As Introduced

128th General Assembly Regular Session 2009-2010

H. B. No. 241

Representative Garland

Cosponsors: Representatives Lundy, Sayre, Williams, B., Luckie, Hackett, Skindell, Okey, Newcomb, Yuko, Hagan, Boyd, Letson, Harris, Evans, Heard

A BILL

То	amend sections 2133.02, 2133.21, 2133.211, 2133.22	1
	to 2133.26, and 3795.03 and to enact sections	2
	2133.27 and 2133.30 to 2133.49 of the Revised Code	3
	to require the Director of Health to prescribe a	4
	form to document medical orders for	5
	life-sustaining treatment and to make changes to	6
	the law governing DNR identification and orders.	7

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2133.02, 2133.21, 2133.211, 2133.22,	9
2133.23, 2133.24, 2133.25, 2133.26, and 3795.03 be amended and	10
sections 2133.27, 2133.30, 2133.31, 2133.32, 2133.33, 2133.34,	11
2133.35, 2133.36, 2133.37, 2133.38, 2133.39, 2133.40, 2133.41,	12
2133.42, 2133.43, 2133.44, 2133.45, 2133.46, 2133.47, 2133.48, and	13
2133.49 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	14

sec. 2133.02. (A)(1) An adult who is of sound mind 15
voluntarily may execute at any time a declaration governing the 16
use or continuation, or the withholding or withdrawal, of 17
life-sustaining treatment. The declaration shall be signed at the 18

end by the declarant or by another individual at the direction of 19 the declarant, state the date of its execution, and either be 20 witnessed as described in division (B)(1) of this section or be 21 acknowledged by the declarant in accordance with division (B)(2) 22 of this section. The declaration may include a designation by the 23 declarant of one or more persons who are to be notified by the 24 declarant's attending physician at any time that life-sustaining 25 treatment would be withheld or withdrawn pursuant to the 26 declaration. The declaration may include a specific authorization 27 for the use or continuation or the withholding or withdrawal of 28 CPR, but the failure to include a specific authorization for the 29 withholding or withdrawal of CPR does not preclude the withholding 30 or withdrawal of CPR in accordance with sections 2133.01 to 31 2133.15 or sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised 32 Code. 33

(2) Depending upon whether the declarant intends the 34 declaration to apply when the declarant is in a terminal 35 condition, in a permanently unconscious state, or in either a 36 terminal condition or a permanently unconscious state, the 37 declarant's declaration shall use either or both of the terms 38 "terminal condition" and "permanently unconscious state" and shall 39 define or otherwise explain those terms in a manner that is 40 substantially consistent with the provisions of section 2133.01 of 41 the Revised Code. 42

(3)(a) If a declarant who has authorized the withholding or 43 withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment intends that the 44 declarant's attending physician withhold or withdraw nutrition or 45 hydration when the declarant is in a permanently unconscious state 46 and when the nutrition and hydration will not or no longer will 47 serve to provide comfort to the declarant or alleviate the 48 declarant's pain, then the declarant shall authorize the 49 declarant's attending physician to withhold or withdraw nutrition 50

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or hydration when the declarant is in the permanently unconscious 51 state by doing both of the following in the declaration: 52 (i) Including a statement in capital letters or other 53 conspicuous type, including, but not limited to, a different font, 54 bigger type, or boldface type, that the declarant's attending 55 physician may withhold or withdraw nutrition and hydration if the 56 declarant is in a permanently unconscious state and if the 57 declarant's attending physician and at least one other physician 58 who has examined the declarant determine, to a reasonable degree 59 of medical certainty and in accordance with reasonable medical 60 standards, that nutrition or hydration will not or no longer will 61 serve to provide comfort to the declarant or alleviate the 62 declarant's pain, or checking or otherwise marking a box or line 63 that is adjacent to a similar statement on a printed form of a 64 declaration; 65 (ii) Placing the declarant's initials or signature underneath 66

or adjacent to the statement, check, or other mark described in division (A)(3)(a)(i) of this section.

(b) Division (A)(3)(a) of this section does not apply to the
extent that a declaration authorizes the withholding or withdrawal
of life-sustaining treatment when a declarant is in a terminal
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condition. The provisions of division (E) of section 2133.12 of
the Revised Code pertaining to comfort care shall apply to a
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declarant in a terminal condition.

(B)(1) If witnessed for purposes of division (A) of this 75 section, a declaration shall be witnessed by two individuals as 76 described in this division in whose presence the declarant, or 77 another individual at the direction of the declarant, signed the 78 declaration. The witnesses to a declaration shall be adults who 79 are not related to the declarant by blood, marriage, or adoption, 80 who are not the attending physician of the declarant, and who are 81 not the administrator of any nursing home in which the declarant 82

is receiving care. Each witness shall subscribe the witness' 83 signature after the signature of the declarant or other individual 84 at the direction of the declarant and, by doing so, attest to the 85 witness' belief that the declarant appears to be of sound mind and 86 not under or subject to duress, fraud, or undue influence. The 87 signatures of the declarant or other individual at the direction 88 of the declarant under division (A) of this section and of the 89 witnesses under this division are not required to appear on the 90 same page of the declaration. 91

(2) If acknowledged for purposes of division (A) of this
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section, a declaration shall be acknowledged before a notary
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public, who shall make the certification described in section
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147.53 of the Revised Code and also shall attest that the
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declarant appears to be of sound mind and not under or subject to
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duress, fraud, or undue influence.

(C) An attending physician, or other health care personnel
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acting under the direction of an attending physician, who is
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furnished a copy of a declaration shall make it a part of the
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declarant's medical record and, when section 2133.05 of the
Revised Code is applicable, also shall comply with that section.

(D)(1) Subject to division (D)(2) of this section, an 103 attending physician of a declarant or a health care facility in 104 which a declarant is confined may refuse to comply or allow 105 compliance with the declarant's declaration on the basis of a 106 matter of conscience or on another basis. An employee or agent of 107 an attending physician of a declarant or of a health care facility 108 in which a declarant is confined may refuse to comply with the 109 declarant's declaration on the basis of a matter of conscience. 110

(2) If an attending physician of a declarant or a health care
facility in which a declarant is confined is not willing or not
able to comply or allow compliance with the declarant's
declaration, the physician or facility promptly shall so advise

the declarant and comply with the provisions of section 2133.10 of 115 the Revised Code, or, if the declaration has become operative as 116 described in division (A) of section 2133.03 of the Revised Code, 117 shall comply with the provisions of section 2133.10 of the Revised 118 Code. 119

(E) As used in this section, "CPR" has the same meaning as in 120 section 2133.21 of the Revised Code. 121

Sec. 2133.21. As used in this section and sections 2133.211222133.211 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised Code, unless the123context clearly requires otherwise:124

(A) "Attending physician" means the physician to whom a 125
person, or the family of a person, has assigned primary 126
responsibility for the treatment or care of the person or, if the 127
person or the person's family has not assigned that 128
responsibility, the physician who has accepted that 129
responsibility. 130

(B) <u>"CPR" means cardiopulmonary resuscitation or a component</u>
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 of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, but it does not include clearing
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 a person's airway for a purpose other than as a component of CPR.
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(C)"Declaration-""health care facility,""life sustaining134treatment,""physician,""professional disciplinary action," and135"tort action" have the same meanings as in section 2133.01 of the136Revised Code means a document executed in accordance with section1372133.02 of the Revised Code that includes a specific authorization138for the withholding or withdrawal of CPR.139

(C)(D)"DNR identification" means a standardized140identification card, form, necklace, or bracelet that is of141uniform size and design, that has been approved by the department142of health pursuant to section 2133.25 of the Revised Code, and143that signifies either one of the following:144

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(1) That the person who is named on and possesses the card, 145
form, necklace, or bracelet has executed a declaration that 146
authorizes the withholding or withdrawal of CPR and that has not 147
been revoked pursuant to section 2133.04 of the Revised Code; 148

(2) That the attending physician of the person who is named 149 on and possesses the card, form, necklace, or bracelet has issued 150 a current do-not-resuscitate order, in accordance with the 151 do-not-resuscitate protocol adopted by the department of health 152 pursuant to section 2133.25 of the Revised Code, for that person 153 and has documented the grounds for the order in that person's 154 medical record.

