As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

128th General Assembly Regular Session 2009-2010

Sub. H. B. No. 292

Representatives Letson, Oelslager

Cosponsors: Representatives Yuko, Phillips, Ujvagi, Harwood, Domenick, Stebelton, Chandler, Luckie, Foley, Batchelder, Blessing, Boose, Boyd, Brown, Bubp, Carney, Combs, DeBose, Evans, Garland, Garrison, Hackett, Harris, Huffman, Maag, Mallory, Mecklenborg, Murray, Pillich, Sayre, Snitchler, Stewart, Wagner, Winburn Senator Kearney

A BILL

То	amend sections 119.01, 1125.19, 1125.28, 1157.01,	1
	1165.01, 5307.11, 5307.12, 5307.13, 5307.14, and	2
	5307.16; to amend, for the purpose of adopting new	3
	section numbers as indicated in parentheses,	4
	sections 1157.01 (1157.09) and 1165.01 (1165.09);	5
	to enact new sections 1157.01, 1157.03 to 1157.06,	6
	1157.10 to 1157.14, 1157.17 to 1157.29, 1165.01,	7
	1165.03 to 1165.06, 1165.10 to 1165.14, and	8
	1165.17 to 1165.29 and sections 1157.30, 1157.33,	9
	1165.30, 1165.33, and 5301.057; and to repeal	10
	sections 1157.02 to 1157.29 and 1165.02 to 1165.29	11
	of the Revised Code relative to liquidations and	12
	conservatorships of banks, savings and loan	13
	associations, and savings banks, to prohibit	14
	transfer fee covenants in certain real estate	15
	transactions, and to enable a court of common	16
	pleas to order a licensed auctioneer to conduct a	17
	sale of real property pursuant to a writ of	18

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partition.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 119.01, 1125.19, 1125.28, 1157.01,	20
1165.01, 5307.11, 5307.12, 5307.13, 5307.14, and 5307.16 be	21
amended; sections 1157.01 (1157.09) and 1165.01 (1165.09) be	22
amended for the purpose of adopting new sections numbers as	23
indicated in parentheses; and new sections 1157.01, 1157.03,	24
1157.04, 1157.05, 1157.06, 1157.10, 1157.11, 1157.12, 1157.13,	25
1157.14, 1157.17, 1157.18, 1157.19, 1157.20, 1157.21, 1157.22,	26
1157.23, 1157.24, 1157.25, 1157.26, 1157.27, 1157.28, 1157.29,	27
1165.01, 1165.03, 1165.04, 1165.05, 1165.06, 1165.10, 1165.11,	28
1165.12, 1165.13, 1165.14, 1165.17, 1165.18, 1165.19, 1165.20,	29
1165.21, 1165.22, 1165.23, 1165.24, 1165.25, 1165.26, 1165.27,	30
1165.28, and 1165.29 and sections 1157.30, 1157.33, 1165.30,	31
1165.33, and 5301.057 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	32
follows:	33
Sec. 119.01. As used in sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the	34
Revised Code:	35
(A)(1) "Agency" means, except as limited by this division,	36
any official, board, or commission having authority to promulgate	37
rules or make adjudications in the civil service commission, the	38
division of liquor control, the department of taxation, the	39
industrial commission, the bureau of workers' compensation, the	40
functions of any administrative or executive officer, department,	41
division, bureau, board, or commission of the government of the	42
state specifically made subject to sections 119.01 to 119.13 of	43
the Revised Code, and the licensing functions of any	44
administrative or executive officer, department, division, bureau,	45

board, or commission of the government of the state having the

authority or responsibility of issuing, suspending, revoking, or

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canceling licenses. 48

Except as otherwise provided in division (I) of this section, 49 sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code do not apply to the 50 public utilities commission. Sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the 51 Revised Code do not apply to the utility radiological safety 52 board; to the controlling board; to actions of the superintendent 53 of financial institutions and the superintendent of insurance in 54 the taking possession of, and rehabilitation or liquidation of, 55 the business and property of banks, savings and loan associations, 56 savings banks, credit unions, insurance companies, associations, 57 reciprocal fraternal benefit societies, and bond investment 58 companies; to any action taken by the division of securities under 59 section 1707.201 of the Revised Code; or to any action that may be 60 taken by the superintendent of financial institutions under 61 section 1113.03, 1121.06, 1121.10, 1125.09, 1125.12, 1125.18, 62 1157.01, 1157.02, 1157.10, 1165.01, 1165.02, 1165.10 <u>1157.09</u>, 63 <u>1157.12, 1157.18, 1165.09, 1165.12, 1165.18, 1349.33, 1733.35, </u> 64 1733.361, 1733.37, or 1761.03 of the Revised Code. 65

Sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code do not apply to actions of the industrial commission or the bureau of workers' compensation under sections 4123.01 to 4123.94 of the Revised Code with respect to all matters of adjudication, or to the actions of the industrial commission, bureau of workers' compensation board of directors, and bureau of workers' compensation under division (D) of section 4121.32, sections 4123.29, 4123.34, 4123.341, 4123.342, 4123.40, 4123.411, 4123.44, 4123.442, 4127.07, divisions (B), (C), and (E) of section 4131.04, and divisions (B), (C), and (E) of section 4131.14 of the Revised Code with respect to all matters concerning the establishment of premium, contribution, and assessment rates.

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(2) "Agency" also means any official or work unit having authority to promulgate rules or make adjudications in the

to 119.13 of the Revised Code.

liquidation shall include provisions for all of the following:

(1) The settlement of all debts and liabilities, including

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the claims of account holders, owed by the savings and loan	232
association;	233
(2) The distribution of the savings and loan association's	234
assets that remain after the settlement of debts and liabilities	235
to all persons entitled to them;	236
(3) The disposition or maintenance of any remaining or	237
unclaimed funds, real or personal property, either tangible or	238
intangible, or other assets, whether in trust or otherwise,	239
including the contents of safe deposit boxes or vaults;	240
(4) The retention of the savings and loan association's	241
records in accordance with section 1155.07 of the Revised Code;	242
(5) The date upon which the savings and loan association	243
shall cease doing any banking business and surrender its license	244
to the superintendent.	245
(D) Upon receipt of a plan of voluntary liquidation, the	246
superintendent shall make an examination of the savings and loan	247
association and shall consent to or deny an application for	248
approval of a plan based upon the superintendent's evaluation of	249
whether or not the interests of the savings and loan association's	250
depositors and creditors will suffer by the liquidation.	251
(E) The superintendent's consent to an application for	252
approval of a plan of voluntary liquidation may be subject to any	253
condition the superintendent determines appropriate under the	254
<u>circumstances.</u>	255
Sec. 1157.04. (A) If the superintendent of financial	256
institutions consents to a voluntary liquidation, the	257
superintendent shall cause a certified copy of the consent to be	258
filed in the office of the secretary of state, and the savings and	259
loan association to be liquidated shall do both of the following:	260
(1) Publish a notice of the voluntary liquidation once a week	261

