## **As Introduced**

## 129th General Assembly Regular Session 2011-2012

S. B. No. 58

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## **Senator Tavares**

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## A BILL

To amend sections 5733.98 and 5747.98 and to enact

sections 5733.421 and 5747.391 of the Revised Code

to create a tax credit for the employment of	3
individuals who have been convicted of felonies.	4
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
Section 1. That sections 5733.98 and 5747.98 be amended and	5
sections 5733.421 and 5747.391 of the Revised Code be enacted to	6
read as follows:	7
Sec. 5733.421. (A) As used in this section:	8
(1) "Qualified reforming felon" means an individual who:	9
(a) Has been convicted of a felony under any statute of the	10
<u>United States or any state;</u>	11
(b) Was hired by a taxpayer within one year after the	12
conviction or, if sentenced to a term of incarceration, was hired	13
within one year after being released from incarceration; and	14
(c) Is a member of a family that, in the six months	15
immediately preceding the date of hiring, had an income that, on	16
an annual basis, would be seventy per cent or less of the most	17
recent lower living standard calculated by the federal bureau of	18
labor statistics	19

(2) "Family" means an individual, an individual's spouse, and	20
children.	21
(3) "Wages" has the same meaning as in section 3306 of the	22
<u>Internal Revenue Code.</u>	23
(B)(1) Beginning in tax year 2011, a nonrefundable credit is	24
allowed against the tax imposed by section 5733.06 of the Revised	25
Code for the wages paid by a taxpayer to a qualified reforming	26
felon who works at least one hundred twenty hours for the taxpayer	27
during the taxpayer's taxable year. The amount of the credit shall	28
<pre>be calculated as follows:</pre>	29
(a) For each qualified reforming felon who works at least	30
four hundred hours during the taxable year, the credit equals	31
forty per cent of the wages paid to the qualified reforming felon,	32
but shall not exceed two thousand four hundred dollars per	33
qualified reforming felon.	34
(b) For each qualified reforming felon who works less than	35
four hundred hours but at least one hundred twenty hours during	36
the taxable year, the credit equals twenty-five per cent of the	37
wages paid to the qualified reforming felon, but shall not exceed	38
one thousand five hundred dollars per qualified reforming felon.	39
The credit shall be claimed in the order required under	40
section 5733.98 of the Revised Code. The credit, to the extent it	41
exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year after	42
allowance for any other credits that precede the credit under that	43
section in that order, may be carried forward for the next five	44
succeeding tax years, but the amount of any excess credit allowed	45
in any such year shall be deducted from the balance carried	46
forward to the succeeding year.	47
(2) A taxpayer who received federally funded payments for	48
on-the-job training of a qualified reforming felon may not claim	49
the gradit allowed under this section for any portion of the wages	5.0

paid to that qualified reforming felon.	51
(3) A taxpayer may not claim the credit allowed under this	52
section for any portion of the wages paid to a qualified reforming	53
felon for services that were the same as, or substantially similar	54
to, services that, but for a strike or lockout, would have been	55
performed by another employee.	56
(4) If a qualified reforming felon's employment is terminated	57
during the taxable year and the qualified reforming felon was	58
employed by the taxpayer for less than twelve months, the taxpayer	59
may not claim the full amount of the credit allowed under this	60
section unless the qualified reforming felon voluntarily	61
terminated employment; was unable to continue employment due to a	62
disability or death; or was terminated for cause. If a qualified	63
reforming felon's employment is terminated for any other reason,	64
the amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled under	65
this section is reduced by a percentage equal to the percentage of	66
the taxable year that the qualified reforming felon was not	67
<pre>employed by the taxpayer.</pre>	68
(C) All files, statements, returns, reports, papers, or	69
documents of any kind relating to qualified reforming felons or	70
their families are not public records under section 149.43 of the	71
Revised Code.	72
Sec. 5733.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for	73
calculating the amount of tax imposed by section 5733.06 of the	74
Revised Code that is due under this chapter, a taxpayer shall	75
claim any credits to which it is entitled in the following order,	76
except as otherwise provided in section 5733.058 of the Revised	77
Code:	78
(1) For tax year 2005, the credit for taxes paid by a	79
qualifying pass-through entity allowed under section 5733.0611 of	80
the Revised Code;	81
	0.1

