#### As Introduced

# 128th General Assembly Regular Session 2009-2010

H. B. No. 320

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### Representatives Martin, Baker

Cosponsors: Representatives Adams, J., Amstutz, Bacon, Blair, Blessing, Boose, Bubp, Chandler, Combs, Daniels, Derickson, Evans, Grossman, Hackett, Hall, Jordan, Lehner, Maag, McClain, McGregor, Mecklenborg, Morgan, Ruhl, Sears, Snitchler, Stebelton, Uecker, Wachtmann, Wagner, Zehringer

## A BILL

To amend sections 4111.03, 4111.05, 4111.10, 4111.13,
and 4111.99 and to enact section 4111.031 of the
Revised Code to afford to private sector employers
the option to offer and to employees the option to
accrue and use compensatory time off.

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#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4111.03, 4111.05, 4111.10, 4111.13,	7
and 4111.99 be amended and section 4111.031 of the Revised Code be	8
enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 4111.03. (A) An Except as otherwise provided in section	10
4111.031 of the Revised Code, an employer shall pay an employee	11
for overtime at a wage rate of one and one-half times the	12

one workweek, in the manner and methods provided in and subject to 14 the exemptions of section 7 and section 13 of the "Fair Labor 15

employee's wage rate for hours worked in excess of forty hours in

Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C.A. 207, 213, as	16
amended.	17
Any employee employed in agriculture shall not be covered by	18
the overtime provision of this section.	19
(B) If a county employee elects to take compensatory time off	20
in lieu of overtime pay, for any overtime worked, compensatory	21
time may be granted by the employee's administrative superior, on	22

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(C) A county appointing authority with the exception of the county department of job and family services may, by rule or resolution as is appropriate, indicate the authority's intention not to be bound by division (B) of this section, and to adopt a different policy for the calculation and payment of overtime than that established by that division. Upon adoption, the alternative overtime policy prevails. Prior to the adoption of an alternative overtime policy, a county appointing authority with the exception of the county department of job and family services shall give a written notice of the alternative policy to each employee at least ten days prior to its effective date.

a time and one-half basis, at a time mutually convenient to the

days after the overtime is worked.

employee and the administrative superior within one hundred eighty

- (D) As used in this section <u>and section 4111.031 of the</u>

  Revised Code:

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  - (1) "Employ" means to suffer or to permit to work. 39
- (2) "Employer" means the state of Ohio, its

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  instrumentalities, and its political subdivisions and their
  instrumentalities, any individual, partnership, association,
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  corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons,
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  acting in the interest of an employer in relation to an employee,
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  but does not include an employer whose annual gross volume of
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  sales made for business done is less than one hundred fifty
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(4) "Monetary overtime compensation" means pay for overtime	77
as required by division (A) of this section.	78
(5) "Compensatory time off" means hours during which an	79
employee is not working that are not counted as hours worked	80
during the applicable work week or other work period for purposes	81
of overtime compensation and for which the employer compensates	82
the employee at the employee's regular rate of pay.	83
(6) "To bargain collectively" means the performance of the	84
mutual obligation of the representative of an employer and the	85
exclusive representative of employees in an appropriate unit to	86
meet at reasonable times and to consult and bargain in a good	87
faith effort to reach agreement with respect to the conditions of	88
employment affecting the employees and to execute, if requested by	89
either party, a written document incorporating any collective	90
bargaining agreement reached, but the obligation does not compel	91
either party to agree to a proposal or to make a concession.	92
(7) "Collective bargaining agreement" means an agreement	93
entered into as a result of employees bargaining collectively with	94
an employer.	95
(8) "Exclusive representative" means any labor or employee	96
organization that is certified as the exclusive representative of	97
employees by means of any one of the following processes:	98
(a) Pursuant to the "National Labor Relations Act," 49 Stat.	99
449 (1935), 29 U.S.C. 151, as amended;	100
(b) Pursuant to Chapter 4117. of the Revised Code;	101
(c) Recognition by an employer, immediately before the	102
effective date of this amendment, as the exclusive representative	103
of employees in an appropriate unit, on the basis of an election	104
or on any other basis, and that continues to be so recognized.	105
(9) "Regular rate" includes all remuneration for employment	106

