As Reported by the House State Government and Elections Committee

129th General Assembly Regular Session 2011-2012

H. B. No. 45

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Representatives Bubp, Johnson

Cosponsors: Representatives Adams, J., Adams, R., Amstutz, Balderson, Beck, Blair, Blessing, Boose, Brenner, Burke, Damschroder, Derickson, Dovilla, Hackett, Hayes, Huffman, Kozlowski, Maag, Martin, Rosenberger, Ruhl, Sears, Slaby, Snitchler, Stautberg, Thompson, Uecker, Young

A BILL

To amend sections 2923.121, 2923.128, and 2923.16 of 1 the Revised Code to permit a concealed carry 2 licensee to possess a firearm in any liquor permit 3 premises, or any open air arena, for which a D 4 permit has been issued if the licensee is not 5 consuming liquor or under the influence of alcohol 6 or a drug of abuse and to modify the offense of improperly handling firearms in a motor vehicle as 8 it applies to concealed carry licensees. 9

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2923.121, 2923.128, and 2923.16 of	10
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	11
Sec. 2923.121. (A) No person shall possess a firearm in any	12
room in which any person is consuming liquor in premises for which	13
a D permit has been issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code	14

or in an open air arena for which a permit of that nature has been

issued. 16

- (B)(1) This section does not apply to any of the following: 17
- (a) An officer, agent, or employee of this or any other state
 or the United States, or to a law enforcement officer, who is
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 authorized to carry firearms and is acting within the scope of the
 officer's, agent's, or employee's duties;
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- (b) Any person who is employed in this state, who is

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 authorized to carry firearms, and who is subject to and in

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 compliance with the requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised

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 Code, unless the appointing authority of the person has expressly

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 specified that the exemption provided in division (B)(1)(b) of

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 this section does not apply to the person;
- (c) Any room used for the accommodation of guests of a hotel, 28 as defined in section 4301.01 of the Revised Code; 29
- (d) The principal holder of a D permit issued for premises or 30 an open air arena under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code while in 31 the premises or open air arena for which the permit was issued if 32 the principal holder of the D permit also possesses a valid 33 license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 34 handgun issued to the principal holder under section 2923.125 or 35 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed 36 handgun that was issued to the principal holder by another state 37 with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity 38 agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code and as long as 39 the principal holder is not consuming liquor or under the 40 influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse, or any agent or employee 41 of that holder who also is a peace officer, as defined in section 42 2151.3515 of the Revised Code, who is off duty, and who otherwise 43 is authorized to carry firearms while in the course of the 44 officer's official duties and while in the premises or open air 45 arena for which the permit was issued and as long as the agent or 46

employee of that holder is not consuming liquor or under the influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse.

- (e) Any person who is carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the person under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued to the person by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code and who possesses the firearm in a retail store with D 6 and D 8 permits issued for that store under sections 4303.182 and 4303.184 of the Revised Code or a D 8 permit issued for that store under section 4303.184 of the Revised Code, as long as the person is not consuming liquor or under the influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse.
- (2) This section does not prohibit any person who is a member of a veteran's organization, as defined in section 2915.01 of the Revised Code, from possessing a rifle in any room in any premises owned, leased, or otherwise under the control of the veteran's organization, if the rifle is not loaded with live ammunition and if the person otherwise is not prohibited by law from having the rifle.
- (3) This section does not apply to any person possessing or displaying firearms in any room used to exhibit unloaded firearms for sale or trade in a soldiers' memorial established pursuant to Chapter 345. of the Revised Code, in a convention center, or in any other public meeting place, if the person is an exhibitor, trader, purchaser, or seller of firearms and is not otherwise prohibited by law from possessing, trading, purchasing, or selling the firearms.
- (C) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this 76 section of illegal possession of a firearm in liquor permit 77 premises that involves the possession of a firearm other than a 78

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described in division (D)(1)(d) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or with a violation of section 2923.15 of the Revised Code or becomes subject to a temporary protection order or to a protection order issued by a court of another state that is substantially equivalent to a temporary protection order, the sheriff who issued the license or temporary emergency license shall suspend it and shall comply with division (A)(3) of this section upon becoming aware of the arrest, charge, or protection order. Upon suspending the license or temporary emergency license, the sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.