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superintendent shall consent to the dissolution, and shall cause a	292
certified copy of the consent to be filed, along with the savings	293
and loan association's dissolution documents, in the office of the	294
secretary of state.	295
Sec. 1157.01 1157.09. (A) The superintendent of savings and	296
loan associations financial institutions may appoint a conservator	297
for any to take possession of the property and business of a	298
savings and loan association whenever he deems it necessary in	299
order and to conserve retain possession until the assets of such	300
savings and loan association for depositors, members, and	301
ereditors. The resumes business or a receiver is appointed, as	302
provided for in this chapter, if the superintendent shall appoint	303
a conservator for any association whose finds any one or more of	304
the following conditions:	305
(A) The savings and loan association is in an unsafe or	306
unsound condition to continue the business of banking.	307
(B) The savings and loan association is insolvent, in that it	308
has ceased to pay its debts in the ordinary course of business, it	309
is incapable of paying its debts as they mature, or it has	310
liabilities in excess of its assets.	311
(C) The savings and loan association has committed a	312
violation of law that has caused or that threatens substantial	313
injury to any of the public, the banking industry, or the savings	314
and loan association's depositors or other creditors.	315
(D) The savings and loan association has refused to submit	316
its records of account, papers, or affairs to the inspection or	317
examination of any federal agency or the superintendent.	318
(E) The savings and loan association has failed to pay its	319
deposits or obligations in accordance with the terms under which	320
the deposits were taken or the obligations were incurred.	321

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incorporation, and the superintendent determines the continued

the banking industry, or the savings and loan association's

depositors or other creditors.

(B) The conservator:

such savings and loan association;

to be reopened.

control of its own affairs threatens injury to any of the public,

institution has been terminated by the federal savings and loan

security to be required of him, and may remove such conservator at

any time. Upon or after the appointment of a conservator for any

closing of the books of such savings and loan association against

further transfer of its stock. He may thereafter permit such books

(1) Shall take possession of the business and property of

association, all the rights, powers, and authority of the officers

members or shareholders and may continue its business in whole or

and directors of the association and all voting rights of its

(2) Shall have and exercise, in the name and on behalf of the

savings and loan association, the superintendent may order the

<u>deposit</u> insurance corporation. The superintendent may fix the

compensation to be paid such conservator, the bond or other

(I) The savings and loan association's status as an insured

to time, communicate with the superintendent regarding the
conservatorship. The conservator shall furnish bond in form and
amount as the superintendent may direct.

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(C) The attorney general, as legal advisor to the division,

may employ special counsel to aid him with respect to any	384
litigation in which the conservator is involved on behalf of the	385
association. The compensation of such special counsel shall be	386
fixed by the attorney general subject to the approval of the	387
court.	388
(D) Within thirty days after appointment of a conservator,	389
the association may bring an action in the court of common pleas	390
of Franklin county, for an order that the superintendent remove	391
the conservator. Immediately upon filing such action, summons	392
shall be issued to the sheriff of Franklin county to be served on	393
the superintendent, returnable within five days from its date,	394
which in all other respects such summons shall be made as in civil	395
actions, whereupon the allegations of the petition shall be deemed	396
to stand denied without pleading and the cause shall be advanced	397
and heard without delay.	398
(E) The superintendent may terminate the conservatorship and	399
permit the association to resume the transaction of its business,	400
subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the	401
superintendent determines that the termination of such	402
conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public	403
interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the	404
conservatorship and permit the association to resume the	405
transaction of its business, unless the federal savings and loan	406
insurance corporation assures the superintendent that the	407
association, upon resuming the transaction of its business, will	408
have the status of an insured institution. The superintendent may	409
terminate the conservatorship and take possession on any of the	410
grounds provided in section 1157.02 of the Revised Code.	411
(F) The conservator may submit a plan for the termination of	412
the conservatorship to the members or shareholders of the	413
association; if the holders of a majority of the shares or a	414

majority of members vote to accept the plan, they shall elect

directors to manage the affairs of the association.	416
When a plan for termination of such conservatorship has been	417
submitted to the members or shareholders of the association, the	418
superintendent may require that the plan be submitted to the	419
court. He may require that not less than two weeks' notice of the	420
time and place of hearing on such application be given by	421
publication or otherwise, as the court directs, to depositors,	422
ereditors, members, and shareholders of the association.	423
(G) The expenses of the conservatorship and the compensation	424
of the conservator and the special counsel, if any, as provided in	425
this section, shall be paid out of the assets of the association	426
and shall be a lien thereon prior to any other lien.	427
Sec. 1157.10. (A) If it appears to the superintendent of	428
financial institutions that any one or more of the conditions set	429
forth in section 1157.09 of the Revised Code exists as to any	430
savings and loan association, the superintendent may appoint a	431
conservator, which appointment may include the superintendent, and	432
thereafter may dismiss or replace the conservator as the	433
superintendent determines necessary or advisable. The	434
superintendent may fix the compensation to be paid the conservator	435
and the amount of the bond or other security, if any, to be	436
required.	437
(B) The superintendent may, from time to time, appoint one or	438
more special deputy superintendents as agent or agents to assist	439
in the duties of conservatorship.	440
(C) The superintendent, any special deputy superintendents,	441
or a conservator may employ and procure whatever assistance or	442
advice is necessary in the conservatorship of the savings and loan	443
association, and, for that purpose, may retain officers or	444
employees of the savings and loan association as needed.	445

(1) To take possession of all books, records of account, and

assets of the savings and loan association;

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(2) To have and exercise, in the name and on behalf of the	476
savings and loan association, all the rights, powers, and	477
authority of the officers and directors of the savings and loan	478
association and all voting rights of its shareholders;	479
(3) To collect all debts, claims, and judgments belonging to	480
the savings and loan association and to take any other action,	481
including the lending of money, necessary to the operation of the	482
savings and loan association during the conservatorship;	483
(4) To execute in the name of the savings and loan	484
association any instrument necessary or proper to effectuate the	485
conservator's powers or perform its duties as conservator;	486
(5) To initiate, pursue, compromise, and defend litigation	487
involving any right, claim, interest, or liability of the savings	488
and loan association;	489
(6) To exercise all fiduciary functions of the savings and	490
loan association as of the date of appointment as conservator;	491
(7) To borrow money as necessary in the operation of the	492
savings and loan association, and to secure those borrowings by	493
the pledge or mortgage of the assets of the savings and loan	494
association;	495
(8) To abandon or convey title to any holder of a deed of	496
trust, mortgage, or similar lien against property in which the	497
savings and loan association has an interest, whenever the	498
conservator determines that continuing to claim that interest is	499
burdensome and of no advantage to the savings and loan association	500
or its account holders, creditors, or shareholders;	501
(9) If done within the ordinary course of business or	502
financial affairs of the savings and loan association and	503
according to ordinary business terms, to sell any and all assets,	504
to compromise any debt, claim, obligation, or judgment due to the	505
savings and loan association, to discontinue any pending action or	506

operations, or assets of the savings and loan association,	537
including the sale of some or all of the savings and loan	538
association's assets. The conservator shall consult with the board	539
of directors of the savings and loan association regarding any	540
proposed sale of all or substantially all of the savings and loan	541
association's assets.	542
(C) The superintendent may require the conservator to submit	543
the plan to the shareholders of the savings and loan association	544
as provided in division (D) of this section or to submit a new or	545
revised plan for consideration by the superintendent.	546
(D) If the conservator's plan is submitted to the	547
shareholders pursuant to division (C) of this section, the	548
superintendent shall designate the contents of notice of the vote	549
that is to be forwarded from the conservator to the shareholders	550
and shall designate the date upon which notice is to be forwarded.	551
The date of the shareholder vote shall be determined by the	552
superintendent, but shall not occur earlier than seven days or	553
later than forty-five days after the date of the notice.	554
If the majority of the shareholders do not approve the plan,	555
the superintendent may request submission of a new plan or proceed	556
to appoint a receiver without regard to the grounds for	557
appointment of a receiver as otherwise provided in this chapter.	558
If the majority of the shareholders approve the plan, the	559
superintendent may terminate the conservatorship, and the	560
shareholders shall elect directors to manage the savings and loan	561
association.	562
(E) The superintendent, at any time, including after the date	563
notice of a vote is provided to shareholders of the savings and	564
loan association under division (D) of this section, may revoke a	565
previously approved plan of the conservator and either provide	566
for, or request submission of, a new plan or proceed with	567
receivership under this chapter.	568

