrar shall not suspend the probationary 992 driver's license, restricted license, or temporary instruction 993 permit of any person pursuant to division (A) of this section 994 during any period for which the person has been granted limited 995 driving privileges as provided in this division, if the registrar 996 has received the notification described in this division from the 997 court. 998

(2) Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this section, in

any case in which the temporary instruction permit or probationary 1000 driver's license of a person under eighteen years of age has been 1001 suspended under division (A) or (B) of this section or any other 1002 provision of law, the court may grant the person limited driving 1003 privileges for the purpose of the person's practicing of driving 1004 with the person's parent, guardian, or other custodian during the 1005 period of the suspension. Any grant of limited driving privileges 1006 under this division shall comply with division (D) of section 1007 4510.021 of the Revised Code. 1008

- (3) A court shall not grant limited driving privileges to a 1009 person identified in division (C)(1) or (2) of this section if the 1010 person, within the preceding six years, has been convicted of, 1011 pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated in juvenile court of having 1012 committed three or more violations of one or more of the divisions 1013 or sections set forth in divisions (G)(2)(b) to (g) of equivalent 1014 offenses as defined in section 2919.22 4511.181 of the Revised 1015 Code. 1016
- (D) If a person who has been granted limited driving 1017 privileges under division (C) of this section is convicted of, 1018 pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated in juvenile court of having 1019 committed, a violation of Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code, or a 1020 subsequent violation of any of the sections of the Revised Code 1021 listed in division (A)(1)(a) of this section or any similar 1022 municipal ordinance during the period for which the person was 1023 granted limited driving privileges, the court that granted the 1024 limited driving privileges shall suspend the person's permit card. 1025 The court or the clerk of the court immediately shall forward the 1026 person's probationary driver's license, restricted license, or 1027 temporary instruction permit together with written notification of 1028 the court's action to the registrar. Upon receipt of the license 1029 or permit and notification, the registrar shall impose a class C 1030 suspension of the person's probationary driver's license, 1031

restricted license, or temporary instruction permit for the period	1032
of time specified in division (B)(3) of section 4510.02 of the	1033
Revised Code. The registrar shall retain the license or permit	1034
during the period of suspension, and no further limited driving	1035
privileges shall be granted during that period.	1036
(E) No application for a driver's or commercial driver's	1037
license shall be received from any person whose probationary	1038
driver's license, restricted license, or temporary instruction	1039
permit has been suspended under this section until each of the	1040
following has occurred:	1041
(1) The suspension period has expired;	1042
(2) A temporary instruction permit or commercial driver's	1043
license temporary instruction permit has been issued;	1044
(3) The person successfully completes a juvenile driver	1045
improvement program approved by the registrar under section	1046
4510.311 of the Revised Code;	1047
(4) The applicant has submitted to the examination for a	1048
driver's license as provided for in section 4507.11 or a	1049
commercial driver's license as provided in Chapter 4506. of the	1050
Revised Code.	1051
Section 2. That existing sections 2919.22, 3319.088, 3319.41,	1052
4510.13, and 4510.31 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1053