As Introduced

129th General Assembly Regular Session 2011-2012

S. B. No. 374

Senator Tavares

Cosponsors: Senators Turner, Skindell, Brown, Kearney

A BILL

То	amend sections 4112.01, 4112.02, 4112.05, 4112.08,	1
	4112.14, 4112.15, and 4112.99 of the Revised Code	2
	to restrict a person's ability to require,	3
	solicit, mail, and publicly display social	4
	security numbers.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4112.01, 4112.02, 4112.05, 4112.08,	б
4112.14, 4112.15, and 4112.99 of the Revised Code be amended to	7
read as follows:	8

Sec. 4112.01. (A) As used in this chapter: 9

(1) "Person" includes one or more individuals, partnerships, 10 associations, organizations, corporations, legal representatives, 11 trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized 12 groups of persons. "Person" also includes, but is not limited to, 13 any owner, lessor, assignor, builder, manager, broker, 14 salesperson, appraiser, agent, employee, lending institution, and 15 the state and all political subdivisions, authorities, agencies, 16 boards, and commissions of the state. 17

(2) "Employer" includes the state, any political subdivision18of the state, any person employing four or more persons within the19

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state, and any person acting directly or indirectly in the 20 interest of an employer. 21 (3) "Employee" means an individual employed by any employer 22 but does not include any individual employed in the domestic 23 service of any person. 24 25 (4) "Labor organization" includes any organization that exists, in whole or in part, for the purpose of collective 26 bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, 27 terms or conditions of employment, or other mutual aid or 28 protection in relation to employment. 29 (5) "Employment agency" includes any person regularly 30 undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure 31 opportunities to work or to procure, recruit, refer, or place 32 employees. 33 (6) "Commission" means the Ohio civil rights commission 34 created by section 4112.03 of the Revised Code. 35 (7) "Discriminate" includes segregate or separate. 36 (8) "Unlawful discriminatory practice" means any act 37 prohibited by section 4112.02, 4112.021, or 4112.022 of the 38 Revised Code. 39 (9) "Place of public accommodation" means any inn, 40 restaurant, eating house, barbershop, public conveyance by air, 41 land, or water, theater, store, other place for the sale of 42 merchandise, or any other place of public accommodation or 43 amusement of which the accommodations, advantages, facilities, or 44 privileges are available to the public. 45 (10) "Housing accommodations" includes any building or 46 structure, or portion of a building or structure, that is used or 47 occupied or is intended, arranged, or designed to be used or 48

occupied as the home residence, dwelling, dwelling unit, or

sleeping place of one or more individuals, groups, or families 50 whether or not living independently of each other; and any vacant 51 land offered for sale or lease. "Housing accommodations" also 52 includes any housing accommodations held or offered for sale or 53 rent by a real estate broker, salesperson, or agent, by any other 54 person pursuant to authorization of the owner, by the owner, or by 55 the owner's legal representative. 56

(11) "Restrictive covenant" means any specification limiting 57 the transfer, rental, lease, or other use of any housing 58 accommodations because of race, color, religion, sex, military 59 status, familial status, national origin, disability, or ancestry, 60 or any limitation based upon affiliation with or approval by any 61 person, directly or indirectly, employing race, color, religion, 62 sex, military status, familial status, national origin, 63 disability, or ancestry as a condition of affiliation or approval. 64

(12) "Burial lot" means any lot for the burial of deceased 65 persons within any public burial ground or cemetery, including, 66 but not limited to, cemeteries owned and operated by municipal 67 corporations, townships, or companies or associations incorporated 68 for cemetery purposes. 69

(13) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, including 71 the functions of caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, 72 walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and 73 working; a record of a physical or mental impairment; or being 74 regarded as having a physical or mental impairment. 75

(14) Except as otherwise provided in section 4112.021 of the 76 Revised Code, "age" means at least forty years old. 77

(15) "Familial status" means either of the following: 78

(a) One or more individuals who are under eighteen years of 79 age and who are domiciled with a parent or guardian having legal 80

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custody of the individual or domiciled, with the written 81 permission of the parent or guardian having legal custody, with a 82 designee of the parent or quardian; 83 (b) Any person who is pregnant or in the process of securing 84 legal custody of any individual who is under eighteen years of 85 age. 86 (16)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(16)(b) of this 87 section, "physical or mental impairment" includes any of the 88 following: 89 (i) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic 90 disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the 91 following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special 92 sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs; 93 cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genito-urinary; hemic and 94 lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; 95 (ii) Any mental or psychological disorder, including, but not 96 limited to, mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional 97 or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities; 98 (iii) Diseases and conditions, including, but not limited to, 99 orthopedic, visual, speech, and hearing impairments, cerebral 100 palsy, autism, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, 101 cancer, heart disease, diabetes, human immunodeficiency virus 102 infection, mental retardation, emotional illness, drug addiction, 103 and alcoholism. 104 (b) "Physical or mental impairment" does not include any of 105 the following: 106 (i) Homosexuality and bisexuality; 107 (ii) Transvestism, transsexualism, pedophilia, exhibitionism, 108 voyeurism, gender identity disorders not resulting from physical 109 impairments, or other sexual behavior disorders; 110

(iii) Compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania; 111

(iv) Psychoactive substance use disorders resulting from the
 current illegal use of a controlled substance or the current use
 of alcoholic beverages.