- (b) A suspension under division (A)(1)(a) of this section 120 shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee is 121 arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described in 122 that division or on the date the appropriate court issued the 123 protection order described in that division, irrespective of when 124 the sheriff notifies the licensee under division (A)(3) of this 125 section. The suspension shall end on the date on which the charges 126 are dismissed or the licensee is found not guilty of the offense 127 described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section or, subject to 128 division (B) of this section, on the date the appropriate court 129 terminates the protection order described in that division. If the 130 suspension so ends, the sheriff shall return the license or 131 temporary emergency license to the licensee. 132
- (2)(a) If a licensee holding a valid license issued under 133 section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code is convicted of 134 or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor violation of division (B)(1), 135 (2), or (4) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division 136 (E)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (6)(5) of section 2923.16 of the Revised 137 Code, except as provided in division (A)(2)(c) of this section and 138 subject to division (C) of this section, the sheriff who issued 139 the license or temporary emergency license shall suspend it and 140 shall comply with division (A)(3) of this section upon becoming 141

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aware of the conviction or guilty plea. Upon suspending the license or temporary emergency license, the sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.

(b) A suspension under division (A)(2)(a) of this section 145 shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee is 146 convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense described in that 147 division, irrespective of when the sheriff notifies the licensee 148 under division (A)(3) of this section. If the suspension is 149 imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division (B)(1) or (2) of 150 section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division (E)(1), (2), or 151 (3) or (4) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on 152 the date that is one year after the date that the licensee is 153 convicted of or pleads guilty to that violation. If the suspension 154 is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division (B)(4) of 155 section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division $(E)\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ of 156 section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on the date that 157 is two years after the date that the licensee is convicted of or 158 pleads guilty to that violation. If the licensee's license was 159 issued under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and the license 160 remains valid after the suspension ends as described in this 161 division, when the suspension ends, the sheriff shall return the 162 license to the licensee. If the licensee's license was issued 163 under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and the license expires 164 before the suspension ends as described in this division, or if 165 the licensee's license was issued under section 2923.1213 of the 166 Revised Code, the licensee is not eligible to apply for a new 167 license under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or 168 to renew the license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code 169 until after the suspension ends as described in this division. 170

(c) The license of a licensee who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (B)(1) of section 2923.12 or division (E) $\frac{(3)}{(1)}$ or $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code

shall not be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2)(a) of this
section if, at the time of the stop of the licensee for a law
enforcement purpose, for a traffic stop, or for a purpose defined
in section 5503.34 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the
violation, any law enforcement officer involved with the stop or
the employee of the motor carrier enforcement unit who made the
stop had actual knowledge of the licensee's status as a licensee.

- (3) Upon becoming aware of an arrest, charge, or protection 181 order described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section with respect 182 to a licensee who was issued a license under section 2923.125 or 183 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, or a conviction of or plea of 184 guilty to a misdemeanor offense described in division (A)(2)(a) of 185 this section with respect to a licensee who was issued a license 186 under either section and with respect to which division (A)(2)(c) 187 of this section does not apply, subject to division (C) of this 188 section, the sheriff who issued the licensee's license or 189 temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall 190 notify the licensee, by certified mail, return receipt requested, 191 at the licensee's last known residence address that the license or 192 temporary emergency license has been suspended and that the 193 licensee is required to surrender the license or temporary 194 emergency license at the sheriff's office within ten days of the 195 date on which the notice was mailed. If the suspension is pursuant 196 to division (A)(2) of this section, the notice shall identify the 197 date on which the suspension ends. 198
- (B)(1) A sheriff who issues a license or temporary emergency
 license to carry a concealed handgun to a licensee under section
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 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code shall revoke the license
 or temporary emergency license in accordance with division (B)(2)
 of this section upon becoming aware that the licensee satisfies
 any of the following:
 - (a) The licensee is under twenty-one years of age.