(3) That an issuing practitioner has completed a MOLST form156that has not been revoked as described in section 2133.39 of the157Revised Code.158

(D)(E) "Do-not-resuscitate order" means a directive issued by 159
 a physician prior to the effective date of this amendment in 160
 accordance with the do-not-resuscitate protocol that identifies a 161
 person and specifies that CPR should not be administered to the 162
 person so identified. 163

(E)(F) "Do-not-resuscitate protocol" means the standardized 164
 method of procedure for the withholding of CPR by physicians, 165
 emergency medical service personnel, and health care facilities 166
 that is was adopted in the rules of the department of health 167
 pursuant to section 2133.25 of the Revised Code as that section 168
 existed prior to the effective date of this amendment. 169

(F)(G) "Emergency medical services personnel" means paid or 170
volunteer firefighters, law enforcement officers, first 171
responders, emergency medical technicians-basic, emergency medical 172
technicians-intermediate, emergency medical technicians-paramedic, 173
medical technicians, or other emergency services personnel acting 174
within the ordinary course of their profession. 175

(G) "CPR" means cardiopulmonary resuscitation or a component	176
of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, but it does not include clearing	177
a person's airway for a purpose other than as a component of CPR.	178
(H) "Health care facility," "life-sustaining treatment,"	179
"physician," "professional disciplinary action," and "tort action"	180
have the same meanings as in section 2133.01 of the Revised Code.	181
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(I) "Issuing practitioner" has the same meaning as in section	183
2133.30 of the Revised Code.	184
(J) "MOLST form" means a form completed pursuant to division	185
(A) of section 2133.33 of the Revised Code that includes a	186
specific authorization for the withholding or withdrawal of CPR.	187

Sec. 2133.211. A person who holds a certificate of authority 188 to practice as a certified nurse practitioner or clinical nurse 189 specialist issued under section 4723.42 of the Revised Code may 190 take any action that may be taken by an attending physician under 191 sections 2133.21 2133.22 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised Code 192 and has the immunity provided by section 2133.22 of the Revised 193 Code if the action is taken pursuant to a standard care 194 arrangement with a collaborating physician. 195

Sec. 2133.22. (A)(1)(a) None of the following persons listed 196 in division (A)(1)(b) of this section are subject to criminal 197 prosecution, to liability in damages in a tort or other civil 198 action for injury, death, or loss to person or property, or to 199 professional disciplinary action arising out of or relating to the 200 withholding or withdrawal of CPR from a person after DNR 201 identification is discovered in the person's possession and 202 reasonable efforts have been made to determine that the person in 203 possession of the DNR identification is the person named on the 204 DNR identification any of the following: 205

(a)(i) An individual who has executed a declaration;	206
(ii) An individual for whom a do-not-resuscitate order has	207
been issued;	208
(iii) An individual for whom a MOLST form has been completed;	209
(iv) An individual who is in possession of DNR identification	210
if reasonable efforts have been made to determine that the	211
individual is the individual named on the DNR identification.	212
(b) Division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies only to the	213
<u>following:</u>	214
(i) A physician who causes the withholding or withdrawal of	215
CPR from the person possessing the DNR identification an	216
individual described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section;	217
(b)(ii) A person who participates under the direction of or	218
with the authorization of a physician in the withholding or	219
withdrawal of CPR from the person possessing the DNR	220
identification an individual described in division (A)(1)(a) of	221
this section;	222
(c)(iii) Any emergency medical services personnel who cause	223
or participate in the withholding or withdrawal of CPR from $rac{ extsf{the}}{ extsf{the}}$	224
person possessing the DNR identification an individual described	225
in division (A)(1)(a) of this section.	226
(2) <u>(a)</u> None of the following persons listed in division	227
(A)(2)(b) of this section are subject to criminal prosecution, to	228
liability in damages in a tort or other civil action for injury,	229
death, or loss to person or property, or to professional	230
disciplinary action arising out of or relating to the withholding	231
or withdrawal of CPR from a person in a health care facility after	232
DNR identification is discovered in the person's possession and	233
reasonable efforts have been made to determine that the person in	234
possession of the DNR identification is the person named on the	235

DNR identification or a do-not-resuscitate order is issued for the	236
person any of the following who is in a health care facility:	237
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(a)(i) An individual who has executed a declaration;	239
(ii) An individual for whom a do-not-resuscitate order has	240
been issued;	241
(iii) An individual for whom a MOLST form has been completed;	242
(iv) An individual who is in possession of DNR identification	243
if reasonable efforts have been made to determine that the	244
individual is the individual named on the DNR identification.	245
(b) Division (A)(2)(a) of this section applies only to the	246
<u>following:</u>	247
(i) The health care facility or the administrator of the	248
health care facility;	249
(b)(ii) A physician who causes the withholding or withdrawal	250
of CPR from the person possessing the DNR identification or for	251
whom the do-not-resuscitate order has been issued an individual	252
described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section;	253
(c)<u>(</u>iii) Any person who works for the health care facility as	254
an employee, contractor, or volunteer and who participates under	255
the direction of or with the authorization of a physician in the	256
withholding or withdrawal of CPR from the person possessing the	257
DNR-identification;	258
(d) Any person who works for the health care facility as an	259
employee, contractor, or volunteer and who participates under the	260
direction of or with the authorization of a physician in the	261
withholding or withdrawal of CPR from the person for whom the	262
do not resuscitate order has been issued an individual described	263
in division (A)(2)(a) of this section;	264

(iv) Any emergency medical services personnel who cause or 265

participate in the withholding or withdrawal of CPR from an	266
individual described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section.	267
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(3) If, after DNR identification is discovered in the	268
possession of a person it is determined that a person is an	269
individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this	270
section, the person makes an oral or written request to receive	271
CPR, any person who provides CPR pursuant to the request, any	272
health care facility in which CPR is provided, and the	273
administrator of any health care facility in which CPR is provided	274
are not subject to criminal prosecution as a result of the	275
provision of the CPR, are not liable in damages in a tort or other	276
civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	277
arises out of or is related to the provision of the CPR, and are	278
not subject to professional disciplinary action as a result of the	279
provision of the CPR.	280
(B) Divisions (A)(1), (A) and (2), and (C) of this section do	281
not apply when CPR is withheld or withdrawn from a person who	282
possesses DNR identification or for whom a do not resuscitate	283
order has been issued an individual described in division	284
(A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section unless the withholding or	285
withdrawal is in accordance with the do not resuscitate protocol	286
instructions regarding the withholding or withdrawal of CPR in the	287
individual's declaration, a do-not-resuscitate order that names	288
the individual, the individual's MOLST form, or in instructions in	289
any of the foregoing that is the basis of the individual's DNR	290
identification.	291
(C) Any emergency medical services personnel who comply with	292
a do not resuscitate order issued by a physician and any	293
individuals who work for a health care facility as employees,	294
contractors, or volunteers and who comply with a	295

do not resuscitate order issued by a physician are not subject to 296 liability in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss 297 to person or property that arises out of or is related to298compliance with the order, are not subject to criminal prosecution299as a result of compliance with the order, and are not subject to300professional disciplinary action as a result of compliance with301the order.302

