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Sub. H. B. No. 278

Representatives Stebelton, Okey

Cosponsors: Representatives Adams, R., Bubp, Combs, Foley, Grossman, Hollington, Huffman, Letson, Maag, McGregor, McKenney, Murray, Antonio, Ashford, Beck, Blessing, Carney, Celebrezze, Damschroder, Fende, Garland, Hackett, Hagan, R., Hayes, Heard, Henne, Hottinger, Lynch, Mallory, McClain, Newbold, Pillich, Sears, Sprague, Stinziano, Szollosi, Yuko Speaker Batchelder

A BILL

To amend sections 3901.21, 3937.30, 3937.31, 3937.32, 1 3937.33, 3937.34, 3937.35, 4509.01, 4509.20, 2 4509.41, and 4509.51 of the Revised Code to make 3 changes to the law governing automobile insurance 4 policies, to increase the minimum amounts required 5 for valid proof of financial responsibility, to 6 make it an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance to charge excessive, 8 inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory premium 9 rates in private passenger automobile insurance 10 based solely on the insured's residence location, 11 and to reduce from two years to one year the 12 minimum policy period for automobile insurance 13 policies. 14

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

393	37.33	, 3937.3	34, 393	7.35, 450	9.01,	4509.2	0, 4509.41,	and	4509.51	16
of	the I	Revised	Code b	e amended	to r	ead as	follows:			17

sec. 3901.21. The following are hereby defined as unfair and
deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance:
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(A) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to 20 be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so 21 use, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement 22 misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or 23 the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends or 24 share of the surplus to be received thereon, or making any false 25 or misleading statements as to the dividends or share of surplus 26 previously paid on similar policies, or making any misleading 27 representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial 28 condition of any insurer as shown by the last preceding verified 29 statement made by it to the insurance department of this state, or 30 as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer 31 operates, or using any name or title of any policy or class of 32 policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof, or making any 33 misrepresentation or incomplete comparison to any person for the 34 purpose of inducing or tending to induce such person to purchase, 35 amend, lapse, forfeit, change, or surrender insurance. 36

Any written statement concerning the premiums for a policy 37 which refers to the net cost after credit for an assumed dividend, 38 without an accurate written statement of the gross premiums, cash 39 values, and dividends based on the insurer's current dividend 40 scale, which are used to compute the net cost for such policy, and 41 a prominent warning that the rate of dividend is not guaranteed, 42 is a misrepresentation for the purposes of this division. 43

(B) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or
placing before the public or causing, directly or indirectly, to
be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the

public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station, or in any other way, or preparing with intent to so use, an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement, with respect to the business of insurance or with respect to any person in the conduct of the person's insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.

- (C) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, or preparing with intent to so use, any statement, pamphlet, circular, article, or literature, which is false as to the financial condition of an insurer and which is calculated to injure any person engaged in the business of insurance.
- (D) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or 62 making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to 63 any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or 64 indirectly to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, 65 delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false 66 statement of financial condition of an insurer. 67

Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public official to whom such insurer is required by law to report, or who has authority by law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer, or mutilating, destroying, suppressing, withholding, or concealing any of its records.

(E) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or

employees to issue or deliver agency company stock or other 79 capital stock or benefit certificates or shares in any common-law 80 corporation or securities or any special or advisory board 81 contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and 82 profits as an inducement to insurance. 83

- (F) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination among 84 individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the 85 rates charged for any contract of life insurance or of life 86 annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or 87 in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract. 88
- (G)(1) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, 89 knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract of 90 life insurance, life annuity or accident and health insurance, or 91 agreement as to such contract other than as plainly expressed in 92 the contract issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or 93 offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as 94 inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums 95 payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the 96 dividends or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration 97 or inducement whatever not specified in the contract; or giving, 98 or selling, or purchasing, or offering to give, sell, or purchase, 99 as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection 100 therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities, or other 101 obligations of any insurance company or other corporation, 102 association, or partnership, or any dividends or profits accrued 103 thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the 104 contract. 105
- (2) Nothing in division (F) or division (G)(1) of this

 section shall be construed as prohibiting any of the following

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 practices: (a) in the case of any contract of life insurance or

 life annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating

 their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from

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nonparticipating insurance, provided that any such bonuses or	111
abatement of premiums shall be fair and equitable to policyholders	112
and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders;	113
(b) in the case of life insurance policies issued on the	114
industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have	115
continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly	116
to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents	117
the saving in collection expenses; (c) readjustment of the rate of	118
premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense	119
experience thereunder, at the end of the first or any subsequent	120
policy year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive	121
only for such policy year.	122