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paid to, or on behalf of, an employee except:	107
(a) Sums paid as gifts, or payments in the nature of gifts	108
made on the occasion of a holiday or other special occasion as a	109
reward for service, the amounts of which are not measured by or	110
dependent on hours worked, production, or efficiency;	111
(b) Payments made for occasional periods when no work is	112
performed due to vacation, holiday, illness, failure of the	113
employer to provide sufficient work, or other similar cause,	114
reasonable payment for traveling expenses or other expenses	115
incurred by an employee in the furtherance of the employer's	116
interests and properly reimbursable by the employer, and other	117
similar payments to an employee that are not made as compensation	118
for hours of employment;	119
(c) Sums paid in recognition of services performed during a	120
given period if any of the following applies:	121
(i) The decision to make payment and determine the amount of	122
the payment is determined at the sole discretion of the employer	123
at or near the end of the period, and not pursuant to any prior	124
contract, agreement, or promise causing the employee to expect the	125
payments regularly.	126
(ii) The payments are made pursuant to a bona fide	127
profit-sharing plan or trust or bona fide thrift or savings plan.	128
(iii) The payments are talent fees paid to performers,	129
including announcers, on radio and television programs.	130
(d) Contributions irrevocably made by an employer to a	131
trustee or third person pursuant to a bona fide plan for providing	132
old-age, retirement, life, accident, or health insurance or	133
similar benefits for employees;	134
(e) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for	135

certain hours worked by the employee in a day or work week because
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(1) The applicable provisions of a collective bargaining

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agreement between the employer and the exclusive representative of	168
the employees recognized as provided in section 9(a) of the	169
"National Labor Relations Act," 49 Stat. 449 (1935), 29 U.S.C.	170
159(a), as amended;	171
(2) In the case of employees who are not represented by a	172
labor organization as provided in section 9(a) of the "National	173
Labor Relations Act," 49 Stat. 449 (1935), 29 U.S.C. 159(a), as	174
amended, an agreement or understanding arrived at between the	175
employer and employee before the performance of the work involved,	176
if the agreement or understanding is entered into knowingly and	177
voluntarily by and at the initiation and request of the employee,	178
and is not a condition of employment;	179
(3) If the employee has affirmed in a written or otherwise	180
verifiable statement that is made, kept, and preserved in	181
accordance with section 4111.08 of the Revised Code and rules	182
adopted under section 4111.05 of the Revised Code that the	183
employee has initiated a request to receive compensatory time off	184
in lieu of monetary overtime compensation;	185
(4) If the employee has not accrued compensatory time off in	186
excess of the limit applicable to the employee as prescribed in	187
division (C) of this section.	188
(C) An employee may accrue not more than two hundred forty	189
hours of compensatory time off.	190
(D) Not later than the thirty-first day of January of each	191
calendar year, an employer shall provide monetary overtime	192
compensation at the rate prescribed by division (H) of this	193
section for any unused compensatory time off accrued during the	194
preceding calendar year that was not used prior to the	195
thirty-first day of December of the preceding calendar year. An	196
employer may designate and communicate to its employees an	197
alternative twelve-month period other than the calendar year, in	198