Sec. 1157.17. This chapter provides the full and exclusive	569
powers and procedures for the liquidation of savings and loan	570
associations under the laws of this state, and no receiver or	571
other liquidating agent shall be appointed for that purpose except	572
as expressly provided in this chapter.	573
Sec. 1157.18. The superintendent of financial institutions	574
may take possession of the property and business of a savings and	575
loan association if the superintendent finds any one or more of	576
the following conditions:	577
(A) The savings and loan association is in an unsafe or	578
unsound condition to continue the business of banking.	579
(B) The savings and loan association is insolvent, in that it	580
has ceased to pay its debts in the ordinary course of business, it	581
is incapable of paying its debts as they mature, or it has	582
liabilities in excess of its assets.	583
(C) The savings and loan association has refused to submit	584
its records or affairs to the inspection or examination of any	585
federal bank regulatory agency or the superintendent.	586
(D) The savings and loan association has failed to pay its	587
deposits or obligations in accordance with the terms under which	588
the deposits were taken or the obligations were incurred.	589
(E) A majority of the board of directors of the savings and	590
loan association has requested the superintendent to appoint a	591
receiver to take possession of the savings and loan association	592
for the benefit of account holders, creditors, or shareholders.	593
(F) The savings and loan association has violated any order	594
of a court or of the superintendent, any statute, rule, or	595
regulation, or its articles of incorporation, and the	596
superintendent determines the continued control of its own affairs	597
threatens injury to any of the public the banking industry or	598

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the savings and loan association's banking offices.

(E) Neither filing nor posting of notice in accordance with

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construed to prevent a receiver from obtaining court approval when

the receiver determines approval is appropriate under the

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circumstances.	719
Sec. 1157.23. (A) The receiver shall promptly cause notice of	720
the claims procedure to be published once a month for two	721
consecutive months in a local newspaper of general circulation and	722
to be mailed to each person whose name appears as a creditor upon	723
the books of the savings and loan association, at the last address	724
of record.	725
(B)(1) All parties having claims of any kind against the	726
savings and loan association, including prior judgments and claims	727
of security, preference, priority, and offset, shall present their	728
claims substantiated by legal proof to the receiver within one	729
hundred eighty days after the date of the first publication of	730
notice of the claims procedure or after actual receipt of notice	731
of the claims procedure, whichever occurs first.	732
(2) Within one hundred eighty days after receipt of a claim,	733
the receiver shall notify the claimant in writing whether the	734
claim has been allowed or disallowed. The receiver may reject any	735
claim in whole or in part, or may reject any claim of security,	736
preference, priority, or offset against the savings and loan	737
association. Any claimant whose claim has been rejected by the	738
receiver shall petition the court for a hearing on the claim	739
within sixty days after the date the notice was mailed or be	740
forever barred from asserting the rejected claim.	741
(C) Any claims filed after the claim period and subsequently	742
accepted by the receiver or allowed by the court, shall be	743
entitled to share in the distribution of assets only to the extent	744
of the undistributed assets in the hands of the receiver on the	745
date the claims are accepted or allowed.	746
Sec. 1157.24. (A) All claims against the savings and loan	747
association's estate and expenses, proved to the receiver's	748

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satisfaction or approved by the court, shall be paid in the	749
<pre>following order:</pre>	750
(1) Expenses of liquidation and receivership, including money	751
borrowed under authority of division (A)(6) of section 1157.22 or	752
division (A)(7) of section 1157.12 of the Revised Code and	753
interest on it, and claims for fees and assessments due the	754
superintendent of financial institutions;	755
(2) Claims given priorities under other provisions of state	756
or federal law;	757
(3) Wages and salaries of officers and employees earned	758
during the one-month period preceding the date of the savings and	759
loan association's closing in an amount, before applicable taxes	760
and other withholdings, that does not exceed one thousand dollars	761
for any one person;	762
(4) Deposit obligations;	763
(5) Other general liabilities;	764
(6) Obligations subordinated to deposits and other general	765
<u>liabilities.</u>	766
(B) Interest shall be given the same priority as the claim on	767
which it is based, but no interest shall be paid on any claim	768
until the principal of all claims within the same class has been	769
paid or provided for in full.	770
(C) Any funds remaining after satisfying the requirements of	771
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be paid to the	772
shareholders.	773
(D) Payment on claims shall be made pro rata among claims of	774
the kind specified in each class set forth in division (A) of this	775
section.	776
(E) Subject to the approval of the court, the receiver may	777
designate a separate class of claims consisting only of every	778

administrator, executor, quardian, agent, or in any other

fiduciary or representative capacity. The successor's duties and	809
obligations commence upon appointment to the same extent they are	810
binding upon the former savings and loan association and as though	811
the successor had originally assumed the duties and obligations.	812
Specifically, the successor shall succeed to and be entitled to	813
administer all trusteeships, administrations, executorships,	814
guardianships, agencies, and all other fiduciary or representative	815
proceedings to which the closed savings and loan association is	816
named or appointed in wills, whenever probated, or to which it is	817
appointed by any other instrument, court order, or operation of	818
law.	819
(B) Within sixty days after appointment, the successor shall	820
give written notice, insofar as practicable, to all interested	821
parties named in the books and records of the savings and loan	822
association or in trust documents held by it, that the successor	823
has been appointed in accordance with state law.	824
(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair any	825
right of the grantor or beneficiaries of trust assets to secure	826
the appointment of a substituted trustee or manager.	827
Sec. 1157.28. (A) The filing with the court of the finding of	828
the superintendent of financial institutions or the certificate of	829
appointment of the receiver, whichever occurs first, operates as	830
an automatic stay from the date of the filing, subject to the	831
court granting a motion for relief from the stay, applicable to	832
all entities, of both of the following:	833
(1) The commencement or continuation, including the issuance	834
or employment of process, of a judicial, administrative, or other	835
action or proceeding against the savings and loan association that	836
was or could have been commenced before the filing;	837
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(2) The enforcement against the savings and loan association	839
of a judgment or other claim obtained before the filing, including	039