- (H) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to

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 be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so

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 use, any statement to the effect that a policy of life insurance
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 is, is the equivalent of, or represents shares of capital stock or
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 any rights or options to subscribe for or otherwise acquire any
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 such shares in the life insurance company issuing that policy or
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 any other company.
- (I) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to

 be made, issued or circulated, or preparing with intent to so

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 issue, any statement to the effect that payments to a policyholder

 of the principal amounts of a pure endowment are other than

 payments of a specific benefit for which specific premiums have

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 been paid.
- (J) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to

 be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so

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 use, any statement to the effect that any insurance company was

 required to change a policy form or related material to comply

 with Title XXXIX of the Revised Code or any regulation of the

 superintendent of insurance, for the purpose of inducing or

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 intending to induce any policyholder or prospective policyholder

eligible individual" means an eligible individual as defined in 45 174 C.F.R. 148.103.

- (P) Using, or permitting to be used, a pattern settlement as 176 the basis of any offer of settlement. As used in this division, 177 "pattern settlement" means a method by which liability is 178 routinely imputed to a claimant without an investigation of the 179 particular occurrence upon which the claim is based and by using a 180 predetermined formula for the assignment of liability arising out 181 of occurrences of a similar nature. Nothing in this division shall 182 be construed to prohibit an insurer from determining a claimant's 183 liability by applying formulas or guidelines to the facts and 184 circumstances disclosed by the insurer's investigation of the 185 particular occurrence upon which a claim is based. 186
- (Q) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, or 187 limiting the amount, extent, or kind of life or sickness and 188 accident insurance or annuity coverage available to an individual, 189 or charging an individual a different rate for the same coverage 190 solely because of blindness or partial blindness. With respect to 191 all other conditions, including the underlying cause of blindness 192 or partial blindness, persons who are blind or partially blind 193 shall be subject to the same standards of sound actuarial 194 principles or actual or reasonably anticipated actuarial 195 experience as are sighted persons. Refusal to insure includes, but 196 is not limited to, denial by an insurer of disability insurance 197 coverage on the grounds that the policy defines "disability" as 198 being presumed in the event that the eyesight of the insured is 199 lost. However, an insurer may exclude from coverage disabilities 200 consisting solely of blindness or partial blindness when such 2.01 conditions existed at the time the policy was issued. To the 202 extent that the provisions of this division may appear to conflict 203 with any provision of section 3999.16 of the Revised Code, this 204 division applies. 205

- (R)(1) Directly or indirectly offering to sell, selling, or 206 delivering, issuing for delivery, renewing, or using or otherwise 207 marketing any policy of insurance or insurance product in 208 connection with or in any way related to the grant of a student 209 loan guaranteed in whole or in part by an agency or commission of 210 this state or the United States, except insurance that is required 211 under federal or state law as a condition for obtaining such a 212 loan and the premium for which is included in the fees and charges 213 applicable to the loan; or, in the case of an insurer or insurance 214 agent, knowingly permitting any lender making such loans to engage 215 in such acts or practices in connection with the insurer's or 216 agent's insurance business. 217
- (2) Except in the case of a violation of division (G) of this 218 section, division (R)(1) of this section does not apply to either 219 of the following:
- (a) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,

 representatives, or employees in connection with the grant of a

 guaranteed student loan to its insured or the insured's spouse or

 dependent children where such acts or practices take place more

 than ninety days after the effective date of the insurance;

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- (b) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,

 representatives, or employees in connection with the solicitation,

 processing, or issuance of an insurance policy or product covering

 the student loan borrower or the borrower's spouse or dependent

 children, where such acts or practices take place more than one

 hundred eighty days after the date on which the borrower is

 notified that the student loan was approved.
- (S) Denying coverage, under any health insurance or health

 care policy, contract, or plan providing family coverage, to any

 natural or adopted child of the named insured or subscriber solely

 on the basis that the child does not reside in the household of

 the named insured or subscriber.

