

As Introduced

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Representatives Bubp, Johnson

**Cosponsors: Representatives Adams, J., Adams, R., Amstutz, Balderson,
Beck, Blair, Blessing, Boose, Brenner, Burke, Damschroder, Derickson,
Dovilla, Hackett, Hayes, Huffman, Kozlowski, Maag, Martin, Rosenberger,
Ruhl, Sears, Slaby, Snitchler, Stautberg, Thompson, Uecker, Young**

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A B I L L

To amend sections 2923.121, 2923.128, and 2923.16 of 1
the Revised Code to permit a concealed carry 2
licensee to possess a firearm in any liquor permit 3
premises, or any open air arena, for which a D 4
permit has been issued if the licensee is not 5
consuming liquor or under the influence of alcohol 6
or a drug of abuse and to modify the offense of 7
improperly handling firearms in a motor vehicle as 8
it applies to concealed carry licensees. 9

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2923.121, 2923.128, and 2923.16 of 10
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows: 11

Sec. 2923.121. (A) No person shall possess a firearm in any 12
room in which any person is consuming liquor in premises for which 13
a D permit has been issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code 14
or in an open air arena for which a permit of that nature has been 15
issued. 16

(B)(1) This section does not apply to any of the following: 17

(a) An officer, agent, or employee of this or any other state 18
or the United States, or to a law enforcement officer, who is 19
authorized to carry firearms and is acting within the scope of the 20
officer's, agent's, or employee's duties; 21

(b) Any person who is employed in this state, who is 22
authorized to carry firearms, and who is subject to and in 23
compliance with the requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised 24
Code, unless the appointing authority of the person has expressly 25
specified that the exemption provided in division (B)(1)(b) of 26
this section does not apply to the person; 27

(c) Any room used for the accommodation of guests of a hotel, 28
as defined in section 4301.01 of the Revised Code; 29

(d) The principal holder of a D permit issued for premises or 30
an open air arena under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code while in 31
the premises or open air arena for which the permit was issued if 32
the principal holder of the D permit also possesses a valid 33
license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 34
handgun issued to the principal holder under section 2923.125 or 35
2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed 36
handgun that was issued to the principal holder by another state 37
with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity 38
agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code and as long as 39
the principal holder is not consuming liquor or under the 40
influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse, or any agent or employee 41
of that holder who also is a peace officer, as defined in section 42
2151.3515 of the Revised Code, who is off duty, and who otherwise 43
is authorized to carry firearms while in the course of the 44
officer's official duties and while in the premises or open air 45
arena for which the permit was issued and as long as the agent or 46
employee of that holder is not consuming liquor or under the 47
influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse. 48

(e) Any person who is carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the person under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued to the person by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code ~~and who possesses the firearm in a retail store with D-6 and D-8 permits issued for that store under sections 4303.182 and 4303.184 of the Revised Code or a D-8 permit issued for that store under section 4303.184 of the Revised Code~~, as long as the person is not consuming liquor or under the influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse.

(2) This section does not prohibit any person who is a member of a veteran's organization, as defined in section 2915.01 of the Revised Code, from possessing a rifle in any room in any premises owned, leased, or otherwise under the control of the veteran's organization, if the rifle is not loaded with live ammunition and if the person otherwise is not prohibited by law from having the rifle.

(3) This section does not apply to any person possessing or displaying firearms in any room used to exhibit unloaded firearms for sale or trade in a soldiers' memorial established pursuant to Chapter 345. of the Revised Code, in a convention center, or in any other public meeting place, if the person is an exhibitor, trader, purchaser, or seller of firearms and is not otherwise prohibited by law from possessing, trading, purchasing, or selling the firearms.

(C) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this section of illegal possession of a firearm in liquor permit premises that involves the possession of a firearm other than a handgun, that the actor was not otherwise prohibited by law from having the firearm, and that any of the following apply:

(1) The firearm was carried or kept ready at hand by the actor for defensive purposes, while the actor was engaged in or was going to or from the actor's lawful business or occupation, which business or occupation was of such character or was necessarily carried on in such manner or at such a time or place as to render the actor particularly susceptible to criminal attack, such as would justify a prudent person in going armed.

(2) The firearm was carried or kept ready at hand by the actor for defensive purposes, while the actor was engaged in a lawful activity, and had reasonable cause to fear a criminal attack upon the actor or a member of the actor's family, or upon the actor's home, such as would justify a prudent person in going armed.