In an emergency situation, emergency medical services 303 personnel and emergency department personnel are not required to 304 search a person to determine if the person possesses DNR 305 identification is an individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or 306 (2)(a) of this section. If a person possesses DNR identification 307 is an individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this 308 section, if emergency medical services personnel or emergency 309 department personnel provide CPR to the person in an emergency 310 situation, and if, at that time, the personnel do not know and do 311 not have reasonable cause to believe that the person possesses DNR 312 identification is an individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or 313 (2)(a) of this section, the emergency medical services personnel 314 and emergency department personnel are not subject to criminal 315 prosecution as a result of the provision of the CPR, are not 316 liable in damages in a tort or other civil action for injury, 317 death, or loss to person or property that arises out of or is 318 related to the provision of the CPR, and are not subject to 319 professional disciplinary action as a result of the provision of 320 the CPR. 321

(D) Nothing in sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the 322 Revised Code or the do not resuscitate protocol grants immunity to 323 a physician for issuing a do-not-resuscitate order that is 324 contrary to reasonable medical standards or that the physician 325 knows or has reason to know is contrary to the wishes of the 326 patient or of a person who is lawfully authorized to make informed 327 medical decisions on the patient's behalf. 328

Sec. 2133.23. (A) If emergency medical services personnel,	329
other than physicians, are presented with DNR identification	330
possessed by a person or are presented with a written	331
do-not-resuscitate order for a person or if a physician directly	332
issues to emergency medical services personnel, other than	333
physicians, an oral do-not-resuscitate order for a person <u>a</u>	334
written do-not-resuscitate order that has been issued for the	335
person or a MOLST form that has been completed for the person, the	336
emergency medical services personnel shall comply with the	337
do not resuscitate protocol for the person. If an oral	338
do-not-resuscitate order is issued by a physician who is not	339
present at the scene, the emergency medical services personnel	340
shall verify the physician's identity instructions regarding the	341
withholding or withdrawal of CPR in the relevant document or as	342
signified by the DNR identification.	343

(B) If a person possesses DNR identification and if the 344 person's attending physician or the health care facility in which 345 the person is located is unwilling or unable to comply with the 346 do-not-resuscitate protocol for the person instructions regarding 347 the withholding or withdrawal of CPR in the person's declaration, 348 the written do-not-resuscitate order that has been issued for the 349 person, or the MOLST form that has been completed for the person, 350 any of which is the basis of the person's DNR identification, the 351 attending physician or the health care facility shall not prevent 352 or attempt to prevent, or unreasonably delay or attempt to delay, 353 the transfer of the person to a different physician who will 354 follow the protocol instructions or to a different health care 355 facility in which the protocol instructions will be followed. 356

(C) If a person who <u>being transferred from one health care</u>	358
<u>facility to another</u> possesses DNR identification or for whom a	359
current, has executed a declaration, is the subject of a written	360

do-not-resuscitate order <u>that</u> has been issued is being transferred	361
from one health care facility to another, before or at the time of	362
the transfer, or is the subject of a MOLST form that has been	363
completed, the transferring health care facility shall notify the	364
receiving health care facility and the persons transporting the	365
person of the existence of the DNR identification or the order_	366
declaration, do-not-resuscitate order, or MOLST form. The notice	367
shall be given before or at the time of the transfer. If a current	368
do-not-resuscitate order was issued orally, it shall be reduced to	369
writing before the time of the transfer. The DNR identification or	370
the order, declaration, do-not-resuscitate order, or MOLST form	371
shall accompany the person to the receiving health care facility	372
and shall, subject to section 2133.41 of the Revised Code, remain	373
in effect unless it is revoked or unless, in the case of a	374
do not resuscitate order, the order no longer is current any of	375
the following circumstances apply:	376
(1) In the case of a DNR identification, it has been revoked	377
in accordance with rules adopted by the department of health	378
pursuant to section 2133.25 of the Revised Code.	379
(2) In the case of a declaration, it has been revoked as	380
described in section 2133.04 of the Revised Code.	381
(3) In the case of a written do-not-resuscitate order, it is	382
no longer current.	383
(4) In the case of a MOLST form, it has been revoked as	384
described in section 2133.39 of the Revised Code.	385
Sec. 2133.24. (A) The death of a person resulting from the	386

Sec. 2133.24. (A) The death of a person resulting from the 386 withholding or withdrawal of CPR for the person pursuant to the 387 do not resuscitate protocol instructions regarding the withholding 388 or withdrawal of CPR in a declaration executed by the person, a 389 written do-not-resuscitate order that has been issued for the 390 person, a MOLST form that has been completed for the person or 391

pursuant to instructions in any of the foregoing that is the basis	392
of the person's DNR identification and in the circumstances	393
described in section 2133.22 of the Revised Code or in accordance	394
with division (A) of section 2133.23 of the Revised Code does not	395
constitute for any purpose a suicide, aggravated murder, murder,	396
or any other homicide.	397
(B)(1) If a person <u>has executed a declaration, a written</u>	398
do-not-resuscitate order has been issued for the person, a MOLST	399
form has been completed for the person, or the person possesses	400
DNR identification or if a current do not resuscitate order has	401
been issued for a person, the existence of the declaration,	402
written do-not-resuscitate order, or MOLST form, or the possession	403
or order <u>of the DNR identification,</u> shall not do either of the	404
following:	405
(a) Affect in any manner the sale, procurement, issuance, or	406
renewal of a policy of life insurance or annuity, notwithstanding	407
any term of a policy or annuity to the contrary;	408
(b) Be deemed to modify in any manner or invalidate the terms	409
of any policy of life insurance or annuity that is in effect on	410
the effective date of this section.	411
(2) Notwithstanding any term of a policy of life insurance or	412
annuity to the contrary, the withholding or withdrawal of CPR from	413
a person who is insured or covered under the policy or annuity and	414
who possesses DNR identification or for whom a current	415
do-not-resuscitate order has been issued, in accordance with	416
sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code, who has executed	417
a declaration, for whom a written do-not-resuscitate order has	418
been issued, or for whom a MOLST form has been completed shall not	419
impair or invalidate any policy of life insurance or annuity.	420
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(3) Notwithstanding any term of a policy or plan to the 422

contrary, neither of the following shall impair or invalidate any 423 policy of health insurance or other health care benefit plan: 424 (a) The withholding or withdrawal in accordance with sections 425 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised Code of CPR from a 426 person who is insured or covered under the policy or plan and who 427 possesses DNR identification or for whom a current 428 do-not-resuscitate order has been issued, who has executed a 429 declaration, for whom a written do-not-resuscitate order has been 430 issued, or for whom a MOLST form has been completed; 431

(b) The provision in accordance with sections 2133.21 to
2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised Code of CPR to a person of the
433 nature described in division (B)(3)(a) of this section.
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(4) No physician, health care facility, other health care 435 provider, person authorized to engage in the business of insurance 436 in this state under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, health 437 insuring corporation, other health care benefit plan, legal entity 438 that is self-insured and provides benefits to its employees or 439 members, or other person shall require an individual to possess 440 DNR identification, execute a declaration, or have a written 441 do-not-resuscitate order issued, or have a MOLST form completed, 442 or shall require an individual to revoke or refrain from 443 possessing DNR identification, as a condition of being insured or 444 of receiving health care benefits or services. 445

(C)(1) Sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised 446 Code do not create any presumption concerning the intent of an 447 individual who does not possess DNR identification with respect to 448 the use, withholding, or withdrawal of CPR. 449

