As Introduced

128th General Assembly Regular Session 2009-2010

S. B. No. 91

Senator Miller, R.

Cosponsors: Senators Miller, D., Morano, Smith, Kearney, Turner, Strahorn

A BILL

Τ¢	o amend sections 4112.02, 4112.05, 4112.08, and	1
	4112.14 of the Revised Code to specify that	2
	discrimination by an employer against any person	3
	because of the person's credit history is an	4
	unlawful discriminatory practice under the Ohio	5
	Civil Rights Law.	б

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4112.02, 4112.05, 4112.08, and	7				
4112.14 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	8				
Sec. 4112.02. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory	9				
practice:					
(A) For any employer, because of the race, color, religion,	11				
sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or	12				
ancestry of any person, to discharge without just cause, to refuse					
to hire, or otherwise to discriminate against that person with					
respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or privileges of					
employment, or any matter directly or indirectly related to					
employment.	17				
(B) For an employment agency or personnel placement service,	18				

because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, national 19

person;

origin, disability, age, or ancestry, to do any of the following: 20 (1) Refuse or fail to accept, register, classify properly, or 21 refer for employment, or otherwise discriminate against any 22 23 (2) Comply with a request from an employer for referral of 24 applicants for employment if the request directly or indirectly 25 indicates that the employer fails to comply with the provisions of 26 sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code. 27 (C) For any labor organization to do any of the following: 28 (1) Limit or classify its membership on the basis of race, 29 color, religion, sex, military status, national origin, 30 disability, age, or ancestry; 31

(2) Discriminate against, limit the employment opportunities 32 of, or otherwise adversely affect the employment status, wages, 33 hours, or employment conditions of any person as an employee 34 because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, national 35 origin, disability, age, or ancestry. 36

(D) For any employer, labor organization, or joint 37 labor-management committee controlling apprentice training 38 programs to discriminate against any person because of race, 39 color, religion, sex, military status, national origin, 40 disability, or ancestry in admission to, or employment in, any 41 program established to provide apprentice training. 42

(E) Except where based on a bona fide occupational 43 qualification certified in advance by the commission, for any 44 employer, employment agency, personnel placement service, or labor 45 organization, prior to employment or admission to membership, to 46 do any of the following: 47

(1) Elicit or attempt to elicit any information concerning 48 the race, color, religion, sex, military status, national origin, 49

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disability, age, or ancestry of an applicant for employment or 50 membership; 51

(2) Make or keep a record of the race, color, religion, sex,
military status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry of
any applicant for employment or membership;
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(3) Use any form of application for employment, or personnel 55 or membership blank, seeking to elicit information regarding race, 56 color, religion, sex, military status, national origin, 57 disability, age, or ancestry; but an employer holding a contract 58 containing a nondiscrimination clause with the government of the 59 United States, or any department or agency of that government, may 60 require an employee or applicant for employment to furnish 61 documentary proof of United States citizenship and may retain that 62 proof in the employer's personnel records and may use photographic 63 or fingerprint identification for security purposes; 64

(4) Print or publish or cause to be printed or published any
notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership
indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or
discrimination, based upon race, color, religion, sex, military
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry;

(5) Announce or follow a policy of denying or limiting,
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through a quota system or otherwise, employment or membership
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opportunities of any group because of the race, color, religion,
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sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or
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ancestry of that group;
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(6) Utilize in the recruitment or hiring of persons any
(75) employment agency, personnel placement service, training school or
(76) center, labor organization, or any other employee-referring source
(77) known to discriminate against persons because of their race,
(78) color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,
(79) disability, age, or ancestry.

(F) For any person seeking employment to publish or cause to
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be published any advertisement that specifies or in any manner
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indicates that person's race, color, religion, sex, military
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status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry, or
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expresses a limitation or preference as to the race, color,
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religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, age,
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or ancestry of any prospective employer.

(G) For any proprietor or any employee, keeper, or manager of
a place of public accommodation to deny to any person, except for
reasons applicable alike to all persons regardless of race, color,
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, age,
or ancestry, the full enjoyment of the accommodations, advantages,
facilities, or privileges of the place of public accommodation.

(H) For any person to do any of the following:

(1) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease, sublease, 95 or finance housing accommodations, refuse to negotiate for the 96 sale or rental of housing accommodations, or otherwise deny or 97 make unavailable housing accommodations because of race, color, 98 religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry, 99 disability, or national origin; 100

(2) Represent to any person that housing accommodations are
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not available for inspection, sale, or rental, when in fact they
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are available, because of race, color, religion, sex, military
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status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin;
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(3) Discriminate against any person in the making or
purchasing of loans or the provision of other financial assistance
for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair, or
maintenance of housing accommodations, or any person in the making
or purchasing of loans or the provision of other financial
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assistance that is secured by residential real estate, because of
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race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial status,