(D) No person who is charged with a violation of this section shall be required to obtain a license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as a condition for the dismissal of the charge.

(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of illegal possession of a firearm in liquor permit premises. Except as otherwise provided in this division, illegal possession of a firearm in liquor permit premises is a felony of the fifth degree. If the offender commits the violation of this section by knowingly carrying or having the firearm concealed on the offender's person or concealed ready at hand, illegal possession of a firearm in liquor permit premises is a felony of the third degree.

Sec. 2923.128. (A)(1)(a) If a licensee holding a valid license issued under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code is arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described in division (D)(1)(d) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or with a violation of section 2923.15 of the Revised Code or

becomes subject to a temporary protection order or to a protection 112
order issued by a court of another state that is substantially 113
equivalent to a temporary protection order, the sheriff who issued 114
the license or temporary emergency license shall suspend it and 115
shall comply with division (A)(3) of this section upon becoming 116
aware of the arrest, charge, or protection order. Upon suspending 117
the license or temporary emergency license, the sheriff also shall 118
comply with division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 119

(b) A suspension under division (A)(1)(a) of this section 120
shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee is 121
arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described in 122
that division or on the date the appropriate court issued the 123
protection order described in that division, irrespective of when 124
the sheriff notifies the licensee under division (A)(3) of this 125
section. The suspension shall end on the date on which the charges 126
are dismissed or the licensee is found not guilty of the offense 127
described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section or, subject to 128
division (B) of this section, on the date the appropriate court 129
terminates the protection order described in that division. If the 130
suspension so ends, the sheriff shall return the license or 131
temporary emergency license to the licensee. 132

(2)(a) If a licensee holding a valid license issued under 133
section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code is convicted of 134
or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor violation of division (B)(1), 135
(2), or (4) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division 136
(E)(1), (2), (3), ~~(4)~~, or ~~(6)~~(5) of section 2923.16 of the Revised 137
Code, except as provided in division (A)(2)(c) of this section and 138
subject to division (C) of this section, the sheriff who issued 139
the license or temporary emergency license shall suspend it and 140
shall comply with division (A)(3) of this section upon becoming 141
aware of the conviction or guilty plea. Upon suspending the 142
license or temporary emergency license, the sheriff also shall 143

comply with division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 144

(b) A suspension under division (A)(2)(a) of this section 145
shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee is 146
convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense described in that 147
division, irrespective of when the sheriff notifies the licensee 148
under division (A)(3) of this section. If the suspension is 149
imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division (B)(1) or (2) of 150
section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division (E)(1), (2), or 151
(3) ~~or (4)~~ of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on 152
the date that is one year after the date that the licensee is 153
convicted of or pleads guilty to that violation. If the suspension 154
is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division (B)(4) of 155
section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division (E)(5) ~~(6)~~ of 156
section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on the date that 157
is two years after the date that the licensee is convicted of or 158
pleads guilty to that violation. If the licensee's license was 159
issued under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and the license 160
remains valid after the suspension ends as described in this 161
division, when the suspension ends, the sheriff shall return the 162
license to the licensee. If the licensee's license was issued 163
under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and the license expires 164
before the suspension ends as described in this division, or if 165
the licensee's license was issued under section 2923.1213 of the 166
Revised Code, the licensee is not eligible to apply for a new 167
license under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or 168
to renew the license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code 169
until after the suspension ends as described in this division. 170

(c) The license of a licensee who is convicted of or pleads 171
guilty to a violation of division (B)(1) of section 2923.12 or 172
division (E)(1) or (2) ~~(3)~~ of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code 173
shall not be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2)(a) of this 174
section if, at the time of the stop of the licensee for a law 175

enforcement purpose, for a traffic stop, or for a purpose defined 176
in section 5503.34 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the 177
violation, any law enforcement officer involved with the stop or 178
the employee of the motor carrier enforcement unit who made the 179
stop had actual knowledge of the licensee's status as a licensee. 180