Revised Code, negligently or willfully placing coverage for	267
adverse risks with a certain carrier, as defined in section	268
3924.01 of the Revised Code.	269
(V) Using any program, scheme, device, or other unfair act or	270
practice that, directly or indirectly, causes or results in the	271
placing of coverage for adverse risks with another carrier, as	272
defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code.	273
(W) Failing to comply with section 3923.23, 3923.231,	274
3923.232, 3923.233, or 3923.234 of the Revised Code by engaging in	275
any unfair, discriminatory reimbursement practice.	276
(X) Intentionally establishing an unfair premium for, or	277
misrepresenting the cost of, any insurance policy financed under a	278
premium finance agreement of an insurance premium finance company.	279
(Y)(1)(a) Limiting coverage under, refusing to issue,	280
canceling, or refusing to renew, any individual policy or contract	281
of life insurance, or limiting coverage under or refusing to issue	282
any individual policy or contract of health insurance, for the	283
reason that the insured or applicant for insurance is or has been	284
a victim of domestic violence;	285
(b) Adding a surcharge or rating factor to a premium of any	286
individual policy or contract of life or health insurance for the	287
reason that the insured or applicant for insurance is or has been	288
a victim of domestic violence;	289
(c) Denying coverage under, or limiting coverage under, any	290
policy or contract of life or health insurance, for the reason	291
that a claim under the policy or contract arises from an incident	292
of domestic violence;	293
(d) Inquiring, directly or indirectly, of an insured under,	294
or of an applicant for, a policy or contract of life or health	295
insurance, as to whether the insured or applicant is or has been a	296
victim of domestic violence, or inquiring as to whether the	297

contract.

insured or applicant has sought shelter or protection from	298
domestic violence or has sought medical or psychological treatment	299
as a victim of domestic violence.	300
(2) Nothing in division (Y)(1) of this section shall be	301
construed to prohibit an insurer from inquiring as to, or from	302
underwriting or rating a risk on the basis of, a person's physical	303
or mental condition, even if the condition has been caused by	304
domestic violence, provided that all of the following apply:	305
(a) The insurer routinely considers the condition in	306
underwriting or in rating risks, and does so in the same manner	307
for a victim of domestic violence as for an insured or applicant	308
who is not a victim of domestic violence;	309
(b) The insurer does not refuse to issue any policy or	310
contract of life or health insurance or cancel or refuse to renew	311
any policy or contract of life insurance, solely on the basis of	312
the condition, except where such refusal to issue, cancellation,	313
or refusal to renew is based on sound actuarial principles or is	314
related to actual or reasonably anticipated experience;	315
(c) The insurer does not consider a person's status as being	316
or as having been a victim of domestic violence, in itself, to be	317
a physical or mental condition;	318
(d) The underwriting or rating of a risk on the basis of the	319
condition is not used to evade the intent of division (Y)(1) of	320
this section, or of any other provision of the Revised Code.	321
(3)(a) Nothing in division (Y)(1) of this section shall be	322
construed to prohibit an insurer from refusing to issue a policy	323
or contract of life insurance insuring the life of a person who is	324
or has been a victim of domestic violence if the person who	325
committed the act of domestic violence is the applicant for the	326
insurance or would be the owner of the insurance policy or	327

(b) Nothing in division $(Y)(2)$ of this section shall be	329
construed to permit an insurer to cancel or refuse to renew any	330
policy or contract of health insurance in violation of the "Health	331
Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, " 110 Stat.	332
1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg-41(b), as amended, or in a manner that	333
violates or is inconsistent with any provision of the Revised Code	334
that implements the "Health Insurance Portability and	335
Accountability Act of 1996."	336
(4) An insurer is immune from any civil or criminal liability	337
that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result of any	338
action taken by the insurer to comply with division (Y) of this	339
section.	340
(5) As used in division (Y) of this section, "domestic	341
violence" means any of the following acts:	342
(a) Knowingly causing or attempting to cause physical harm to	343
a family or household member;	344
(b) Recklessly causing serious physical harm to a family or	345
household member;	346
(c) Knowingly causing, by threat of force, a family or	347
household member to believe that the person will cause imminent	348
physical harm to the family or household member.	349
For the purpose of division (Y)(5) of this section, "family	350
or household member" has the same meaning as in section 2919.25 of	351
the Revised Code.	352
Nothing in division (Y)(5) of this section shall be construed	353
to require, as a condition to the application of division (Y) of	354
this section, that the act described in division (Y)(5) of this	355
section be the basis of a criminal prosecution.	356
(Z) Disclosing a coroner's records by an insurer in violation	357

of section 313.10 of the Revised Code.