which case the monetary overtime compensation payment required by	199
this division shall be paid not later than thirty-one days after	200
the end of the alternative twelve-month period. An employer may	201
provide monetary overtime compensation at the rate required by	202
division (H) of this section for an employee's unused compensatory	203
time off in excess of eighty hours at any time after giving the	204
employee written notice of that intent at least thirty days before	205
providing that compensation.	206
(E) An employer that has adopted a policy offering	207
compensatory time off to employees may discontinue that policy	208
upon giving the employees written notice of that intent at least	209
thirty days before the discontinuation.	210
(F) An employee may withdraw an agreement or understanding	211
described in division (B)(2) of this section at any time and may	212
request in writing that monetary overtime compensation be	213
provided, at any time, for all compensatory time off accrued that	214
has not yet been used at the time the employee makes the request.	215
Within thirty days after receipt of the written request, the	216
employer shall pay to the employee the monetary overtime	217
compensation due in accordance with division (H) of this section.	218
(G) Any payment owed to an employee under this section for	219
unused compensatory time off shall be considered unpaid monetary	220
overtime compensation. An employer shall pay monetary overtime	221
compensation, in accordance with division (H) of this section, to	222
an employee who has accrued unused compensatory time off pursuant	223
to this section, upon the voluntary or involuntary termination of	224
<pre>employment.</pre>	225
(H) If an employer pays monetary overtime compensation to an	226
employee for accrued compensatory time off, the employer shall	227
make payment based on a rate of compensation that is the higher	228
of:	229

(1) The regular rate of pay received by the employee when the	230
<pre>compensatory time off was earned;</pre>	231
(2) The final regular rate of pay received by the employee.	232
(I) An employer shall permit an employee who has accrued	233
compensatory time off authorized under this section and who has	234
requested the use of the compensatory time off, the use of that	235
time within a reasonable period after the employee makes the	236
request, if the use of the compensatory time off does not unduly	237
disrupt the operations of the employer.	238
(J) This section does not apply to any of the following	239
<pre>employees:</pre>	240
(1) An employee of the state, its instrumentalities, or its	241
political subdivisions or their instrumentalities;	242
(2) An individual employed by a contractor or subcontractor	243
to perform labor or provide services to construct, alter, erect,	244
improve, repair, demolish, remove, dig, or drill any part of a	245
structure or improvement.	246
(K) As used in division (J)(2) of this section, "contractor"	247
has the same meaning as in section 4113.61 of the Revised Code and	248
"subcontractor" has the same meaning as in section 1311.01 of the	249
Revised Code.	250
Cog 4111 OF The director of commerce shall adopt rules in	251
Sec. 4111.05. The director of commerce shall adopt rules in	251
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code as the director	252
considers appropriate to carry out the purposes of sections	253
4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code. The rules may be amended	254
from time to time and may include, but are not limited to, rules	255
defining and governing apprentices, their number, proportion, and	256
length of service; bonuses and special pay for special or extra	257
work; permitted deductions or charges to employees for board,	258
lodging, apparel, or other facilities or services customarily	259

furnished by employers to employees; inclusion of ascertainable	260
gratuities in wages paid; allowances for unascertainable	261
gratuities or for other special conditions or circumstances which	262
may be usual in particular employer-employee relationships;	263
compensatory time off for employees pursuant to section 4111.031	264
of the Revised Code; and the method of computation or the period	265
of time over which wages may be averaged to determine whether the	266
minimum wage or overtime rate has been paid.	267
Sec. 4111.10. (A) Any employer who pays any employee less	268
than wages to which the employee is entitled under section 4111.03	269
of the Revised Code, is liable to the employee affected for the	270
full amount of the overtime wage rate, less any amount actually	271
paid to the employee by the employer, and for costs and reasonable	272
attorney's fees as may be allowed by the court. Any agreement	273
between the employee and the employer to work for less than the	274
overtime wage rate is no defense to an action.	275
(B) Any employer who violates division (D) of section 4111.13	276
of the Revised Code is liable to the employee affected in a dollar	277
amount equal to the sum of the following:	278
(1) The product of:	279
(a) The rate of compensation determined in accordance with	280
division (H) of section 4111.031 of the Revised Code; and	281
(b) The number of hours of compensatory time off involved in	282
the violation that was initially accrued by the employee minus the	283
number of compensatory time off hours used by the employee;	284
(2) As liquidated damages, the product of:	285
(a) The rate of compensation determined in accordance with	286
division (H) of section 4111.031 of the Revised Code; and	287
(b) The number of hours of compensatory time off involved in	288
the violation that was initially accrued by the employee;	289