(3) Upon becoming aware of an arrest, charge, or protection 181
order described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section with respect 182
to a licensee who was issued a license under section 2923.125 or 183
2923.1213 of the Revised Code, or a conviction of or plea of 184
guilty to a misdemeanor offense described in division (A)(2)(a) of 185
this section with respect to a licensee who was issued a license 186
under either section and with respect to which division (A)(2)(c) 187
of this section does not apply, subject to division (C) of this 188
section, the sheriff who issued the licensee's license or 189
temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall 190
notify the licensee, by certified mail, return receipt requested, 191
at the licensee's last known residence address that the license or 192
temporary emergency license has been suspended and that the 193
licensee is required to surrender the license or temporary 194
emergency license at the sheriff's office within ten days of the 195
date on which the notice was mailed. If the suspension is pursuant 196
to division (A)(2) of this section, the notice shall identify the 197
date on which the suspension ends. 198

(B)(1) A sheriff who issues a license or temporary emergency 199
license to carry a concealed handgun to a licensee under section 200
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code shall revoke the license 201
or temporary emergency license in accordance with division (B)(2) 202
of this section upon becoming aware that the licensee satisfies 203
any of the following: 204

(a) The licensee is under twenty-one years of age. 205

(b) Subject to division (C) of this section, at the time of 206
the issuance of the license or temporary emergency license, the 207

licensee did not satisfy the eligibility requirements of division 208
(D)(1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the 209
Revised Code. 210

(c) Subject to division (C) of this section, on or after the 211
date on which the license or temporary emergency license was 212
issued, the licensee is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 213
violation of section 2923.15 of the Revised Code or an offense 214
described in division (D)(1)(e), (f), (g), or (h) of section 215
2923.125 of the Revised Code. 216

(d) On or after the date on which the license or temporary 217
emergency license was issued, the licensee becomes subject to a 218
civil protection order or to a protection order issued by a court 219
of another state that is substantially equivalent to a civil 220
protection order. 221

(e) The licensee knowingly carries a concealed handgun into a 222
place that the licensee knows is an unauthorized place specified 223
in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised Code. 224

(f) On or after the date on which the license or temporary 225
emergency license was issued, the licensee is adjudicated as a 226
mental defective or is committed to a mental institution. 227

(g) At the time of the issuance of the license or temporary 228
emergency license, the licensee did not meet the residency 229
requirements described in division (D)(1) of section 2923.125 of 230
the Revised Code and currently does not meet the residency 231
requirements described in that division. 232

(h) Regarding a license issued under section 2923.125 of the 233
Revised Code, the competency certificate the licensee submitted 234
was forged or otherwise was fraudulent. 235

(2) Upon becoming aware of any circumstance listed in 236
division (B)(1) of this section that applies to a particular 237
licensee who was issued a license under section 2923.125 or 238

2923.1213 of the Revised Code, subject to division (C) of this 239
section, the sheriff who issued the license or temporary emergency 240
license to carry a concealed handgun to the licensee shall notify 241
the licensee, by certified mail, return receipt requested, at the 242
licensee's last known residence address that the license or 243
temporary emergency license is subject to revocation and that the 244
licensee may come to the sheriff's office and contest the 245
sheriff's proposed revocation within fourteen days of the date on 246
which the notice was mailed. After the fourteen-day period and 247
after consideration of any information that the licensee provides 248
during that period, if the sheriff determines on the basis of the 249
information of which the sheriff is aware that the licensee is 250
described in division (B)(1) of this section and no longer 251
satisfies the requirements described in division (D)(1) of section 252
2923.125 of the Revised Code that are applicable to the licensee's 253
type of license, the sheriff shall revoke the license or temporary 254
emergency license, notify the licensee of that fact, and require 255
the licensee to surrender the license or temporary emergency 256
license. Upon revoking the license or temporary emergency license, 257
the sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section 258
2923.125 of the Revised Code. 259

(C) If a sheriff who issues a license or temporary emergency 260
license to carry a concealed handgun to a licensee under section 261
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code becomes aware that at 262
the time of the issuance of the license or temporary emergency 263
license the licensee had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an 264
offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or (h) of section 265
2923.125 of the Revised Code or had been adjudicated a delinquent 266
child for committing an act or violation identified in any of 267
those divisions or becomes aware that on or after the date on 268
which the license or temporary emergency license was issued the 269
licensee has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense 270
identified in division (A)(2)(a) or (B)(1)(c) of this section, the 271

sheriff shall not consider that conviction, guilty plea, or 272
adjudication as having occurred for purposes of divisions (A)(2), 273
(A)(3), (B)(1), and (B)(2) of this section if a court has ordered 274
the sealing or expungement of the records of that conviction, 275
guilty plea, or adjudication pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 276
2151.358 or sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code or a 277
court has granted the licensee relief pursuant to section 2923.14 278
of the Revised Code from the disability imposed pursuant to 279
section 2923.13 of the Revised Code relative to that conviction, 280
guilty plea, or adjudication. 281