(AA) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting	359
to be made, issued, or circulated any statement or representation	360
that a life insurance policy or annuity is a contract for the	361
purchase of funeral goods or services.	362
(BB) With respect to private passenger automobile insurance,	363
no insurer shall charge different charging premium rates to	364
persons residing within the limits of any municipal corporation	365
that are excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory,	366
pursuant to division (D) of section 3937.02 of the Revised Code,	367
based solely on the location of the residence of the insured	368
within those limits.	369
The enumeration in sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the Revised	370
Code of specific unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the	371
business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended	372
to limit the powers of the superintendent of insurance to adopt	373
rules to implement this section, or to take action under other	374
sections of the Revised Code.	375
This section does not prohibit the sale of shares of any	376
investment company registered under the "Investment Company Act of	377
1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-1, as amended, or any	378
policies, annuities, or other contracts described in section	379
3907.15 of the Revised Code.	380
As used in this section, "estimate," "statement,"	381
"representation," "misrepresentation," "advertisement," or	382
"announcement" includes oral or written occurrences.	383
Sec. 3937.30. (A) As used in sections 3937.30 to 3937.39 of	384
the Revised Code, "automobile insurance policy" means an insurance	385
policy delivered or issued in this state or covering a motor	386
vehicle required to be registered in this state which:	387
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Provides automobile bodily injury or property damage	388

(E)(3) Does not cover garage, automobile sales agency, repair 406 shop, service station, or public parking operation hazards; 407 (F)(4) Is not issued under an assigned risk plan pursuant to 408 section 4509.70 of the Revised Code. 409 (B) For purposes of this section, "motor vehicle," means a 410 self-propelled vehicle designed for and principally used on public 411 roads, including an automobile, truck, motorcycle, and a motor 412 home, provided the motor home is not stationary and is not being 413 used as a temporary or permanent residence or office. "Motor 414 vehicle" does not include a trailer, motorized bicycle, golf cart, 415 off-road recreational vehicle, snowmobile, watercraft, 416 construction equipment, farm tractor or other vehicle designed and 417 principally used for agricultural purposes, mobile home, vehicle 418

traveling on treads or rails, or any similar vehicle.	419
Sec. 3937.31. (A) Every automobile insurance policy shall be	420
issued for a period of not less than two years <u>one year</u> or	421
guaranteed renewable for successive policy periods totaling not	422
less than two years <u>one year</u> . Where renewal is mandatory,	423
cancellation, as used in sections 3937.30 to 3937.39 of the	424
Revised Code, includes refusal to renew a policy with at least the	425
coverages, included insureds, and policy limits provided at the	426
end of the next preceding policy period. No insurer may cancel any	427
such automobile insurance policy except pursuant to the terms of	428
the policy, and in accordance with sections 3937.30 to 3937.39 of	429
the Revised Code, and for one or more of the following reasons:	430
(1) Misrepresentation Fraud, concealment, or	431
misrepresentation by the insured to the insurer of any material	432
fact in the procurement or renewal of the insurance or in the	433
submission of claims thereunder;	434
(2) Loss of driving privileges through suspension,	435
revocation, or expiration of the driver's or commercial driver's	436
license of the named insured or any member of the named insured's	437
family covered as a driver; provided that the insurer shall	438
continue the policy in effect but exclude by endorsement all	439
coverage as to the person whose driver's license has been	440
suspended <u>, revoked,</u> or has expired, if the person is other than	441
the named insured or the principal operator;	442
(3) Nonpayment of premium, which means failure of the named	443
insured to discharge when due any of the named insured's	444
obligations in connection with the payment of premiums on a	445
policy, or any installment of such premiums, whether the premium	446
is payable directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly	447
under any premium finance plan or extension of credit;	448
(4) The place of residence of the insured or the state of	449

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law or the terms of the policy, the insured is entitled to have

written application to the superintendent made not later than the

hearing is held by the superintendent of insurance, a deposit of

the matter reviewed by the superintendent of insurance, upon

effective date of cancellation of the policy, and that if a

five dollars shall be made, and that such deposit shall be

returned to the insured if the finding is in his favor.

