# As Introduced

130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

H. B. No. 135

### **Representatives Pelanda, Cera**

Cosponsors: Representatives Gonzales, Adams, J., Boose, Hackett, Fedor, Sprague, Burkley

A BILL

То	amend sections 5725.98, 5726.98, 5729.98, 5747.98,	1
	5749.11, and 5751.98 and to enact sections	2
	122.177, 5725.35, 5726.58, 5729.18, 5747.78,	3
	5749.18, 5749.98, and 5751.55 of the Revised Code	4
	to authorize a nonrefundable credit against the	5
	income tax and certain business taxes for the	6
	rehabilitation of a vacant industrial site.	7

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1.</b> That sections 5725.98, 5726.98, 5729.98, 5747.98,	8
5749.11, and 5751.98 be amended and sections 122.177, 5725.35,	9
5726.58, 5729.18, 5747.78, 5749.18, 5749.98, and 5751.55 of the	10
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	11
Sec. 122.177. (A) As used in this section:	12
(1) "Vacant facility" means a building, a complex of	13
buildings, or the structural remains of a former building or	14
complex of buildings that meet all of the following criteria:	15
(a) The building or buildings were used, or designed and	16
constructed for use, in production, manufacturing, fabrication,	17
assembly, processing, refining, finishing, or warehousing of	18

tangible personal property, including tangible personal property	19
that is or was used for sale to third parties or for use by the	20
owner in the owner's business.	21
(b) The building or buildings were placed into service at	22
least fifteen years before the date of an application submitted	23
under division (B) of this section with respect to the building or	24
buildings.	25
<u>(c) At least seventy-five per cent of the square footage of</u>	26
the building or building complex has not been used to carry on	27
production, manufacturing, assembly, processing, refining,	28
finishing, or warehousing of tangible personal property during the	29
five years immediately preceding the date an application is	30
submitted under division (B) of this section with respect to the	31
building or building complex.	32
For the purposes of this section, a building or vacant	33
facility is considered to have been "placed into service" when at	34
least fifty per cent of the combined square footage of the	35
building or vacant facility has been occupied.	36
(2) "Vacant industrial site" means a vacant facility and the	37
parcel or parcels of real property upon which the vacant facility	38
is located. "Vacant industrial site" shall not include any parcel	39
that is subject to an administrative, civil, or criminal	40
environmental enforcement action or against which delinguent	41
taxes, interest, assessments, and penalties remain unpaid.	42
(3) "Qualified investment" means expenditures for the	43
rehabilitation of a vacant industrial site that has been	44
designated as an industrial recovery site by the development	45
services agency under division (C) of this section. "Qualified	46
investment" shall not include legal expenses, including any	47
expenses incurred by reason of an administrative, civil, or	48
criminal environmental enforcement action brought with respect to	49

the vacant industrial site.

(4) "Rehabilitation" means the remodeling, repair,	51
alteration, demolition, or redevelopment of a vacant industrial	52
site for the purpose of putting the site to a better or more	53
efficient use.	54

(B) Upon application by a county or municipal corporation,55the director of development services may designate a vacant56industrial site located within the municipal corporation or county57as an industrial recovery site. A municipal corporation may58request such a designation for a site located within the municipal59corporation, and a county may request such a designation for a60site located within the unincorporated territory of the county.61

The application shall be in the form prescribed by the62director. In addition to any other information required by the63director, the application shall include both of the following:64

(1) A detailed plan for the development and use of the vacant 65 industrial site; 66

(2) A copy of a resolution adopted by the legislative67authority of the municipal corporation or the board of county68commissioners recommending designation of the site as an69industrial recovery site.70

(C) The director of development services shall review each 71 application submitted under this section. The director shall 72 determine whether, on the date the application was filed, the site 73 described in an application qualifies as a vacant industrial site. 74 If the site so qualifies, the director shall determine whether 75 designation of the site as an industrial recovery site is in the 76 best interests of the state. In making that determination, the 77 director shall consider the following factors: 78

(1) The level of distress caused by job losses in the79community surrounding the vacant industrial site;80

