### As Introduced

# 128th General Assembly **Regular Session** 2009-2010

H. B. No. 365

## **Representative Chandler**

Cosponsors: Representatives Hagan, Foley, Oelslager, Williams, B., Yuko, Domenick, Phillips, Skindell, Okey, Harris, Letson, Pryor, Stewart, Fende, Harwood

A BILL

То	amend sections 4117.01 and 4117.03 of the Revised	1
	Code to eliminate an exemption from the Public	2
	Employees' Collective Bargaining Law for specified	3
	educational employees.	4

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4117.01 and 4117.03 of the Revised	5
Code be amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 4117.01. As used in this chapter:	7
(A) "Person," in addition to those included in division (C)	8
of section 1.59 of the Revised Code, includes employee	
organizations, public employees, and public employers.	
(B) "Public employer" means the state or any political	11
subdivision of the state located entirely within the state,	12
including, without limitation, any municipal corporation with a	13
population of at least five thousand according to the most recent	14
federal decennial census; county; township with a population of at	15
least five thousand in the unincorporated area of the township	16

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according to the most recent federal decennial census; school	17
district; governing authority of a community school established	18
under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; state institution of	19
higher learning; public or special district; state agency,	20
authority, commission, or board; or other branch of public	21
employment.	22
(C) "Public employee" means any person holding a position by	23
appointment or employment in the service of a public employer,	24
including any person working pursuant to a contract between a	25
public employer and a private employer and over whom the national	26
labor relations board has declined jurisdiction on the basis that	27
the involved employees are employees of a public employer, except:	28
(1) Persons holding elective office;	29
(2) Employees of the general assembly and employees of any	30
other legislative body of the public employer whose principal	31
duties are directly related to the legislative functions of the	32
body;	33
(3) Employees on the staff of the governor or the chief	34
executive of the public employer whose principal duties are	35
directly related to the performance of the executive functions of	36
the governor or the chief executive;	37
(4) Persons who are members of the Ohio organized militia,	38
while training or performing duty under section 5919.29 or 5923.12	39
of the Revised Code;	40
(5) Employees of the state employment relations board,	41
including those employees of the state employment relations board	42
utilized by the state personnel board of review in the exercise of	43
the powers and the performance of the duties and functions of the	44
state personnel board of review;	45

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(6) Confidential employees;

(7) Management level employees;	47
(8) Employees and officers of the courts, assistants to the	48
attorney general, assistant prosecuting attorneys, and employees	49
of the clerks of courts who perform a judicial function;	50
(9) Employees of a public official who act in a fiduciary	51
capacity, appointed pursuant to section 124.11 of the Revised	52
Code;	53
(10) Supervisors;	54
(11) Students whose primary purpose is educational training,	55
including graduate assistants or associates, residents, interns,	56
or other students working as part-time public employees less than	57
fifty per cent of the normal year in the employee's bargaining	58
unit;	59
(12) Employees of county boards of election;	60
$\frac{(13)}{(12)}$ Seasonal and casual employees as determined by the	61
state employment relations board;	62
(14) Part-time faculty members of an institution of higher	63
education;	64
$\frac{(15)}{(13)}$ Participants in a work activity, developmental	65
activity, or alternative work activity under sections 5107.40 to	66
5107.69 of the Revised Code who perform a service for a public	67
employer that the public employer needs but is not performed by an	68
employee of the public employer if the participant is not engaged	69
in paid employment or subsidized employment pursuant to the	70
activity;	71
$\frac{(16)(14)}{(14)}$ Employees included in the career professional	72
service of the department of transportation under section 5501.20	73
of the Revised Code;	74
(17)(15) Employees of community-based correctional facilities	75
and district community-based correctional facilities created under	76

sections 2301.51 to 2301.58 of the Revised Code who are not	77
subject to a collective bargaining agreement on June 1, 2005 $\div$ .	78
(D) "Employee organization" means any labor or bona fide	79
organization in which public employees participate and that exists	80
for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with public	81
employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, hours,	82
terms, and other conditions of employment.	83
(E) "Exclusive representative" means the employee	84
organization certified or recognized as an exclusive	85
representative under section 4117.05 of the Revised Code.	86
(F) "Supervisor" means any individual who has authority, in	87
the interest of the public employer, to hire, transfer, suspend,	88
lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or discipline	89
other public employees; to responsibly direct them; to adjust	90
their grievances; or to effectively recommend such action, if the	91
exercise of that authority is not of a merely routine or clerical	92
nature, but requires the use of independent judgment, provided	93
that:	94
(1) Employees of school districts who are department	95
chairpersons or consulting teachers shall not be deemed	96
supervisors;	97
(2) With respect to members of a police or fire department,	98
no person shall be deemed a supervisor except the chief of the	99
department or those individuals who, in the absence of the chief,	100
are authorized to exercise the authority and perform the duties of	101
the chief of the department. Where prior to June 1, 1982, a public	102
employer pursuant to a judicial decision, rendered in litigation	103
to which the public employer was a party, has declined to engage	104
in collective bargaining with members of a police or fire	105
department on the basis that those members are supervisors, those	106