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ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of the racial 112 composition of the neighborhood in which the housing 113 accommodations are located, provided that the person, whether an 114 individual, corporation, or association of any type, lends money 115 as one of the principal aspects or incident to the person's 116 principal business and not only as a part of the purchase price of 117 an owner-occupied residence the person is selling nor merely 118 casually or occasionally to a relative or friend; 119

(4) Discriminate against any person in the terms or 120 conditions of selling, transferring, assigning, renting, leasing, 121 or subleasing any housing accommodations or in furnishing 122 facilities, services, or privileges in connection with the 123 ownership, occupancy, or use of any housing accommodations, 124 including the sale of fire, extended coverage, or homeowners 125 insurance, because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, 126 familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or 127 because of the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the 128 housing accommodations are located; 129

(5) Discriminate against any person in the terms or 130 conditions of any loan of money, whether or not secured by 131 mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, construction, 132 rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations 133 because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 134 status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of the 135 racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing 136 accommodations are located; 137

(6) Refuse to consider without prejudice the combined income
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of both husband and wife for the purpose of extending mortgage
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credit to a married couple or either member of a married couple;
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(7) Print, publish, or circulate any statement or
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advertisement, or make or cause to be made any statement or
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advertisement, relating to the sale, transfer, assignment, rental,
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lease, sublease, or acquisition of any housing accommodations, or 144 relating to the loan of money, whether or not secured by mortgage 145 or otherwise, for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, 146 repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations, that indicates 147 any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based 148 upon race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, 149 ancestry, disability, or national origin, or an intention to make 150 any such preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination; 151

(8) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(8) or (17)152 of this section, make any inquiry, elicit any information, make or 153 keep any record, or use any form of application containing 154 questions or entries concerning race, color, religion, sex, 155 military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or 156 national origin in connection with the sale or lease of any 157 housing accommodations or the loan of any money, whether or not 158 secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, 159 construction, rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing 160 accommodations. Any person may make inquiries, and make and keep 161 records, concerning race, color, religion, sex, military status, 162 familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin for the 163 purpose of monitoring compliance with this chapter. 164

(9) Include in any transfer, rental, or lease of housing
accommodations any restrictive covenant, or honor or exercise, or
attempt to honor or exercise, any restrictive covenant;
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(10) Induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a 168 housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction by 169 representing that a change has occurred or may occur with respect 170 to the racial, religious, sexual, military status, familial 171 status, or ethnic composition of the block, neighborhood, or other 172 area in which the housing accommodations are located, or induce or 173 solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a housing accommodations 174 listing, sale, or transaction by representing that the presence or 175

disability, or ancestry;

anticipated presence of persons of any race, color, religion, sex, 176 military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or 177 national origin, in the block, neighborhood, or other area will or 178 may have results including, but not limited to, the following: 179 (a) The lowering of property values; 180 (b) A change in the racial, religious, sexual, military 181 status, familial status, or ethnic composition of the block, 182 neighborhood, or other area; 183 (c) An increase in criminal or antisocial behavior in the 184 block, neighborhood, or other area; 185 (d) A decline in the quality of the schools serving the 186 block, neighborhood, or other area. 187 (11) Deny any person access to or membership or participation 188 in any multiple-listing service, real estate brokers' 189 organization, or other service, organization, or facility relating 190 to the business of selling or renting housing accommodations, or 191 discriminate against any person in the terms or conditions of that 192 access, membership, or participation, on account of race, color, 193 religion, sex, military status, familial status, national origin, 194

(12) Coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any 196 person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of that 197 person's having exercised or enjoyed or having aided or encouraged 198 any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any right 199 granted or protected by division (H) of this section; 200

(13) Discourage or attempt to discourage the purchase by a
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prospective purchaser of housing accommodations, by representing
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that any block, neighborhood, or other area has undergone or might
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undergo a change with respect to its religious, racial, sexual,
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military status, familial status, or ethnic composition;
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(14) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease, sublease, 206
or finance, or otherwise deny or withhold, a burial lot from any 207
person because of the race, color, sex, military status, familial 208
status, age, ancestry, disability, or national origin of any 209
prospective owner or user of the lot; 210

(15) Discriminate in the sale or rental of, or otherwise make
unavailable or deny, housing accommodations to any buyer or renter
because of a disability of any of the following:
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(a) The buyer or renter;

(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the215housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made216available;217

(c) Any individual associated with the person described in 218division (H)(15)(b) of this section. 219

(16) Discriminate in the terms, conditions, or privileges of 220 the sale or rental of housing accommodations to any person or in 221 the provision of services or facilities to any person in 222 connection with the housing accommodations because of a disability 223 of any of the following: 224

(a) That person;

(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the
housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made
available;

(c) Any individual associated with the person described in 229division (H)(16)(b) of this section. 230