(D) As used in this section, "motor carrier enforcement unit" 282
has the same meaning as in section 2923.16 of the Revised Code. 283

Sec. 2923.16. (A) No person shall knowingly discharge a 284
firearm while in or on a motor vehicle. 285

(B) No person shall knowingly transport or have a loaded 286
firearm in a motor vehicle in such a manner that the firearm is 287
accessible to the operator or any passenger without leaving the 288
vehicle. 289

(C) No person shall knowingly transport or have a firearm in 290
a motor vehicle, unless the person may lawfully possess that 291
firearm under applicable law of this state or the United States, 292
the firearm is unloaded, and the firearm is carried in one of the 293
following ways: 294

(1) In a closed package, box, or case; 295

(2) In a compartment that can be reached only by leaving the 296
vehicle; 297

(3) In plain sight and secured in a rack or holder made for 298
the purpose; 299

(4) If the firearm is at least twenty-four inches in overall 300
length as measured from the muzzle to the part of the stock 301

furthest from the muzzle and if the barrel is at least eighteen 302
inches in length, either in plain sight with the action open or 303
the weapon stripped, or, if the firearm is of a type on which the 304
action will not stay open or which cannot easily be stripped, in 305
plain sight. 306

(D) No person shall knowingly transport or have a loaded 307
handgun in a motor vehicle if, at the time of that transportation 308
or possession, any of the following applies: 309

(1) The person is under the influence of alcohol, a drug of 310
abuse, or a combination of them. 311

(2) The person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, 312
or urine contains a concentration of alcohol, a listed controlled 313
substance, or a listed metabolite of a controlled substance 314
prohibited for persons operating a vehicle, as specified in 315
division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, regardless of 316
whether the person at the time of the transportation or possession 317
as described in this division is the operator of or a passenger in 318
the motor vehicle. 319

(E) No person who has been issued a license or temporary 320
emergency license to carry a concealed handgun under section 321
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code ~~shall do any of the~~ 322
~~following:~~ 323

~~(1) Knowingly transport or have a loaded handgun in a motor 324
vehicle unless one of the following applies:~~ 325

~~(a) The loaded handgun is in a holster on the person's 326
person.~~ 327

~~(b) The loaded handgun is in a closed case, bag, box, or 328
other container that is in plain sight and that has a lid, a 329
cover, or a closing mechanism with a zipper, snap, or buckle, 330
which lid, cover, or closing mechanism must be opened for a person 331
to gain access to the handgun.~~ 332

~~(c) The loaded handgun is securely encased by being stored in a closed glove compartment or vehicle console or in a case that is locked.~~ 333
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~~(2) If the person is transporting or has a loaded handgun in a motor vehicle in a manner authorized under division (E)(1) of this section, knowingly remove or attempt to remove the loaded handgun from the holster, case, bag, box, container, or glove compartment, knowingly grasp or hold the loaded handgun, or knowingly have contact with the loaded handgun by touching it with the person's hands or fingers while the motor vehicle is being operated on a street, highway, or public property unless the person removes, attempts to remove, grasps, holds, or has the contact with the loaded handgun pursuant to and in accordance with directions given by a law enforcement officer;~~ 336
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~~(3) If the person or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued to the person by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code, who is the driver or an occupant of a motor vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop for another law enforcement purpose or is the driver or an occupant of a commercial motor vehicle that is stopped by an employee of the motor carrier enforcement unit for the purposes defined in section 5503.34 of the Revised Code, and if the person who is transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle or commercial motor vehicle in any manner, ~~fail to shall~~ do any of the following ~~that is applicable:~~ 347
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~~(a) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor vehicle stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop for another law enforcement purpose, fail (1) Fail to promptly inform any law enforcement officer who approaches the vehicle while stopped that the person has been issued a license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun and that the person~~ 359
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then possesses or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle; 365

