## **As Introduced**

# 128th General Assembly Regular Session 2009-2010

### H. B. No. 36

**Representative Dyer** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Williams, B., Hagan, Murray, Winburn, Harris, Pillich, Boyd, DeBose

### A BILL

To amend section 101.15 and to enact sections 101.151	1
and 101.16 of the Revised Code to require expanded	2
minutes for legislative committee meetings or a	3
transcribed record of committee proceedings in	4
lieu of minutes, and to require sworn testimony of	5
all witnesses testifying before legislative	б
committees.	7

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 101.15 be amended and sections	8
101.151 and 101.16 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	9
follows:	10
Sec. 101.15. (A) As used in this section and in sections	11
101.151 and 101.16 of the Revised Code:	12
(1) "General means all of the members of either house of the	1 0
(1) "Caucus" means all of the members of either house of the	13
general assembly who are members of the same political party.	14
(2) "Committee" means any committee of either house of the	15
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general assembly, a joint committee of both houses of the general	16
assembly, including a committee of conference, or a subcommittee	17
of any committee listed in division (A)(2) of this section.	18

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(3) "Meeting" means any prearranged discussion of the public 19 business of a committee by a majority of its members. 20 (B) Except as otherwise provided in division (F) of this 21 section, all meetings of any committee are declared to be public 22 meetings open to the public at all times. The Except as otherwise 23 provided in section 101.151 of the Revised Code, the secretary 24 assigned to the chairperson of the committee shall prepare, file, 25 and maintain the minutes of every regular or special meeting of a 26 committee. The minutes shall, at a minimum, consist of a 27 paraphrased summary of all testimony and exhibits presented, all 28 discussion had, and each question asked and answer given during 29 the meeting. The committee, at its next regular or special meeting 30 not later than its second regular meeting following the regular or 31 special meeting being recorded by the minutes, shall approve the 32 minutes prepared, filed, and maintained by the secretary, or, if 33 the minutes prepared, filed, and maintained by the secretary 34 require correction before their approval, the committee shall 35 correct and approve the minutes at the next following regular or 36 special meeting. The committee shall make the minutes available 37 for public inspection not later than seven days after the meeting 38 at which the minutes reflect were approved, or not later than the 39 committee's next regular or special meeting <u>following the meeting</u> 40 at which the minutes were approved, whichever occurs first. When 41 the minutes are available for public inspection, the secretary 42 shall file them with the clerk. The clerk shall post the minutes 43 on the general assembly's web site in a manner that links each 44 portion of the minutes that is relevant to a particular bill or 45 resolution to the legislative history of that bill or resolution. 46

(C) Each committee shall establish a reasonable method
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whereby any person may determine the time and place of all
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regularly scheduled meetings and the time, place, and purpose of
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all special meetings. No committee shall hold a regular or special
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meeting unless it gives at least twenty-four hours' advance notice 51 to the news media that have requested notification. 52 The method established by each committee shall provide that, 53 upon request and payment of a reasonable fee, any person may 54 obtain reasonable advance notification of all meetings at which 55 any specific type of public business will be discussed. Provisions 56 for advance notification may include, but are not limited to, 57 mailing the agenda of meetings to all subscribers on a mailing 58 list or mailing notices in self-addressed stamped envelopes 59 provided by the person who desires advance notification. 60 (D) Any action of a committee relating to a bill or 61 resolution, or any other formal action of a committee, is invalid 62 unless taken in an open meeting of the committee. Any action of a 63

committee relating to a bill or resolution, or any other formal action of a committee, taken in an open meeting is invalid if it 65 results from deliberations in a meeting not open to the public. 66

(E)(1) Any person may bring an action to enforce this 67 section. An action under this division shall be brought within two 68 years after the date of the alleged violation or threatened 69 violation. Upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of 70 this section in an action brought by any person, the court of 71 common pleas shall issue an injunction to compel the members of 72 the committee to comply with its provisions. 73

