# **As Introduced**

# 130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

H. B. No. 148

# Representatives Driehaus, Hagan, R.

Cosponsors: Representatives Antonio, Lundy, Boyd

# A BILL

То	amend sections 1509.01, 1509.02, 1509.03, 1509.05,	1
	1509.06, 1509.08, 1509.21, 1509.22, 1509.222,	2
	1509.223, and 1509.224, to enact section 1509.051,	3
	and to repeal section 1509.226 of the Revised Code	4
	to prohibit land application and deep well	5
	injection of brine, to prohibit the conversion of	6
	wells, and to eliminate the injection fee that is	7
	levied under the Oil and Gas Law	ρ

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1509.01, 1509.02, 1509.03, 1509.05,	9
1509.06, 1509.08, 1509.21, 1509.22, 1509.222, 1509.223, and	10
1509.224 be amended and section 1509.051 of the Revised Code be	11
enacted to read as follows:	12
Sec. 1509.01. As used in this chapter:	13
(A) "Well" means any borehole, whether drilled or bored,	14
within the state for production, extraction, or injection of any	15
gas or liquid mineral, excluding potable water to be used as such,	16
but including natural or artificial brines and oil field waters.	17
(B) "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and all other	18
hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, that are produced in liquid	19

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destruction of oil or gas;

(5)	Ot	her	underg	groun	d or	surfac	ce v	waste	in	the	${\tt production}$	or	50
storage	of	oil,	gas,	or c	onder	nsate,	ho	wever	cau	ised.			51

- (I) "Correlative rights" means the reasonable opportunity to 52 every person entitled thereto to recover and receive the oil and 53 gas in and under the person's tract or tracts, or the equivalent 54 thereof, without having to drill unnecessary wells or incur other 55 unnecessary expense. 56
- (J) "Tract" means a single, individually taxed parcel of land 57 appearing on the tax list. 58
- (K) "Owner," unless referring to a mine, means the person who 59 has the right to drill on a tract or drilling unit, to drill into 60 and produce from a pool, and to appropriate the oil or gas 61 produced therefrom either for the person or for others, except 62 that a person ceases to be an owner with respect to a well when 63 the well has been plugged in accordance with applicable rules 64 adopted and orders issued under this chapter. "Owner" does not 65 include a person who obtains a lease of the mineral rights for oil 66 and gas on a parcel of land if the person does not attempt to 67 produce or produce oil or gas from a well or obtain a permit under 68 this chapter for a well or if the entire interest of a well is 69 transferred to the person in accordance with division (B) of 70 section 1509.31 of the Revised Code. 71
- (L) "Royalty interest" means the fee holder's share in the 72 production from a well.

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- (M) "Discovery well" means the first well capable of producing oil or gas in commercial quantities from a pool.
- (N) "Prepared clay" means a clay that is plastic and is
  thoroughly saturated with fresh water to a weight and consistency
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  great enough to settle through saltwater in the well in which it
  18 is to be used, except as otherwise approved by the chief of the
  19 division of oil and gas resources management.
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(O) "Rock sediment" means the combined cutting and residue	81
from drilling sedimentary rocks and formation.	82
(P) "Excavations and workings," "mine," and "pillar" have the	83
same meanings as in section 1561.01 of the Revised Code.	84
(Q) "Coal bearing township" means a township designated as	85
such by the chief of the division of mineral resources management	86
under section 1561.06 of the Revised Code.	87
(R) "Gas storage reservoir" means a continuous area of a	88
subterranean porous sand or rock stratum or strata into which gas	89
is or may be injected for the purpose of storing it therein and	90
removing it therefrom and includes a gas storage reservoir as	91
defined in section 1571.01 of the Revised Code.	92
(S) "Safe Drinking Water Act" means the "Safe Drinking Water	93
Act," 88 Stat. 1661 (1974), 42 U.S.C.A. 300(f), as amended by the	94
"Safe Drinking Water Amendments of 1977," 91 Stat. 1393, 42	95
U.S.C.A. 300(f), the "Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1986,"	96
100 Stat. 642, 42 U.S.C.A. 300(f), and the "Safe Drinking Water	97
Act Amendments of 1996, " 110 Stat. 1613, 42 U.S.C.A. 300(f), and	98
regulations adopted under those acts.	99
(T) "Person" includes any political subdivision, department,	100
agency, or instrumentality of this state; the United States and	101
any department, agency, or instrumentality thereof; and any legal	102
entity defined as a person under section 1.59 of the Revised Code.	103
(U) "Brine" means all saline geological formation water	104
resulting from, obtained from, or produced in connection with	105
exploration, drilling, well stimulation, production of oil or gas,	106
or plugging of a well.	107
(V) "Waters of the state" means all streams, lakes, ponds,	108
marshes, watercourses, waterways, springs, irrigation systems,	109
drainage systems, and other bodies of water, surface or	110