(2) The desirability of the intended use of the vacant	81
industrial site, as described in the plan submitted by the	82
municipal corporation or county, and the likelihood that	83
implementation of the plan will improve economic and employment	84
conditions in the surrounding community;	85
(3) Evidence that the residents, businesses, and other	86
private organizations in the surrounding community support	87
designation of the site as an industrial recovery site;	88
(4) Whether the vacant industrial site is located in an	89
<u>enterprise zone created under sections 5709.61 to 5709.69, a joint</u>	90
economic development zone created under section 715.691, or a	91
joint economic development district created under section 715.70	92
or 715.71 or sections 715.72 to 715.81 of the Revised Code;	93
(5) Whether the vacant industrial site is exempt from	94
property taxation pursuant to a resolution or ordinance adopted	95
<u>under section 5709.40, 5709.41, 5709.73, or 5709.78 of the Revised</u>	96
<u>Code;</u>	97
(6) Evidence of a commitment by private or public entities to	98
provide financial assistance in implementing the plan submitted by	99
the municipal corporation or county;	100
(7) Evidence of efforts by the municipal corporation or	101
county to implement the proposed plan without additional financial	102
assistance from the state;	103
(8) Any other factor the director considers relevant to the	104
determination.	105
Upon consideration of the factors described in this division,	106
the director shall approve or deny the application for	107
designation. The director shall certify the decision to the	108
municipal corporation or county that requested the designation.	109
When the director designates a site as an industrial recovery	110

site, the director shall list the industrial recovery site on the	111
<u>development services agency's web site.</u>	112
(D) The designation of a site as an industrial recovery site	113
is contingent upon the development and use of the site in	114
accordance with the plan submitted by the municipal corporation or	115
county under division (B) of this section. If the director	116
determines that the development of a site has resulted in a	117
violation of this condition, the director shall revoke the	118
industrial recovery site designation.	119
(E)(1) An owner or developer of an industrial recovery site	120
that makes a qualified investment in the site may apply to the	121
director of development services for a tax credit certificate. The	122
director may require owners or developers to include with the	123
application a uniform fee of not more than two thousand five	124
hundred dollars. In addition to any other information required by	125
the director, the application shall state the amount of the	126
<u>gualified investment.</u>	127
The director shall review the application and determine	128
whether all of the following criteria are met:	129
(a) The qualified investment was made for the rehabilitation	130
of property located on an industrial recovery site designated as	131
such by the director pursuant to division (C) of this section.	132
(b) The applicant is the owner or developer of the industrial	133
recovery site.	134
(c) The qualified investment was made in accordance with the	135
development plan submitted by the municipal corporation or county	136
in which the industrial recovery site is located.	137
(d) The applicant made all or part of the qualified	138
investment at least six months before submitting the application.	139
(e) The municipal corporation or county in which the	140

industrial recovery site is located has certified that the	141
rehabilitation of the industrial recovery site is substantially	142
complete.	143
(2) If the director determines that an application meets the	144
criteria in divisions (E)(1)(a) to (d) of this section, the	145
director shall issue a tax credit certificate. The amount of the	146
tax credit certificate shall equal the product obtained by	147
multiplying the applicant's qualified investment by one of the	148
following percentages:	149
(a) Fifteen per cent if the vacant facility that is located	150
on the industrial recovery site was placed into service at least	151
fifteen, but less than thirty, years before the date of the tax	152
credit certificate application;	153
(b) Thents now cost if the upgent fedility that is leasted on	154
(b) Twenty per cent if the vacant facility that is located on	154
the industrial recovery site was placed into service at least	155
thirty, but less than forty, years before the date of the tax	
credit certificate application;	157
(c) Twenty-five per cent if the vacant facility that is	158
located on the industrial recovery site was placed into service	159
forty or more years before the date of the tax credit certificate	160
application.	161
(3) The director shall not issue any tax credit certificate	162
under this section after the last day of the sixtieth month after	163
the effective date of the enactment of this section.	164
(F) The owner of a tax credit certificate issued under this	165
section may assign the certificate to any other person. The	166
assignee shall provide written notice of the assignment to the tax	167
commissioner and the director of development services, in such	168
form as the tax commissioner prescribes, before the certificate	169
that was assigned is applied against a tax. The assignor may not	170
use the certificate to claim a credit to the extent that the	171