(2) Sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised Code
do not affect the right of a person to make informed decisions
451 regarding the use, withholding, or withdrawal of CPR for the
452 person as long as the person is able to make those decisions.
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(3) Sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the Revised Code 454 are in addition to and independent of, and do not limit, impair, 455 or supersede, any right or responsibility that a person has to 456 effect the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment 457 to another pursuant to sections 2133.01 to 2133.15 or sections 458 2133.30 to 2133.47 of the Revised Code or in any other lawful 459 manner. 460

(D) Nothing in sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the
Revised Code condones, authorizes, or approves of mercy killing,
assisted suicide, or euthanasia.
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Sec. 2133.25. (A) The department of health, by rule adopted 464 pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt a 465 standardized method of procedure for the withholding of CPR by 466 physicians, emergency medical services personnel, and health care 467 facilities in accordance with sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the 468 Revised Code. The standardized method shall specify criteria for 469 determining when a do-not-resuscitate order issued by a physician 470 is current. The standardized method so adopted shall be the 471 "do-not-resuscitate protocol" for purposes of sections 2133.21 to 472 2133.26 of the Revised Code. The department also of health, by 473 rule adopted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall 474 approve one or more standard forms of DNR identification to be 475 used throughout this state and shall specify one or more 476 procedures for revoking the forms of identification. 477

(B) The department of health shall adopt rules in accordance
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for the administration of
sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code The
do-not-resuscitate protocol adopted by the department of health in
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rules adopted pursuant to this section as this section existed
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prior to the effective date of this amendment and the standard
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this section as this section existed prior to the effective date	485
of this amendment are effective only for do-not-resuscitate orders	486
issued before the effective date of this amendment. The criteria	487
for determining when a do-not-resuscitate order is current apply	488
only to orders issued before that date.	489
(C) The department of health shall appoint an advisory	490
committee to advise the department in the development of rules	491
under this section. The advisory committee shall include, but	492
shall not be limited to, representatives of each of the following	493
organizations:	494
(1) The association for hospitals and health systems (OHA);	495
(2) The Ohio state medical association;	496
(3) The Ohio chapter of the American college of emergency	497
physicians;	498
(4) The Ohio hospice organization;	499
(5) The Ohio council for home care;	500
(6) The Ohio health care association;	501
(7) The Ohio ambulance association;	502
(8) The Ohio medical directors association;	503
(9) The Ohio association of emergency medical services;	504
(10) The bioethics network of Ohio;	505
(11) The Ohio nurses association;	506
(12) The Ohio academy of nursing homes;	507
(13) The Ohio association of professional firefighters;	508
(14) The department of mental retardation and developmental	509
disabilities;	510
(15) The Ohio osteopathic association;	511
(16) The association of Ohio philanthropic homes, housing and	512

services for the aging;	513
(17) The catholic conference of Ohio;	514
(18) The department of aging;	515
(19) The department of mental health;	516
(20) The Ohio private residential association;	517
(21) The northern Ohio fire fighters association.	518

sec. 2133.26. (A)(1) No physician shall purposely prevent or 519
attempt to prevent, or delay or unreasonably attempt to delay, the 520
transfer of a patient in violation of division (B) of section 521
2133.23 of the Revised Code. 522

(2) No person shall purposely conceal, cancel, deface, or
 523
 obliterate the DNR identification of another person without the
 524
 consent of the other person.
 525

(3) No person shall purposely falsify or forge a revocation
526
of a declaration <u>or MOLST form</u> that is the basis of the DNR
527
identification of another person or purposely falsify or forge an
order of a physician <u>or an instruction in a MOLST form</u> that
purports to supersede a do-not-resuscitate order issued, <u>or an</u>
530
<u>instruction in a MOLST form completed</u>, for another person.

(4) No person shall purposely falsify or forge the DNR 532
identification of another person with the intent to cause the use, 533
withholding, or withdrawal of CPR for the other person. 534

(5) No person who has personal knowledge that another person 535 has revoked a declaration that is the basis of the other person's 536 DNR identification or personal knowledge that a physician has 537 issued an order that supersedes a do not resuscitate order that 538 the physician issued for another person None of the following 539 shall purposely conceal or withhold that personal knowledge with 540 the intent to cause the use, withholding, or withdrawal of CPR for 541

the other person:	542
(a) A person who has personal knowledge that another person	543
has revoked a declaration that is the basis of the other person's	544
DNR identification;	545
(b) A person who has personal knowledge that a physician has	546
issued an order that supersedes a do-not-resuscitate order that	547
the physician issued for another person;	548
(c) A person who has personal knowledge that another person	549
has revoked a MOLST form or superseded an instruction in a MOLST	550
form that is the basis of the other person's DNR identification.	551
(B)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (5) of this	552
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	553
(2) Whoever violates division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of this	554
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	555
Sec. 2133.27. Nothing in sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the	556
Revised Code prohibits a physician from issuing a directive on or	557
after the effective date of this section that identifies a person	558
and specifies that CPR should not be administered to the person so	559
identified but any such directive shall be issued in accordance	560
with reasonable and prevailing standards of care.	561
Sec. 2133.30. As used in this section and sections 2133.31 to	562
2133.47 of the Revised Code:	563
(A) "Advanced practice nurse" means a registered nurse who	564
holds a valid certificate that authorizes the practice of nursing	565
<u>as a certified nurse practitioner or a clinical nurse specialist</u>	566
in accordance with section 4723.43 of the Revised Code.	567
(B) "Attending physician" means the physician to whom a	568
patient or patient's family has assigned primary responsibility	569
for the medical treatment or care of the patient or, if the	570

responsibility has not been assigned, the physician who has	571
accepted that responsibility.	572
(C) "Comfort care" means any of the following:	573
(1) Nutrition when administered to diminish pain or	574
discomfort, but not to postpone death;	575
(2) Hydration when administered to diminish pain or	576
discomfort, but not to postpone death;	577
(3) Any other medical or nursing procedure, treatment,	578
intervention, or other measure that is taken to diminish pain or	579
<u>discomfort, but not to postpone death.</u>	580
(D) "CPR" has the same meaning as in section 2133.21 of the	581
Revised Code.	582
(E) "Declaration" means a document executed in accordance	583
with section 2133.02 of the Revised Code.	584
(F) "DNR identification" and "do-not-resuscitate order" have	585
the same meanings as in section 2133.21 of the Revised Code.	586
(G) "Durable power of attorney for health care" means a	587
document created pursuant to sections 1337.11 to 1337.17 of the	588
Revised Code.	589
(H) "Emergency medical services worker" means a paid or	590
volunteer firefighter, law enforcement officer, first responder,	591
emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical	592
technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic,	593
medical technician, or other emergency services worker acting	594
within the ordinary course of the emergency services profession.	595
(I) "Form preparer" means the issuing practitioner who	596
completes a medical orders for life-sustaining treatment form or	597
the individual who completes the form pursuant to the	598
practitioner's delegation.	599
(J) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	600

1337.11 of the Revised Code.