(2) The credit allowed for financial institutions under section 5733.45 of the Revised Code;	82 83
(3) The credit for qualifying affiliated groups under section 5733.068 of the Revised Code;	84 85
(4) The subsidiary corporation credit under section 5733.067 of the Revised Code;	86 87
(5) The savings and loan assessment credit under section 5733.063 of the Revised Code;	88 89
(6) The credit for recycling and litter prevention donations under section 5733.064 of the Revised Code;	90 91
(7) The credit for employers that enter into agreements with child day-care centers under section 5733.36 of the Revised Code;	92 93
(8) The credit for employers that reimburse employee child care expenses under section 5733.38 of the Revised Code;	94 95
(9) The credit for maintaining railroad active grade crossing warning devices under section 5733.43 of the Revised Code;	96 97
(10) The credit for purchases of lights and reflectors under section 5733.44 of the Revised Code;	98 99
(11) The job retention credit under division (B) of section 5733.0610 of the Revised Code;	100 101
(12) The credit for tax years 2008 and 2009 for selling alternative fuel under section 5733.48 of the Revised Code;	102 103
(13) The second credit for purchases of new manufacturing machinery and equipment under section 5733.33 of the Revised Code;	104 105
(14) The job training credit under section 5733.42 of the Revised Code;	106 107
(15) The credit for qualified research expenses under section 5733.351 of the Revised Code;	108 109
(16) The enterprise zone credit under section 5709.66 of the	110

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Revised Code;	111
(17) The credit for the eligible costs associated with a	112
voluntary action under section 5733.34 of the Revised Code;	113
(18) The credit for employers that establish on-site child	114
day-care centers under section 5733.37 of the Revised Code;	115
(19) The ethanol plant investment credit under section	116
5733.46 of the Revised Code;	117
(20) The credit for employers that employ qualified reforming	118
felons under section 5733.421 of the Revised Code;	119
(21) The credit for purchases of qualifying grape production	120
property under section 5733.32 of the Revised Code;	121
$\frac{(21)}{(22)}$ The export sales credit under section 5733.069 of	122
the Revised Code;	123
$\frac{(22)(23)}{(23)}$ The credit for research and development and	124
technology transfer investors under section 5733.35 of the Revised	125
Code;	126
$\frac{(23)}{(24)}$ The enterprise zone credits under section 5709.65 of	127
the Revised Code;	128
$\frac{(24)(25)}{(25)}$ The credit for using Ohio coal under section 5733.39	129
of the Revised Code;	130
(25)(26) The credit for purchases of qualified low-income	131
community investments under section 5733.58 of the Revised Code;	132
$\frac{(26)}{(27)}$ The credit for small telephone companies under	133
section 5733.57 of the Revised Code;	134
$\frac{(27)}{(28)}$ The credit for eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges	135
under section 5733.55 of the Revised Code;	136
$\frac{(28)(29)}{(29)}$ For tax year 2005, the credit for providing programs	137
to aid the communicatively impaired under division (A) of section	138
5733.56 of the Revised Code;	139