(17) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(17) of this 231 section, make an inquiry to determine whether an applicant for the 232 sale or rental of housing accommodations, a person residing in or 233 intending to reside in the housing accommodations after they are 234 sold, rented, or made available, or any individual associated with 235

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that person has a disability, or make an inquiry to determine the 236 nature or severity of a disability of the applicant or such a 237 person or individual. The following inquiries may be made of all 238 applicants for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, 239 regardless of whether they have disabilities: 240

(a) An inquiry into an applicant's ability to meet therequirements of ownership or tenancy;242

(b) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is qualified
for housing accommodations available only to persons with
disabilities or persons with a particular type of disability;
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(c) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is qualified
for a priority available to persons with disabilities or persons
with a particular type of disability;
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(d) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant currently 249
uses a controlled substance in violation of section 2925.11 of the 250
Revised Code or a substantively comparable municipal ordinance; 251

(e) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant at any time
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense, an element
of which is the illegal sale, offer to sell, cultivation,
manufacture, other production, shipment, transportation, delivery,
or other distribution of a controlled substance.

(18)(a) Refuse to permit, at the expense of a person with a 257 disability, reasonable modifications of existing housing 258 accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person 259 with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford 260 the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing 261 accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of 262 housing accommodations that are rented or to be rented to a 263 disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a proposed 264 modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or more of the 265 following: 266

(i) Providing a reasonable description of the proposed
modification and reasonable assurances that the proposed
modification will be made in a workerlike manner and that any
required building permits will be obtained prior to the
commencement of the proposed modification;
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(ii) Agreeing to restore at the end of the tenancy the 272 interior of the housing accommodations to the condition they were 273 in prior to the proposed modification, but subject to reasonable 274 wear and tear during the period of occupancy, if it is reasonable 275 for the landlord to condition permission for the proposed 276 modification upon the agreement; 277

(iii) Paying into an interest-bearing escrow account that is 278 in the landlord's name, over a reasonable period of time, a 279 reasonable amount of money not to exceed the projected costs at 280 the end of the tenancy of the restoration of the interior of the 281 housing accommodations to the condition they were in prior to the 282 proposed modification, but subject to reasonable wear and tear 283 during the period of occupancy, if the landlord finds the account 284 reasonably necessary to ensure the availability of funds for the 285 restoration work. The interest earned in connection with an escrow 286 account described in this division shall accrue to the benefit of 287 the disabled tenant who makes payments into the account. 288

(b) A landlord shall not condition permission for a proposed
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modification upon a disabled tenant's payment of a security
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deposit that exceeds the customarily required security deposit of
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all tenants of the particular housing accommodations.
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(19) Refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules, 293 policies, practices, or services when necessary to afford a person 294 with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling 295 unit, including associated public and common use areas; 296

(20) Fail to comply with the standards and rules adopted 297

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under division (A) of section 3781.111 of the Revised Code; 298 (21) Discriminate against any person in the selling, 299 brokering, or appraising of real property because of race, color, 300 religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry, 301 disability, or national origin; 302 (22) Fail to design and construct covered multifamily 303 dwellings for first occupancy on or after June 30, 1992, in 304 accordance with the following conditions: 305 (a) The dwellings shall have at least one building entrance 306 on an accessible route, unless it is impractical to do so because 307

(b) With respect to dwellings that have a building entrance 309on an accessible route, all of the following apply: 310

of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the site.

(i) The public use areas and common use areas of thedwellings shall be readily accessible to and usable by personswith a disability.

(ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and within 314
all premises shall be sufficiently wide to allow passage by 315
persons with a disability who are in wheelchairs. 316

(iii) All premises within covered multifamily dwelling units 317 shall contain an accessible route into and through the dwelling; 318 all light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other 319 environmental controls within such units shall be in accessible 320 locations; the bathroom walls within such units shall contain 321 reinforcements to allow later installation of grab bars; and the 322 kitchens and bathrooms within such units shall be designed and 323 constructed in a manner that enables an individual in a wheelchair 324 to maneuver about such rooms. 325

For purposes of division (H)(22) of this section, "covered 326 multifamily dwellings" means buildings consisting of four or more 327 units if such buildings have one or more elevators and ground 328 floor units in other buildings consisting of four or more units. 329

(I) For any person to discriminate in any manner against any
other person because that person has opposed any unlawful
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discriminatory practice defined in this section or because that
gerson has made a charge, testified, assisted, or participated in
any manner in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing under
sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.

(J) For any person to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce
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the doing of any act declared by this section to be an unlawful
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discriminatory practice, to obstruct or prevent any person from
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complying with this chapter or any order issued under it, or to
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attempt directly or indirectly to commit any act declared by this
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section to be an unlawful discriminatory practice.

(K) For an employer to use a person's credit rating or score
or consumer credit history as a factor in making decisions
regarding that person's employment, including hiring, tenure,
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terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, or any matter
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directly or indirectly related to employment.