#### certificate to claim a credit only to the extent that the assignor 173 has not claimed a credit on the basis of that certificate. 174 (G) On or before the first day of April each year, the 175 director shall submit to the governor, the president of the 176 senate, and the speaker of the house of representatives a report 177 on the tax credit program established under this section. The 178 report shall include information on the status of the 179 rehabilitation of each industrial recovery site designated under 180 this section. The director shall not be required to submit an 181 annual report after the sixth year after the year in which this 182 section becomes effective. 183 (H) The director shall adopt any rules necessary to 184 administer this section. Such rules shall include criteria for 185 when a municipal corporation or county may certify that the 186 rehabilitation of an industrial recovery site is substantially 187 complete under division (E)(1) of this section. 188 Sec. 5725.35. A nonrefundable credit is allowed against the 189 tax imposed under section 5725.18 of the Revised Code for an 190 insurance company that holds a tax credit certificate issued under 191 section 122.177 of the Revised Code. The credit shall equal the 192 dollar amount indicated on the certificate. The credit shall be 193 claimed in the calendar year specified on the certificate and in 194 the order required under section 5725.98 of the Revised Code. If 195 the amount of the credit exceeds the amount of tax otherwise due 196 under section 5725.18 of the Revised Code for the calendar year, 197 after allowing for any credits preceding the credit in the order 198 prescribed by section 5725.98 of the Revised Code, the insurance 199 company may carry forward the excess amount to subsequent calendar 200

certificate was assigned to the assignee. The assignee may use the

years. The insurance company shall deduct the amount of the excess201credit allowed in any such year from the balance carried forward202

to the next calendar year.

section 5725.32 of the Revised Code;

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The insurance company shall make the tax credit certificate	204
available for inspection by the tax commissioner upon the request	205
of the tax commissioner.	206
Sec. 5725.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for	207
calculating the amount of tax imposed by section 5725.18 of the	208
Revised Code that is due under this chapter, a taxpayer shall	209
claim any credits and offsets against tax liability to which it is	210
entitled in the following order:	211
(1) The credit for an insurance company or insurance company	212
group under section 5729.031 of the Revised Code;	213
(2) The credit for eligible employee training costs under	214
section 5725.31 of the Revised Code;	215
(3) The credit for purchasers of qualified low-income	216
community investments under section 5725.33 of the Revised Code;	217
(4) The nonrefundable job retention credit under division	218
(B)(1) of section 122.171 of the Revised Code;	219
(5) The nonrefundable credit for rehabilitating a vacant	220
industrial site under section 5725.35 of the Revised Code;	221
(6) The offset of assessments by the Ohio life and health	222
insurance guaranty association permitted by section 3956.20 of the	223
Revised Code;	224
$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ The refundable credit for rehabilitating a historic	225
building under section 5725.34 of the Revised Code.	226
(7)(8) The refundable credit for Ohio job retention under	227
division (B)(2) or (3) of section 122.171 of the Revised Code;	228
(8)(9) The refundable credit for Ohio job creation under	229

(9)(10)The refundable credit under section 5725.19 of the231Revised Code for losses on loans made under the Ohio venture232capital program under sections 150.01 to 150.10 of the Revised233Code.234

(B) For any credit except the refundable credits enumerated 235 in this section, the amount of the credit for a taxable year shall 236 not exceed the tax due after allowing for any other credit that 237 precedes it in the order required under this section. Any excess 238 amount of a particular credit may be carried forward if authorized 239 under the section creating that credit. Nothing in this chapter 240 shall be construed to allow a taxpayer to claim, directly or 241 indirectly, a credit more than once for a taxable year. 242

sec. 5726.58. A nonrefundable credit is allowed against the 243 tax imposed under section 5726.02 of the Revised Code for a 244 financial institution that holds a tax credit certificate issued 245 under section 122.177 of the Revised Code. The credit shall equal 246 the dollar amount indicated on the certificate. The credit shall 247 be claimed in the tax year specified on the certificate and in the 248 order required by section 5726.98 of the Revised Code. If the 249 amount of the credit exceeds the amount of tax otherwise due under 250 section 5726.02 of the Revised Code for the tax year, after 251 allowing for any credits preceding the credit in the order 252 prescribed by section 5726.98 of the Revised Code, the financial 253 institution may carry forward the excess amount to subsequent tax 254 years. The financial institution shall deduct the amount of the 255 excess credit allowed in any such year from the balance carried 256 forward to the next tax year. 257 The financial institution shall make the tax credit 258