(17) "Dwelling unit" means a single unit of residence for a 115family of one or more persons. 116

(18) "Common use areas" means rooms, spaces, or elements 117 inside or outside a building that are made available for the use 118 of residents of the building or their guests, and includes, but is 119 not limited to, hallways, lounges, lobbies, laundry rooms, refuse 120 rooms, mail rooms, recreational areas, and passageways among and 121 between buildings. 122

(19) "Public use areas" means interior or exterior rooms or 123
spaces of a privately or publicly owned building that are made 124
available to the general public. 125

(20) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in 126
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code. 127

(21) "Disabled tenant" means a tenant or prospective tenant 128who is a person with a disability. 129

(22) "Military status" means a person's status in "service in 130the uniformed services" as defined in section 5923.05 of the 131Revised Code. 132

(23) "Aggrieved person" includes both of the following: 133

(a) Any person who claims to have been injured by any
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unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of
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section 4112.02 of the Revised Code;
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(b) Any person who believes that the person will be injured 137
by, any unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) 138
of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code that is about to occur. 139

(24) "Social security number" means three or more consecutive 140

digits of a social security number. 141 (25) "Public record" has the same meaning as in section 142 149.43 of the Revised Code. 143 (B) For the purposes of divisions (A) to (F) of section 144 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the terms "because of sex" and "on 145 the basis of sex" include, but are not limited to, because of or 146 on the basis of pregnancy, any illness arising out of and 147 occurring during the course of a pregnancy, childbirth, or related 148 medical conditions. Women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or 149 related medical conditions shall be treated the same for all 150 employment-related purposes, including receipt of benefits under 151 fringe benefit programs, as other persons not so affected but 152

similar in their ability or inability to work, and nothing in 153 division (B) of section 4111.17 of the Revised Code shall be 154 interpreted to permit otherwise. This division shall not be 155 construed to require an employer to pay for health insurance 156 benefits for abortion, except where the life of the mother would 157 be endangered if the fetus were carried to term or except where 158 medical complications have arisen from the abortion, provided that 159 nothing in this division precludes an employer from providing 160 abortion benefits or otherwise affects bargaining agreements in 161 regard to abortion. 162

sec. 4112.02. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory 163
practice: 164

(A) For any employer, because of the race, color, religion, 165
sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or 166
ancestry of any person, to discharge without just cause, to refuse 167
to hire, or otherwise to discriminate against that person with 168
respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or privileges of 169
employment, or any matter directly or indirectly related to 170
employment. 171

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(B) For an employment agency or personnel placement service, 172
because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, national 173
origin, disability, age, or ancestry, to do any of the following: 174

(1) Refuse or fail to accept, register, classify properly, or 175
refer for employment, or otherwise discriminate against any 176
person; 177

(2) Comply with a request from an employer for referral of
applicants for employment if the request directly or indirectly
indicates that the employer fails to comply with the provisions of
sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.

(C) For any labor organization to do any of the following: 182

(1) Limit or classify its membership on the basis of race,
color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,
disability, age, or ancestry;

(2) Discriminate against, limit the employment opportunities
of, or otherwise adversely affect the employment status, wages,
hours, or employment conditions of any person as an employee
because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, national
origin, disability, age, or ancestry.

(D) For any employer, labor organization, or joint
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labor-management committee controlling apprentice training
programs to discriminate against any person because of race,
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color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,
disability, or ancestry in admission to, or employment in, any
program established to provide apprentice training.

(E) Except where based on a bona fide occupational
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qualification certified in advance by the commission, for any
employer, employment agency, personnel placement service, or labor
organization, prior to employment or admission to membership, to
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do any of the following:

(1) Elicit or attempt to elicit any information concerning
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the race, color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,
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disability, age, or ancestry of an applicant for employment or
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membership;

(2) Make or keep a record of the race, color, religion, sex, 206
military status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry of 207
any applicant for employment or membership; 208

(3) Use any form of application for employment, or personnel 209 or membership blank, seeking to elicit information regarding race, 210 color, religion, sex, military status, national origin, 211 disability, age, or ancestry; but an employer holding a contract 212 containing a nondiscrimination clause with the government of the 213 United States, or any department or agency of that government, may 214 require an employee or applicant for employment to furnish 215 documentary proof of United States citizenship and may retain that 216 proof in the employer's personnel records and may use photographic 217 or fingerprint identification for security purposes; 218

(4) Print or publish or cause to be printed or published any
notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership
indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or
discrimination, based upon race, color, religion, sex, military
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry;

(5) Announce or follow a policy of denying or limiting,
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through a quota system or otherwise, employment or membership
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opportunities of any group because of the race, color, religion,
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sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or
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ancestry of that group;

(6) Utilize in the recruitment or hiring of persons any
(29) employment agency, personnel placement service, training school or
(20) center, labor organization, or any other employee-referring source
(6) Utilize in the recruitment or hiring of persons because of their race,
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color, religion, sex, military status, national origin, 233
disability, age, or ancestry. 234
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(F) For any person seeking employment to publish or cause to
be published any advertisement that specifies or in any manner
indicates that person's race, color, religion, sex, military
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry, or
expresses a limitation or preference as to the race, color,
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, age,
or ancestry of any prospective employer.

(G) For any proprietor or any employee, keeper, or manager of 242 a place of public accommodation to deny to any person, except for 243 reasons applicable alike to all persons regardless of race, color, 244 religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, 245 or ancestry, the full enjoyment of the accommodations, advantages, 246 facilities, or privileges of the place of public accommodation. 247

(H) For any person to do any of the following:

(1) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease, sublease, 249 or finance housing accommodations, refuse to negotiate for the 250 sale or rental of housing accommodations, or otherwise deny or 251 make unavailable housing accommodations because of race, color, 252 religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry, 253 disability, or national origin; 254

(2) Represent to any person that housing accommodations are
not available for inspection, sale, or rental, when in fact they
are available, because of race, color, religion, sex, military
status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin;

(3) Discriminate against any person in the making or
purchasing of loans or the provision of other financial assistance
for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair, or
maintenance of housing accommodations, or any person in the making
or purchasing of loans or the provision of other financial
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assistance that is secured by residential real estate, because of 264 race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, 265 ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of the racial 266 composition of the neighborhood in which the housing 267 accommodations are located, provided that the person, whether an 268 individual, corporation, or association of any type, lends money 269 as one of the principal aspects or incident to the person's 270 principal business and not only as a part of the purchase price of 271 an owner-occupied residence the person is selling nor merely 272 casually or occasionally to a relative or friend; 273

(4) Discriminate against any person in the terms or 274 conditions of selling, transferring, assigning, renting, leasing, 275 or subleasing any housing accommodations or in furnishing 276 facilities, services, or privileges in connection with the 277 ownership, occupancy, or use of any housing accommodations, 278 including the sale of fire, extended coverage, or homeowners 279 insurance, because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, 280 familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or 281 because of the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the 282 housing accommodations are located; 283