division (B)(1) of this section that applies to a particular	237
licensee who was issued a license under section 2923.125 or	238
2923.1213 of the Revised Code, subject to division (C) of this	239
section, the sheriff who issued the license or temporary emergency	240
license to carry a concealed handgun to the licensee shall notify	241
the licensee, by certified mail, return receipt requested, at the	242
licensee's last known residence address that the license or	243
temporary emergency license is subject to revocation and that the	244
licensee may come to the sheriff's office and contest the	245
sheriff's proposed revocation within fourteen days of the date on	246
which the notice was mailed. After the fourteen-day period and	247
after consideration of any information that the licensee provides	248
during that period, if the sheriff determines on the basis of the	249
information of which the sheriff is aware that the licensee is	250
described in division (B)(1) of this section and no longer	251
satisfies the requirements described in division (D)(1) of section	252
2923.125 of the Revised Code that are applicable to the licensee's	253
type of license, the sheriff shall revoke the license or temporary	254
emergency license, notify the licensee of that fact, and require	255
the licensee to surrender the license or temporary emergency	256
license. Upon revoking the license or temporary emergency license,	257
the sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section	258
2923.125 of the Revised Code.	259

(C) If a sheriff who issues a license or temporary emergency 260 license to carry a concealed handgun to a licensee under section 261 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code becomes aware that at 262 the time of the issuance of the license or temporary emergency 263 license the licensee had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an 264 offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or (h) of section 265 2923.125 of the Revised Code or had been adjudicated a delinquent 266 child for committing an act or violation identified in any of 267 those divisions or becomes aware that on or after the date on 268 which the license or temporary emergency license was issued the 269

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licensee has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense	270
identified in division $(A)(2)(a)$ or $(B)(1)(c)$ of this section, the	271
sheriff shall not consider that conviction, guilty plea, or	272
adjudication as having occurred for purposes of divisions (A)(2),	273
(A)(3), $(B)(1)$, and $(B)(2)$ of this section if a court has ordered	274
the sealing or expungement of the records of that conviction,	275
guilty plea, or adjudication pursuant to sections 2151.355 to	276
2151.358 or sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code or a	277
court has granted the licensee relief pursuant to section 2923.14	278
of the Revised Code from the disability imposed pursuant to	279
section 2923.13 of the Revised Code relative to that conviction,	280
guilty plea, or adjudication.	281
(D) As used in this section, "motor carrier enforcement unit"	282
has the same meaning as in section 2923.16 of the Revised Code.	283
Sec. 2923.16. (A) No person shall knowingly discharge a	284
firearm while in or on a motor vehicle.	285
(B) No person shall knowingly transport or have a loaded	286
firearm in a motor vehicle in such a manner that the firearm is	287
accessible to the operator or any passenger without leaving the	288
vehicle.	289
(C) No person shall knowingly transport or have a firearm in	290
a motor vehicle, unless the person may lawfully possess that	291
firearm under applicable law of this state or the United States,	292
the firearm is unloaded, and the firearm is carried in one of the	293
following ways:	294
(1) In a closed package, box, or case;	295
(2) In a compartment that can be reached only by leaving the	296

(3) In plain sight and secured in a rack or holder made for

the purpose;

(4) If the firearm is at least twenty-four inches in overall	300
length as measured from the muzzle to the part of the stock	301
furthest from the muzzle and if the barrel is at least eighteen	302
inches in length, either in plain sight with the action open or	303
the weapon stripped, or, if the firearm is of a type on which the	304
action will not stay open or which cannot easily be stripped, in	305
plain sight.	306
(D) No person shall knowingly transport or have a loaded	307
handgun in a motor vehicle if, at the time of that transportation	308
or possession, any of the following applies:	309
(1) The person is under the influence of alcohol, a drug of	310
abuse, or a combination of them.	311
(2) The person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath,	312
or urine contains a concentration of alcohol, a listed controlled	313
substance, or a listed metabolite of a controlled substance	314
prohibited for persons operating a vehicle, as specified in	315
division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, regardless of	316
whether the person at the time of the transportation or possession	317
as described in this division is the operator of or a passenger in	318
the motor vehicle.	319
(E) No person who has been issued a license or temporary	320
emergency license to carry a concealed handgun under section	321
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code shall do any of the	322
following:	323
(1) Knowingly transport or have a loaded handgun in a motor	324
vehicle unless one of the following applies:	325
(a) The loaded handgun is in a holster on the person's	326
person.	327
(b) The loaded handgun is in a closed case, bag, box, or	328
other container that is in plain sight and that has a lid, a	329
cover, or a closing mechanism with a zipper, snap, or buckle,	330

