## As Reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee

# 129th General Assembly Regular Session 2011-2012

Sub. S. B. No. 254

#### **Senator Patton**

### A BILL

То	amend sections 1905.01, 4511.204, and 4511.205 of	1
	the Revised Code to increase from more than 100 to	2
	more than 200 the population necessary for a	3
	municipal corporation to have a mayor's court	4
	unless the municipal corporation is located	5
	entirely on an island in Lake Erie and to provide	6
	that a conviction or guilty plea of the offense of	7
	driving a vehicle while writing, sending, or	8
	reading a text-based communication on a handheld	9
	electronic wireless communications device and a	10
	conviction or guilty plea of a substantially	11
	equivalent municipal ordinance for the same	12
	conduct are allied offenses of similar import and	13
	that an adjudication for the offense of a person	14
	who is less than 18 years of age from using, in	15
	any manner, an electronic wireless communications	16
	device while driving and an adjudication of a	17
	substantially equivalent municipal ordinance for	18
	the same conduct are allied offenses of similar	19
	import.	20

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

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the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:

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Gilead in Morrow county, in any municipal corporation located 24 entirely on an island in Lake Erie, and in all other municipal 25 corporations having a population of more than one two hundred, 26 other than Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a 27 municipal court nor a place where a judge of the Auglaize county, 28 Crawford county, Jackson county, Miami county, Montgomery county, 29 Portage county, or Wayne county municipal court sits as required 30 pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code or by designation 31 of the judges pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, 32 the mayor of the municipal corporation has jurisdiction, except as 33 provided in divisions (B), (C), and (E) of this section and 34 subject to the limitation contained in section 1905.03 and the 35 limitation contained in section 1905.031 of the Revised Code, to 36 hear and determine any prosecution for the violation of an 37 ordinance of the municipal corporation, to hear and determine any 38 case involving a violation of a vehicle parking or standing 39 ordinance of the municipal corporation unless the violation is 40 required to be handled by a parking violations bureau or joint 41 parking violations bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised 42 Code, and to hear and determine all criminal causes involving any 43 moving traffic violation occurring on a state highway located 44 within the boundaries of the municipal corporation, subject to the 45 limitations of sections 2937.08 and 2938.04 of the Revised Code. 46

Sec. 1905.01. (A) In Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount

(B)(1) In Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount Gilead in Morrow county, in any municipal corporation located entirely on an island in Lake Erie, and in all other municipal corporations having a population of more than one two hundred, other than Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal court nor a place where a judge of a court listed in division (A)

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of this section sits as required pursuant to section 1901.021 of	53
the Revised Code or by designation of the judges pursuant to	54
section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the municipal	55
corporation has jurisdiction, subject to the limitation contained	56
in section 1905.03 of the Revised Code, to hear and determine	57
prosecutions involving a violation of an ordinance of the	58
municipal corporation relating to operating a vehicle while under	59
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of	60
them or relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited	61
concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite	62
of a controlled substance in the whole blood, blood serum or	63
plasma, breath, or urine, and to hear and determine criminal	64
causes involving a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised	65
Code that occur on a state highway located within the boundaries	66
of the municipal corporation, subject to the limitations of	67
sections 2937.08 and 2938.04 of the Revised Code, only if the	68
person charged with the violation, within six years of the date of	69
the violation charged, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty	70
to any of the following:	71
(a) A violation of an ordinance of any municipal corporation	72

- (a) A violation of an ordinance of any municipal corporation relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them or relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance in the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine;
  - (b) A violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code;
- (c) A violation of any ordinance of any municipal corporation
  or of any section of the Revised Code that regulates the operation
  of vehicles, streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways
  or streets, to which all of the following apply:
- (i) The person, in the case in which the conviction was 83 obtained or the plea of guilty was entered, had been charged with 84

a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, determines

that the person charged, within six years of the violation

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charged, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any violation	116
listed in division $(B)(1)(a)$ , $(b)$ , $(c)$ , or $(d)$ of this section,	117
the mayor immediately shall transfer the case to the county court	118
or municipal court with jurisdiction over the violation charged,	119
in accordance with section 1905.032 of the Revised Code.	120

- (C)(1) In Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount Gilead in 121 Morrow county, in any municipal corporation located entirely on an 122 island in Lake Erie, and in all other municipal corporations 123 having a population of more than one two hundred, other than 124 Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal 125 court and not being a place where a judge of a court listed in 126 division (A) of this section sits as required pursuant to section 127 1901.021 of the Revised Code or by designation of the judges 128 pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the 129 municipal corporation, subject to sections 1901.031, 2937.08, and 130 2938.04 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and 131 determine prosecutions involving a violation of a municipal 132 ordinance that is substantially equivalent to division (A) of 133 section 4510.14 or section 4510.16 of the Revised Code and to hear 134 and determine criminal causes that involve a moving traffic 135 violation, that involve a violation of division (A) of section 136 4510.14 or section 4510.16 of the Revised Code, and that occur on 137 a state highway located within the boundaries of the municipal 138 corporation only if all of the following apply regarding the 139 violation and the person charged: 140
- (a) Regarding a violation of section 4510.16 of the Revised 141

  Code or a violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially 142

  equivalent to that division, the person charged with the 143

  violation, within six years of the date of the violation charged, 144

  has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 145

  following: 146
  - (i) A violation of section 4510.16 of the Revised Code;

- (ii) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is

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  substantially equivalent to section 4510.16 of the Revised Code;