claims of security, preference, priority, and offset.	840
(B) Upon the filing with the court of the finding of the	841
superintendent or the certificate of appointment of the receiver,	842
whichever occurs first, any other pending judicial,	843
administrative, or other action or proceeding against the savings	844
and loan association shall, upon motion of the receiver, be	845
consolidated into one action or transferred as a separate matter	846
before the presiding judge of the court having jurisdiction of the	847
receivership, subject, however, to the automatic stay provided in	848
division (A) of this section. Subject to the receiver's option to	849
have an action later consolidated or transferred, any action	850
commenced after the superintendent's filing shall be filed as a	851
separate matter before the presiding judge in the court having	852
jurisdiction over the receivership.	853
(C) The superintendent, prior to the appointment of a	854
receiver, or the receiver, after its appointment, shall be the	855
only party named in an action involving a savings and loan	856
association subject to this chapter.	857
(D) Any action seeking to enjoin the superintendent's order	858
appointing a receiver of a savings and loan association shall be	859
prought prior to the date the receiver sells all or substantially	860
all of the assets of the savings and loan association, prior to	861
the date the receiver transfers all or substantially all of the	862
insured deposits to an assuming institution, or within ten days	863
after the issuance of the order, whichever is earliest.	864
Sec. 1157.29. (A) When a receiver has completed the	865
liquidation of a savings and loan association, the receiver shall,	866
with notice to the superintendent of financial institutions,	867
petition the court for an order declaring the savings and loan	868
association properly wound up and dissolved.	869
(B) After whatever notice and hearing, if any, the court may	870

direct, the court may make an order declaring the savings and loan	871
association properly wound up and dissolved. The order shall do	872
both of the following, to the extent applicable:	873
(1) Declare all of the following:	874
(a) The savings and loan association has been properly wound	875
up.	876
(b) All known assets of the savings and loan association have	877
been distributed according to the distribution priorities set	878
forth in this chapter.	879
(c) The savings and loan association is dissolved.	880
(2) If there are known debts or liabilities, describe the	881
provision made for their payment, setting forth whatever	882
information may be necessary to enable the creditor or other	883
person to whom payment is to be made to appear and claim payment	884
of the debt or liability.	885
(C) The order shall confirm a plan by the receiver for the	886
disposition or maintenance of any remaining real or personal	887
property or other assets, whether held in trust or otherwise and	888
including the contents of safe deposit boxes or vaults, held by	889
the savings and loan association for its account holders,	890
creditors, lessees, or shareholders. The plan shall include	891
written notice to all known owners or beneficiaries of the assets,	892
to be sent by first class mail to each individual's address as	893
shown on the records of the savings and loan association.	894
(D) The court may make whatever additional orders and grant	895
whatever further relief it determines proper upon the evidence	896
submitted.	897
(E) Once the order is made declaring the savings and loan	898
association dissolved, the corporate existence of the savings and	899
loan association shall cease, except for purposes of any necessary	900

clear and convincing evidence in court that the action or failure

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its articles of incorporation, if not less than a majority.

(B) Prior to instituting a voluntary liquidation, a savings

958959

bank shall submit to the superintendent an application for	961
approval of its plan of voluntary liquidation and evidence	962
satisfactory to the superintendent that the plan has been properly	963
adopted by the savings bank and approved by its shareholders.	964
(C) A savings bank's plan of voluntary liquidation shall	965
include provisions for all of the following:	966
(1) The settlement of all debts and liabilities, including	967
the claims of account holders, owed by the savings bank;	968
(2) The distribution of the savings bank's assets that remain	969
after the settlement of debts and liabilities to all persons	970
<pre>entitled to them;</pre>	971
(3) The disposition or maintenance of any remaining or	972
unclaimed funds, real or personal property, either tangible or	973
intangible, or other assets, whether in trust or otherwise,	974
including the contents of safe deposit boxes or vaults;	975
(4) The retention of the savings bank's records in accordance	976
with section 1163.09 of the Revised Code;	977
(5) The date upon which the savings bank shall cease doing	978
any banking business and surrender its license to the	979
superintendent.	980
(D) Upon receipt of a plan of voluntary liquidation, the	981
superintendent shall make an examination of the savings bank and	982
shall consent to or deny an application for approval of a plan	983
based upon the superintendent's evaluation of whether or not the	984
interests of the savings bank's depositors and creditors will	985
suffer by the liquidation.	986
(E) The superintendent's consent to an application for	987
approval of a plan of voluntary liquidation may be subject to any	988
condition the superintendent determines appropriate under the	989
circumstances.	990

Sec. 1165.04. (A) If the superintendent of financial	991
institutions consents to a voluntary liquidation, the	992
superintendent shall cause a certified copy of the consent to be	993
filed in the office of the secretary of state, and the savings	994
bank to be liquidated shall do both of the following:	995
(1) Publish a notice of the voluntary liquidation once a week	996
for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation	997
in the county in which the savings bank's principal place of	998
business is located;	999
(2) Give written notice of the voluntary liquidation, either	1000
personally or by mail, to all known creditors of and all known	1001
claimants against the savings bank.	1002
(B) Compliance with the notice and publication requirements	1003
of division (A) of this section satisfies any duplicate or similar	1004
notice and publication requirements of Chapter 1701. of the	1005
Revised Code.	1006
Sec. 1165.05. (A) A voluntary liquidation of a savings bank	1007
shall be conducted only with the continued supervision of the	1008
superintendent of financial institutions. The superintendent may	1009
conduct any additional examinations of the savings bank the	1010
superintendent considers necessary or appropriate.	1011
(B) If the superintendent has reason to conclude the	1012
liquidation of a savings bank is not being safely or expeditiously	1013
conducted, the superintendent may take possession of the business	1014
and property of the savings bank in the same manner, with the same	1015
effect, and subject to the same rights accorded the savings bank	1016
as if the superintendent had taken possession under the	1017
receivership provisions of this chapter. The superintendent may	1018
proceed to liquidate the affairs of the savings bank in the same	1019
manner as otherwise provided in this chapter.	1020

Sec. 1165.06. Upon completion of a voluntary liquidation, the	1021
liquidated savings bank shall submit to the superintendent of	1022
financial institutions all documents required under Chapter 1701.	1023
of the Revised Code for a dissolution. The superintendent shall	1024
consent to the dissolution, and shall cause a certified copy of	1025
the consent to be filed, along with the savings bank's dissolution	1026
documents, in the office of the secretary of state.	1027
Sec. 1165.01 1165.09. (A) The superintendent of savings banks	1028
<u>financial institutions</u> may appoint a conservator for any <u>to take</u>	1029
possession of the property and business of a savings bank whenever	1030
he considers it necessary in order and to conserve retain	1031
possession until the assets of that savings bank for depositors,	1032
members, and creditors. The resumes business or a receiver is	1033
appointed, as provided for in this chapter, if the superintendent	1034
shall appoint a conservator for any savings bank whose finds any	1035
one or more of the following conditions:	1036
(A) The savings bank is in an unsafe or unsound condition to	1037
continue the business of banking.	1038
(B) The savings bank is insolvent, in that it has ceased to	1039
pay its debts in the ordinary course of business, it is incapable	1040
of paying its debts as they mature, or it has liabilities in	1041
excess of its assets.	1042
(C) The savings bank has committed a violation of law that	1043
has caused or that threatens substantial injury to any of the	1044
public, the banking industry, or the savings bank's depositors or	1045
other creditors.	1046
(D) The savings bank has refused to submit its records of	1047
account, papers, or affairs to the inspection or examination of	1048
any federal agency or the superintendent.	1049
(E) The savings bank has failed to pay its deposits or	1050