(L)(1) Nothing in division (H) of this section shall bar any 347 religious or denominational institution or organization, or any 348 nonprofit charitable or educational organization that is operated, 349 supervised, or controlled by or in connection with a religious 350 organization, from limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of 351 housing accommodations that it owns or operates for other than a 352 commercial purpose to persons of the same religion, or from giving 353 preference in the sale, rental, or occupancy of such housing 354 accommodations to persons of the same religion, unless membership 355 in the religion is restricted on account of race, color, or 356 national origin. 357

(2) Nothing in division (H) of this section shall bar any 358

bona fide private or fraternal organization that, incidental to359its primary purpose, owns or operates lodgings for other than a360commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of the361lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members.362

(3) Nothing in division (H) of this section limits the 363 applicability of any reasonable local, state, or federal 364 restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted 365 to occupy housing accommodations. Nothing in that division 366 prohibits the owners or managers of housing accommodations from 367 implementing reasonable occupancy standards based on the number 368 and size of sleeping areas or bedrooms and the overall size of a 369 dwelling unit, provided that the standards are not implemented to 370 circumvent the purposes of this chapter and are formulated, 371 implemented, and interpreted in a manner consistent with this 372 chapter and any applicable local, state, or federal restrictions 373 regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy 374 housing accommodations. 375

(4) Nothing in division (H) of this section requires that
(4) Nothing in division (H) of this section requires that
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housing accommodations be made available to an individual whose
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tenancy would constitute a direct threat to the health or safety
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of other individuals or whose tenancy would result in substantial
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physical damage to the property of others.

(5) Nothing in division (H) of this section pertaining to
discrimination on the basis of familial status shall be construed
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to apply to any of the following:
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(a) Housing accommodations provided under any state or
federal program that have been determined under the "Fair Housing
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Amendments Act of 1988," 102 Stat. 1623, 42 U.S.C.A. 3607, as
amended, to be specifically designed and operated to assist
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elderly persons;

(b) Housing accommodations intended for and solely occupied 389

by persons who are sixty-two years of age or older; 390

(c) Housing accommodations intended and operated for
occupancy by at least one person who is fifty-five years of age or
older per unit, as determined under the "Fair Housing Amendments
Act of 1988," 102 Stat. 1623, 42 U.S.C.A. 3607, as amended.

(L)(M) Nothing in divisions (A) to (E) of this section shall 395 be construed to require a person with a disability to be employed 396 or trained under circumstances that would significantly increase 397 the occupational hazards affecting either the person with a 398 disability, other employees, the general public, or the facilities 399 in which the work is to be performed, or to require the employment 400 or training of a person with a disability in a job that requires 401 the person with a disability routinely to undertake any task, the 402 performance of which is substantially and inherently impaired by 403 the person's disability. 404

(M) (N) Nothing in divisions (H)(1) to (18) of this section 405 shall be construed to require any person selling or renting 406 property to modify the property in any way or to exercise a higher 407 degree of care for a person with a disability, to relieve any 408 person with a disability of any obligation generally imposed on 409 all persons regardless of disability in a written lease, rental 410 agreement, or contract of purchase or sale, or to forbid 411 distinctions based on the inability to fulfill the terms and 412 conditions, including financial obligations, of the lease, 413 agreement, or contract. 414

(N)(0) An aggrieved individual may enforce the individual's 415 rights relative to discrimination on the basis of age as provided 416 for in this section by instituting a civil action, within one 417 hundred eighty days after the alleged unlawful discriminatory 418 practice occurred, in any court with jurisdiction for any legal or 419 equitable relief that will effectuate the individual's rights. 420

A person who files a civil action under this division is 421 barred, with respect to the practices complained of, from 422 instituting a civil action under section 4112.14 of the Revised 423 Code and from filing a charge with the commission under section 424 4112.05 of the Revised Code. 425

(O)(P)With regard to age, it shall not be an unlawful426discriminatory practice and it shall not constitute a violation of427division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised Code for any428employer, employment agency, joint labor-management committee429controlling apprenticeship training programs, or labor430organization to do any of the following:431

(1) Establish bona fide employment qualifications reasonably
 related to the particular business or occupation that may include
 standards for skill, aptitude, physical capability, intelligence,
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 education, maturation, and experience;
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(2) Observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or any 436 bona fide employee benefit plan, including, but not limited to, a 437 retirement, pension, or insurance plan, that is not a subterfuge 438 to evade the purposes of this section. However, no such employee 439 benefit plan shall excuse the failure to hire any individual, and 440 no such seniority system or employee benefit plan shall require or 441 permit the involuntary retirement of any individual, because of 442 the individual's age except as provided for in the "Age 443 Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of 1978," 92 Stat. 189, 444 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended by the "Age Discrimination in 445 Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 446 623, as amended. 447