(K) "Issuing practitioner" means a physician, physician	602
assistant, or advanced practice nurse who issues medical orders	603
for life-sustaining treatment for a patient by signing as the	604
issuing practitioner the medical orders for life-sustaining	605
treatment form for the patient.	606

(L) "Life-sustaining treatment" means any medical procedure,607treatment, intervention, or other measure that, when administered608to a patient, is intended to serve principally to prolong the609process of dying.610

(M) "Medical orders for life-sustaining treatment" means611instructions, issued by a physician, physician assistant, or612advanced practice nurse, regarding how a patient should be treated613with respect to hospitalization, administration or withdrawal of614life-sustaining treatment and comfort care, administration of CPR,615and other treatment the director of health has specified in rules616adopted under section 2133.31 of the Revised Code.617

(N) "Medical orders for life-sustaining treatment form,"618"MOLST form," or "form" means the form prescribed by the director619of health pursuant to rules adopted under section 2133.31 of the620Revised Code that when completed documents an issuing621practitioner's medical orders for life-sustaining treatment.622

(0) "Nutrition" means sustenance that is artificially or 623 technologically administered. 624

(P) "Physician" means an individual authorized under Chapter6254731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or626osteopathic medicine and surgery.627

(Q) "Physician assistant" means an individual who holds a628valid certificate to practice as a physician assistant issued629under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code.630

Sec. 2133.31. (A) Subject to division (D) of this section,	631
the director of health shall adopt rules in accordance with	632
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to do all of the following:	633
(1) Specify the treatment, in addition to hospitalization,	634
administration or withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment and	635
comfort care, and administration of CPR, that may be included in	636
instructions that constitute medical orders for life-sustaining	637
treatment under section 2133.30 of the Revised Code;	638
(2) Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of this section,	639
prescribe a medical orders for life-sustaining treatment (MOLST)	640
<u>form;</u>	641
(3) Specify procedures for a MOLST form to be amended or	642
<u>revoked;</u>	643
(4) Specify what constitutes full treatment relative to	644
treatment covered by each section of a MOLST form, for purposes of	645
section 2133.42 of the Revised Code;	646
(5) Specify the requirements an individual must meet to be	647
authorized to complete a MOLST form when this responsibility is	648
delegated by an issuing practitioner;	649
(6) Specify the extent to which MOLST forms, physician orders	650
for life-sustaining treatment forms, or physician orders for scope	651
of treatment forms executed under the laws or regulations of other	652
states are valid for purposes of sections 2133.31 to 2133.48 of	653
the Revised Code;	654
(7) Specify the individual or class of individuals who are	655
authorized to sign and date a MOLST form if all of the individuals	656
or classes of individuals in divisions (B)(2)(a) to (f) of section	657
2133.34 of the Revised Code are incapacitated, are not willing to	658

(8) Address any other matters necessary or appropriate to	661
implement or clarify sections 2133.31 to 2133.48 of the Revised	662
Code.	663
(\mathbf{D}) The multiplication of orthonormal system division $(\mathbf{A})(2)$ of	C C A
(B) The rules the director adopts under division (A)(2) of	664
this section shall, at minimum, address all of the following:	665
(1) The color of the MOLST form if it is on paper;	666
(2) The logo that identifies a form, whether in paper or	667
<u>electronic format, as an official MOLST form;</u>	668
(3) The inclusion of a space designated for the patient's	669
name;	670
(4) The inclusion of spaces designated for the names,	671
telephone numbers, signatures, and dates of signature of all of	672
the following:	673
(a) The issuing practitioner;	674
(b) The form preparer;	675
(c) The patient, the patient's attorney in fact under the	676
patient's durable power of attorney for health care, the	677
individual or class of individuals specified in division (B)(2) of	678
section 2133.34 of the Revised Code who participate in the form's	679
completion, or the individual authorized pursuant to division (D)	680
of section 2133.35 of the Revised Code to complete a new form;	681
	682
(d) The parent, guardian, or custodian of the patient, to be	683
used only if the patient is under eighteen years of age.	684
(5) The inclusion of boxes for the form preparer to indicate	685
whether a physician or advanced practice nurse has issued a	686
do-not-resuscitate order for the patient and whether the patient	687
has executed a declaration or a durable power of attorney for	688
health care.	689
<u>(6) The inclusion of boxes corresponding to a range of</u>	690

preferences the patient, the patient's parent, guardian, or legal	691
custodian, or any other individual or class of individuals	692
described in division (B)(4)(c) of this section who participate in	693
a form's completion can select regarding various medical	694
treatments and when such treatments should be administered,	695
including, but not limited to, CPR, antibiotics, artificially or	696
technologically administered nutrition and hydration, and other	697
medical interventions and the inclusion of spaces next to the	698
boxes for the names of the patient, individual, or individuals who	699
make the selections;	700
(7) The inclusion of a box for the form preparer to indicate	701
whether the patient, the patient's parent, guardian, or legal	702
custodian, or the other individual or class of individuals	703
described in division (B)(4)(c) of this section who participate in	704
the form's completion authorize the temporary administration of	705
medical treatments that may be contrary to the selections made	706
under division (B)(6) of this section if the patient has an	707
advanced chronic progressive illness and the medical treatment	708
would be administered for a different injury or illness.	709
(8) The inclusion of a space where the form preparer can	710
indicate the name and telephone number of an individual the	711
patient has authorized pursuant to division (D) of section 2133.35	712
of the Revised Code to do both of the following:	713
(a) Make all medical decisions on the patient's behalf,	714
including those regarding the administration of CPR and other	715
life-sustaining treatment;	716
(b) Revoke the form at any time in accordance with the	717
procedure prescribed in rules adopted under section 2133.31 of the	718
Revised Code and complete a new form on the patient's behalf.	719
(9) The inclusion of a space for the form preparer to list	720
the name and contact information for the patient's next of kin if	721

the patient does not have a legally effective durable power of	722
attorney for health care.	723
(10) The inclusion of a space for the form preparer to	724
indicate the date that the form was completed and signed in	725
accordance with sections 2133.34 and 2133.35 of the Revised Code;	726
(11) The inclusion of spaces designated for the names of	727
individuals who review the form after it is completed, the dates	728
on which reviews are completed, and the reviewer to indicate the	729
review's outcome;	730
(12) The inclusion of the following advisory statements, in	731
boldface type:	732
(a) "There is no requirement that a patient, a patient's	733
<u>parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or a patient's</u>	734
representative execute a MOLST form. You are not required to sign	735
this form for the patient to receive treatment."	736
This statement shall appear in the space immediately above	737
the space designated for the signature of the patient, the	738
patient's attorney in fact under the patient's durable power of	739
attorney for health care, or any of the other individuals or class	740
of individuals described in division (B)(4)(c) of this section who	741
participate in a form's completion.	742
(b) "The instructions in this form may supersede an	743
inconsistent instruction in a declaration (living will), durable	744
power of attorney for health care, general consent to treatment	745
form, or a DNR order as described in section 2133.41 of the Ohio	746
Revised Code."	747
(c) "This form may be revoked in accordance with section	748
2133.39 of the Ohio Revised Code."	749
(C) When prescribing a medical orders for life-sustaining	750
treatment form pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section, the	751

director shall consider the design and content of forms used in	752
other states to document medical or physician orders for	753
<u>life-sustaining treatment.</u>	754
(D) The director shall adopt the initial rules required by	755
this section not later than twelve months after the effective date	756
of this section. In adopting the rules, the director shall	757
consider the physician orders for life-sustaining treatment	758
(POLST) paradigm program requirements established by the national	759
POLST paradigm initiative task force.	760
Sec. 2133.32. The MOLST form prescribed in rules adopted	761
under section 2133.31 of the Revised Code shall be made available	762
on the department of health's web site in a format that can be	763
downloaded free of charge and reproduced.	764
Sec. 2133.33. (A) Except as provided in division (C) of this	765
section, a physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice	766
nurse may at any time issue medical orders for life-sustaining	767
treatment for a patient by completing a MOLST form. Once completed	768
and signed in accordance with sections 2133.34 and 2133.35 of the	769
Revised Code, the MOLST form is valid and, except as provided in	770
division (B) of this section, the instructions in it become	771
operative and govern how the patient who is the subject of the	772
form is to be treated with respect to hospitalization,	773
administration or withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment and	774
comfort care, administration of CPR, and other treatment the	775
director of health has specified in rules adopted under section	776
2133.31 of the Revised Code.	777
(B) The instructions in a MOLST form are not operative and do	778
not govern how a patient is to be treated when the instructions	779
are superseded as described in section 2133.41 or 2133.43 of the	780
Revised Code or the form is revoked as described in section	781

2133.39 of the Revised Code.