(5) Discriminate against any person in the terms or 284 conditions of any loan of money, whether or not secured by 285 mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, construction, 286 rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations 287 because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 288 status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of the 289 racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing 290 accommodations are located; 291

(6) Refuse to consider without prejudice the combined income
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of both husband and wife for the purpose of extending mortgage
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credit to a married couple or either member of a married couple;
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(7) Print, publish, or circulate any statement or 295

advertisement, or make or cause to be made any statement or 296 advertisement, relating to the sale, transfer, assignment, rental, 297 lease, sublease, or acquisition of any housing accommodations, or 298 relating to the loan of money, whether or not secured by mortgage 299 or otherwise, for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, 300 repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations, that indicates 301 any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based 302 upon race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, 303 ancestry, disability, or national origin, or an intention to make 304 any such preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination; 305

(8) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(8) or (17) 306 of this section, make any inquiry, elicit any information, make or 307 keep any record, or use any form of application containing 308 questions or entries concerning race, color, religion, sex, 309 military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or 310 national origin in connection with the sale or lease of any 311 housing accommodations or the loan of any money, whether or not 312 secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, 313 construction, rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing 314 accommodations. Any person may make inquiries, and make and keep 315 records, concerning race, color, religion, sex, military status, 316 familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin for the 317 purpose of monitoring compliance with this chapter. 318

(9) Include in any transfer, rental, or lease of housing
accommodations any restrictive covenant, or honor or exercise, or
attempt to honor or exercise, any restrictive covenant;
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(10) Induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a
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housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction by
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representing that a change has occurred or may occur with respect
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to the racial, religious, sexual, military status, familial
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status, or ethnic composition of the block, neighborhood, or other
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area in which the housing accommodations are located, or induce or
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solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a housing accommodations 328 listing, sale, or transaction by representing that the presence or 329 anticipated presence of persons of any race, color, religion, sex, 330 military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or 331 national origin, in the block, neighborhood, or other area will or 332 may have results including, but not limited to, the following: 333 (a) The lowering of property values; 334 (b) A change in the racial, religious, sexual, military 335 status, familial status, or ethnic composition of the block, 336 neighborhood, or other area; 337 (c) An increase in criminal or antisocial behavior in the 338 block, neighborhood, or other area; 339 (d) A decline in the quality of the schools serving the 340 block, neighborhood, or other area. 341 (11) Deny any person access to or membership or participation 342 in any multiple-listing service, real estate brokers' 343 organization, or other service, organization, or facility relating 344 to the business of selling or renting housing accommodations, or 345 discriminate against any person in the terms or conditions of that 346 access, membership, or participation, on account of race, color, 347 religion, sex, military status, familial status, national origin, 348 disability, or ancestry; 349 (12) Coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any 350 person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of that 351 person's having exercised or enjoyed or having aided or encouraged 352 any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any right 353

(13) Discourage or attempt to discourage the purchase by a 355 prospective purchaser of housing accommodations, by representing 356 that any block, neighborhood, or other area has undergone or might 357 undergo a change with respect to its religious, racial, sexual, 358

granted or protected by division (H) of this section;

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military status, familial status, or ethnic composition; 359 (14) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease, sublease, 360 or finance, or otherwise deny or withhold, a burial lot from any 361 person because of the race, color, sex, military status, familial 362 status, age, ancestry, disability, or national origin of any 363 prospective owner or user of the lot; 364 (15) Discriminate in the sale or rental of, or otherwise make 365 unavailable or deny, housing accommodations to any buyer or renter 366 because of a disability of any of the following: 367 (a) The buyer or renter; 368 (b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the 369 housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made 370 available; 371 (c) Any individual associated with the person described in 372 division (H)(15)(b) of this section. 373 (16) Discriminate in the terms, conditions, or privileges of 374 the sale or rental of housing accommodations to any person or in 375 the provision of services or facilities to any person in 376 connection with the housing accommodations because of a disability 377 of any of the following: 378 379 (a) That person; (b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the 380 housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made 381 available; 382 (c) Any individual associated with the person described in 383 division (H)(16)(b) of this section. 384 (17) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(17) of this 385 section, make an inquiry to determine whether an applicant for the 386 sale or rental of housing accommodations, a person residing in or 387

intending to reside in the housing accommodations after they are

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sold, rented, or made available, or any individual associated with 389 that person has a disability, or make an inquiry to determine the 390 nature or severity of a disability of the applicant or such a 391 person or individual. The following inquiries may be made of all 392 applicants for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, 393 regardless of whether they have disabilities: 394

(a) An inquiry into an applicant's ability to meet the395requirements of ownership or tenancy;396

(b) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is qualified 397
for housing accommodations available only to persons with 398
disabilities or persons with a particular type of disability; 399

(c) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is qualified
for a priority available to persons with disabilities or persons
with a particular type of disability;

(d) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant currently
uses a controlled substance in violation of section 2925.11 of the
Revised Code or a substantively comparable municipal ordinance;
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(e) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant at any time
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense, an element
of which is the illegal sale, offer to sell, cultivation,
manufacture, other production, shipment, transportation, delivery,
or other distribution of a controlled substance.