(3) Retire an employee who has attained sixty-five years of
age who, for the two-year period immediately before retirement, is
employed in a bona fide executive or a high policymaking position,
if the employee is entitled to an immediate nonforfeitable annual
retirement benefit from a pension, profit-sharing, savings, or
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deferred compensation plan, or any combination of those plans, of 453 the employer of the employee, which equals, in the aggregate, at 454 least forty-four thousand dollars, in accordance with the 455 conditions of the "Age Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment 456 of 1978," 92 Stat. 189, 29 U.S.C.A. 631, as amended by the "Age 457 Discrimination in Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 458 3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 631, as amended; 459

(4) Observe the terms of any bona fide apprenticeship program 460 if the program is registered with the Ohio apprenticeship council 461 pursuant to sections 4139.01 to 4139.06 of the Revised Code and is 462 approved by the federal committee on apprenticeship of the United 463 States department of labor. 464

 $(\mathbf{P})(\mathbf{O})$ Nothing in this chapter prohibiting age discrimination 465 and nothing in division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised Code 466 shall be construed to prohibit the following: 467

(1) The designation of uniform age the attainment of which is 468 necessary for public employees to receive pension or other 469 retirement benefits pursuant to Chapter 145., 742., 3307., 3309., 470 or 5505. of the Revised Code; 471

(2) The mandatory retirement of uniformed patrol officers of 472 the state highway patrol as provided in section 5505.16 of the 473 Revised Code; 474

(3) The maximum age requirements for appointment as a patrol 475 officer in the state highway patrol established by section 5503.01 476 of the Revised Code; 477

(4) The maximum age requirements established for original 478 appointment to a police department or fire department in sections 479 124.41 and 124.42 of the Revised Code; 480

(5) Any maximum age not in conflict with federal law that may 481 be established by a municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or 482 resolution of a board of township trustees for original 483

appointment as	s a	police	officer	or	firefighter;	484
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(6) Any mandatory retirement provision not in conflict with
federal law of a municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or
resolution of a board of township trustees pertaining to police
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officers and firefighters;
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(7) Until January 1, 1994, the mandatory retirement of any
employee who has attained seventy years of age and who is serving
under a contract of unlimited tenure, or similar arrangement
providing for unlimited tenure, at an institution of higher
education as defined in the "Education Amendments of 1980," 94
Stat. 1503, 20 U.S.C.A. 1141(a).

495 $\frac{(Q)(R)}{(1)}(1)$ Except as provided in division $\frac{(Q)(R)}{(1)}(1)$ (b) of this section, for purposes of divisions (A) to (E) of this 496 section, a disability does not include any physiological disorder 497 or condition, mental or psychological disorder, or disease or 498 condition caused by an illegal use of any controlled substance by 499 an employee, applicant, or other person, if an employer, 500 employment agency, personnel placement service, labor 501 organization, or joint labor-management committee acts on the 502 basis of that illegal use. 503

(b) Division (Q)(R)(1)(a) of this section does not apply to 504
 an employee, applicant, or other person who satisfies any of the 505
 following: 506

(i) The employee, applicant, or other person has successfully
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completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program and no longer
is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled substance, or the
employee, applicant, or other person otherwise successfully has
been rehabilitated and no longer is engaging in that illegal use.
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(ii) The employee, applicant, or other person is
participating in a supervised drug rehabilitation program and no
longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled substance.
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(iii) The employee, applicant, or other person is erroneously 515 regarded as engaging in the illegal use of any controlled 516 substance, but the employee, applicant, or other person is not 517 engaging in that illegal use. 518 (2) Divisions (A) to (E) of this section do not prohibit an 519 employer, employment agency, personnel placement service, labor 520 organization, or joint labor-management committee from doing any 521 of the following: 522 (a) Adopting or administering reasonable policies or 523 procedures, including, but not limited to, testing for the illegal 524 use of any controlled substance, that are designed to ensure that 525 an individual described in division $\frac{(Q)(R)}{(R)}(1)(b)(i)$ or (ii) of 526 this section no longer is engaging in the illegal use of any 527 controlled substance; 528 (b) Prohibiting the illegal use of controlled substances and 529 the use of alcohol at the workplace by all employees; 530 (c) Requiring that employees not be under the influence of 531 alcohol or not be engaged in the illegal use of any controlled 532 substance at the workplace; 533 (d) Requiring that employees behave in conformance with the 534 requirements established under "The Drug-Free Workplace Act of 535 1988," 102 Stat. 4304, 41 U.S.C.A. 701, as amended; 536 (e) Holding an employee who engages in the illegal use of any 537 controlled substance or who is an alcoholic to the same 538 qualification standards for employment or job performance, and the 539 same behavior, to which the employer, employment agency, personnel 540 placement service, labor organization, or joint labor-management 541 committee holds other employees, even if any unsatisfactory 542 performance or behavior is related to an employee's illegal use of 543 a controlled substance or alcoholism; 544

(f) Exercising other authority recognized in the "Americans 545

(3) For purposes of this chapter, a test to determine the
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 illegal use of any controlled substance does not include a medical
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 examination.