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- (iii) A violation of any municipal ordinance or section of 150 the Revised Code that regulates the operation of vehicles, 151 streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways or streets, 152 in a case in which, after a charge against the person of a 153 violation of a type described in division (C)(1)(a)(i) or (ii) of 154 this section was dismissed or reduced, the person is convicted of 155 or pleads guilty to a violation that arose out of the same facts 156 and circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was 157 dismissed or reduced. 158
- (b) Regarding a violation of division (A) of section 4510.14 159 of the Revised Code or a violation of a municipal ordinance that 160 is substantially equivalent to that division, the person charged 161 with the violation, within six years of the date of the violation 162 charged, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 163 following:
- (i) A violation of division (A) of section 4510.14 of the 165
  Revised Code;
- (ii) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is 167
  substantially equivalent to division (A) of section 4510.14 of the 168
  Revised Code; 169
- (iii) A violation of any municipal ordinance or section of 170 the Revised Code that regulates the operation of vehicles, 171 streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways or streets in 172 a case in which, after a charge against the person of a violation 173 of a type described in division (C)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) of this 174 section was dismissed or reduced, the person is convicted of or 175 pleads quilty to a violation that arose out of the same facts and 176 circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was 177 dismissed or reduced. 178

- (2) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have 179 jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal 180 cause involving a violation described in division (C)(1)(a)(i) or 181 (ii) of this section if the person charged with the violation, 182 within six years of the violation charged, has been convicted of 183 or pleaded guilty to any violation listed in division 184 185 (C)(1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this section and does not have jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal 186 cause involving a violation described in division (C)(1)(b)(i) or 187 (ii) of this section if the person charged with the violation, 188 within six years of the violation charged, has been convicted of 189 or pleaded guilty to any violation listed in division 190 (C)(1)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this section. 191
- (3) If the mayor of a municipal corporation, in hearing a 192 prosecution involving a violation of an ordinance of the municipal 193 corporation the mayor serves that is substantially equivalent to 194 division (A) of section 4510.14 or section 4510.16 of the Revised 195 Code or a violation of division (A) of section 4510.14 or section 196 4510.16 of the Revised Code, determines that, under division 197 (C)(2) of this section, mayors do not have jurisdiction of the 198 prosecution, the mayor immediately shall transfer the case to the 199 county court or municipal court with jurisdiction over the 200 violation in accordance with section 1905.032 of the Revised Code. 201
- (D) If the mayor of a municipal corporation has jurisdiction 202 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section to hear and determine 203 a prosecution or criminal cause involving a violation described in 204 division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, the authority of the 205 mayor to hear or determine the prosecution or cause is subject to 206 the limitation contained in division (C) of section 1905.03 of the 207 Revised Code. If the mayor of a municipal corporation has 208 jurisdiction pursuant to division (A) or (C) of this section to 209 hear and determine a prosecution or criminal cause involving a 210

Sec. 4511.204. (A) No person shall drive a motor vehicle,

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device;	271
(9) A person operating a commercial truck while using a	272
mobile data terminal that transmits and receives data;	273
(10) A person using a handheld electronic wireless	274
communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or	275
hands-free device feature or function of the vehicle.	276
(C) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no	277
law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of an automobile	278
being operated on any street or highway to stop the automobile for	279
the sole purpose of determining whether a violation of division	280
(A) of this section has been or is being committed or for the sole	281
purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons for a violation	282
of that nature or causing the arrest of or commencing a	283
prosecution of a person for a violation of that nature, and no law	284
enforcement officer shall view the interior or visually inspect	285
any automobile being operated on any street or highway for the	286
sole purpose of determining whether a violation of that nature has	287
been or is being committed.	288
(D) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	289
of a minor misdemeanor.	290
(E) This section shall not be construed as invalidating,	291
preempting, or superseding a substantially equivalent municipal	292
ordinance that prescribes penalties for violations of that	293
ordinance that are greater than the penalties prescribed in this	294
section for violations of this section.	295
(F) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not	296
preclude a prosecution for a violation of a substantially	297
equivalent municipal ordinance based on the same conduct. However,	298
if an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a violation of	299
this section and is also convicted of or pleads quilty to a	300
violation of a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance based	301

(1) A person using an electronic wireless communications	331
device for emergency purposes, including an emergency contact with	332
a law enforcement agency, hospital or health care provider, fire	333
department, or other similar emergency agency or entity;	334
(2) A person using an electronic wireless communications	335
device whose motor vehicle is in a stationary position and the	336
motor vehicle is outside a lane of travel;	337
(3) A person using a navigation device in a voice-operated or	338
hands-free manner who does not manipulate the device while	339
driving.	340
(C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this section,	341
whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined one	342
hundred fifty dollars. In addition, the court shall impose a class	343
seven suspension of the offender's driver's license or permit for	344
a definite period of sixty days.	345
(2) If the offender person previously has been convicted of	346
adjudicated a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for	347
a violation of this section, whoever violates this section shall	348
be fined three hundred dollars. In addition, the court shall	349
impose a class seven suspension of the offender's person's	350
driver's license or permit for a definite period of one year.	351
(D) The filing of a sworn complaint against a person for a	352
violation of this section does not preclude the filing of a sworn	353
complaint for a violation of a substantially equivalent municipal	354
ordinance for the same conduct. However, if a person is	355
adjudicated a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for	356
a violation of this section and is also adjudicated a delinquent	357
child or a juvenile traffic offender for a violation of a	358
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance for the same conduct,	359
the two offenses are allied offenses of similar import under	360

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section 2941.25 of the Revised Code.

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of common pleas under division (A) of this section, the mayor of	392
the municipal corporation before whom the prosecution, case,	393
cause, or proceeding was pending upon the effective date of this	394
act shall transfer to the municipal court, county court, or court	395
of common pleas the pleadings, orders, entries, dockets, bonds,	396
papers, records, books, exhibits, files, moneys, property, and	397
persons that belong to, are in the possession of, or were subject	398
to the jurisdiction of the mayor and that pertain to the	399
transferred prosecution, case, cause, or proceeding.	400