(C) A physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice	783
nurse shall not have a MOLST form completed for a patient if,	784
subject to division (D) of this section, any of the following	785
makes known to the physician, physician assistant, or advanced	786
practice nurse that completion of a MOLST form is not desired:	787
(1) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age and not	788
incapacitated, the patient;	789
(2) If the patient is not at least eighteen years of age, the	790
<u>patient's parent, guardian, or legal custodian;</u>	791
(3) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age,	792
incapacitated, has a legally effective durable power of attorney	793
for health care, and the circumstances in division (E) of this	794
section do not apply, the patient's attorney in fact under the	795
durable power of attorney for health care;	796
(4) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age,	797
incapacitated, does not have a legally effective durable power of	798
attorney for health care, and the circumstances in division (E) of	799
this section do not apply, the individual or class of individuals	800
determined according to the order of priority in division (B)(2)	801
of section 2133.34 of the Revised Code.	802
(D) Any disagreement within a class of individuals determined	803
according to the order of priority in division (B)(2) of section	804
2133.34 of the Revised Code as to whether a MOLST form should be	805
completed shall be resolved in accordance with section 2133.36 of	806
the Revised Code.	807
(E) If the patient, pursuant to division (D) of section	808
2133.35 of the Revised Code, authorized another individual to make	809
all medical decisions and to revoke a MOLST form on the patient's	810
behalf, that individual may make known to the physician, physician	811
assistant, or advanced practice nurse that completion of a new	812

MOLST form is not desired.

1	81	.3

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following participate in completion of the form:81(1) The issuing practitioner, who shall sign and date the82	814 815 816
(1) The issuing practitioner, who shall sign and date the 82	
	816
form in the space designated for the practitioner's signature and 81	
	17
who may complete the form or delegate the responsibility of the 83	18
form's completion to an individual who meets the requirements 83	819
established in rules adopted under section 2133.31 of the Revised 82	20
<u>Code;</u> 82	21
(2) If the issuing practitioner is not the form preparer, the 82	22
form preparer, who shall sign and date the form in the space 82	23
designated for the form preparer's signature; 82	24
(3) Except as provided in division (B) of this section or 82	25
when the patient has, pursuant to division (D) of section 2133.35 82	26
of the Revised Code, authorized another individual to make all 82	27
medical decisions and to revoke a MOLST form and complete a new 82	28
form on the patient's behalf, the patient, who shall sign and date 82	29
the form in the space designated for the patient's signature. 83	30
83	31
(B)(1) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age, 83	32
incapacitated, has a legally effective durable power of attorney 83	33
for health care, and is not already the subject of a valid MOLST 83	34
form, the patient's attorney in fact under the patient's durable 83	35
power of attorney for health care shall sign and date the form in 83	36
the space designated for such signature and indicate the person's 83	37
status as the patient's attorney in fact. 83	38
(2) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age, 83	39
incapacitated, does not have a legally effective durable power of 84	840
attorney for health care, and is not the subject of a valid MOLST 84	841
form, the individual or class of individuals determined in the 84	42

following order of priority and subject to divisions (D) and (E)	843
of this section and section 2133.36 of the Revised Code shall sign	844
and date the form in the space designated for such signature or	845
signatures and indicate the relationship to the patient:	846
<u>(a) The patient's guardian;</u>	847
(b) The patient's spouse;	848
(c) An adult child of the patient or, if there is more than	849
one adult child, all of the patient's adult children;	850
(d) The patient's parents;	851
(e) An adult sibling of the patient or, if there is more than	852
one adult sibling, all of the adult siblings;	853
(f) The adult not described in divisions (B)(2)(a) to (e) of	854
this section who is most closely related to the patient by blood	855
or adoption;	856
(g) The individual or class of individuals specified by the	857
director of health in rules adopted under section 2133.31 of the	858
Revised Code.	859
(3) If the patient is under eighteen years of age, the	860
parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the patient shall sign and	861
date the form in the space designated for such signature and	862
indicate the relationship to the patient.	863
(C) Division (B)(2)(a) of this section shall not be construed	864
as permitting or requiring the appointment of a guardian for the	865
patient.	866
(D) If an appropriate individual entitled to participate	867
under (B)(2) of this section in a MOLST form's completion is not	868
available within a reasonable period of time to participate in the	869
form's completion, is incapacitated, or declines to participate,	870
the next priority individual or class of individuals specified in	871
<u>that division is authorized to participate.</u>	872

<u>(E) If at least one individual in a class of individuals</u>	873						
entitled to participate under division (B)(2) of this section in a	874						
MOLST form's completion is incapacitated, is not willing to	875						
participate, or is not available within a reasonable period of	876						
time, participation shall be limited to the individual or	877						
individuals in the class who are not incapacitated and are willing	878						
to participate and available within a reasonable period of time.							
Sec. 2133.35. (A)(1) When completing a MOLST form, the form	880						
preparer shall, except as provided in division (A)(2) of this	881						
section, discuss the instructions in the form with one of the	882						
<u>following:</u>	883						
<u>(a) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age and not</u>	884						
incapacitated, the patient;	885						
(b) If the patient is not at least eighteen years of age, the	886						
<u>patient's parent, guardian, or legal custodian;</u>	887						
(c) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age,	888						
incapacitated, and has a legally effective durable power of	889						
attorney for health care, the patient's attorney in fact under the	890						
durable power of attorney for health care;	891						
<u>(d) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age,</u>	892						
incapacitated, and does not have a legally effective durable power	893						
of attorney for health care, the individual or class of	894						
individuals determined according to the order of priority in	895						
division (B)(2) of section 2133.34 of the Revised Code.	896						
(2) If the MOLST form is a new form completed by an	897						
individual authorized pursuant to division (D) of this section to	898						
make all medical decisions and to complete a new form on the	899						
patient's behalf, the form preparer shall discuss the instructions	900						
in the form with that individual.	901						
(B) The instructions the form preparer lists on the form	902						

shall reflect the desires of the appropriate person or persons	903
determined in accordance with division (A) of this section as	904
expressed during the discussion.	905
(C) A declaration or durable power of attorney for health	906
care, or both, if a copy of one or both documents is furnished to	907
the form preparer, may quide the discussion between the form	908
preparer and the appropriate person or persons determined in	909
accordance with division (A) of this section.	910
(D) If a patient participates in the form's completion, the	911
patient may instruct the form preparer to document in the	912
appropriate space on the form that the patient authorizes another	913
individual to do both of the following:	914
(1) Make all medical decisions on the patient's behalf,	915
including those regarding the administration of CPR and other	916
<u>life-sustaining treatment;</u>	917
(2) Revoke the form at any time in accordance with the	918
procedure prescribed in rules adopted under section 2133.31 of the	919
Revised Code and, if desired, complete a new form on the patient's	920
behalf.	921
Sec. 2133.36. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section, if	922
individuals in a class of individuals determined in accordance	923
with division (B)(2) of section 2133.34 of the Revised Code	924
disagree on any decision that must be made with regard to the	925
completion of the form, the opinion of the majority of individuals	926
who are not incapacitated and are available within a reasonable	927
period of time and willing to participate shall prevail.	928
	929
(B) If a majority of individuals cannot reach a decision	930
under division (A) of this section, a physician who is not the	931
issuing practitioner but who has reviewed the patient's medical	932