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Sec. 3937.33. An insurer may cancel an automobile insurance
policy at such time prior to its expiration for such reasons as
may be permitted by section 3937.31 of the Revised Code, by
mailing to the insured, at his the insured's last known address
appearing on the insurer's records, at least thirty days prior to
the effective date of cancellation, a notice of cancellation
pursuant to section 3937.32 of the Revised Code. If such notice of
cancellation, for a reason other than nonpayment of premium, does
not contain an explanation of the reason for cancellation and the
information upon which it is based, the insurer shall, within five
days after receipt of the written request therefor by the insured,
furnish explanation to the insured in writing. Prior to the
effective date of cancellation, the insurer shall tender refund to
the insured any refund premium and other sums which may be due the
insured.

Upon compliance by the insurer with all requirements of this 524 section, such automobile insurance policy is cancelled on the 525 effective date stated in the notice of cancellation, except as 526 otherwise provided in section 3937.35 of the Revised Code. In the 527 event of the insurer's failure to comply with any requirement of 528 this section, such cancellation shall be ineffective and the 529 policy shall continue in force until such time as it is cancelled 530 or otherwise terminated pursuant to law and the terms of the 531 policy. 532

Sec. 3937.34. An insurer may refuse to renew an automobile 533 insurance policy by mailing to the insured, at his the insured's 534 last known address appearing on the insurer's records, and at 535 least thirty days prior to the date of expiration of the policy, a 536 notice of the insurer's intention not to renew the policy. Such 537 notice shall contain: 538

(A) The policy number;

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(B) The date of the notice;	540
(C) The effective date of expiration;	541
(D) An explanation of the reason for nonrenewal and the	542
information upon which it is based, or a statement that such	543
explanation will be furnished to the insured in writing within	544
five days after receipt of his the insured's written request	545
therefor to the insurer.	546
Upon compliance by the insurer with all requirements of this	547
section, such motor vehicle automobile insurance policy expires on	548
the expiration date stated in the policy and notice of intention	549
not to renew.	550
Sec. 3937.35. Upon receipt of a notice of cancellation given	551
pursuant to section 3937.33 of the Revised Code at any time prior	552
to the effective date of cancellation of a motor vehicle an	553
automobile insurance policy, the insured may apply in writing to	554
the superintendent of insurance for review of such cancellation.	555
If the superintendent finds that grounds for hearing do not exist,	556
he shall forthwith give written notice to the insured and insurer	557
of such finding. If the superintendent finds that there is cause	558
to believe that such cancellation is based on erroneous	559
information, or is contrary to law or the terms of the policy, he	560
the superintendent shall, not later than ten days following	561
receipt of the application, hold a hearing to determine whether	562
such cancellation is effective and shall give written notice of	563
such hearing finding to the insured and the insurer not later than	564
five days prior to the hearing thereof, provided that the insured	565
make a deposit of five dollars by the hearing date. Such deposit	566
shall be returned if the finding is in the insured's favor but	567
otherwise shall be paid into the general revenue fund by the	568
department of insurance.	569

If, upon hearing, the superintendent finds that such

cancellation is in accordance with law and the terms of the	571
policy, he the superintendent shall, within five days following	572
hearing, issue his a written order finding approving such	573
cancellation in such case. If such order is issued less than ten	574
days prior to the effective date of cancellation of the policy,	575
the policy shall continue in force for ten days following the date	576
of the order or until the insured secures other coverage,	577
whichever occurs first, and the order of the superintendent shall	578
so state.	579
If, upon hearing review, the superintendent finds that such	580
cancellation is contrary to law or the terms of the policy, $\frac{1}{1}$	581
<u>superintendent</u> shall issue <u>his</u> <u>a</u> written order <u>finding</u>	582
disapproving the cancellation and stating in what particulars the	583
same is improper. In such case, the policy continues in force as	584
provided in section 3937.33 of the Revised Code if the insured	585
tenders to the insurer at the time of hearing the within ten days	586
any premium refund made by the insurer.	587
Sec. 4509.01. As used in sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the	588
Revised Code:	589
(A) "Person" includes every natural person, firm,	590
partnership, association, or corporation.	591
(B) "Driver" means every person who drives or is in actual	592
physical control of a motor vehicle.	593
(C) "License" includes any license, permit, or privilege to	594
operate a motor vehicle issued under the laws of this state	595
including:	596
(1) Any temporary instruction permit or examiner's driving	597
permit;	598
(2) The privilege of any person to drive a motor vehicle	599

whether or not such person holds a valid license;