(18)(a) Refuse to permit, at the expense of a person with a 411 disability, reasonable modifications of existing housing 412 accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person 413 with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford 414 the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing 415 accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of 416 housing accommodations that are rented or to be rented to a 417 disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a proposed 418 modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or more of the 419 following:

(i) Providing a reasonable description of the proposed
modification and reasonable assurances that the proposed
modification will be made in a workerlike manner and that any
required building permits will be obtained prior to the
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commencement of the proposed modification;

(ii) Agreeing to restore at the end of the tenancy the
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interior of the housing accommodations to the condition they were
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in prior to the proposed modification, but subject to reasonable
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wear and tear during the period of occupancy, if it is reasonable
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for the landlord to condition permission for the proposed
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modification upon the agreement;

(iii) Paying into an interest-bearing escrow account that is 432 in the landlord's name, over a reasonable period of time, a 433 reasonable amount of money not to exceed the projected costs at 434 the end of the tenancy of the restoration of the interior of the 435 housing accommodations to the condition they were in prior to the 436 proposed modification, but subject to reasonable wear and tear 437 during the period of occupancy, if the landlord finds the account 438 reasonably necessary to ensure the availability of funds for the 439 restoration work. The interest earned in connection with an escrow 440 account described in this division shall accrue to the benefit of 441 the disabled tenant who makes payments into the account. 442

(b) A landlord shall not condition permission for a proposed
modification upon a disabled tenant's payment of a security
deposit that exceeds the customarily required security deposit of
all tenants of the particular housing accommodations.

(19) Refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules, 447 policies, practices, or services when necessary to afford a person 448 with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling 449 unit, including associated public and common use areas; 450

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(20) Fail to comply with the standards and rules adopted	451	
under division (A) of section 3781.111 of the Revised Code;	452	
(21) Discriminate against any person in the selling,	453	
brokering, or appraising of real property because of race, color,	454	
religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry,	455	
disability, or national origin;	456	
(22) Fail to design and construct covered multifamily	457	
dwellings for first occupancy on or after June 30, 1992, in	458	
accordance with the following conditions:	459	
(a) The dwellings shall have at least one building entrance	460	
on an accessible route, unless it is impractical to do so because	461	
of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the site.	462	
(b) With respect to dwellings that have a building entrance	463	
on an accessible route, all of the following apply:	464	
(i) The public use areas and common use areas of the	465	
dwellings shall be readily accessible to and usable by persons		
with a disability.	467	
(ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and within	468	
all premises shall be sufficiently wide to allow passage by	469	
persons with a disability who are in wheelchairs.	470	
(iii) All premises within covered multifamily dwelling units	471	
shall contain an accessible route into and through the dwelling;	472	
all light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other	473	
environmental controls within such units shall be in accessible	474	
locations; the bathroom walls within such units shall contain	475	
reinforcements to allow later installation of grab bars; and the	476	
kitchens and bathrooms within such units shall be designed and	477	

constructed in a manner that enables an individual in a wheelchair 478 to maneuver about such rooms. 479

For purposes of division (H)(22) of this section, "covered 480

multifamily dwellings" means buildings consisting of four or more 481
units if such buildings have one or more elevators and ground 482
floor units in other buildings consisting of four or more units. 483

(I) For any person to discriminate in any manner against any
other person because that person has opposed any unlawful
discriminatory practice defined in this section or because that
person has made a charge, testified, assisted, or participated in
any manner in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing under
sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.

(J) For any person to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce
the doing of any act declared by this section to be an unlawful
discriminatory practice, to obstruct or prevent any person from
complying with this chapter or any order issued under it, or to
attempt directly or indirectly to commit any act declared by this
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attempt directly or indirectly to commit any act declared by this
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(K)(1) For any person to do any of the following with the
 social security number of an individual residing in this state:
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(a) Place the social security number on any card, tag, badge, 498 or other device issued or used for identification or membership, 499 for the purpose of providing access to products or services, or 500 any other card, tag, badge, or device issued to an individual. As 501 used in division (K)(1)(a) of this section, "place" includes 502 printing, embedding, encoding within a magnetic strip or on a 503 chip, and any other means of affixing the social security number 504 on a card, tag, badge, or other device. 505

(b) Solicit or require the use of the social security number506as a password for computerized service, telephone customer507service, or a web site, or require that an individual provide the508individual's social security number as a condition to access509goods, services, or a web site;510

(c) Solicit or require an individual to transmit the 511

individual's social security number over the internet, unless the 512 connection is secure or the social security number is encrypted; 513 (d) Print an individual's social security number on mailing 514 material that does not require an envelope or in any other manner 515 that makes a social security number visible without the envelope 516 being opened; 517 (e) Publicly display, or otherwise make available to the 518 public, including by sale to the public, the social security 519 number of another individual. 520 (2) Nothing in division (K) of this section prohibits a 521 person from including the person's own social security number, or 522 the social security number of the individual's minor child, on 523 materials sent through the mail. Division (K) of this section does 524 not apply to the mailing of a public record that contains a social 525 security number. Division (K) of this section does not prevent the 526 collection, use, or release of a social security number as 527 required by state or federal law or the use of a social security 528 number for internal verification or administrative purposes. 529 (L)(1) Nothing in division (H) of this section shall bar any 530 religious or denominational institution or organization, or any 531 nonprofit charitable or educational organization that is operated, 532 supervised, or controlled by or in connection with a religious 533 organization, from limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of 534 housing accommodations that it owns or operates for other than a 535 commercial purpose to persons of the same religion, or from giving 536 preference in the sale, rental, or occupancy of such housing 537 accommodations to persons of the same religion, unless membership 538 in the religion is restricted on account of race, color, or 539 national origin. 540

(2) Nothing in division (H) of this section shall bar anybona fide private or fraternal organization that, incidental to542

its primary purpose, owns or operates lodgings for other than a 543 commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of the 544 lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members. 545

(3) Nothing in division (H) of this section limits the 546 applicability of any reasonable local, state, or federal 547 restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted 548 to occupy housing accommodations. Nothing in that division 549 prohibits the owners or managers of housing accommodations from 550 implementing reasonable occupancy standards based on the number 551 and size of sleeping areas or bedrooms and the overall size of a 552 dwelling unit, provided that the standards are not implemented to 553 circumvent the purposes of this chapter and are formulated, 554 implemented, and interpreted in a manner consistent with this 555 chapter and any applicable local, state, or federal restrictions 556 regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy 557 housing accommodations. 558

(4) Nothing in division (H) of this section requires that
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(5) boundary accommodations be made available to an individual whose
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(4) Nothing in division (H) of this section requires that
(5) boundary accommodations be made available to an individual whose
(5) tenancy would constitute a direct threat to the health or safety
(6) other individuals or whose tenancy would result in substantial
(6) boundary accommodation (H) of the property of others.