Ine financial institution shall make the tax credit256certificate available for inspection by the tax commissioner upon259the request of the tax commissioner.260

Sec. 5726.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for 261 calculating the amount of tax due under section 5726.02 of the 262 Revised Code, a taxpayer shall claim any credits to which the 263 taxpayer is entitled under this chapter in the following order: 264

(1) The bank organization assessment credit under section 265 5726.51 of the Revised Code; 266

(2) The nonrefundable job retention credit under division (B) 267 of section 5726.50 of the Revised Code; 268

(3) The nonrefundable credit for purchases of qualified 269 low-income community investments under section 5726.54 of the 270 Revised Code; 271

(4) The nonrefundable credit for qualified research expenses 272 under section 5726.56 of the Revised Code; 273

(5) The nonrefundable credit for qualifying dealer in 274 intangibles taxes under section 5726.57 of the Revised Code-: 275

(6) The nonrefundable credit for rehabilitating a vacant 276 industrial site under section 5726.58 of the Revised Code; 277

(7) The refundable credit for rehabilitating an historic 278 building under section 5726.52 of the Revised Code; 279

(7)(8) The refundable job retention or job creation credit 280 under division (A) of section 5726.50 of the Revised Code; 281

(8)(9) The refundable credit under section 5726.53 of the 282 Revised Code for losses on loans made under the Ohio venture 283 capital program under sections 150.01 to 150.10 of the Revised 284 Code; 285

(9)(10) The refundable motion picture production credit under 286 section 5726.55 of the Revised Code. 287

(B) For any credit except the refundable credits enumerated 288 in this section, the amount of the credit for a taxable year shall 289

not exceed the tax due after allowing for any other credit that 290 precedes it in the order required under this section. Any excess 291 amount of a particular credit may be carried forward if authorized 292 under the section creating that credit. Nothing in this chapter 293 shall be construed to allow a taxpayer to claim, directly or 294 indirectly, a credit more than once for a taxable year. 295

Sec. 5729.18. A nonrefundable credit is allowed against the	296
tax imposed under section 5729.03 of the Revised Code for an	297
insurance company that holds a tax credit certificate issued under	298
section 122.177 of the Revised Code. The credit shall equal the	299
dollar amount indicated on the certificate. The credit shall be	300
claimed in the calendar year specified on the certificate and in	301
the order required by section 5729.98 of the Revised Code. If the	302
amount of the credit exceeds the amount of tax otherwise due under	303
section 5729.03 of the Revised Code for the calendar year, after	304
allowing for any credits preceding the credit in the order	305
prescribed by section 5729.98 of the Revised Code, the insurance	306
company may carry forward the excess amount to subsequent calendar	307
years. The insurance company shall deduct the amount of the excess	308
credit allowed in any such year from the balance carried forward	309
to the next calendar year.	310

The insurance company shall make the tax credit certificate311available for inspection by the tax commissioner upon the request312of the tax commissioner.313

sec. 5729.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for 314
calculating the amount of tax due under this chapter, a taxpayer 315
shall claim any credits and offsets against tax liability to which 316
it is entitled in the following order: 317

(1) The credit for an insurance company or insurance companygroup under section 5729.031 of the Revised Code;319

(2) The credit for eligible employee training costs under section 5729.07 of the Revised Code;	320 321
	521
(3) The credit for purchases of qualified low-income	322
community investments under section 5729.16 of the Revised Code;	323
(4) The nonrefundable job retention credit under division	324
(B)(1) of section 122.171 of the Revised Code;	325
(5) The nonrefundable credit for rehabilitating a vacant	326
industrial site under section 5729.18 of the Revised Code;	327
(6) The offset of assessments by the Ohio life and health	328
insurance guaranty association against tax liability permitted by	329
section 3956.20 of the Revised Code;	330
$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ The refundable credit for rehabilitating a historic	331
building under section 5729.17 of the Revised Code.	332
(7)(8) The refundable credit for Ohio job retention under	333
division (B)(2) or (3) of section 122.171 of the Revised Code;	334
(8)(9) The refundable credit for Ohio job creation under	335
section 5729.032 of the Revised Code;	336
(9)(10) The refundable credit under section 5729.08 of the	337
Revised Code for losses on loans made under the Ohio venture	338
capital program under sections 150.01 to 150.10 of the Revised	339
Code.	340
(B) For any credit except the refundable credits enumerated	341
in this section, the amount of the credit for a taxable year shall	342
not exceed the tax due after allowing for any other credit that	343