~~(b) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a 366
commercial motor vehicle stopped by an employee of the motor 367
carrier enforcement unit for any of the defined purposes, fail (2) 368
Fail to promptly inform the employee of the unit who approaches 369
the vehicle while stopped that the person has been issued a 370
license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 371
handgun and that the person then possesses or has a loaded handgun 372
in the commercial motor vehicle. 373~~

~~(4) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor 374
vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop 375
for another law enforcement purpose and if the person is 376
transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle in any 377
manner, knowingly; 378~~

(3) Knowingly fail to remain in the motor vehicle while 379
stopped or knowingly fail to keep the person's hands in plain 380
sight at any time after any law enforcement officer begins 381
approaching the person while stopped and before the law 382
enforcement officer leaves, unless the failure is pursuant to and 383
in accordance with directions given by a law enforcement officer; 384

~~(5) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor 385
vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop 386
for another law enforcement purpose, if the person is transporting 387
or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle in a manner 388
authorized under division (E)(1) of this section, and if the 389
person is approached by any law enforcement officer while stopped, 390
knowingly remove or attempt to remove the loaded handgun from the 391
holster, case, bag, box, container, or glove compartment, 392
knowingly grasp or hold the loaded handgun, or knowingly (4) 393
Knowingly have contact with the loaded handgun by touching it with 394
the person's hands or fingers in the motor vehicle at any time 395
after the law enforcement officer begins approaching and before 396~~

the law enforcement officer leaves, unless the person removes, 397
attempts to remove, grasps, holds, or has contact with the loaded 398
handgun pursuant to and in accordance with directions given by the 399
law enforcement officer; 400

~~(6) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor 401
vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop 402
for another law enforcement purpose and if the person is 403
transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle in any 404
manner, knowingly (5) Knowingly disregard or fail to comply with 405
any lawful order of any law enforcement officer given while the 406
motor vehicle is stopped, including, but not limited to, a 407
specific order to the person to keep the person's hands in plain 408
sight. 409~~

(F)(1) Divisions (A), (B), (C), and (E) of this section do 410
not apply to any of the following: 411

(a) An officer, agent, or employee of this or any other state 412
or the United States, or a law enforcement officer, when 413
authorized to carry or have loaded or accessible firearms in motor 414
vehicles and acting within the scope of the officer's, agent's, or 415
employee's duties; 416

(b) Any person who is employed in this state, who is 417
authorized to carry or have loaded or accessible firearms in motor 418
vehicles, and who is subject to and in compliance with the 419
requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised Code, unless the 420
appointing authority of the person has expressly specified that 421
the exemption provided in division (F)(1)(b) of this section does 422
not apply to the person. 423

(2) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a person 424
if all of the following circumstances apply: 425

(a) The person discharges a firearm from a motor vehicle at a 426
coyote or groundhog, the discharge is not during the deer gun 427

hunting season as set by the chief of the division of wildlife of 428
the department of natural resources, and the discharge at the 429
coyote or groundhog, but for the operation of this section, is 430
lawful. 431

(b) The motor vehicle from which the person discharges the 432
firearm is on real property that is located in an unincorporated 433
area of a township and that either is zoned for agriculture or is 434
used for agriculture. 435

(c) The person owns the real property described in division 436
(F)(2)(b) of this section, is the spouse or a child of another 437
person who owns that real property, is a tenant of another person 438
who owns that real property, or is the spouse or a child of a 439
tenant of another person who owns that real property. 440

(d) The person does not discharge the firearm in any of the 441
following manners: 442

(i) While under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or 443
alcohol and a drug of abuse; 444

(ii) In the direction of a street, highway, or other public 445
or private property used by the public for vehicular traffic or 446
parking; 447

(iii) At or into an occupied structure that is a permanent or 448
temporary habitation; 449

(iv) In the commission of any violation of law, including, 450
but not limited to, a felony that includes, as an essential 451
element, purposely or knowingly causing or attempting to cause the 452
death of or physical harm to another and that was committed by 453
discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle. 454

(3) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a person 455
if all of the following apply: 456

(a) The person possesses a valid electric-powered all-purpose 457

vehicle permit issued under section 1533.103 of the Revised Code 458
by the chief of the division of wildlife. 459

(b) The person discharges a firearm at a wild quadruped or 460
game bird as defined in section 1531.01 of the Revised Code during 461
the open hunting season for the applicable wild quadruped or game 462
bird. 463