(4) Division (Q)(R) of this section does not encourage, 552
prohibit, or authorize, and shall not be construed as encouraging, 553
prohibiting, or authorizing, the conduct of testing for the 554
illegal use of any controlled substance by employees, applicants, 555
or other persons, or the making of employment decisions based on 556
the results of that type of testing. 557

Sec. 4112.05. (A) The commission, as provided in this 558 section, shall prevent any person from engaging in unlawful 559 discriminatory practices, provided that, before instituting the 560 formal hearing authorized by division (B) of this section, it 561 shall attempt, by informal methods of conference, conciliation, 562 and persuasion, to induce compliance with this chapter. 563

(B)(1) Any person may file a charge with the commission 564 alleging that another person has engaged or is engaging in an 565 unlawful discriminatory practice. In the case of a charge alleging 566 an unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (A), 567 (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (I), or (J), <u>or (K)</u> of section 568 4112.02 or in section 4112.021 or 4112.022 of the Revised Code, 569 the charge shall be in writing and under oath and shall be filed 570 with the commission within six months after the alleged unlawful 571 discriminatory practice was committed. In the case of a charge 572 alleging an unlawful discriminatory practice described in division 573 (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the charge shall be in 574 writing and under oath and shall be filed with the commission 575 within one year after the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice 576 was committed.

(2) Upon receiving a charge, the commission may initiate a 578 preliminary investigation to determine whether it is probable that 579 an unlawful discriminatory practice has been or is being engaged 580 in. The commission also may conduct, upon its own initiative and 581 independent of the filing of any charges, a preliminary 582 investigation relating to any of the unlawful discriminatory 583 practices described in division (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), (I), 584 Θr (J), or (K) of section 4112.02 or in section 4112.021 or 585 4112.022 of the Revised Code. Prior to a notification of a 586 complainant under division (B)(4) of this section or prior to the 587 commencement of informal methods of conference, conciliation, and 588 persuasion under that division, the members of the commission and 589 the officers and employees of the commission shall not make public 590 in any manner and shall retain as confidential all information 591 that was obtained as a result of or that otherwise pertains to a 592 preliminary investigation other than one described in division 593 (B)(3) of this section. 594

(3)(a) Unless it is impracticable to do so and subject to its 595 authority under division (B)(3)(d) of this section, the commission 596 shall complete a preliminary investigation of a charge filed 597 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section that alleges an 598 unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of 599 section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, and shall take one of the 600 following actions, within one hundred days after the filing of the 601 602 charge:

(i) Notify the complainant and the respondent that it is not
probable that an unlawful discriminatory practice described in
division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code has been or is
being engaged in and that the commission will not issue a
complaint in the matter;

(ii) Initiate a complaint and schedule it for informal 608

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methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion; 609

(iii) Initiate a complaint and refer it to the attorney 610 general with a recommendation to seek a temporary or permanent 611 injunction or a temporary restraining order. If this action is 612 taken, the attorney general shall apply, as expeditiously as 613 possible after receipt of the complaint, to the court of common 614 pleas of the county in which the unlawful discriminatory practice 615 allegedly occurred for the appropriate injunction or order, and 616 the court shall hear and determine the application as 617 expeditiously as possible. 618

(b) If it is not practicable to comply with the requirements
of division (B)(3)(a) of this section within the one-hundred-day
period described in that division, the commission shall notify the
complainant and the respondent in writing of the reasons for the
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noncompliance.

(c) Prior to the issuance of a complaint under division 624 625 (B)(3)(a)(ii) or (iii) of this section or prior to a notification of the complainant and the respondent under division (B)(3)(a)(i)626 of this section, the members of the commission and the officers 627 and employees of the commission shall not make public in any 628 manner and shall retain as confidential all information that was 629 obtained as a result of or that otherwise pertains to a 630 preliminary investigation of a charge filed pursuant to division 631 (B)(1) of this section that alleges an unlawful discriminatory 632 practice described in division (H) of section 4112.05 of the 633 Revised Code. 634

(d) Notwithstanding the types of action described in
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divisions (B)(3)(a)(ii) and (iii) of this section, prior to the
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issuance of a complaint or the referral of a complaint to the
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attorney general and prior to endeavoring to eliminate an unlawful
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discriminatory practice described in division (H) of section
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4112.02 of the Revised Code by informal methods of conference,
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conciliation, and persuasion, the commission may seek a temporary 641 or permanent injunction or a temporary restraining order in the 642 court of common pleas of the county in which the unlawful 643 discriminatory practice allegedly occurred. 644