precedes it in the order required under this section. Any excess 344 amount of a particular credit may be carried forward if authorized 345 under the section creating that credit. Nothing in this chapter 346 shall be construed to allow a taxpayer to claim, directly or 347 indirectly, a credit more than once for a taxable year. 348

Sec. 5747.78. (A) A nonrefundable credit is allowed against	349
the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code for a	350
taxpayer that holds a tax credit certificate issued under section	351
122.177 of the Revised Code. The credit shall equal the dollar	352
amount indicated on the certificate. The credit shall be claimed	353
in the taxable year specified on the certificate and in the order	354
required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. If the amount	355
of the credit exceeds the amount of tax otherwise due under	356
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code for the taxable year, after	357
allowing for any credits preceding the credit in the order	358
prescribed by section 5747.98 of the Revised Code, the taxpayer	359
may carry forward the excess amount to subsequent taxable years.	360
The taxpayer shall deduct the amount of the excess credit allowed	361
in any such year from the balance carried forward to the next	362
taxable year.	363
(B) Nothing in this section limits or disallows pass-through	364
treatment of the credit if the person issued the tax credit	365
certificate under section 122.177 of the Revised Code is a	366
pass-through entity. If the certificate is issued to a	367
pass-through entity, the credit may be allocated among the	368
entity's equity owners in proportion to their ownership interests	369
or in such proportions or amounts as the equity owners mutually	370
agree.	371
(C) A credit may not be claimed under this section if a	372
credit is or was claimed under any other section of the Revised	373
Code on the basis of the same tax certificate issued under section	374
122.177 of the Revised Code.	375
(D) The taxpayer shall make the tax credit certificate	376
available for inspection by the tax commissioner upon the request	377
of the tax commissioner.	378

Sec. 5747.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for	379
calculating the amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the	380
Revised Code, a taxpayer shall claim any credits to which the	381
taxpayer is entitled in the following order:	382
(1) The retirement income credit under division (B) of	383
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	384
(2) The senior citizen credit under division (C) of section	385
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	386
(3) The lump sum distribution credit under division (D) of	387
section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	388
(4) The dependent care credit under section 5747.054 of the	389
Revised Code;	390
(5) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (C)	391
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	392
(6) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (D)	393
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	394
(7) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (E)	395
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	396
(8) The low-income credit under section 5747.056 of the	397
Revised Code;	398
(9) The credit for displaced workers who pay for job training	399
under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code;	400
(10) The campaign contribution credit under section 5747.29	401
of the Revised Code;	402
(11) The twenty-dollar personal exemption credit under	403
section 5747.022 of the Revised Code;	404
(12) The joint filing credit under division (G) of section	405
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	406

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(13) The nonresident credit under division (A) of section	407
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	408
(14) The credit for a resident's out-of-state income under	409
division (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	410
(15) The credit for employers that enter into agreements with	411
child day-care centers under section 5747.34 of the Revised Code;	412
(16) The credit for employers that reimburse employee child	413
care expenses under section 5747.36 of the Revised Code;	414
(17) The credit for adoption of a minor child under section	415
5747.37 of the Revised Code;	416
(18) The credit for purchases of lights and reflectors under	417
section 5747.38 of the Revised Code;	418
(19) The nonrefundable job retention credit under division	419
(B) of section 5747.058 of the Revised Code;	420
(20) The credit for selling alternative fuel under section	421
5747.77 of the Revised Code;	422
(21) The second credit for purchases of new manufacturing	423
machinery and equipment and the credit for using Ohio coal under	424
section 5747.31 of the Revised Code;	425
(22) The job training credit under section 5747.39 of the	426
Revised Code;	427
(23) The enterprise zone credit under section 5709.66 of the	428
Revised Code;	429
(24) The credit for the eligible costs associated with a	430
voluntary action under section 5747.32 of the Revised Code;	431
(25) The credit for employers that establish on-site child	432
day-care centers under section 5747.35 of the Revised Code;	433
(26) The ethanol plant investment credit under section	434
5747.75 of the Revised Code;	435