record shall make the decision that the physician believes is most	933
consistent with reasonable and prevailing medical standards.	934
Sec. 2133.37. A completed MOLST form shall be placed in a	935
conspicuous location in the paper or electronic medical record of	936
the patient to whom it pertains. Whether maintained as part of a	937
paper or electronic medical record, the form shall be readily	938
available and retrievable.	939
Sec. 2133.38. (A) If a patient with a MOLST form is	940
transferred from one health care facility to another, the health	941
care facility initiating the transfer shall communicate the	942
existence of, and send a copy of, the form to the receiving	943
facility prior to the transfer. The copy may be sent via regular	944
mail or by facsimile or other electronic means, but if maintained	945
in paper format, shall be placed on the color of paper specified	946
in rules adopted under section 2133.31 of the Revised Code on	947
receipt by the receiving facility. A copy of the form is the same	948
<u>as the original.</u>	949
(B)(1) Consistent with section 2133.37 of the Revised Code,	950
the copy of the MOLST form shall be placed in a conspicuous	951
location in the patient medical record immediately on receipt by	952
the receiving facility. After admission, the attending physician	953
shall review the MOLST form and, except as provided in division	954
(B)(2) of this section, discuss with one of the following whether	955
the form should be amended or revoked and whether a new form	956
<u>should be issued:</u>	957
(a) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age and not	958
incapacitated, the patient;	959
(b) If the patient is not at least eighteen years of age, the	960
<u>patient's parent, guardian, or legal custodian;</u>	961

(c) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age, 962

incapacitated, and has a legally effective durable power of								
attorney for health care, the patient's attorney in fact under the								
durable power of attorney for health care;	965							
(d) If the patient is at least eighteen years of age,								
incapacitated, and does not have a legally effective durable power	967							
of attorney for health care, the individual or class of	968							
individuals determined according to the order of priority in								
division (B)(2) of section 2133.34 of the Revised Code.	970							
(2) If the patient has authorized, pursuant to division (D)	971							
of section 2133.35 of the Revised Code, another individual to make	972							
all medical decisions and to revoke a MOLST form on the patient's	973							
behalf, the attending physician, after the physician's review of	974							
the form, shall discuss with that individual whether the form	975							
should be amended or revoked and whether a new form should be	976							
issued.	977							
(C) If a decision is made to amend the form, the attending	978							
physician shall proceed with the amendment consistent with the	979							
amendment procedure prescribed in rules adopted under section	980							
2133.31 of the Revised Code. If a decision is made to revoke the	981							
form, whether or not there is an intention to issue a new form,	982							
the revocation shall be done in accordance with section 2133.39 of	983							
the Revised Code.	984							
Sec. 2133.39. (A) A patient, an individual the patient has	985							
authorized pursuant to division (D) of section 2133.35 of the	986							
Revised Code to make all medical decisions and to revoke a MOLST	980 987							
form on the patient's behalf, or, if the patient is under eighteen	988							
years of age, the patient's parent, guardian, or legal custodian,	989							
may revoke a MOLST form at any time in accordance with the	990							
procedure specified in rules adopted under section 2133.31 of the	991							
Revised Code.	992							

(B) If a patient is at least eighteen years of age, 993

incapacitated, and has not authorized an individual pursuant to	994
division (D) of section 2133.35 of the Revised Code to make all	995
medical decisions and to revoke the patient's MOLST form, the	996
patient's attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney for	997
health care or, if the patient does not have a legally effective	998
durable power of attorney for health care, the individual or class	999
of individuals determined in accordance with division (B)(2) of	1000
section 2133.34 of the Revised Code, may revoke a form in	1001
accordance with the procedure specified in rules adopted under	1002
section 2133.31 of the Revised Code if the attending physician	1003
determines that at least one of the following is the case:	1004
	1005
(1) There has been a change in the physical condition of the	1006
patient that significantly decreases the benefit of the	1007
instructions in the MOLST form to the patient.	1008
(2) The instructions in the MOLST form are no longer	1009
significantly effective in achieving the purposes for which	1010
consent to their use was given by the patient, the patient's	1011
attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney for health	1012
care, or the individual or class of individuals determined in	1013
accordance with division (B)(2) of section 2133.34 of the Revised	1014
<u>Code.</u>	1015
Sec. 2133.40. Unless revoked in accordance with section	1016
2133.39 of the Revised Code, a MOLST form does not expire.	1017
Sec. 2133.41. Except as provided in section 2133.43 of the	1018
Revised Code, both of the following apply with respect to	1019
determining which instruction supersedes when an instruction is	1020
inconsistent in different documents:	1021
(A) An instruction in a MOLCE form that is inconsistent with	1000
(A) An instruction in a MOLST form that is inconsistent with	1022
<u>an instruction in a do-not-resuscitate order always supersedes the</u>	1023

inconsistent instruction in the do-not-resuscitate order.	1024
(B) An instruction in a MOLST form that is inconsistent with	1025
an instruction in a general consent to treatment form signed by or	1026
on behalf of the patient, a declaration, or a durable power of	1027
attorney for health care supersedes the inconsistent instruction	1028
in any of those documents unless both of the following conditions	1029
are met:	1030
(1) The document was executed after the MOLST form, as	1031
evidenced by the date on the document.	1032
(2) The attending physician is made aware of the document and	1033
furnished a copy of it.	1034
Sec. 2133.42. Except as provided in section 2133.43 of the	1035
Revised Code, if a section of a MOLST form has not been completed,	1036
a health care professional may proceed with the understanding that	1037
full treatment relative to treatment covered by that section of	1038
the form, as specified in rules adopted by the director of health	1039
pursuant to section 2133.31 of the Revised Code, is to be	1040
considered unless the form indicates that the patient has	1041
authorized another individual to make all medical decisions on the	1042
patient's behalf as described in division (D) of section 2133.35	1043
of the Revised Code.	1044
Sec. 2133.43. If an emergency medical services worker	1045
determines in an emergency situation that either of the following	1046
applies, the emergency medical services worker shall proceed to	1047
treat the patient as directed, verbally or in writing, by a	1048
physician or the cooperating physician advisory board of the	1049
emergency medical service organization with which the emergency	1050
medical services worker is affiliated:	1051
(A) An instruction in the patient's MOLST form is	1052
inconsistent with an instruction in any of the following:	1053

of the following:

(1) A do-not-resuscitate order that applies to the patient;	1054
(2) A general consent to treatment form signed by or on	1055
behalf of the patient;	1056
(3) A declaration executed by the patient;	1057
(4) A durable power of attorney for health care executed by	1058
the patient.	1059
(B) The section of the MOLST form that relates to the	1060
patient's treatment in that emergency situation has not been	1061
completed.	1062
Sec. 2133.44. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section, no	1063
health care facility, health care professional, emergency services	1064
worker, or other individual who works for a health care facility	1065
as an employee, contractor, or volunteer and who works under the	1066
direction of or with the authorization of a physician or advanced	1067
practice nurse shall be subject to criminal prosecution, liable in	1068
damages in tort or other civil action, or subject to professional	1069
disciplinary action for acting in accordance with, or otherwise	1070
being in compliance with, a valid MOLST form or sections 2133.31	1071
to 2133.48 of the Revised Code.	1072
(B) Division (A) of this section does not grant an immunity	1073
from criminal or civil liability or from professional disciplinary	1074
action to health care personnel for actions that are outside their	1075
scope of authority.	1076
Sec. 2133.45. The death of an individual that occurs as a	1077
result of actions taken consistent with instructions in a MOLST	1078
form does not constitute for any purpose a suicide, aggravated	1079
murder, murder, or any other homicide.	1080
Sec. 2133.46. The issuance of a MOLST form shall not do any	1081