obligations in accordance with the terms under which the deposits	1051
were taken or the obligations were incurred.	1052
(F) A majority of the board of directors of the savings bank	1053
or a majority of its shareholders has requested the superintendent	1054
to appoint a conservator to take possession of the savings bank.	1055
(G) Either all positions on the board of directors of the	1056
savings bank are vacant or all of the directors then in office are	1057
incapacitated or otherwise unable to perform their	1058
responsibilities.	1059
(H) The savings bank has violated any court order, statute,	1060
rule, or regulation, or its articles of incorporation, and the	1061
superintendent determines the continued control of its own affairs	1062
threatens injury to any of the public, the banking industry, or	1063
the savings bank's depositors or other creditors.	1064
(I) The savings bank's status as an insured depository	1065
institution has been terminated by the federal deposit insurance	1066
corporation. The superintendent may fix the compensation to be	1067
paid the conservator, the bond or other security to be required of	1068
him, and may remove the conservator at any time. Upon or after the	1069
appointment of a conservator for any savings bank, the	1070
superintendent may order the closing of the books of the savings	1071
bank against further transfer of its stock. He may thereafter	1072
permit the books to be reopened.	1073
(B) The conservator shall:	1074
(1) Take possession of the business and property of the	1075
savings bank;	1076
(2) Have and exercise, in the name and on behalf of the	1077
savings bank, all the rights, powers, and authority of the	1078
officers and directors of the savings bank and all voting rights	1079
of its members or shareholders and may continue its business in	1080
whole or in part with a view to concerving its business and assets	1081

pending further disposition thereof as provided by law under the	1082
supervision of the superintendent and upon such limitations as are	1083
imposed by him.	1084
(C) The conservator may:	1085
(1) Give notice that he has taken possession of the assets of	1086
the savings bank to all persons holding or having possession of	1087
any assets of the savings bank;	1088
(2) Do all things he considers desirable or expedient to	1089
carry on the saving bank's business consistent with his	1090
appointment, but he shall not declare, credit or distribute	1091
earnings on savings accounts or deposits without the approval of	1092
the superintendent;	1093
(3) Bring or defend suits or proceedings in the name of the	1094
savings bank under the direction and supervision of the	1095
superintendent;	1096
(4) Do such things and have such rights, powers, privileges,	1097
immunities, and duties as the superintendent authorizes, directs,	1098
confers, or imposes.	1099
(D) This section does not vest title to any assets of the	1100
savings bank in the conservator. No person, firm, corporation, or	1101
association, knowing that a conservator has taken possession of	1102
the business and property of a savings bank or having been so	1103
notified, shall have a lien or charge against any of the assets of	1104
the savings bank for any payment, advance, clearance, or liability	1105
thereafter made or incurred. The obligations of the savings bank	1106
shall continue to bear interest at the rate contracted.	1107
(E) Any officer, director, member, or shareholder, from time	1108
to time, may communicate with the superintendent regarding the	1109
conservatorship. The conservator shall furnish bond in form and	1110
amount as the superintendent may direct.	1111

(F) The attorney general, as legal advisor to the division,	1112
may employ special counsel to aid him with respect to any	1113
litigation in which the conservator is involved on behalf of the	1114
savings bank. The compensation of the special counsel shall be	1115
fixed by the attorney general subject to the approval of the	1116
court.	1117
(G) Within thirty days after appointment of a conservator,	1118
the savings bank may bring an action in the court of common pleas	1119
of Franklin county, for an order that the superintendent remove	1120
the conservator. Immediately upon filing the action, summons shall	1121
be issued to the sheriff of Franklin county to be served on the	1122
superintendent, returnable within five days from its date, which	1123
in all other respects the summons shall be made as in civil	1124
actions, whereupon the allegations of the petition shall be deemed	1125
to stand denied without pleading and the cause shall be advanced	1126
and heard without delay.	1127
(H) The superintendent may terminate the conservatorship and	1128
(H) The superintendent may terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business,	1128 1129
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business,	1129
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the	1129 1130
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the	1129 1130 1131
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public	1129 1130 1131 1132
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133 1134
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, unless the federal deposit insurance	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133 1134 1135
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, unless the federal deposit insurance corporation assures the superintendent that the savings bank, upon	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133 1134 1135 1136
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, unless the federal deposit insurance corporation assures the superintendent that the savings bank, upon resuming the transaction of its business, will have the status of	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133 1134 1135 1136 1137
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, unless the federal deposit insurance corporation assures the superintendent that the savings bank, upon resuming the transaction of its business, will have the status of an insured depository institution. The superintendent may	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133 1134 1135 1136 1137
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, unless the federal deposit insurance corporation assures the superintendent that the savings bank, upon resuming the transaction of its business, will have the status of an insured depository institution. The superintendent may terminate the conservatorship and take possession on any of the	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133 1134 1135 1136 1137 1138
permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, subject to such terms and restrictions as he prescribes, when the superintendent determines that the termination of the conservatorship may be safely done and would be in the public interest. In no case shall the superintendent terminate the conservatorship and permit the savings bank to resume the transaction of its business, unless the federal deposit insurance corporation assures the superintendent that the savings bank, upon resuming the transaction of its business, will have the status of an insured depository institution. The superintendent may terminate the conservatorship and take possession on any of the grounds provided in section 1165.02 of the Revised Code.	1129 1130 1131 1132 1133 1134 1135 1136 1137 1138 1139 1140

members vote to accept the plan, they shall elect directors to	1144
manage the affairs of the savings bank.	1145
When a plan for termination of the conservatorship has been	1146
submitted to the members or shareholders of the savings bank, the	1147
superintendent may require that the plan be submitted to the	1148
court. He may require that not less than two weeks' notice of the	1149
time and place of hearing on such application be given by	1150
publication or otherwise, as the court directs, to depositors,	1151
creditors, members, and shareholders of the savings bank.	1152
(J) The expenses of the conservatorship and the compensation	1153
of the conservator and the special counsel, if any, as provided in	1154
this section, shall be paid out of the assets of the savings bank	1155
and shall be a lien thereon prior to any other lien.	1156
Sec. 1165.10. (A) If it appears to the superintendent of	1157
financial institutions that any one or more of the conditions set	1158
forth in section 1165.09 of the Revised Code exists as to any	1159
savings bank, the superintendent may appoint a conservator, which	1160
appointment may include the superintendent, and thereafter may	1161
dismiss or replace the conservator as the superintendent	1162
determines necessary or advisable. The superintendent may fix the	1163
compensation to be paid the conservator and the amount of the bond	1164
or other security, if any, to be required.	1165
(B) The superintendent may, from time to time, appoint one or	1166
more special deputy superintendents as agent or agents to assist	1167
in the duties of conservatorship.	1168
(C) The superintendent, any special deputy superintendents,	1169
or a conservator may employ and procure whatever assistance or	1170
advice is necessary in the conservatorship of the savings bank,	1171
and, for that purpose, may retain officers or employees of the	1172
savings bank as needed.	1173

(D) The superintendent may terminate the conservatorship at	1174
any time, and may appoint a receiver for liquidation of the	1175
savings bank on any of the grounds provided in this chapter for	1176
appointment of a receiver.	1177
(E) All expenses of a conservatorship shall be paid out of	1178
the assets of the savings bank, and shall be a lien on the bank's	1179
assets, which lien shall be prior to any other lien.	1180
Sec. 1165.11. (A) Upon the appointment of a conservator, the	1181
superintendent of financial institutions shall file a certified	1182
copy of the certificate of appointment in the office of the	1183
secretary of state, and thereafter no person shall obtain a lien	1184
or charge upon any assets of the savings bank for any payment,	1185
advance, clearance, or liability thereafter made or incurred, nor	1186
shall the directors, officers, or agents of the savings bank	1187
thereafter have authority to act on behalf of the savings bank or	1188
to convey, transfer, assign, pledge, mortgage, or encumber any of	1189
the savings bank's assets.	1190
(B) The filing of the certificate of appointment in	1191
accordance with this section shall not be a condition to either	1192
the superintendent's taking possession of the property and	1193
business of a savings bank or appointing a conservator for a	1194
savings bank.	1195
Sec. 1165.12. (A) A conservator, under the supervision of the	1196
superintendent of financial institutions and subject to any	1197
limitations imposed by the superintendent, shall have all of the	1198
following powers:	1199
(1) To take possession of all books, records of account, and	1200
assets of the savings bank;	1201
(2) To have and exercise, in the name and on behalf of the	1202
savings bank, all the rights, powers, and authority of the	1203