(3) Any nonresident's operating privilege. 601 (D) "Owner" means a person who holds the legal title of a 602 motor vehicle. If a motor vehicle is the subject of a lease with 603 an immediate right of possession vested in the lessee, the lessee 604 is the owner. A person listed as the owner on a certificate of 605 title on which there is a notation of a security interest is the 606 owner. A buyer or other transferee of a motor vehicle who receives 607 the certificate of title from the seller or transferor listing the 608 seller or transferor thereon as the owner with an assignment of 609 title to the buyer or transferee nonetheless is the owner even 610 though a subsequent certificate of title has not been issued 611 listing the buyer or transferee as the owner. 612 (E) "Registration" means registration certificates and 613 registration plates issued under the laws of this state pertaining 614 to the registration of motor vehicles. 615 (F) "Nonresident" means every person who is not a resident of 616 this state. 617 (G) "Nonresident's operating privilege" means the privilege 618 conferred upon a nonresident by the laws of this state pertaining 619 to the operation by such person of a motor vehicle, or the use of 620 a motor vehicle owned by such person, in this state. 621 (H) "Vehicle" means every device by which any person or 622 property may be transported upon a highway, except electric 623 personal assistive mobility devices, devices moved by power 624 collected from overhead electric trolley wires, or used 625 exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks, and except devices 626 other than bicycles moved by human power. 627 (I) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle propelled by power 628 other than muscular power or power collected from overhead 629 electric trolley wires, except motorized bicycles, road rollers, 630

traction engines, power shovels, power cranes and other equipment

divisions (A)(5), (A)(6), and (A)(7) of section 4509.19 of the

Revised Code unless issued by an insurance company or surety

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company authorized to do business in this state, except as	663
provided in division (B) of this section, or unless such policy or	664
bond is subject, if the accident has resulted in bodily injury or	665
death, to a limit, exclusive of interest and costs, of not less	666
than twenty <u>twenty-five</u> thousand dollars because of bodily injury	667
to or death of one person in any one accident, and, subject to	668
said limit for one person, to a limit of not less than forty fifty	669
thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of two or	670
more persons in one accident, and, if the accident has resulted in	671
injury to, or destruction of property, to a limit of not less than	672
fifteen twenty-five thousand dollars because of injury to or	673
destruction of property of others in any one accident.	674

(B) A policy or bond does not comply with divisions (A) (5), 675 (A) (6), and (A) (7) of section 4509.19 of the Revised Code with 676 respect to any motor vehicle which was not registered in this 677 state or was a motor vehicle which was registered elsewhere than 678 in this state at the effective date of the policy or bond or the 679 most recent renewal thereof, unless the insurance company or 680 surety company issuing such policy or bond is authorized to do 681 business in this state, or if said company is not authorized to do 682 business in this state unless it executes a power of attorney 683 authorizing the registrar of motor vehicles to accept service on 684 its behalf of notice or process in any action upon such policy or 685 bond arising out of such accident. 686

The registrar may rely upon the accuracy of the information 687 in the required report of a motor vehicle accident as to the 688 existence of insurance or a bond unless the registrar has reason 689 to believe that the information is erroneous. 690

Sec. 4509.41. (A) Judgments are satisfied for the purpose of 691 sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the Revised Code, in each of the 692 following cases: 693

costs, with respect to each such motor vehicle, as follows:

injury to or death of one person in any one accident;

(1) Twenty Twenty-five thousand dollars because of bodily

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(2) Forty Fifty thousand dollars because of bodily injury to	724
or death of two or more persons in any one accident;	725
(3) Fifteen Twenty-five thousand dollars because of injury to	726
property of others in any one accident.	727
Section 2. That existing sections 3901.21, 3937.30, 3937.31,	728
3937.32, 3937.33, 3937.34, 3937.35, 4509.01, 4509.20, 4509.41, and	729
4509.51 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	730
Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall take effect	731
nine months after the effective date of this act.	732
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