(2)(a) If the court of common pleas issues an injunction 74 under division (E)(1) of this section, the court shall order the 75 committee that it enjoins to pay a civil forfeiture of five 76 hundred dollars to the party that sought the injunction and shall 77 award to that party all court costs and, subject to reduction as 78 described in this division, reasonable attorney's fees. The court, 79 in its discretion, may reduce an award of attorney's fees to the 80 party that sought the injunction or not award attorney's fees to 81 that party if the court determines both of the following: 82

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(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory law
and case law as it existed at the time of the violation or
threatened violation that was the basis of the injunction, a
well-informed committee reasonably would believe that the
committee was not violating or threatening to violate this
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section;

(ii) That a well-informed committee reasonably would believe
that the conduct or threatened conduct that was the basis of the
injunction would serve the public policy that underlies the
authority that is asserted as permitting that conduct or
threatened conduct.

(b) If the court of common pleas does not issue an injunction 94 under division (E)(1) of this section and the court determines at 95 that time that the bringing of the action was frivolous conduct as 96 defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the Revised Code, 97 the court shall award to the committee all court costs and 98 reasonable attorney's fees, as determined by the court. 99

(3) Irreparable harm and prejudice to the party that sought
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the injunction shall be conclusively and irrebuttably presumed
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upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of this section.
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(4) A member of a committee who knowingly violates an
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injunction issued under division (E)(1) of this section may be
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removed from office by an action brought in the court of common
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pleas for that purpose by the prosecuting attorney of Franklin
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county or by the attorney general.

(5) The remedies described in divisions (E)(1) to (4) of thissection shall be the exclusive remedies for a violation of thissection.

(F) This section does not apply to or affect either of the 111following: 112

(1) All meetings of the joint legislative ethics committee 113

meeting that is held for any of the following purposes: 115 (a) To consider the adoption, amendment, or recission of any 116 rule that the joint legislative ethics committee is authorized to 117 adopt pursuant to division (B)(11) of section 101.34, division (E)118 of section 101.78, division (B) of section 102.02, or division (E) 119 of section 121.68 of the Revised Code; 120 (b) To discuss and consider changes to any administrative 121 operation of the joint legislative ethics committee other than any 122 matter described in division (G) of section 121.22 of the Revised 123 Code; 124 125 (c) To discuss pending or proposed legislation. (2) Meetings of a caucus. 126 (G) For purposes of division (F)(1)(a) of this section, an 127 advisory opinion, written opinion, or decision relative to a 128 complaint is not a rule. 129 Sec. 101.151. At the discretion of the chairperson of a 130 committee, a transcribed record of a meeting of the committee may 131 be used in lieu of minutes. The secretary of the committee shall 132 arrange for the recordation and transcription of the committee 133 proceedings, including a verbatim record of all testimony, 134 discussion, and questions and answers. The committee shall make 135 the transcribed record available for public inspection not later 136 than seven days after it is received from the person providing the 137 transcription services. The secretary shall file and maintain the 138 original transcribed record and any exhibits. 139 When the transcribed record of committee proceedings is 140 available for public inspection, a copy shall be filed with the 141 clerk. The clerk shall post the transcribed record on the general 142 assembly's web site in a manner that links each portion of the 143

created under section 101.34 of the Revised Code other than a

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record that is relevant to a particular bill or resolution to the	144
legislative history of that bill or resolution.	145
<b>Sec. 101.16.</b> A person who testifies as a witness before a	146
committee shall raise the person's right hand and be sworn in by	147
the chairperson or acting chairperson using the following	148
statement:	149
"Do you swear (or affirm) that the testimony you are about to	150
give before this committee is the truth, the whole truth, and	151
nothing but the truth, (so help you God)?"	152
<u>A person may not offer testimony as a witness before a</u>	153
committee unless the statement has been answered in the	154
affirmative.	155
A person who, after answering the statement in the	156
affirmative, is found to have offered untruthful testimony in	157
violation of the statement violates section 2921.11 of the Revised	158
<u>Code.</u>	159
Section 2. That existing section 101.15 of the Revised Code	160
is hereby repealed.	161