members of a police or fire department do not have the rights

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specified in this chapter for the purposes of future collective	108
bargaining. The state employment relations board shall decide all	109
disputes concerning the application of division (F)(2) of this	110
section.	111
(3) With respect to faculty members of a state institution of	112
higher education, heads of departments or divisions are	113
supervisors; however, no other faculty member or group of faculty	114
members is a supervisor solely because the faculty member or group	115
of faculty members participate in decisions with respect to	116
courses, curriculum, personnel, or other matters of academic	117
policy;	118
(4) No teacher as defined in section 3319.09 of the Revised	119
Code shall be designated as a supervisor or a management level	120
employee unless the teacher is employed under a contract governed	121
by section 3319.01, 3319.011, or 3319.02 of the Revised Code and	122
is assigned to a position for which a license deemed to be for	123
administrators under state board rules is required pursuant to	124
section 3319.22 of the Revised Code.	125
(G) "To bargain collectively" means to perform the mutual	126
obligation of the public employer, by its representatives, and the	127
representatives of its employees to negotiate in good faith at	128
reasonable times and places with respect to wages, hours, terms,	129
and other conditions of employment and the continuation,	130
modification, or deletion of an existing provision of a collective	131
bargaining agreement, with the intention of reaching an agreement,	132
or to resolve questions arising under the agreement. "To bargain	133
collectively" includes executing a written contract incorporating	134
the terms of any agreement reached. The obligation to bargain	135
collectively does not mean that either party is compelled to agree	136
to a proposal nor does it require the making of a concession.	137

(H) "Strike" means continuous concerted action in failing to 138 report to duty; willful absence from one's position; or stoppage 139

of work in whole from the full, faithful, and proper performance

of the duties of employment, for the purpose of inducing,

influencing, or coercing a change in wages, hours, terms, and

other conditions of employment. "Strike" does not include a

stoppage of work by employees in good faith because of dangerous

or unhealthful working conditions at the place of employment that

are abnormal to the place of employment.

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- (I) "Unauthorized strike" includes, but is not limited to, 147 concerted action during the term or extended term of a collective 148 bargaining agreement or during the pendency of the settlement 149 procedures set forth in section 4117.14 of the Revised Code in 150 failing to report to duty; willful absence from one's position; 151 stoppage of work; slowdown, or abstinence in whole or in part from 152 the full, faithful, and proper performance of the duties of 153 employment for the purpose of inducing, influencing, or coercing a 154 change in wages, hours, terms, and other conditions of employment. 155 "Unauthorized strike" includes any such action, absence, stoppage, 156 slowdown, or abstinence when done partially or intermittently, 157 whether during or after the expiration of the term or extended 158 term of a collective bargaining agreement or during or after the 159 pendency of the settlement procedures set forth in section 4117.14 160 of the Revised Code. 161
- (J) "Professional employee" means any employee engaged in 162 work that is predominantly intellectual, involving the consistent 163 exercise of discretion and judgment in its performance and 164 requiring knowledge of an advanced type in a field of science or 165 learning customarily acquired by a prolonged course in an 166 institution of higher learning or a hospital, as distinguished 167 from a general academic education or from an apprenticeship; or an 168 employee who has completed the courses of specialized intellectual 169 instruction and is performing related work under the supervision 170 of a professional person to become qualified as a professional 171

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(K) "Confidential employee" means any employee who works in 173 the personnel offices of a public employer and deals with 174 information to be used by the public employer in collective 175 bargaining; or any employee who works in a close continuing 176 relationship with public officers or representatives directly 177 participating in collective bargaining on behalf of the employer. 178

- (L) "Management level employee" means an individual who 179 formulates policy on behalf of the public employer, who 180 responsibly directs the implementation of policy, or who may 181 reasonably be required on behalf of the public employer to assist 182 in the preparation for the conduct of collective negotiations, 183 administer collectively negotiated agreements, or have a major 184 role in personnel administration. Assistant superintendents, 185 principals, and assistant principals whose employment is governed 186 by section 3319.02 of the Revised Code are management level 187 employees. With respect to members of a faculty of a state 188 institution of higher education, no person is a management level 189 employee because of the person's involvement in the formulation or 190 implementation of academic or institution policy. 191
- (M) "Wages" means hourly rates of pay, salaries, or other 192
  forms of compensation for services rendered. 193
- (N) "Member of a police department" means a person who is in 194 the employ of a police department of a municipal corporation as a 195 full-time regular police officer as the result of an appointment 196 from a duly established civil service eligibility list or under 197 section 737.15 or 737.16 of the Revised Code, a full-time deputy 198 sheriff appointed under section 311.04 of the Revised Code, a 199 township constable appointed under section 509.01 of the Revised 200 Code, or a member of a township police district police department 201 appointed under section 505.49 of the Revised Code. 202

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members of the organized militia do not have collective bargaining	233
rights.	234
(C) Except as provided in division (D) of this section,	235
nothing in Chapter 4117. of the Revised Code prohibits public	236
employers from electing to engage in collective bargaining, to	237
meet and confer, to hold discussions, or to engage in any other	238
form of collective negotiations with public employees who are not	239
subject to Chapter 4117. of the Revised Code pursuant to division	240
(C) of section 4117.01 of the Revised Code.	241
(D) A public employer shall not engage in collective	242
bargaining or other forms of collective negotiations with the	243
employees of county boards of elections referred to in division	244
$(C)\frac{(12)}{(11)}$ of section 4117.01 of the Revised Code.	
(E) Employees of public schools may bargain collectively for	246
health care benefits; however, all health care benefits shall	247
include best practices prescribed by the school employees health	248
care board, in accordance with section 9.901 of the Revised Code.	249
Section 2. That existing sections 4117.01 and 4117.03 of the	250
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	251
revised code are hereby repeated.	