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$\frac{(29)(30)}{(30)}$ The research and development credit under section	140
5733.352 of the Revised Code;	141
(30)(31) For tax years 2006 and subsequent tax years, the	142
credit for taxes paid by a qualifying pass-through entity allowed	143
under section 5733.0611 of the Revised Code;	144
$\frac{(31)(32)}{(32)}$ The refundable credit for rehabilitating a historic	145
building under section 5733.47 of the Revised Code;	146
$\frac{(32)(33)}{(33)}$ The refundable jobs creation credit under division	147
(A) of section 5733.0610 of the Revised Code;	148
$\frac{(33)(34)}{(34)}$ The refundable credit for tax withheld under	149
division (B)(2) of section 5747.062 of the Revised Code;	150
$\frac{(34)(35)}{(35)}$ The refundable credit under section 5733.49 of the	151
Revised Code for losses on loans made to the Ohio venture capital	152
program under sections 150.01 to 150.10 of the Revised Code;	153
(35)(36) For tax years 2006, 2007, and 2008, the refundable	154
credit allowable under division (B) of section 5733.56 of the	155
Revised Code;	156
$\frac{(36)(37)}{(37)}$ The refundable motion picture production credit	157
under section 5733.59 of the Revised Code.	158
(B) For any credit except the credits enumerated in divisions	159
(A) $\frac{(31)(32)}{(32)}$ to $\frac{(36)(37)}{(37)}$ of this section, the amount of the credit	160
for a tax year shall not exceed the tax due after allowing for any	161
other credit that precedes it in the order required under this	162
section. Any excess amount of a particular credit may be carried	163
forward if authorized under the section creating that credit.	164
Sec. 5747.391. (A) As used in this section:	165
(1) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in section	166
5733.04 of the Revised Code and includes a sole proprietorship.	167
(2) "Qualified reforming felon" means an individual who:	168

(a) Has been convicted of a felony under any statute of the	169
United States or any state;	170
(b) Was hired by a pass-through entity within one year after	171
the conviction or, if sentenced to a term of incarceration, was	172
hired within one year after being released from incarceration; and	173
(c) Is a member of a family that, in the six months	174
immediately preceding the date of hiring, had an income that, on	175
an annual basis, would be seventy per cent or less of the most	176
recent lower living standard calculated by the federal bureau of	177
labor statistics.	178
(3) "Family" means an individual, an individual's spouse, and	179
children.	180
(4) "Wages" has the same meaning as in section 3306 of the	181
<u>Internal Revenue Code.</u>	182
(B)(1) For taxable years beginning in 2011 or thereafter, a	183
nonrefundable credit is allowed against the tax imposed by section	184
5747.02 of the Revised Code for the wages paid by a pass-through	185
entity to a qualified reforming felon who works at least one	186
hundred twenty hours for the pass-through entity during the	187
entity's taxable year ending in or with the taxpayer's taxable	188
year. The amount of the credit shall be calculated as follows:	189
(a) For each qualified reforming felon who works at least	190
four hundred hours during the entity's taxable year, the credit	191
equals forty per cent of the wages paid to the qualified reforming	192
felon, but shall not exceed two thousand four hundred dollars per	193
qualified reforming felon.	194
(b) For each qualified reforming felon who works less than	195
four hundred hours but at least one hundred twenty hours during	196
the entity's taxable year, the credit equals twenty-five per cent	197
of the wages paid to the qualified reforming felon, but shall not	198
exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per qualified reforming	199

felon.	200
The amount of a taxpayer's credit is the taxpayer's	201
proportionate share of the credit distributed by the pass-through	202
entity. The credit shall be claimed in the order required under	203
section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. The credit, to the extent it	204
exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year after	205
allowance for any other credits that precede the credit under that	206
section in that order, may be carried forward for the next five	207
succeeding taxable years, but the amount of any excess credit	208
allowed in any such year shall be deducted from the balance	209
carried forward to the succeeding year.	210
(2) A taxpayer may not claim the credit allowed under this	211
section for any portion of the wages paid to a qualified reforming	212
felon for whom the pass-through entity received federally funded	213
payments for on-the-job training.	214
(3) A taxpayer may not claim the credit allowed under this	215
section for any portion of the wages paid to a qualified reforming	216
felon for services that were the same as, or substantially similar	217
to, services that, but for a strike or lockout, would have been	218
performed by another employee.	219
(4) If a qualified reforming felon's employment is terminated	220
during the pass-through entity's taxable year ending in or with	221
the taxpayer's taxable year and the qualified reforming felon was	222
employed by the pass-through entity for less than twelve months, a	223
taxpayer may not claim the full amount of the credit allowed under	224
this section unless the qualified reforming felon voluntarily	225
terminated employment; was unable to continue employment due to a	226
disability or death; or was terminated for cause. If a qualified	227
reforming felon's employment is terminated for any other reason,	228
the amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled under	229
this section is reduced by a percentage equal to the percentage of	230
the taxable year that the qualified reforming felon was not	231