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stopped that the person has been issued a license or temporary	363
emergency license to carry a concealed handgun and that the person	364
then possesses or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle;	365
(b) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a	366
commercial motor vehicle stopped by an employee of the motor	367
carrier enforcement unit for any of the defined purposes, fail (2)	368
Fail to promptly inform the employee of the unit who approaches	369
the vehicle while stopped that the person has been issued a	370
license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed	371
handgun and that the person then possesses or has a loaded handgun	372
in the commercial motor vehicle.	373
(4) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor	374
vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop	375
for another law enforcement purpose and if the person is	376
transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle in any	377
manner, knowingly;	378
(3) Knowingly fail to remain in the motor vehicle while	379
stopped or knowingly fail to keep the person's hands in plain	380
sight at any time after any law enforcement officer begins	381
approaching the person while stopped and before the law	382
enforcement officer leaves, unless the failure is pursuant to and	383
in accordance with directions given by a law enforcement officer;	384
(5) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor	385
vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop	386
for another law enforcement purpose, if the person is transporting	387
or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle in a manner	388
authorized under division (E)(1) of this section, and if the	389
person is approached by any law enforcement officer while stopped,	390
knowingly remove or attempt to remove the loaded handgun from the	391
holster, case, bag, box, container, or glove compartment,	392

knowingly grasp or hold the loaded handgun, or knowingly (4)

Knowingly have contact with the loaded handgun by touching it with

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the person's hands or fingers in the motor vehicle at any time	395
after the law enforcement officer begins approaching and before	396
the law enforcement officer leaves, unless the person removes,	397
attempts to remove, grasps, holds, or has contact with the loaded	398
handgun pursuant to and in accordance with directions given by the	399
law enforcement officer;	400
(6) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor	401
vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop	402
for another law enforcement purpose and if the person is	403
transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle in any	404
manner, knowingly (5) Knowingly disregard or fail to comply with	405
any lawful order of any law enforcement officer given while the	406
motor vehicle is stopped, including, but not limited to, a	407
specific order to the person to keep the person's hands in plain	408
sight.	409
(F)(1) Divisions (A), (B), (C), and (E) of this section do	410
not apply to any of the following:	411
(a) An officer, agent, or employee of this or any other state	412
or the United States, or a law enforcement officer, when	413
authorized to carry or have loaded or accessible firearms in motor	414
vehicles and acting within the scope of the officer's, agent's, or	415
employee's duties;	416
(b) Any person who is employed in this state, who is	417
authorized to carry or have loaded or accessible firearms in motor	418
vehicles, and who is subject to and in compliance with the	419
requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised Code, unless the	420
appointing authority of the person has expressly specified that	421
the exemption provided in division (F)(1)(b) of this section does	422
not apply to the person.	423
(2) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a person	424
if all of the following circumstances apply:	425

(a) The person discharges a firearm from a motor vehicle at a 426 coyote or groundhog, the discharge is not during the deer gun 427 hunting season as set by the chief of the division of wildlife of 428 the department of natural resources, and the discharge at the 429 coyote or groundhog, but for the operation of this section, is 430 lawful. 431 (b) The motor vehicle from which the person discharges the 432 firearm is on real property that is located in an unincorporated 433 area of a township and that either is zoned for agriculture or is 434 used for agriculture. 435 (c) The person owns the real property described in division 436 (F)(2)(b) of this section, is the spouse or a child of another 437 person who owns that real property, is a tenant of another person 438 who owns that real property, or is the spouse or a child of a 439 440 tenant of another person who owns that real property. (d) The person does not discharge the firearm in any of the 441 442 following manners: (i) While under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or 443 alcohol and a drug of abuse; 444 (ii) In the direction of a street, highway, or other public 445 or private property used by the public for vehicular traffic or 446 447 parking; (iii) At or into an occupied structure that is a permanent or 448 temporary habitation; 449 (iv) In the commission of any violation of law, including, 450 but not limited to, a felony that includes, as an essential 451 element, purposely or knowingly causing or attempting to cause the 452 death of or physical harm to another and that was committed by 453 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle. 454