(4) If the commission determines after a preliminary 645 investigation other than one described in division (B)(3) of this 646 section that it is not probable that an unlawful discriminatory 647 practice has been or is being engaged in, it shall notify any 648 complainant under division (B)(1) of this section that it has so 649 determined and that it will not issue a complaint in the matter. 650 If the commission determines after a preliminary investigation 651 other than the one described in division (B)(3) of this section 652 that it is probable that an unlawful discriminatory practice has 653 been or is being engaged in, it shall endeavor to eliminate the 654 practice by informal methods of conference, conciliation, and 655 persuasion. 656

(5) Nothing said or done during informal methods of 657 conference, conciliation, and persuasion under this section shall 658 be disclosed by any member of the commission or its staff or be 659 used as evidence in any subsequent hearing or other proceeding. 660 If, after a preliminary investigation and the use of informal 661 methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion under this 662 section, the commission is satisfied that any unlawful 663 discriminatory practice will be eliminated, it may treat the 664 charge involved as being conciliated and enter that disposition on 665 the records of the commission. If the commission fails to effect 666 the elimination of an unlawful discriminatory practice by informal 667 methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion under this 668 section and to obtain voluntary compliance with this chapter, the 669 commission shall issue and cause to be served upon any person, 670 including the respondent against whom a complainant has filed a 671 charge pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, a complaint 672

stating the charges involved and containing a notice of an 673 opportunity for a hearing before the commission, a member of the 674 commission, or a hearing examiner at a place that is stated in the 675 notice and that is located within the county in which the alleged 676 unlawful discriminatory practice has occurred or is occurring or 677 in which the respondent resides or transacts business. The hearing 678 shall be held not less than thirty days after the service of the 679 complaint upon the complainant, the aggrieved persons other than 680 the complainant on whose behalf the complaint is issued, and the 681 respondent, unless the complainant, an aggrieved person, or the 682 respondent elects to proceed under division (A)(2) of section 683 4112.051 of the Revised Code when that division is applicable. If 684 a complaint pertains to an alleged unlawful discriminatory 685 practice described in division (H) of section 4112.02 of the 686 Revised Code, the complaint shall notify the complainant, an 687 aggrieved person, and the respondent of the right of the 688 complainant, an aggrieved person, or the respondent to elect to 689 proceed with the administrative hearing process under this section 690 or to proceed under division (A)(2) of section 4112.051 of the 691 Revised Code. 692

(6) The attorney general shall represent the commission at
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any hearing held pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section and
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shall present the evidence in support of the complaint.
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(7) Any complaint issued pursuant to division (B)(5) of this
section after the filing of a charge under division (B)(1) of this
section shall be so issued within one year after the complainant
filed the charge with respect to an alleged unlawful
discriminatory practice.

(C) Any complaint issued pursuant to division (B) of this
section may be amended by the commission, a member of the
commission, or the hearing examiner conducting a hearing under
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division (B) of this section, at any time prior to or during the
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hearing. The respondent has the right to file an answer or an 705 amended answer to the original and amended complaints and to 706 appear at the hearing in person, by attorney, or otherwise to 707 examine and cross-examine witnesses. 708

(D) The complainant shall be a party to a hearing under 709 division (B) of this section, and any person who is an 710 indispensable party to a complete determination or settlement of a 711 question involved in the hearing shall be joined. Any person who 712 has or claims an interest in the subject of the hearing and in 713 obtaining or preventing relief against the unlawful discriminatory 714 practices complained of may be permitted, in the discretion of the 715 person or persons conducting the hearing, to appear for the 716 presentation of oral or written arguments. 717

(E) In any hearing under division (B) of this section, the 718 commission, a member of the commission, or the hearing examiner 719 shall not be bound by the Rules of Evidence but, in ascertaining 720 the practices followed by the respondent, shall take into account 721 all reliable, probative, and substantial statistical or other 722 evidence produced at the hearing that may tend to prove the 723 existence of a predetermined pattern of employment or membership, 724 provided that nothing contained in this section shall be construed 725 to authorize or require any person to observe the proportion that 726 persons of any race, color, religion, sex, military status, 727 familial status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry 728 bear to the total population or in accordance with any criterion 729 other than the individual qualifications of the applicant. 730

(F) The testimony taken at a hearing under division (B) of 731 this section shall be under oath and shall be reduced to writing 732 and filed with the commission. Thereafter, in its discretion, the 733 commission, upon the service of a notice upon the complainant and 734 the respondent that indicates an opportunity to be present, may 735 take further testimony or hear argument. 736