(5) Nothing in division (H) of this section pertaining to
discrimination on the basis of familial status shall be construed
to apply to any of the following:

(a) Housing accommodations provided under any state or
federal program that have been determined under the "Fair Housing
Amendments Act of 1988," 102 Stat. 1623, 42 U.S.C.A. 3607, as
amended, to be specifically designed and operated to assist
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elderly persons;

(b) Housing accommodations intended for and solely occupied 572by persons who are sixty-two years of age or older; 573

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(c) Housing accommodations intended and operated for
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occupancy by at least one person who is fifty-five years of age or
older per unit, as determined under the "Fair Housing Amendments
576
Act of 1988," 102 Stat. 1623, 42 U.S.C.A. 3607, as amended.
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(L) (M) Nothing in divisions (A) to (E) of this section shall 578 be construed to require a person with a disability to be employed 579 or trained under circumstances that would significantly increase 580 the occupational hazards affecting either the person with a 581 disability, other employees, the general public, or the facilities 582 in which the work is to be performed, or to require the employment 583 or training of a person with a disability in a job that requires 584 the person with a disability routinely to undertake any task, the 585 performance of which is substantially and inherently impaired by 586 the person's disability. 587

 $(\underline{M})(\underline{N})$ Nothing in divisions (H)(1) to (18) of this section 588 shall be construed to require any person selling or renting 589 property to modify the property in any way or to exercise a higher 590 degree of care for a person with a disability, to relieve any 591 person with a disability of any obligation generally imposed on 592 all persons regardless of disability in a written lease, rental 593 agreement, or contract of purchase or sale, or to forbid 594 distinctions based on the inability to fulfill the terms and 595 conditions, including financial obligations, of the lease, 596 agreement, or contract. 597

(N)(0) An aggrieved individual may enforce the individual's 598
rights relative to discrimination on the basis of age as provided 599
for in this section by instituting a civil action, within one 600
hundred eighty days after the alleged unlawful discriminatory 601
practice occurred, in any court with jurisdiction for any legal or 602
equitable relief that will effectuate the individual's rights. 603

A person who files a civil action under this division is 604 barred, with respect to the practices complained of, from 605

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instituting a civil action under section 4112.14 of the Revised 606 Code and from filing a charge with the commission under section 607 4112.05 of the Revised Code. 608

(0)(P) With regard to age, it shall not be an unlawful 609 discriminatory practice and it shall not constitute a violation of 610 division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised Code for any 611 employer, employment agency, joint labor-management committee 612 controlling apprenticeship training programs, or labor 613 organization to do any of the following: 614

(1) Establish bona fide employment qualifications reasonably
 related to the particular business or occupation that may include
 standards for skill, aptitude, physical capability, intelligence,
 education, maturation, and experience;

(2) Observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or any 619 bona fide employee benefit plan, including, but not limited to, a 620 retirement, pension, or insurance plan, that is not a subterfuge 621 to evade the purposes of this section. However, no such employee 622 benefit plan shall excuse the failure to hire any individual, and 623 no such seniority system or employee benefit plan shall require or 624 permit the involuntary retirement of any individual, because of 625 the individual's age except as provided for in the "Age 626 Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of 1978," 92 Stat. 189, 627 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended by the "Age Discrimination in 628 Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 629 623, as amended. 630

(3) Retire an employee who has attained sixty-five years of
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age who, for the two-year period immediately before retirement, is
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employed in a bona fide executive or a high policymaking position,
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if the employee is entitled to an immediate nonforfeitable annual
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retirement benefit from a pension, profit-sharing, savings, or
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deferred compensation plan, or any combination of those plans, of
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the employee of the employee, which equals, in the aggregate, at

least forty-four thousand dollars, in accordance with the 638 conditions of the "Age Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment 639 of 1978," 92 Stat. 189, 29 U.S.C.A. 631, as amended by the "Age 640 Discrimination in Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 641 3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 631, as amended; 642

(4) Observe the terms of any bona fide apprenticeship program
if the program is registered with the Ohio apprenticeship council
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pursuant to sections 4139.01 to 4139.06 of the Revised Code and is
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approved by the federal committee on apprenticeship of the United
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States department of labor.

(P)(Q) Nothing in this chapter prohibiting age discrimination 648
and nothing in division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised Code 649
shall be construed to prohibit the following: 650

(1) The designation of uniform age the attainment of which is
necessary for public employees to receive pension or other
retirement benefits pursuant to Chapter 145., 742., 3307., 3309.,
or 5505. of the Revised Code;

(2) The mandatory retirement of uniformed patrol officers of
 the state highway patrol as provided in section 5505.16 of the
 Revised Code;
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(3) The maximum age requirements for appointment as a patrol
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 officer in the state highway patrol established by section 5503.01
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 of the Revised Code;
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(4) The maximum age requirements established for original
appointment to a police department or fire department in sections
124.41 and 124.42 of the Revised Code;
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(5) Any maximum age not in conflict with federal law that may
be established by a municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or
resolution of a board of township trustees for original
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appointment as a police officer or firefighter;
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(6) Any mandatory retirement provision not in conflict with
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federal law of a municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or
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resolution of a board of township trustees pertaining to police
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officers and firefighters;
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(7) Until January 1, 1994, the mandatory retirement of any
employee who has attained seventy years of age and who is serving
under a contract of unlimited tenure, or similar arrangement
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providing for unlimited tenure, at an institution of higher
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education as defined in the "Education Amendments of 1980," 94
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Stat. 1503, 20 U.S.C.A. 1141(a).

 $\frac{(Q)(R)}{(R)}$ (1)(a) Except as provided in division $\frac{(Q)(R)}{(R)}$ (1)(b) of 678 this section, for purposes of divisions (A) to (E) of this 679 section, a disability does not include any physiological disorder 680 or condition, mental or psychological disorder, or disease or 681 condition caused by an illegal use of any controlled substance by 682 an employee, applicant, or other person, if an employer, 683 employment agency, personnel placement service, labor 684 organization, or joint labor-management committee acts on the 685 basis of that illegal use. 686

(b) Division (Q)(R)(1)(a) of this section does not apply to
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 an employee, applicant, or other person who satisfies any of the
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 following:
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(i) The employee, applicant, or other person has successfully
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completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program and no longer
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is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled substance, or the
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employee, applicant, or other person otherwise successfully has
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been rehabilitated and no longer is engaging in that illegal use.