(c) The person discharges a firearm from a stationary 464
electric-powered all-purpose vehicle as defined in section 1531.01 465
of the Revised Code or a motor vehicle that is parked on a road 466
that is owned or administered by the division of wildlife, 467
provided that the road is identified by an electric-powered 468
all-purpose vehicle sign. 469

(d) The person does not discharge the firearm in any of the 470
following manners: 471

(i) While under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or 472
alcohol and a drug of abuse; 473

(ii) In the direction of a street, a highway, or other public 474
or private property that is used by the public for vehicular 475
traffic or parking; 476

(iii) At or into an occupied structure that is a permanent or 477
temporary habitation; 478

(iv) In the commission of any violation of law, including, 479
but not limited to, a felony that includes, as an essential 480
element, purposely or knowingly causing or attempting to cause the 481
death of or physical harm to another and that was committed by 482
discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle. 483

(4) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to a 484
person if all of the following circumstances apply: 485

(a) At the time of the alleged violation of either of those 486
divisions, the person is the operator of or a passenger in a motor 487

vehicle. 488

(b) The motor vehicle is on real property that is located in 489
an unincorporated area of a township and that either is zoned for 490
agriculture or is used for agriculture. 491

(c) The person owns the real property described in division 492
(D)(4)(b) of this section, is the spouse or a child of another 493
person who owns that real property, is a tenant of another person 494
who owns that real property, or is the spouse or a child of a 495
tenant of another person who owns that real property. 496

(d) The person, prior to arriving at the real property 497
described in division (D)(4)(b) of this section, did not transport 498
or possess a firearm in the motor vehicle in a manner prohibited 499
by division (B) or (C) of this section while the motor vehicle was 500
being operated on a street, highway, or other public or private 501
property used by the public for vehicular traffic or parking. 502

(5) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to a 503
person who transports or possesses a handgun in a motor vehicle 504
if, at the time of that transportation or possession, ~~all~~ both of 505
the following apply: 506

(a) The person transporting or possessing the handgun is 507
carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a 508
concealed handgun issued to the person under section 2923.125 or 509
2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed 510
handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney 511
general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 512
109.69 of the Revised Code. 513

(b) The person transporting or possessing the handgun is not 514
knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 515
of the Revised Code. 516

~~(c) One of the following applies:~~ 517

(i) The handgun is in a holster on the person's person.	518
(ii) The handgun is in a closed case, bag, box, or other container that is in plain sight and that has a lid, a cover, or a closing mechanism with a zipper, snap, or buckle, which lid, cover, or closing mechanism must be opened for a person to gain access to the handgun.	519 520 521 522 523
(iii) The handgun is securely encased by being stored in a closed glove compartment or vehicle console or in a case that is locked.	524 525 526
(6) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to a person if all of the following apply:	527 528
(a) The person possesses a valid electric-powered all-purpose vehicle permit issued under section 1533.103 of the Revised Code by the chief of the division of wildlife.	529 530 531
(b) The person is on or in an electric-powered all-purpose vehicle as defined in section 1531.01 of the Revised Code or a motor vehicle during the open hunting season for a wild quadruped or game bird.	532 533 534 535
(c) The person is on or in an electric-powered all-purpose vehicle as defined in section 1531.01 of the Revised Code or a motor vehicle that is parked on a road that is owned or administered by the division of wildlife, provided that the road is identified by an electric-powered all-purpose vehicle sign.	536 537 538 539 540
(G)(1) The affirmative defenses authorized in divisions (D)(1) and (2) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code are affirmative defenses to a charge under division (B) or (C) of this section that involves a firearm other than a handgun.	541 542 543 544
(2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under division (B) or (C) of this section of improperly handling firearms in a motor vehicle that the actor transported or had the firearm in the	545 546 547

motor vehicle for any lawful purpose and while the motor vehicle 548
was on the actor's own property, provided that this affirmative 549
defense is not available unless the person, immediately prior to 550
arriving at the actor's own property, did not transport or possess 551
the firearm in a motor vehicle in a manner prohibited by division 552
(B) or (C) of this section while the motor vehicle was being 553
operated on a street, highway, or other public or private property 554
used by the public for vehicular traffic. 555

(H) No person who is charged with a violation of division 556
(B), (C), or (D) of this section shall be required to obtain a 557
license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 558
handgun under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as 559
a condition for the dismissal of the charge. 560