(3) Costs and reasonable attorney's fees as may be allowed by	290
the court.	291
The liability imposed under this division is in addition to	292
any other civil or criminal liability imposed pursuant to sections	293
4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code.	294
(C) At the written request of any employee paid less than the	295
wages to which the employee is entitled under section 4111.03 of	296
the Revised Code, the director of commerce may take an assignment	297
of a wage claim in trust for the assigning employee and may bring	298
any legal action necessary to collect the claim. The employer	299
shall pay the costs and reasonable attorney's fees allowed by the	300
court.	301
(D) As used in this section, "compensatory time off" has the	302
same meaning as in section 4111.03 of the Revised Code.	303
G. 4111 12 / 7 \ 27	204
Sec. 4111.13. (A) No employer shall hinder or delay the	304
director of commerce in the performance of the director's duties	305
in the enforcement of sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised	306
Code, or refuse to admit the director to any place of employment,	307
or fail to make, keep, and preserve any records as required under	308
those sections, or falsify any of those records, or refuse to make	309
them accessible to the director upon demand, or refuse to furnish	310
them or any other information required for the proper enforcement	311
of those sections to the director upon demand, or fail to post a	312
summary of those sections or a copy of any applicable rules as	313
required by section 4111.09 of the Revised Code. Each day of	314
violation constitutes a separate offense.	315
(B) No employer shall discharge or in any other manner	316
discriminate against any employee because the employee has made	317
any complaint to the employee's employer, or to the director, that	318
the employee has not been paid wages in accordance with sections	319
4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, or because the employee	320

has made any complaint or is about to cause to be instituted any	321
proceeding under or related to those sections, or because the	322
employee has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding.	323
(C) No employer shall pay or agree to pay wages at a rate	324
less than the rate applicable under sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of	325
the Revised Code. Each week or portion thereof for which the	326
employer pays any employee less than the rate applicable under	327
those sections constitutes a separate offense as to each employer.	328
(D) No employer that provides compensatory time off under	329
section 4111.031 of the Revised Code shall, directly or	330
indirectly, intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or attempt to	331
intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or terminate or attempt to	332
terminate the employment of, any employee for the purposes of:	333
(1) Interfering with the rights of the employee to request or	334
not request compensatory time off in lieu of payment of monetary	335
overtime compensation for overtime hours;	336
(2) Requiring an employee to use compensatory time off.	337
(E) No employer shall otherwise violate sections 4111.01 to	338
4111.17 of the Revised Code, or any rule adopted thereunder. Each	339
day of violation constitutes a separate offense.	340
(F) As used in this section:	341
(1) "Intimidate, threaten, or coerce" includes promising to	342
confer or conferring any benefit including appointment, promotion,	343
or compensation, or effecting or threatening to effect any	344
reprisal, including deprivation of appointment, promotion, or	345
compensation.	346
(2) "Compensatory time off" has the same meaning as in	347
section 4111.03 of the Revised Code.	348
<b>Sec. 4111.99.</b> (A) Whoever violates division (A) or $\frac{(D)}{(E)}$ of	349
section 4111 13 of the Revised Code is quilty of a misdemeanor of	350

the fourth degree.	351
(B) Whoever violates division (B) or (C), or (D) of section	352
4111.13 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	353
third degree.	354
(C) Whoever violates section 4111.17 of the Revised Code is	355
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	356
Section 2. That existing sections 4111.03, 4111.05, 4111.10,	357
4111.13, and 4111.99 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	358
Section 3. Not later than thirty days after the effective	359
date of this section, the Director of Commerce shall revise the	360
printed materials that the Director makes available to employers	361
and employees for the purpose of explaining the requirements of	362
sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code to reflect the	363
amendments made to those sections by this act.	364
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Section 4. Section 4111.03 of the Revised Code is presented	365
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Sub.	366
H.B. 187 and Am. Sub. H.B. 690 of the 126th General Assembly. The	367
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of	368
section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	369
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds	370
that the composite is the resulting version of the section in	371
effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in	372
this act.	373