(ii) The employee, applicant, or other person is
participating in a supervised drug rehabilitation program and no
longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled substance.
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(iii) The employee, applicant, or other person is erroneously 698

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regarded as engaging in the illegal use of any controlled 699 substance, but the employee, applicant, or other person is not 700 engaging in that illegal use. 701

(2) Divisions (A) to (E) of this section do not prohibit an
 mployer, employment agency, personnel placement service, labor
 organization, or joint labor-management committee from doing any
 of the following:

(a) Adopting or administering reasonable policies or 706 procedures, including, but not limited to, testing for the illegal 707 use of any controlled substance, that are designed to ensure that 708 an individual described in division $\frac{(Q)(R)}{(R)}(1)(b)(i)$ or (ii) of 709 this section no longer is engaging in the illegal use of any 710 controlled substance; 711

(b) Prohibiting the illegal use of controlled substances and712the use of alcohol at the workplace by all employees;713

(c) Requiring that employees not be under the influence of 714
alcohol or not be engaged in the illegal use of any controlled 715
substance at the workplace; 716

(d) Requiring that employees behave in conformance with the
requirements established under "The Drug-Free Workplace Act of
1988," 102 Stat. 4304, 41 U.S.C.A. 701, as amended;
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(e) Holding an employee who engages in the illegal use of any 720 controlled substance or who is an alcoholic to the same 721 qualification standards for employment or job performance, and the 722 same behavior, to which the employer, employment agency, personnel 723 placement service, labor organization, or joint labor-management 724 committee holds other employees, even if any unsatisfactory 725 performance or behavior is related to an employee's illegal use of 726 a controlled substance or alcoholism; 727

(f) Exercising other authority recognized in the "Americans 728 with Disabilities Act of 1990," 104 Stat. 327, 42 U.S.C.A. 12101, 729

as amended, including, but not limited to, requiring employees to 730 comply with any applicable federal standards. 731

(3) For purposes of this chapter, a test to determine the
 illegal use of any controlled substance does not include a medical
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 examination.

(4) Division (Q)(R) of this section does not encourage, 735
prohibit, or authorize, and shall not be construed as encouraging, 736
prohibiting, or authorizing, the conduct of testing for the 737
illegal use of any controlled substance by employees, applicants, 738
or other persons, or the making of employment decisions based on 739
the results of that type of testing. 740

Sec. 4112.05. (A) The commission, as provided in this 741 section, shall prevent any person from engaging in unlawful 742 discriminatory practices, provided that, before instituting the 743 formal hearing authorized by division (B) of this section, it 744 shall attempt, by informal methods of conference, conciliation, 745 and persuasion, to induce compliance with this chapter. 746

(B)(1) Any person may file a charge with the commission 747 alleging that another person has engaged or is engaging in an 748 unlawful discriminatory practice. In the case of a charge alleging 749 an unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (A), 750 (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (I), or (J), <u>or (K)</u> of section 751 4112.02 or in section 4112.021 or 4112.022 of the Revised Code, 752 the charge shall be in writing and under oath and shall be filed 753 with the commission within six months after the alleged unlawful 754 discriminatory practice was committed. In the case of a charge 755 alleging an unlawful discriminatory practice described in division 756 (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the charge shall be in 757 writing and under oath and shall be filed with the commission 758 within one year after the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice 759 was committed. 760

(2) Upon receiving a charge, the commission may initiate a 761 preliminary investigation to determine whether it is probable that 762 an unlawful discriminatory practice has been or is being engaged 763 in. The commission also may conduct, upon its own initiative and 764 independent of the filing of any charges, a preliminary 765 investigation relating to any of the unlawful discriminatory 766 practices described in division (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), (I), 767 or (J), or (K) of section 4112.02 or in section 4112.021 or 768 4112.022 of the Revised Code. Prior to a notification of a 769 complainant under division (B)(4) of this section or prior to the 770 commencement of informal methods of conference, conciliation, and 771 persuasion under that division, the members of the commission and 772 the officers and employees of the commission shall not make public 773 in any manner and shall retain as confidential all information 774 that was obtained as a result of or that otherwise pertains to a 775 preliminary investigation other than one described in division 776 (B)(3) of this section. 777

(3)(a) Unless it is impracticable to do so and subject to its 778 authority under division (B)(3)(d) of this section, the commission 779 shall complete a preliminary investigation of a charge filed 780 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section that alleges an 781 unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of 782 section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, and shall take one of the 783 following actions, within one hundred days after the filing of the 784 charge: 785

(i) Notify the complainant and the respondent that it is not 786
probable that an unlawful discriminatory practice described in 787
division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code has been or is 788
being engaged in and that the commission will not issue a 789
complaint in the matter; 790

(ii) Initiate a complaint and schedule it for informal 791methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion; 792

(iii) Initiate a complaint and refer it to the attorney 793 general with a recommendation to seek a temporary or permanent 794 injunction or a temporary restraining order. If this action is 795 taken, the attorney general shall apply, as expeditiously as 796 possible after receipt of the complaint, to the court of common 797 pleas of the county in which the unlawful discriminatory practice 798 allegedly occurred for the appropriate injunction or order, and 799 the court shall hear and determine the application as 800 expeditiously as possible. 801

(b) If it is not practicable to comply with the requirements
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of division (B)(3)(a) of this section within the one-hundred-day
period described in that division, the commission shall notify the
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complainant and the respondent in writing of the reasons for the
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noncompliance.