(27) The credit for purchases of qualifying grape production	436
property under section 5747.28 of the Revised Code;	437
(28) The small business investment credit under section	438
5747.81 of the Revised Code;	439
(29) The credit for research and development and technology	440
transfer investors under section 5747.33 of the Revised Code;	441
(30) The enterprise zone credits under section 5709.65 of the	442
Revised Code;	443
(31) The research and development credit under section	444
5747.331 of the Revised Code;	445
(32) The credit for rehabilitating a vacant industrial site	446
under section 5747.78 of the Revised Code;	447
(33) The credit for rehabilitating a historic building under	448
section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	449
(33)(34) The refundable credit for rehabilitating a historic	450
building under section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	451
(34)(35) The refundable jobs creation credit or job retention	452
credit under division (A) of section 5747.058 of the Revised Code;	453
(35)(36) The refundable credit for taxes paid by a qualifying	454
entity granted under section 5747.059 of the Revised Code;	455
(36)(37) The refundable credits for taxes paid by a	456
qualifying pass-through entity granted under division (J) of	457
section 5747.08 of the Revised Code;	458
(37)(38) The refundable credit under section 5747.80 of the	459
Revised Code for losses on loans made to the Ohio venture capital	460
program under sections 150.01 to 150.10 of the Revised Code;	461
(38)(39) The refundable motion picture production credit	462
under section 5747.66 of the Revised Code <del>.</del>	463
(39)(40) The refundable credit for financial institution	464

taxes paid by a pass-through entity granted under section 5747.65 465 of the Revised Code. 466

(B) For any credit, except the refundable credits enumerated 467 in this section and the credit granted under division (I) of 468 section 5747.08 of the Revised Code, the amount of the credit for 469 a taxable year shall not exceed the tax due after allowing for any 470 other credit that precedes it in the order required under this 471 section. Any excess amount of a particular credit may be carried 472 forward if authorized under the section creating that credit. 473 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to allow a taxpayer to 474 claim, directly or indirectly, a credit more than once for a 475 taxable year. 476

sec. 5749.11. (A) There is hereby allowed a nonrefundable 477 credit against the taxes imposed under division (A)(8) of section 478 5749.02 of the Revised Code for any severer to which a reclamation 479 tax credit certificate is issued under section 1513.171 of the 480 Revised Code. The credit shall be claimed in the amount shown on 481 the certificate. The credit shall be claimed by deducting the 482 amount of the credit from the amount of the first tax payment due 483 under section 5749.06 of the Revised Code after the certificate is 484 issued. 485

If the amount of the credit shown on a certificate exceeds 486 the amount of the tax otherwise due with that first payment, the 487 excess shall be claimed against the amount of tax otherwise due on 488 succeeding payment dates until the entire credit amount has been 489 deducted. The total amount of credit claimed against payments 490 shall not exceed the total amount of credit shown on the 491 certificate. 492

The severer shall claim the credit in the order required by493section 5749.98 of the Revised Code.494

(B) A severer claiming a credit under this section shall 495

retain a reclamation tax credit certificate for not less than four 496 years following the date of the last tax payment against which the 497 credit allowed under that certificate was applied. Severers shall 498 make tax credit certificates available for inspection by the tax 499 commissioner upon the tax commissioner's request. 500

Sec. 5749.18. A nonrefundable credit is allowed against the	501
tax imposed under section 5749.02 of the Revised Code for a	502
severer that holds a tax credit certificate issued under section	503
122.177 of the Revised Code. The credit shall equal the dollar	504
amount indicated on the certificate. The credit shall be claimed	505
by deducting the amount of the credit from the amount of the first	506
tax payment due under section 5749.06 of the Revised Code after	507
the certificate is issued. If the amount of the credit shown on a	508
certificate exceeds the amount of the tax otherwise due with that	509
first payment, the excess shall be claimed against the amount of	510
tax otherwise due on succeeding payment dates until the entire	511
credit amount has been deducted. The total amount of credit	512
claimed against payments shall not exceed the total amount of	513
credit shown on the certificate.	514
The severer shall claim the credit in the order required by	515

section 5749.98 of the Revised Code.