(3) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a person

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if all of the following apply:	456
(a) The person possesses a valid electric-powered all-purpose vehicle permit issued under section 1533.103 of the Revised Code	457 458
by the chief of the division of wildlife.	459
(b) The person discharges a firearm at a wild quadruped or game bird as defined in section 1531.01 of the Revised Code during the open hunting season for the applicable wild quadruped or game	460 461 462
bird.	463
(c) The person discharges a firearm from a stationary electric-powered all-purpose vehicle as defined in section 1531.01	464 465
of the Revised Code or a motor vehicle that is parked on a road	466
that is owned or administered by the division of wildlife,	467
provided that the road is identified by an electric-powered all-purpose vehicle sign.	468 469
(d) The person does not discharge the firearm in any of the following manners:	470 471
(i) While under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse;	472 473
(ii) In the direction of a street, a highway, or other public	474
or private property that is used by the public for vehicular traffic or parking;	475 476
(iii) At or into an occupied structure that is a permanent or temporary habitation;	477 478
(iv) In the commission of any violation of law, including, but not limited to, a felony that includes, as an essential	479 480
element, purposely or knowingly causing or attempting to cause the	481
death of or physical harm to another and that was committed by discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle.	482 483
(4) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to a person if all of the following circumstances apply:	484 485

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	(a)	Αt	the	e time	of	the	alleged	viol	atic	n	of	either	of	those	48	6
divis	ions	5,	the	perso	n is	s the	operato	or of	or	a	pas	ssenger	in	a motor	48	7
vehic	le.														48	8

- (b) The motor vehicle is on real property that is located in 489 an unincorporated area of a township and that either is zoned for 490 agriculture or is used for agriculture. 491
- (c) The person owns the real property described in division 492 (D)(4)(b) of this section, is the spouse or a child of another 493 person who owns that real property, is a tenant of another person 494 who owns that real property, or is the spouse or a child of a 495 tenant of another person who owns that real property. 496

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- (d) The person, prior to arriving at the real property described in division (D)(4)(b) of this section, did not transport or possess a firearm in the motor vehicle in a manner prohibited by division (B) or (C) of this section while the motor vehicle was being operated on a street, highway, or other public or private property used by the public for vehicular traffic or parking.
- (5) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to a 503 person who transports or possesses a handgun in a motor vehicle 504 if, at the time of that transportation or possession, all both of 505 the following apply: 506
- (a) The person transporting or possessing the handgun is carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the person under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code.
- (b) The person transporting or possessing the handgun is not 514 knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 515 of the Revised Code. 516

(B) or (C) of this section of improperly handling firearms in a

motor vehicle that the actor transported or had the firearm in the 547 motor vehicle for any lawful purpose and while the motor vehicle 548 was on the actor's own property, provided that this affirmative 549 defense is not available unless the person, immediately prior to 550 arriving at the actor's own property, did not transport or possess 551 the firearm in a motor vehicle in a manner prohibited by division 552 (B) or (C) of this section while the motor vehicle was being 553 operated on a street, highway, or other public or private property 554 used by the public for vehicular traffic. 555

- (H) No person who is charged with a violation of division 556
 (B), (C), or (D) of this section shall be required to obtain a 557
 license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 558
 handgun under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as 559
 a condition for the dismissal of the charge. 560
- (I) Whoever violates this section is guilty of improperly 561 handling firearms in a motor vehicle. Violation of division (A) of 562 this section is a felony of the fourth degree. Violation of 563 division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth 564 degree. A violation of division (D) of this section is a felony of 565 the fifth degree or, if the loaded handgun is concealed on the 566 person's person, a felony of the fourth degree. Except as 567 otherwise provided in this division, a violation of division 568 $(E)\frac{(3)}{(1)}$ or (2) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first 569 degree, and, in addition to any other penalty or sanction imposed 570 for the violation, the offender's license or temporary emergency 571 license to carry a concealed handgun shall be suspended pursuant 572 to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. If at 573 the time of the stop of the offender for a traffic stop, for 574 another law enforcement purpose, or for a purpose defined in 575 section 5503.34 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the 576 violation any law enforcement officer involved with the stop or 577 the employee of the motor carrier enforcement unit who made the 578

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felony of the fourth degree.