(c) Prior to the issuance of a complaint under division 807 (B)(3)(a)(ii) or (iii) of this section or prior to a notification 808 of the complainant and the respondent under division (B)(3)(a)(i) 809 of this section, the members of the commission and the officers 810 and employees of the commission shall not make public in any 811 manner and shall retain as confidential all information that was 812 obtained as a result of or that otherwise pertains to a 813 preliminary investigation of a charge filed pursuant to division 814 (B)(1) of this section that alleges an unlawful discriminatory 815 practice described in division (H) of section 4112.05 of the 816 Revised Code. 817

(d) Notwithstanding the types of action described in
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divisions (B)(3)(a)(ii) and (iii) of this section, prior to the
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issuance of a complaint or the referral of a complaint to the
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attorney general and prior to endeavoring to eliminate an unlawful
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discriminatory practice described in division (H) of section
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4112.02 of the Revised Code by informal methods of conference,
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conciliation, and persuasion, the commission may seek a temporary
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or permanent injunction or a temporary restraining order in the 825 court of common pleas of the county in which the unlawful 826 discriminatory practice allegedly occurred. 827

(4) If the commission determines after a preliminary 828 investigation other than one described in division (B)(3) of this 829 section that it is not probable that an unlawful discriminatory 830 practice has been or is being engaged in, it shall notify any 831 complainant under division (B)(1) of this section that it has so 832 determined and that it will not issue a complaint in the matter. 833 If the commission determines after a preliminary investigation 834 other than the one described in division (B)(3) of this section 835 that it is probable that an unlawful discriminatory practice has 836 been or is being engaged in, it shall endeavor to eliminate the 837 practice by informal methods of conference, conciliation, and 838 persuasion. 839

(5) Nothing said or done during informal methods of 840 conference, conciliation, and persuasion under this section shall 841 be disclosed by any member of the commission or its staff or be 842 used as evidence in any subsequent hearing or other proceeding. 843 If, after a preliminary investigation and the use of informal 844 methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion under this 845 section, the commission is satisfied that any unlawful 846 discriminatory practice will be eliminated, it may treat the 847 charge involved as being conciliated and enter that disposition on 848 the records of the commission. If the commission fails to effect 849 the elimination of an unlawful discriminatory practice by informal 850 methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion under this 851 section and to obtain voluntary compliance with this chapter, the 852 commission shall issue and cause to be served upon any person, 853 including the respondent against whom a complainant has filed a 854 charge pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, a complaint 855 stating the charges involved and containing a notice of an 856

opportunity for a hearing before the commission, a member of the 857 commission, or a hearing examiner at a place that is stated in the 858 notice and that is located within the county in which the alleged 859 unlawful discriminatory practice has occurred or is occurring or 860 in which the respondent resides or transacts business. The hearing 861 shall be held not less than thirty days after the service of the 862 complaint upon the complainant, the aggrieved persons other than 863 the complainant on whose behalf the complaint is issued, and the 864 respondent, unless the complainant, an aggrieved person, or the 865 respondent elects to proceed under division (A)(2) of section 866 4112.051 of the Revised Code when that division is applicable. If 867 a complaint pertains to an alleged unlawful discriminatory 868 practice described in division (H) of section 4112.02 of the 869 Revised Code, the complaint shall notify the complainant, an 870 aggrieved person, and the respondent of the right of the 871 complainant, an aggrieved person, or the respondent to elect to 872 proceed with the administrative hearing process under this section 873 or to proceed under division (A)(2) of section 4112.051 of the 874 Revised Code. 875

(6) The attorney general shall represent the commission at
any hearing held pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section and
shall present the evidence in support of the complaint.
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(7) Any complaint issued pursuant to division (B)(5) of this
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section after the filing of a charge under division (B)(1) of this
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section shall be so issued within one year after the complainant
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filed the charge with respect to an alleged unlawful
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discriminatory practice.

(C) Any complaint issued pursuant to division (B) of this
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section may be amended by the commission, a member of the
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commission, or the hearing examiner conducting a hearing under
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division (B) of this section, at any time prior to or during the
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hearing. The respondent has the right to file an answer or an

amended answer to the original and amended complaints and to 889 appear at the hearing in person, by attorney, or otherwise to 890 examine and cross-examine witnesses. 891

(D) The complainant shall be a party to a hearing under 892 division (B) of this section, and any person who is an 893 indispensable party to a complete determination or settlement of a 894 895 question involved in the hearing shall be joined. Any aggrieved person who has or claims an interest in the subject of the hearing 896 and in obtaining or preventing relief against the unlawful 897 discriminatory practices complained of shall be permitted to 898 appear only for the presentation of oral or written arguments, to 899 present evidence, perform direct and cross-examination, and be 900 represented by counsel. The commission shall adopt rules, in 901 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing the 902 authority granted under this division. 903

(E) In any hearing under division (B) of this section, the 904 commission, a member of the commission, or the hearing examiner 905 shall not be bound by the Rules of Evidence but, in ascertaining 906 the practices followed by the respondent, shall take into account 907 all reliable, probative, and substantial statistical or other 908 evidence produced at the hearing that may tend to prove the 909 existence of a predetermined pattern of employment or membership, 910 provided that nothing contained in this section shall be construed 911 to authorize or require any person to observe the proportion that 912 persons of any race, color, religion, sex, military status, 913 familial status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry 914 bear to the total population or in accordance with any criterion 915 other than the individual qualifications of the applicant. 916

(F) The testimony taken at a hearing under division (B) of
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this section shall be under oath and shall be reduced to writing
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and filed with the commission. Thereafter, in its discretion, the
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commission, upon the service of a notice upon the complainant and
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the respondent that indicates an opportunity to be present, may 921 take further testimony or hear argument. 922