The severer shall make the tax credit certificate available517for inspection by the tax commissioner upon the request of the tax518commissioner.519

Sec. 5749.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for	520
calculating the amount of tax imposed by section 5749.02 of the	521
Revised Code that is due under this chapter, a taxpayer shall	522
claim any credits to which it is entitled in the following order:	523
(1) The nonrefundable credit for the reclamation of land or	524
water resources under section 5749.11 of the Revised Code;	525

(2) The nonrefundable credit for rehabilitating a vacant	526
industrial site under section 5749.18 of the Revised Code.	527
(B) For any credit, the amount of the credit for a tax period	528
shall not exceed the tax due after allowing for any other credit	529
that precedes it in the order required under this section. Any	530
excess amount of a particular credit may be carried forward if	531
authorized under the section creating that credit. Nothing in this	532
chapter shall be construed to allow a taxpayer to claim, directly	533
or indirectly, a credit more than once for a single tax period.	534

Sec. 5751.55. A nonrefundable credit may be claimed under 535 this chapter by a taxpayer that holds a tax credit certificate 536 issued under section 122.177 of the Revised Code. The credit shall 537 equal the dollar amount indicated on the certificate. The credit 538 shall be claimed for the first tax period beginning on or after 539 the date the certificate is issued. If the amount of the credit 540 shown on a certificate exceeds the amount of the tax otherwise due 541 for that tax period, after allowing for any credits preceding the 542 credit in the order prescribed by section 5751.98 of the Revised 543 Code, the taxpayer may carry forward the excess amount to 544 subsequent tax periods. The taxpayer shall deduct the amount of 545 the excess credit allowed in any such tax period from the balance 546 carried forward to the next tax period. 547

The taxpayer shall claim the credit in the order required by548section 5751.98 of the Revised Code.549

A credit may not be claimed under this section if a credit is 550 or was claimed under any other section of the Revised Code on the 551 basis of the same tax credit certificate issued under section 552 122.177 of the Revised Code. 553

The taxpayer shall make the tax credit certificate available554for inspection by the tax commissioner upon the request of the tax555commissioner.556

Sec. 5751.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for	557
calculating the amount of tax due under this chapter, a taxpayer	558
shall claim any credits to which it is entitled in the following	559
order:	560
(1) The nonrefundable jobs retention credit under division	561
(B) of section 5751.50 of the Revised Code;	562
(2) The nonrefundable credit for qualified research expenses	563
under division (B) of section 5751.51 of the Revised Code;	564
(3) The nonrefundable credit for a borrower's qualified	565
research and development loan payments under division (B) of	566
section 5751.52 of the Revised Code;	567
(4) The nonrefundable credit for calendar years 2010 to 2029	568
for unused net operating losses under division (B) of section	569
5751.53 of the Revised Code;	570
(5) The nonrefundable credit for rehabilitating a vacant	571
industrial site under section 5751.55 of the Revised Code;	572
(6) The refundable motion picture production credit under	573
section 5751.54 of the Revised Code;	574
(6)(7) The refundable jobs creation credit or job retention	575
credit under division (A) of section 5751.50 of the Revised Code;	576
(7)(8) The refundable credit for calendar year 2030 for	577
unused net operating losses under division (C) of section 5751.53	578
of the Revised Code.	579
(B) For any credit except the refundable credits enumerated	580
in this section, the amount of the credit for a tax period shall	581
not exceed the tax due after allowing for any other credit that	582
precedes it in the order required under this section. Any excess	583
amount of a particular credit may be carried forward if authorized	584
under the section creating the credit.	585

 Section 2. That existing sections 5725.98, 5726.98, 5729.98,
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 5747.98, 5749.11, and 5751.98 of the Revised Code are hereby
 587

 repealed.
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Section 3. Section 5747.98 of the Revised Code is presented 589 in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. 590 Sub. H.B. 386 and Am. Sub. H.B. 510 of the 129th General Assembly. 591 The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division 592 (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 593 harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds 594 that the composite is the resulting version of the section in 595 effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in 596 this act. 597