(I) Whoever violates this section is guilty of improperly 561
handling firearms in a motor vehicle. Violation of division (A) of 562
this section is a felony of the fourth degree. Violation of 563
division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth 564
degree. A violation of division (D) of this section is a felony of 565
the fifth degree or, if the loaded handgun is concealed on the 566
person's person, a felony of the fourth degree. Except as 567
otherwise provided in this division, a violation of division 568
(E)~~(3)~~(1) or (2) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first 569
degree, and, in addition to any other penalty or sanction imposed 570
for the violation, the offender's license or temporary emergency 571
license to carry a concealed handgun shall be suspended pursuant 572
to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. If at 573
the time of the stop of the offender for a traffic stop, for 574
another law enforcement purpose, or for a purpose defined in 575
section 5503.34 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the 576
violation any law enforcement officer involved with the stop or 577
the employee of the motor carrier enforcement unit who made the 578
stop had actual knowledge of the offender's status as a licensee, 579

a violation of division (E)~~(3)~~(1) or (2) of this section is a 580
minor misdemeanor, and the offender's license or temporary 581
emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall not be 582
suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the 583
Revised Code. A violation of division (E)~~(1), (2), or (5)~~(4) of 584
this section is a felony of the fifth degree. A violation of 585
division (E)~~(4)~~(3) or ~~(6)~~(5) of this section is a misdemeanor of 586
the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted 587
of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (E)~~(4)~~(3) or 588
~~(6)~~(5) of this section, a felony of the fifth degree. In addition 589
to any other penalty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor 590
violation of division (E)~~(4)~~(3) or ~~(6)~~(5) of this section, the 591
offender's license or temporary emergency license to carry a 592
concealed handgun shall be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) 593
of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A violation of division 594
(B) of this section is ~~whichever of the following is applicable:~~ 595

~~(1) If, at the time of the transportation or possession in 596
violation of division (B) of this section, the offender was 597
carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a 598
concealed handgun issued to the offender under section 2923.125 or 599
2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed 600
handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney 601
general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 602
109.69 of the Revised Code and the offender was not knowingly in a 603
place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised 604
Code, the violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if 605
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 606
a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the 607
fourth degree.~~ 608

~~(2) If division (I)(1) of this section does not apply, a 609
felony of the fourth degree.~~ 610

(J) If a law enforcement officer stops a motor vehicle for a 611

traffic stop or any other purpose, if any person in the motor 612
vehicle surrenders a firearm to the officer, either voluntarily or 613
pursuant to a request or demand of the officer, and if the officer 614
does not charge the person with a violation of this section or 615
arrest the person for any offense, the person is not otherwise 616
prohibited by law from possessing the firearm, and the firearm is 617
not contraband, the officer shall return the firearm to the person 618
at the termination of the stop. If a court orders a law 619
enforcement officer to return a firearm to a person pursuant to 620
the requirement set forth in this division, division (B) of 621
section 2923.163 of the Revised Code applies. 622

(K) As used in this section: 623

(1) "Motor vehicle," "street," and "highway" have the same 624
meanings as in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code. 625

(2) "Occupied structure" has the same meaning as in section 626
2909.01 of the Revised Code. 627

(3) "Agriculture" has the same meaning as in section 519.01 628
of the Revised Code. 629

(4) "Tenant" has the same meaning as in section 1531.01 of 630
the Revised Code. 631

(5) "Unloaded" means any of the following: 632

(a) No ammunition is in the firearm in question, and no 633
ammunition is loaded into a magazine or speed loader that may be 634
used with the firearm in question and that is located anywhere 635
within the vehicle in question, without regard to where ammunition 636
otherwise is located within the vehicle in question. For the 637
purposes of division (K)(5)(a) of this section, ammunition held in 638
stripper-clips or in en-bloc clips is not considered ammunition 639
that is loaded into a magazine or speed loader. 640

(b) With respect to a firearm employing a percussion cap, 641

flintlock, or other obsolete ignition system, when the weapon is uncapped or when the priming charge is removed from the pan.

(6) "Commercial motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in division (A) of section 4506.25 of the Revised Code.

(7) "Motor carrier enforcement unit" means the motor carrier enforcement unit in the department of public safety, division of state highway patrol, that is created by section 5503.34 of the Revised Code.

Section 2. That existing sections 2923.121, 2923.128, and 2923.16 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.