(G)(1) If, upon all reliable, probative, and substantial 923 evidence presented at a hearing under division (B) of this 924 section, the commission determines that the respondent has engaged 925 in, or is engaging in, any unlawful discriminatory practice, 926 whether against the complainant or others, the commission shall 927 state its findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue 928 and, subject to the provisions of Chapter 119. of the Revised 929 Code, cause to be served on the respondent an order requiring the 930 respondent to cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory 931 practice, requiring the respondent to take any further affirmative 932 or other action that will effectuate the purposes of this chapter, 933 including, but not limited to, hiring, reinstatement, or upgrading 934 of employees with or without back pay, or admission or restoration 935 to union membership, and requiring the respondent to report to the 936 commission the manner of compliance. If the commission directs 937 payment of back pay, it shall make allowance for interim earnings. 938 If it finds a violation of division (K) of section 4112.02 of the 939 Revised Code, the commission additionally shall require the 940 respondent to pay the fine required under division (B) of section 941 4112.99 of the Revised Code. If it finds a violation of division 942 (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the commission 943 additionally shall require the respondent to pay actual damages 944 and reasonable attorney's fees, and may award to the complainant 945 punitive damages as follows: 946

(a) If division (G)(1)(b) or (c) of this section does not 947
apply, punitive damages in an amount not to exceed ten thousand 948
dollars; 949

(b) If division (G)(1)(c) of this section does not apply and
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if the respondent has been determined by a final order of the
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commission or by a final judgment of a court to have committed one
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violation of division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code 953 during the five-year period immediately preceding the date on 954 which a complaint was issued pursuant to division (B) of this 955 section, punitive damages in an amount not to exceed twenty-five 956 thousand dollars; 957

(c) If the respondent has been determined by a final order of 958 the commission or by a final judgment of a court to have committed 959 two or more violations of division (H) of section 4112.02 of the 960 Revised Code during the seven-year period immediately preceding 961 the date on which a complaint was issued pursuant to division (B) 962 of this section, punitive damages in an amount not to exceed fifty 963 thousand dollars. 964

(2) Upon the submission of reports of compliance, the
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 commission may issue a declaratory order stating that the
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 respondent has ceased to engage in particular unlawful
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 discriminatory practices.
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(H) If the commission finds that no probable cause exists for 969 crediting charges of unlawful discriminatory practices or if, upon 970 all the evidence presented at a hearing under division (B) of this 971 section on a charge, the commission finds that a respondent has 972 not engaged in any unlawful discriminatory practice against the 973 complainant or others, it shall state its findings of fact and 974 shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant an order 975 dismissing the complaint as to the respondent. A copy of the order 976 shall be delivered in all cases to the attorney general and any 977 other public officers whom the commission considers proper. 978

(I) Until the time period for appeal set forth in division
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(H) of section 4112.06 of the Revised Code expires, the
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commission, subject to the provisions of Chapter 119. of the
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Revised Code, at any time, upon reasonable notice, and in the
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manner it considers proper, may modify or set aside, in whole or
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in part, any finding or order made by it under this section.

Sec. 4112.08. This chapter shall be construed liberally for 985 the accomplishment of its purposes, and any law inconsistent with 986 any provision of this chapter shall not apply. Nothing contained 987 in this chapter shall be considered to repeal any of the 988 provisions of any law of this state relating to discrimination 989 because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 990 status, disability, national origin, age, or ancestry, except that 991 any person filing a charge under division (B)(1) of section 992 4112.05 of the Revised Code, with respect to the unlawful 993 discriminatory practices complained of, is barred from instituting 994 a civil action under section 4112.14 or division (N)(O) of section 995 4112.02 of the Revised Code. 996

Sec. 4112.14. (A) No employer shall discriminate in any job 997 opening against any applicant or discharge without just cause any 998 employee aged forty or older who is physically able to perform the 999 duties and otherwise meets the established requirements of the job 1000 and laws pertaining to the relationship between employer and 1001 employee. 1002

(B) Any person aged forty or older who is discriminated 1003 against in any job opening or discharged without just cause by an 1004 employer in violation of division (A) of this section may 1005 institute a civil action against the employer in a court of 1006 competent jurisdiction. If the court finds that an employer has 1007 discriminated on the basis of age, the court shall order an 1008 appropriate remedy which shall include reimbursement to the 1009 applicant or employee for the costs, including reasonable 1010 attorney's fees, of the action, or to reinstate the employee in 1011 the employee's former position with compensation for lost wages 1012 and any lost fringe benefits from the date of the illegal 1013 discharge and to reimburse the employee for the costs, including 1014 reasonable attorney's fees, of the action. The remedies available 1015

under this section are coexistent with remedies available pursuant1016to sections 4112.01 to 4112.11 of the Revised Code; except that1017any person instituting a civil action under this section is, with1018respect to the practices complained of, thereby barred from1019instituting a civil action under division (N)(O) of section10204112.02 of the Revised Code or from filing a charge with the Ohio1021civil rights commission under section 4112.05 of the Revised Code.1022

(C) The cause of action described in division (B) of this 1023 section and any remedies available pursuant to sections 4112.01 to 1024 4112.11 of the Revised Code shall not be available in the case of 1025 discharges where the employee has available to the employee the 1026 opportunity to arbitrate the discharge or where a discharge has 1027 been arbitrated and has been found to be for just cause.

Sec. 4112.15. There is hereby created in the state treasury 1029 the civil rights commission general reimbursement fund, which 1030 shall be used to pay operating costs of the commission. All 1031 amounts received by the commission, and all amounts awarded by a 1032 court to the commission, for attorney's fees, court costs, expert 1033 witness fees, and other litigation expenses shall be paid into the 1034 state treasury to the credit of the fund. All amounts received by 1035 the commission for copies of commission documents and for other 1036 goods and services furnished by the commission shall be paid into 1037 the state treasury to the credit of the fund. All the collected 1038 fines charged under division (B) of section 4112.99 of the Revised 1039 Code shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the 1040 fund. 1041

Sec. 4112.99. (A)Whoever violates this chapter is subject to1042a civil action for damages, injunctive relief, or any other1043appropriate relief.1044

(B) In addition to any damages and relief that may be 1045

available in division (A) of this section, whoever violates	1046
division (K) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code shall be fined	1047
not more than one thousand dollars for the first violation of that	1048
division, and not more than two thousand dollars for each	1049
subsequent violation.	
Section 2. That existing sections 4112.01, 4112.02, 4112.05,	1051

4112.08, 4112.14, 4112.15, and 4112.99 of the Revised Code are 1052 hereby repealed. 1053