1233

this chapter.

consult with the board of directors of the savings bank regarding

any proposed sale of all or substantially all of the savings

1262

bank's assets.	1264
(C) The superintendent may require the conservator to submit	1265
the plan to the shareholders of the savings bank as provided in	1266
division (D) of this section or to submit a new or revised plan	1267
for consideration by the superintendent.	1268
(D) If the conservator's plan is submitted to the	1269
shareholders pursuant to division (C) of this section, the	1270
superintendent shall designate the contents of notice of the vote	1271
that is to be forwarded from the conservator to the shareholders	1272
and shall designate the date upon which notice is to be forwarded.	1273
The date of the shareholder vote shall be determined by the	1274
superintendent, but shall not occur earlier than seven days or	1275
later than forty-five days after the date of the notice.	1276
If the majority of the shareholders do not approve the plan,	1277
the superintendent may request submission of a new plan or proceed	1278
to appoint a receiver without regard to the grounds for	1279
appointment of a receiver as otherwise provided in this chapter.	1280
If the majority of the shareholders approve the plan, the	1281
superintendent may terminate the conservatorship, and the	1282
shareholders shall elect directors to manage the savings bank.	1283
(E) The superintendent, at any time, including after the date	1284
notice of a vote is provided to shareholders of the savings bank	1285
under division (D) of this section, may revoke a previously	1286
approved plan of the conservator and either provide for, or	1287
request submission of, a new plan or proceed with receivership	1288
under this chapter.	1289
Sec. 1165.17. This chapter provides the full and exclusive	1290
powers and procedures for the liquidation of savings banks under	1291
the laws of this state, and no receiver or other liquidating agent	1292
shall be appointed for that purpose except as expressly provided	1293
in this chapter	1294

Sec. 1165.18. The superintendent of financial institutions	1295
may take possession of the property and business of a savings bank	1296
if the superintendent finds any one or more of the following	1297
<pre>conditions:</pre>	1298
(A) The savings bank is in an unsafe or unsound condition to	1299
continue the business of banking.	1300
(B) The savings bank is insolvent, in that it has ceased to	1301
pay its debts in the ordinary course of business, it is incapable	1302
of paying its debts as they mature, or it has liabilities in	1303
excess of its assets.	1304
(C) The savings bank has refused to submit its records or	1305
affairs to the inspection or examination of any federal bank	1306
regulatory agency or the superintendent.	1307
(D) The savings bank has failed to pay its deposits or	1308
obligations in accordance with the terms under which the deposits	1309
were taken or the obligations were incurred.	1310
(E) A majority of the board of directors of the savings bank	1311
has requested the superintendent to appoint a receiver to take	1312
possession of the savings bank for the benefit of account holders,	1313
creditors, or shareholders.	1314
(F) The savings bank has violated any order of a court or of	1315
the superintendent, any statute, rule, or regulation, or its	1316
articles of incorporation, and the superintendent determines the	1317
continued control of its own affairs threatens injury to any of	1318
the public, the banking industry, or the savings bank's depositors	1319
or other creditors.	1320
(G) The savings bank's status as an insured institution has	1321
been terminated by the federal deposit insurance corporation.	1322
(H) The savings bank has an impairment of paid-in capital.	1323

Sec. 1165.19. (A) Upon issuing a written finding that any one	1324
or more of the conditions set forth in section 1165.18 of the	1325
Revised Code for taking possession of a savings bank exists and	1326
taking possession of the savings bank, the superintendent of	1327
financial institutions shall file a certified copy of the finding	1328
and the notice of possession with the court.	1329
(B) Upon the appointment of a receiver, the superintendent	1330
shall file a certified copy of the certificate of appointment in	1331
the office of the secretary of state and with the court.	1332
(C) After the superintendent files the finding of the	1333
superintendent or the certificate of appointment of the receiver,	1334
whichever occurs first, no person shall obtain a lien or charge	1335
upon any assets of the savings bank for any payment, advance,	1336
clearance, or liability thereafter incurred, nor shall the	1337
directors, officers, or agents of the savings bank have authority	1338
to act on behalf of the savings bank or to convey, transfer,	1339
assign, pledge, mortgage, or encumber any assets of the savings	1340
bank.	1341
(D) Upon taking possession of the savings bank, the	1342
superintendent shall post or cause to be posted an appropriate	1343
notice of closing at the main entrance of each of the savings	1344
bank's banking offices.	1345
(E) Neither filing nor posting of notice in accordance with	1346
this section shall be a condition to either the superintendent's	1347
taking possession of the property and business of a savings bank	1348
or appointing a receiver for a savings bank.	1349
Sec. 1165.20. (A) If it appears to the superintendent of	1350
financial institutions that any one or more of the conditions set	1351
forth in section 1165.18 of the Revised Code exists as to any	1352
savings bank, the superintendent shall tender appointment as	1353

receiver to the federal deposit insurance corporation if any	1354
deposits in the savings bank are insured by the federal deposit	1355
insurance corporation, and may tender appointment as receiver to	1356
the federal deposit insurance corporation in any other case. Upon	1357
acceptance of the appointment as receiver, the federal deposit	1358
insurance corporation shall not be required to post a bond. In	1359
addition to the powers of a receiver set forth in this chapter,	1360
the federal deposit insurance corporation, as receiver, may	1361
exercise any other liquidation or receivership powers authorized	1362
by state or federal law for a receiver of a savings bank.	1363
(B) If the federal deposit insurance corporation declines to	1364
accept the tendered appointment or if the superintendent is not	1365
required to tender appointment as receiver to the federal deposit	1366
insurance corporation, the superintendent may appoint, and	1367
thereafter dismiss or replace, any other receiver, including the	1368
superintendent, the superintendent determines to be necessary or	1369
advisable. The superintendent may fix the compensation to be paid	1370
the receiver and the amount of the bond or other security, if any,	1371
to be required.	1372
(C) The superintendent may, from time to time, appoint one or	1373
more special deputy superintendents as agent or agents to assist	1374
in the duties of receivership or of liquidation and distribution.	1375
No agent so appointed shall be subject to section 1181.05 of the	1376
Revised Code.	1377
(D) The superintendent, any special deputy superintendents,	1378
or a receiver may employ and procure whatever assistance or advice	1379
is necessary in the receivership or liquidation and distribution	1380
of the assets of the savings bank, and, for that purpose, may	1381
retain officers or employees of the savings bank as needed.	1382
(E) All expenses of a receivership and liquidation shall be	1383
paid out of the assets of the savings bank, and shall be a lien on	1384
the savings bank's assets, which lien shall be prior to any other	1385