(A) Affect in any manner the sale, procurement, issuance, or	1083
renewal of a policy of life insurance or annuity, notwithstanding	1084
any term of a policy or annuity to the contrary;	1085
(B) Modify in any manner or invalidate the terms of a policy	1086
of life insurance or annuity that is in effect on the effective	1087
date of this section;	1088
(C) Impair or invalidate a policy of life insurance or	1089
annuity or any health benefit plan.	1090
Sec. 2133.47. No physician, health care facility, other	1091
health care provider, person authorized to engage in the business	1092
of insurance in this state under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code,	1093
health insuring corporation, other health care benefit plan, legal	1094
entity that is self-insured and provides benefits to its employees	1095
or members, governmental entity, or other person shall require	1096
that an individual be the subject of a MOLST form, or require an	1097
individual to revoke or refrain from being the subject of a MOLST	1098
form, as a condition of being insured or of receiving health care	1099
benefits or services.	1100
Sec. 2133.48. In the absence of actual knowledge to the	1101
contrary and if acting in good faith, an attending physician,	1102
other health care professional, emergency services worker, or	1103
health care facility may assume that a MOLST form complies with	1104
sections 2133.31 to 2133.47 of the Revised Code and is valid.	1105
Sec. 2133.49. (A) There is hereby created the medical orders	1106
for life-sustaining treatment advisory council. The council shall	1107
	1107
consist of the following thirty-one members:	TTOQ
(1) An employee of the department of aging, appointed by the	1109
<u>director of aging;</u>	1110
(2) An employee of the department of mental health, appointed	1111

by the director of mental health;	1112
(3) An employee of the department of mental retardation and	1113
developmental disabilities, appointed by the director of mental	1114
retardation and developmental disabilities;	1115
(4) The executive director of the Ohio medical transportation	1116
board;	1117
(5) The executive director of the state board of emergency	1118
medical services;	1119
(6) The state long-term care ombudsperson;	1120
(7) One representative from each of the following	1121
organizations, appointed by the president or chief administrative	1122
officer of the organization:	1123
(a) The Ohio hospital association;	1124
(b) The Ohio state medical association;	1125
(c) The Ohio chapter of the American college of emergency	1126
physicians;	1127
(d) The Ohio hospice and palliative care organization;	1128
(e) The Ohio health care association;	1129
(f) The Ohio ambulance and medical transportation	1130
<u>Association;</u>	1131
(g) The Ohio medical directors association;	1132
(h) The Ohio association of emergency medical services;	1133
(i) The bioethics network of Ohio;	1134
(j) The Ohio nurses association;	1135
(k) The Ohio academy of nursing homes;	1136
(1) The Ohio association of professional firefighters;	1137
(m) The Ohio osteopathic association;	1138

(n) The association of Ohio philanthropic homes, housing and	1139
services for the aging;	1140
(o) The catholic conference of Ohio;	1141
(p) The Ohio private residential association;	1142
(q) The northern Ohio fire fighters association;	1143
(r) The Ohio assisted living association;	1144
(s) The Ohio council for home care;	1145
(t) Lifeline of Ohio;	1146
(u) The Ohio state bar association;	1147
(v) The Ohio association of advanced practice nurses;	1148
(w) The Ohio fire chiefs association;	1149
(x) The Ohio state firefighters association;	1150
(y) Agudath Israel of America.	1151
(B) The council shall meet at the call of the director of	1152
health. The department of health shall provide meeting space,	1153
staff services, and technical assistance required by the council	1154
in carrying out its duties.	1155
(C) The council shall advise the director of health regarding	1156
the rules the director must adopt under section 2133.31 of the	1157
<u>Revised Code and, at such times that the rules are subject to</u>	1158
review pursuant to section 119.032 of the Revised Code, whether	1159
and to what extent the rules should be continued without change,	1160
amended, or rescinded.	1161
Each member of the council has one vote. A majority of the	1162
members present at a meeting constitutes a quorum, and the	1163
affirmative vote of a majority of the members present is necessary	1164
for the council to make an official recommendation to the director	1165
<u>on a particular rule.</u>	1166

apply to the council.

The director may assign other duties to the council, as the 1167 director considers appropriate. 1168 (D) Members of the council shall serve without compensation, 1169 except to the extent that serving on the council is considered 1170 part of their regular duties of employment. 1171 (E) Sections 101.82 to 101.87 of the Revised Code do not 1172 1173 sec. 3795.03. Nothing in section 3795.01 or 3795.02 of the 1174 Revised Code shall do any of the following: 1175 (A) Prohibit or preclude a physician, certified nurse 1176 practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or clinical nurse 1177 specialist who carries out the responsibility to provide comfort 1178 care to a patient in good faith and while acting within the scope 1179 of the physician's or nurse's authority from prescribing, 1180

dispensing, administering, or causing to be administered any 1181 particular medical procedure, treatment, intervention, or other 1182 measure to the patient, including, but not limited to, 1183 prescribing, personally furnishing, administering, or causing to 1184 be administered by judicious titration or in another manner any 1185 form of medication, for the purpose of diminishing the patient's 1186 pain or discomfort and not for the purpose of postponing or 1187 causing the patient's death, even though the medical procedure, 1188 treatment, intervention, or other measure may appear to hasten or 1189 increase the risk of the patient's death; 1190

(B) Prohibit or preclude health care personnel acting under 1191 the direction of a person authorized to prescribe a patient's 1192 treatment and who carry out the responsibility to provide comfort 1193 care to the patient in good faith and while acting within the 1194 scope of their authority from dispensing, administering, or 1195 causing to be administered any particular medical procedure, 1196 treatment, intervention, or other measure to the patient, 1197

including, but not limited to, personally furnishing, 1198 administering, or causing to be administered by judicious 1199 titration or in another manner any form of medication, for the 1200 purpose of diminishing the patient's pain or discomfort and not 1201 for the purpose of postponing or causing the patient's death, even 1202 though the medical procedure, treatment, intervention, or other 1203 measure may appear to hasten or increase the risk of the patient's 1204 death; 1205

(C) Prohibit or affect the use or continuation, or the
withholding or withdrawal, of life-sustaining treatment, CPR, or
comfort care under Chapter 2133. of the Revised Code;
1208

(D) Prohibit or affect the provision or withholding of health 1209
care, life-sustaining treatment, or comfort care to a principal 1210
under a durable power of attorney for health care or any other 1211
health care decision made by an attorney in fact under sections 1212
1337.11 to 1337.17 of the Revised Code; 1213

(E) Affect or limit the authority of a physician, a health
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care facility, a person employed by or under contract with a
health care facility, or emergency service personnel to provide or
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withhold health care to a person in accordance with reasonable
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medical standards applicable in an emergency situation;
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(F) Affect or limit the authority of a person to refuse to 1219 give informed consent to health care, including through the 1220 execution of a durable power of attorney for health care under 1221 sections 1337.11 to 1337.17 of the Revised Code, the execution of 1222 a declaration under sections 2133.01 to 2133.15 of the Revised 1223 Code, the completion of a MOLST form under sections 2133.30 to 1224 2133.48 of the Revised Code, or authorizing the withholding or 1225 withdrawal of CPR under sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 2133.27 of the 1226 Revised Code. 1227

Section 2. That existing sections 2133.02, 2133.21, 2133.211, 1228

2133.22,	2133.23,	2133.24,	2133.25,	2133.26,	and	3795.03	of	the	1229
Revised	Code are b	hereby re	pealed.						1230