to any other penalty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor 590 violation of division $(E)(4)(3)$ or $(6)(5)$ of this section, the 591		
eminor misdemeanor, and the offender's license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall not be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A violation of division (E)(1), (2), or (5)(1) of this section is a felony of the fifth degree. A violation of division (E)(4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (E)(4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section, a felony of the fifth degree. In addition to any other penalty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division (E)(4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section, the offender's license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A violation of division (B) of this section is whichever of the following is applicable: (1) If, at the time of the transportation or possession in violation of division (B) of this section, the offender was carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the offender under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code and the offender was not knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised Code, the violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree.	stop had actual knowledge of the offender's status as a licensee,	579
emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall not be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A violation of division (E)(11), (2), or (5)(4) of this section is a felony of the fifth degree. A violation of division (E)(4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (E)(4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section, a felony of the fifth degree. In addition to any other penalty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division (E)(4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section, the offender's license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A violation of division (B) of this section is whichever of the following is applicable: (1) If, at the time of the transportation or possession in violation of division (B) of this section, the offender was carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the offender under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code and the offender was not knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised Code, the violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree.	a violation of division (E) $\frac{(3)}{(1)}$ or (2) of this section is a	580
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Revised Code. A violation of division (E)(+1), (2), or (5)(4) of this section is a felony of the fifth degree. A violation of division (E)(+4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (E)(+4)(3) or 588 of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (E)(+4)(3) or 589 of or pleaded guilty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor 590 to any other penalty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor 590 offender's license or temporary emergency license to carry a 592 concealed handgun shall be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) 593 of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A violation of division (B) of this section is whichever of the following is applicable: 595 (1) If, at the time of the transportation or possession in 596 violation of division (B) of this section, the offender was 597 carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the offender under section 2923.125 or 599 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed 600 handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 602 109.69 of the Revised Code and the offender was not knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised 604 code, the violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 606 a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the 607 fourth degree.	emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall not be	582
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to any other penalty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor to any other penalty or sanction imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division (E)(4)(3) or (6)(5) of this section, the offender's license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun shall be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A violation of division (B) of this section is whichever of the following is applicable: (1) If, at the time of the transportation or possession in violation of division (B) of this section, the offender was carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the offender under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code and the offender was not knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised Code, the violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree. 608	the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted	587
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Code, the violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree. 608	109.69 of the Revised Code and the offender was not knowingly in a	603
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the fourth-degree. 608	place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised	604
a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree. 608	Code, the violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if	605
fourth degree. 608	the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	606
	a violation of division (B) of this section, a felony of the	607
(2) If division (I)(1) of this section does not apply, a 609	fourth degree.	608
	(2) If division (I)(1) of this section does not apply, a	609

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(J) If a law enforcement officer stops a motor vehicle for a	611
traffic stop or any other purpose, if any person in the motor	612
vehicle surrenders a firearm to the officer, either voluntarily or	613
pursuant to a request or demand of the officer, and if the officer	614
does not charge the person with a violation of this section or	615
arrest the person for any offense, the person is not otherwise	616
prohibited by law from possessing the firearm, and the firearm is	617
not contraband, the officer shall return the firearm to the person	618
at the termination of the stop. If a court orders a law	619
enforcement officer to return a firearm to a person pursuant to	620
the requirement set forth in this division, division (B) of	621
section 2923.163 of the Revised Code applies.	622
(K) As used in this section:	623
(1) "Motor vehicle," "street," and "highway" have the same	624
meanings as in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.	625
(2) "Occupied structure" has the same meaning as in section	626
2909.01 of the Revised Code.	627
(3) "Agriculture" has the same meaning as in section 519.01	628
of the Revised Code.	629
(4) "Tenant" has the same meaning as in section 1531.01 of	630
the Revised Code.	631
(5) "Unloaded" means any of the following:	632
(a) No ammunition is in the firearm in question, and no	633
ammunition is loaded into a magazine or speed loader that may be	634
used with the firearm in question and that is located anywhere	635
within the vehicle in question, without regard to where ammunition	636
otherwise is located within the vehicle in question. For the	637

purposes of division (K)(5)(a) of this section, ammunition held in

stripper-clips or in en-bloc clips is not considered ammunition

that is loaded into a magazine or speed loader.

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(b) With respect to a firearm employing a percussion cap,	641
flintlock, or other obsolete ignition system, when the weapon is	642
uncapped or when the priming charge is removed from the pan.	643
(6) "Commercial motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in	644
division (A) of section 4506.25 of the Revised Code.	645
(7) "Motor carrier enforcement unit" means the motor carrier	646
enforcement unit in the department of public safety, division of	647
state highway patrol, that is created by section 5503.34 of the	648
Revised Code.	649
Section 2. That existing sections 2923.121, 2923.128, and	650
2923.16 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	651