(2) Within one hundred eighty days after receipt of a claim,	1445
the receiver shall notify the claimant in writing whether the	1446
claim has been allowed or disallowed. The receiver may reject any	1447
claim in whole or in part, or may reject any claim of security,	1448
preference, priority, or offset against the savings bank. Any	1449
claimant whose claim has been rejected by the receiver shall	1450
petition the court for a hearing on the claim within sixty days	1451
after the date the notice was mailed or be forever barred from	1452
asserting the rejected claim.	1453
(C) Any claims filed after the claim period and subsequently	1454
accepted by the receiver or allowed by the court, shall be	1455
entitled to share in the distribution of assets only to the extent	1456
of the undistributed assets in the hands of the receiver on the	1457
date the claims are accepted or allowed.	1458
Sec. 1165.24. (A) All claims against the savings bank's	1459
estate and expenses, proved to the receiver's satisfaction or	1460
approved by the court, shall be paid in the following order:	1461
(1) Expenses of liquidation and receivership, including money	1462
borrowed under authority of division (A)(6) of section 1165.22 or	1463
division (A)(7) of section 1165.12 of the Revised Code and	1464
interest on it, and claims for fees and assessments due the	1465
superintendent of financial institutions;	1466
(2) Claims given priorities under other provisions of state	1467
or federal law;	1468
(3) Wages and salaries of officers and employees earned	1469
during the one-month period preceding the date of the savings	1470
bank's closing in an amount, before applicable taxes and other	1471
withholdings, that does not exceed one thousand dollars for any	1472
one person;	1473
(4) Deposit obligations;	1474

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(5) Other general liabilities;	1475
(6) Obligations subordinated to deposits and other general	1476
liabilities.	1477
(B) Interest shall be given the same priority as the claim on	1478
which it is based, but no interest shall be paid on any claim	1479
until the principal of all claims within the same class has been	1480
paid or provided for in full.	1481
(C) Any funds remaining after satisfying the requirements of	1482
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be paid to the	1483
shareholders.	1484
(D) Payment on claims shall be made pro rata among claims of	1485
the kind specified in each class set forth in division (A) of this	1486
section.	1487
(E) Subject to the approval of the court, the receiver may	1488
designate a separate class of claims consisting only of every	1489
unsecured claim that is less than, or reduced to, an amount the	1490
court approves for payment as reasonable and necessary for	1491
administrative convenience.	1492
(F) Subject to the approval of the court, the receiver may	1493
make periodic and interim liquidating dividends or payments.	1494
Sec. 1165.25. (A) Within one hundred days after the date of	1495
the closing of a savings bank, a receiver may reject any executory	1496
contract to which the savings bank is a party without any further	1497
liability on the part of the savings bank or the receiver. The	1498
receiver's election to reject an executory contract creates no	1499
claim for compensation other than compensation accrued to the date	1500
of termination or for actual damages.	1501
(B) A receiver may ratify and assign any executory contract	1502
to which the savings bank is a party notwithstanding the existence	1503
of a provision in the contract permitting the termination of the	1504

right of the grantor or beneficiaries of trust assets to secure

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the appointment of a substituted trustee or manager.	1535
Sec. 1165.28. (A) The filing with the court of the finding of	1536
the superintendent of financial institutions or the certificate of	1537
appointment of the receiver, whichever occurs first, operates as	1538
an automatic stay from the date of the filing, subject to the	1539
court granting a motion for relief from the stay, applicable to	1540
all entities, of both of the following:	1541
(1) The commencement or continuation, including the issuance	1542
or employment of process, of a judicial, administrative, or other	1543
action or proceeding against the savings bank that was or could	1544
have been commenced before the filing;	1545
(2) The enforcement against the savings bank of a judgment or	1546
other claim obtained before the filing, including claims of	1547
security, preference, priority, and offset.	1548
(B) Upon the filing with the court of the finding of the	1549
superintendent or the certificate of appointment of the receiver,	1550
whichever occurs first, any other pending judicial,	1551
administrative, or other action or proceeding against the savings	1552
bank shall, upon motion of the receiver, be consolidated into one	1553
action or transferred as a separate matter before the presiding	1554
judge of the court having jurisdiction of the receivership,	1555
subject, however, to the automatic stay provided in division (A)	1556
of this section. Subject to the receiver's option to have an	1557
action later consolidated or transferred, any action commenced	1558
after the superintendent's filing shall be filed as a separate	1559
matter before the presiding judge in the court having jurisdiction	1560
over the receivership.	1561
(C) The superintendent, prior to the appointment of a	1562
receiver, or the receiver, after its appointment, shall be the	1563
only party named in an action involving a savings bank subject to	1564
this chapter.	1565

(D) Any action seeking to enjoin the superintendent's order	1566
appointing a receiver of a savings bank shall be brought prior to	1567
the date the receiver sells all or substantially all of the assets	1568
of the savings bank, prior to the date the receiver transfers all	1569
or substantially all of the insured deposits to an assuming	1570
institution, or within ten days after the issuance of the order,	1571
whichever is earliest.	1572
Sec. 1165.29. (A) When a receiver has completed the	1573
liquidation of a savings bank, the receiver shall, with notice to	1574
the superintendent of financial institutions, petition the court	1575
for an order declaring the savings bank properly wound up and	1576
dissolved.	1577
(B) After whatever notice and hearing, if any, the court may	1578
direct, the court may make an order declaring the savings bank	1579
properly wound up and dissolved. The order shall do both of the	1580
following, to the extent applicable:	1581
(1) Declare all of the following:	1582
(a) The savings bank has been properly wound up.	1583
(b) All known assets of the savings bank have been	1584
distributed according to the distribution priorities set forth in	1585
this chapter.	1586
(c) The savings bank is dissolved.	1587
(2) If there are known debts or liabilities, describe the	1588
provision made for their payment, setting forth whatever	1589
information may be necessary to enable the creditor or other	1590
person to whom payment is to be made to appear and claim payment	1591
of the debt or liability.	1592
(C) The order shall confirm a plan by the receiver for the	1593
disposition or maintenance of any remaining real or personal	1594
property or other assets, whether held in trust or otherwise and	1595

(B) The superintendent, special deputy superintendent,

receiver, conservator, or any employee of any of them, or any	1626
person retained for services under this chapter, is not subject to	1627
any civil liability or penalty, or to any criminal prosecution,	1628
for any error in judgment or discretion made in good faith in any	1629
action taken or omitted in an official capacity under this	1630
<u>chapter.</u>	1631
(C) The superintendent, special deputy superintendent,	1632
receiver, conservator, or any employee of any of them, or any	1633
person retained for services under this chapter, is not liable in	1634
damages for any action or failure to act unless it is proved by	1635
clear and convincing evidence in court that the action or failure	1636
to act involved an act or omission undertaken with deliberate	1637
intent to cause injury to any of the savings bank, its	1638
shareholders, its depositors, or its creditors, or undertaken with	1639
reckless disregard for the best interests of any of the savings	1640
bank, its shareholders, its depositors, its creditors, or the	1641
public.	1642
Sec. 5301.057. (A) As used in this section:	1643
(1) "Environmental covenant" means a servitude that imposes	1644
activity and use limitations on real property and meets the	1645
requirements of section 5301.82 of the Revised Code.	1646
(2) "Transfer" means the sale, gift, conveyance, assignment,	1647
inheritance, or other transfer of an ownership interest in real	1648
property located in this state.	1649
(3) "Transfer fee" means a fee or charge required by a	1650
transfer fee covenant and payable upon the transfer of an interest	1651
in real property, or payable for the right to make or accept such	1652
a transfer, regardless of whether the fee or charge is a fixed	1653
amount or is determined as a percentage of the value of the	1654
property, the purchase price, or other consideration given for the	1655
transfer. The following are not transfer fees for nurnoses of this	1656