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employed by the pass-through entity.	232
(C) All files, statements, returns, reports, papers, or	233
documents of any kind relating to qualified reforming felons or	234
their families are not public records under section 149.43 of the	235
Revised Code.	236
Sec. 5747.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for	237
calculating the amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the	238
Revised Code, a taxpayer shall claim any credits to which the	239
taxpayer is entitled in the following order:	240
(1) The retirement income credit under division (B) of	241
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	242
(2) The senior citizen credit under division (C) of section	243
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	244
(3) The lump sum distribution credit under division (D) of	245
section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	246
(4) The dependent care credit under section 5747.054 of the	247
Revised Code;	248
(5) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (C)	249
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	250
(6) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (D)	251
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	252
(7) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (E)	253
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	254
(8) The low-income credit under section 5747.056 of the	255
Revised Code;	256
(9) The credit for displaced workers who pay for job training	257
under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code;	258
(10) The campaign contribution credit under section 5747.29	259
of the Revised Code;	260

(11) The twenty-dollar personal exemption credit under	261
section 5747.022 of the Revised Code;	262
(12) The joint filing credit under division (G) of section	263
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	264
(13) The nonresident credit under division (A) of section	265
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	266
(14) The credit for a resident's out-of-state income under	267
division (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	268
(15) The credit for employers that enter into agreements with	269
child day-care centers under section 5747.34 of the Revised Code;	270
(16) The credit for employers that reimburse employee child	271
care expenses under section 5747.36 of the Revised Code;	272
(17) The credit for adoption of a minor child under section	273
5747.37 of the Revised Code;	274
(18) The credit for purchases of lights and reflectors under	275
section 5747.38 of the Revised Code;	276
(19) The job retention credit under division (B) of section	277
5747.058 of the Revised Code;	278
(20) The credit for selling alternative fuel under section	279
5747.77 of the Revised Code;	280
(21) The second credit for purchases of new manufacturing	281
machinery and equipment and the credit for using Ohio coal under	282
section 5747.31 of the Revised Code;	283
(22) The job training credit under section 5747.39 of the	284
Revised Code;	285
(23) The enterprise zone credit under section 5709.66 of the	286
Revised Code;	287
(24) The credit for the eligible costs associated with a	288
voluntary action under section 5747.32 of the Revised Code;	289

(25) The credit for employers that establish on-site child	290
day-care centers under section 5747.35 of the Revised Code;	291
(26) The ethanol plant investment credit under section 5747.75 of the Revised Code;	292 293
(27) The credit for employers that employ qualified reforming	294
felons under section 5747.391 of the Revised Code;	295
(28) The credit for purchases of qualifying grape production property under section 5747.28 of the Revised Code;	296 297
$\frac{(28)(29)}{(29)}$ The export sales credit under section 5747.057 of the Revised Code;	298 299
$\frac{(29)(30)}{(30)}$ The credit for research and development and technology transfer investors under section 5747.33 of the Revised Code;	300 301 302
(30)(31) The enterprise zone credits under section 5709.65 of the Revised Code;	303 304
$\frac{(31)(32)}{(33)}$ The research and development credit under section 5747.331 of the Revised Code;	305 306
$\frac{(32)(33)}{(33)}$ The credit for rehabilitating a historic building under section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	307 308
$\frac{(33)(34)}{(34)}$ The refundable credit for rehabilitating a historic building under section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	309 310
$\frac{(34)(35)}{(35)}$ The refundable jobs creation credit under division (A) of section 5747.058 of the Revised Code;	311 312
(35)(36) The refundable credit for taxes paid by a qualifying entity granted under section 5747.059 of the Revised Code;	313 314
(36)(37) The refundable credits for taxes paid by a qualifying pass-through entity granted under division (J) of section 5747.08 of the Revised Code;	315 316 317
$\frac{(37)(38)}{(38)}$ The refundable credit for tax withheld under	318