(G)(1) If, upon all reliable, probative, and substantial 737 evidence presented at a hearing under division (B) of this 738 section, the commission determines that the respondent has engaged 739 in, or is engaging in, any unlawful discriminatory practice, 740 whether against the complainant or others, the commission shall 741 state its findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue 742 and, subject to the provisions of Chapter 119. of the Revised 743 Code, cause to be served on the respondent an order requiring the 744 respondent to cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory 745 practice, requiring the respondent to take any further affirmative 746 or other action that will effectuate the purposes of this chapter, 747 including, but not limited to, hiring, reinstatement, or upgrading 748 of employees with or without back pay, or admission or restoration 749 to union membership, and requiring the respondent to report to the 750 commission the manner of compliance. If the commission directs 751 payment of back pay, it shall make allowance for interim earnings. 752 If it finds a violation of division (H) of section 4112.02 of the 753 Revised Code, the commission additionally shall require the 754 respondent to pay actual damages and reasonable attorney's fees, 755 and may award to the complainant punitive damages as follows: 756

(a) If division (G)(1)(b) or (c) of this section does not 757
apply, punitive damages in an amount not to exceed ten thousand 758
dollars; 759

(b) If division (G)(1)(c) of this section does not apply and 760 if the respondent has been determined by a final order of the 761 commission or by a final judgment of a court to have committed one 762 violation of division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code 763 during the five-year period immediately preceding the date on 764 which a complaint was issued pursuant to division (B) of this 765 section, punitive damages in an amount not to exceed twenty-five 766 thousand dollars; 767

(c) If the respondent has been determined by a final order of 768

the commission or by a final judgment of a court to have committed 769 two or more violations of division (H) of section 4112.02 of the 770 Revised Code during the seven-year period immediately preceding 771 the date on which a complaint was issued pursuant to division (B) 772 of this section, punitive damages in an amount not to exceed fifty 773 thousand dollars. 774

(2) Upon the submission of reports of compliance, the
 commission may issue a declaratory order stating that the
 respondent has ceased to engage in particular unlawful
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 discriminatory practices.

(H) If the commission finds that no probable cause exists for 779 crediting charges of unlawful discriminatory practices or if, upon 780 all the evidence presented at a hearing under division (B) of this 781 section on a charge, the commission finds that a respondent has 782 not engaged in any unlawful discriminatory practice against the 783 complainant or others, it shall state its findings of fact and 784 shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant an order 785 dismissing the complaint as to the respondent. A copy of the order 786 shall be delivered in all cases to the attorney general and any 787 other public officers whom the commission considers proper. 788

(I) Until the time period for appeal set forth in division 789
(H) of section 4112.06 of the Revised Code expires, the 790
commission, subject to the provisions of Chapter 119. of the 791
Revised Code, at any time, upon reasonable notice, and in the 792
manner it considers proper, may modify or set aside, in whole or 793
in part, any finding or order made by it under this section. 794

Sec. 4112.08. This chapter shall be construed liberally for 795 the accomplishment of its purposes, and any law inconsistent with 796 any provision of this chapter shall not apply. Nothing contained 797 in this chapter shall be considered to repeal any of the 798 provisions of any law of this state relating to discrimination 799 because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 800 status, disability, national origin, age, or ancestry, except that 801 any person filing a charge under division (B)(1) of section 802 4112.05 of the Revised Code, with respect to the unlawful 803 discriminatory practices complained of, is barred from instituting 804 a civil action under section 4112.14 or division (N)(0) of section 805 4112.02 of the Revised Code. 806

Sec. 4112.14. (A) No employer shall discriminate in any job 807 opening against any applicant or discharge without just cause any 808 employee aged forty or older who is physically able to perform the 809 duties and otherwise meets the established requirements of the job 810 and laws pertaining to the relationship between employer and 811 employee. 812

(B) Any person aged forty or older who is discriminated 813 against in any job opening or discharged without just cause by an 814 employer in violation of division (A) of this section may 815 institute a civil action against the employer in a court of 816 competent jurisdiction. If the court finds that an employer has 817 discriminated on the basis of age, the court shall order an 818 appropriate remedy which shall include reimbursement to the 819 applicant or employee for the costs, including reasonable 820 attorney's fees, of the action, or to reinstate the employee in 821 the employee's former position with compensation for lost wages 822 and any lost fringe benefits from the date of the illegal 823 discharge and to reimburse the employee for the costs, including 824 reasonable attorney's fees, of the action. The remedies available 825 under this section are coexistent with remedies available pursuant 826 to sections 4112.01 to 4112.11 of the Revised Code; except that 827 any person instituting a civil action under this section is, with 828 respect to the practices complained of, thereby barred from 829 instituting a civil action under division $\frac{(N)(O)}{(O)}$ of section 830 4112.02 of the Revised Code or from filing a charge with the Ohio 831

civil rights commission under section 4112.05 of the Revised Code.	832				
(C) The cause of action described in division (B) of this	833				
section and any remedies available pursuant to sections 4112.01 to	834				
4112.11 of the Revised Code shall not be available in the case of					
discharges where the employee has available to the employee the					
opportunity to arbitrate the discharge or where a discharge has					
been arbitrated and has been found to be for just cause.					
Section 2. That existing sections 4112.02, 4112.05, 4112.08,	839				
and 4112.14 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.					