section:	1657
(a) Any consideration payable by the grantee to the grantor	1658
for the interest in real property being transferred. For the	1659
purposes of division (A)(3)(a) of this section, an interest in	1660
real property includes a separate mineral estate and its	1661
appurtenant surface access rights.	1662
(b) Any commission payable to a licensed real estate broker	1663
for the transfer of real property pursuant to an agreement between	1664
the broker and the grantor or the grantee, including any	1665
subsequent additional commission for that transfer payable by the	1666
grantor or the grantee based upon any subsequent appreciation,	1667
development, or sale of real property;	1668
(c) Any interest, charges, fees, or other amounts payable by	1669
a borrower to a lender pursuant to a loan secured by a mortgage	1670
against real property;	1671
(d) Any rent, reimbursement, charge, fee, or other amount	1672
payable by a lessee to a lessor under a lease;	1673
(e) Any consideration payable to the holder of an option to	1674
purchase an interest in real property or the holder of a right of	1675
first refusal or first offer to purchase an interest in real	1676
property for waiving, releasing, or not exercising the option or	1677
property for waiving, releasing, or not exercising the option or right upon the transfer of the property to another person;	
	1677
right upon the transfer of the property to another person;	1677 1678
right upon the transfer of the property to another person; (f) Any tax, fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount	1677 1678 1679
right upon the transfer of the property to another person; (f) Any tax, fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount payable to or imposed by a governmental authority;	1677 1678 1679 1680
right upon the transfer of the property to another person; (f) Any tax, fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount payable to or imposed by a governmental authority; (g) Any fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount	1677 1678 1679 1680
right upon the transfer of the property to another person; (f) Any tax, fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount payable to or imposed by a governmental authority; (g) Any fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount payable to a homeowners, condominium, cooperative, mobile home, or	1677 1678 1679 1680 1681 1682
right upon the transfer of the property to another person; (f) Any tax, fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount payable to or imposed by a governmental authority; (g) Any fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount payable to a homeowners, condominium, cooperative, mobile home, or property owners association pursuant to a declaration or covenant	1677 1678 1679 1680 1681 1682 1683

(4) "Transfer fee covenant" means a declaration or covenant	1687
recorded against the title to real property that requires or	1688
purports to require the payment of a transfer fee to the declarant	1689
or other person specified in the declaration or covenant or to	1690
their successors or assigns upon a subsequent transfer of an	1691
interest in the real property.	1692
(B) A transfer fee covenant recorded in this state on or	1693
after the effective date of this section does not run with the	1694
title to real property and is not binding on or enforceable	1695
against any subsequent owner, purchaser, or mortgagee of any	1696
interest in real property as an equitable servitude or otherwise.	1697
(C) Any lien purporting to secure the payment of a transfer	1698
fee under a transfer fee covenant that is recorded in this state	1699
on or after the effective date of this section is void.	1700
Sec. 5307.11. If no election party elects to take the estate	1701
is made , at the instance <u>insistence</u> of a party, the court of	1702
common pleas may order a sale of the estate at public auction $_{7}$ by	1703
the one of the following:	1704
(A) The sheriff who executed the writ of partition, or $\frac{his}{}$	1705
the sheriff's successor in office;	1706
(B) An auctioneer who is licensed under Chapter 4707. of the	1707
Revised Code and who is qualified under section 4707.021 of the	1708
Revised Code to conduct an auction of real property.	1709
Sec. 5307.12. (A) A sale of an estate under section 5307.11	1710
of the Revised Code shall be made at <u>as follows:</u>	1711
(1) If the sale is made by a sheriff, the sale shall be made	1712
at the door of the courthouse, unless for good cause the court of	1713
common pleas directs it to be made on the premises. The sale shall	1714
be conducted as upon execution, except that it is unnecessary to	1715
appraise the estate ; but it .	1716

As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	
(2) If the sale is made by a licensed auctioneer, the sale	1717
shall be made pursuant to Chapter 4707. of the Revised Code.	1718
(B) No property shall not be sold for less than two thirds of	1719
the value returned by the commissioner or commissioners. Unless by	1720
special order, on good cause shown, the court directs the entire	1721
payment to be made in cash, the purchase money shall be payable	1722
one third on the day of sale, one third in one year after the	1723
sale, and one third in two years after the sale, with interest.	1724
Sec. 5307.13. On the sheriff's return of his the proceedings	1725
to sell the estate, the court of common pleas shall examine them.	1726
If a sale has been made, and the court approves it, the sheriff	1727
shall execute and deliver a deed to the purchaser on receiving	1728
payment of the consideration money, or taking sufficient security	1729
therefor for that payment, to the satisfaction of the court.	1730
Sec. 5307.14. The (A) Subject to division (B) of this	1731
section, the money or securities arising from a sale of, or an	1732
election to take an estate, shall be distributed and paid, by	1733
order of the court of common pleas, to the parties entitled	1734
thereto to the money or securities, in lieu of their respective	1735
parts and proportions of the estate, according to their rights	1736
therein in the estate. All	1737
(B) When a sale is made by a licensed auctioneer, the	1738
auctioneer shall receive compensation and reimbursement for	1739
expenses as described in section 2335.021 of the Revised Code,	1740
that the court shall apportion as costs to the parties as the	1741
court finds reasonable and proper.	1742
(C) All receipts of such money or securities by the sheriff	1743
arising from a sale or election are in his the sheriff's official	1744
capacity, and his the sureties on his the sheriff's official bond	1745

are liable for any misapplication thereof of those receipts.

Sec. 5307.16. When a conveyance of If an officer or	1747
auctioneer has not conveyed land sold, or elected to be taken in a	1748
proceeding for partition, is not made by the officer who made the	1749
sale, the court of common pleas on being first satisfied that such	1750
sale or election was regularly made, and that the purchase money	1751
is has been fully paid or secured, on motion, may order the	1752
sheriff of the county, or officer performing the duties of	1753
sheriff, to execute and deliver to the purchaser, or person	1754
electing to take the property, a deed therefor for the property.	1755
Section 2. That existing sections 119.01, 1125.19, 1125.28,	1756
1157.01, 1165.01, 5307.11, 5307.12, 5307.13, 5307.14, and 5307.16	1757
and sections 1157.02, 1157.03, 1157.04, 1157.05, 1157.06, 1157.07,	1758
1157.08, 1157.09, 1157.10, 1157.11, 1157.12, 1157.13, 1157.14,	1759
1157.15, 1157.16, 1157.17, 1157.18, 1157.19, 1157.20, 1157.21,	1760
1157.22, 1157.23, 1157.24, 1157.25, 1157.26, 1157.27, 1157.28,	1761
1157.29, 1165.02, 1165.03, 1165.04, 1165.05, 1165.06, 1165.07,	1762
1165.08, 1165.09, 1165.10, 1165.11, 1165.12, 1165.13, 1165.14,	1763
1165.15, 1165.16, 1165.17, 1165.18, 1165.19, 1165.20, 1165.21,	1764
1165.22, 1165.23, 1165.24, 1165.25, 1165.26, 1165.27, 1165.28, and	1765
1165.29 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1766