underground, natural or artificial, that are situated wholly or

partially within this state or within its jurisdiction, except	112
those private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with	113
natural surface or underground waters.	114
(W) "Exempt Mississippian well" means a well that meets all	115
of the following criteria:	116
(1) Was drilled and completed before January 1, 1980;	117
(2) Is located in an unglaciated part of the state;	118
(3) Was completed in a reservoir no deeper than the	119
Mississippian Big Injun sandstone in areas underlain by	120
Pennsylvanian or Permian stratigraphy, or the Mississippian Berea	121
sandstone in areas directly underlain by Permian stratigraphy;	122
(4) Is used primarily to provide oil or gas for domestic use.	123
(X) "Exempt domestic well" means a well that meets all of the	124
following criteria:	125
(1) Is owned by the owner of the surface estate of the tract	126
on which the well is located;	127
(2) Is used primarily to provide gas for the owner's domestic	128
use;	129
(3) Is located more than two hundred feet horizontal distance	130
from any inhabited private dwelling house other than an inhabited	131
private dwelling house located on the tract on which the well is	132
located;	133
(4) Is located more than two hundred feet horizontal distance	134
from any public building that may be used as a place of resort,	135
assembly, education, entertainment, lodging, trade, manufacture,	136
repair, storage, traffic, or occupancy by the public.	137
(Y) "Urbanized area" means an area where a well or production	138
facilities of a well are located within a municipal corporation or	139
within a township that has an unincorporated population of more	140
than five thousand in the most recent federal decennial census	141

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water.	173
(CC) "Idle and orphaned well" means a well for which a bond has been forfeited or an abandoned well for which no money is	174 175
available to plug the well in accordance with this chapter and rules adopted under it.	176 177
(DD) "Temporarily inactive well" means a well that has been granted temporary inactive status under section 1509.062 of the Revised Code.	178 179 180
(EE) "Material and substantial violation" means any of the following:	181 182
(1) Failure to obtain a permit to drill, reopen, convert, plugback, or plug a well under this chapter;	183 184
(2) Failure to obtain, maintain, update, or submit proof of insurance coverage that is required under this chapter;	185 186
(3) Failure to obtain, maintain, update, or submit proof of a surety bond that is required under this chapter;	187 188
(4) Failure to plug an abandoned well or idle and orphaned well unless the well has been granted temporary inactive status under section 1509.062 of the Revised Code or the chief of the	189 190 191
division of oil and gas resources management has approved another option concerning the abandoned well or idle and orphaned well;	192 193
(5) Failure to restore a disturbed land surface as required by section 1509.072 of the Revised Code;	194 195
(6) Failure to reimburse the oil and gas well fund pursuant to a final order issued under section 1509.071 of the Revised Code;	196 197 198
(7) Failure to comply with a final nonappealable order of the chief issued under section 1509.04 of the Revised Code;	199 200
(8) Failure to submit a report, test result, fee, or document that is required in this chapter or rules adopted under it.	201 202

(FF) "Severer" has the same meaning as in section 5749.01 of	203
the Revised Code.	204
(GG) "Horizontal well" means a well that is drilled for the	205
production of oil or gas in which the wellbore reaches a	206
horizontal or near horizontal position in the Point Pleasant,	207
Utica, or Marcellus formation and the well is stimulated.	208
(HH) "Well pad" means the area that is cleared or prepared	209
for the drilling of one or more horizontal wells.	210
Sec. 1509.02. There is hereby created in the department of	211
natural resources the division of oil and gas resources	212
management, which shall be administered by the chief of the	213
division of oil and gas resources management. The division has	214
sole and exclusive authority to regulate the permitting, location,	215
and spacing of oil and gas wells and production operations within	216
the state, excepting only those activities regulated under federal	217
laws for which oversight has been delegated to the environmental	218
protection agency and activities regulated under sections 6111.02	219
to 6111.029 of the Revised Code. The regulation of oil and gas	220
activities is a matter of general statewide interest that requires	221
uniform statewide regulation, and this chapter and rules adopted	222
under it constitute a comprehensive plan with respect to all	223
aspects of the locating, drilling, well stimulation, completing,	224
and operating of oil and gas wells within this state, including	225
site construction and restoration, permitting related to those	226
activities, and the disposal of wastes from those wells. In order	227
to assist the division in the furtherance of its sole and	228
exclusive authority as established in this section, the chief may	229

enter into cooperative agreements with other state agencies for

advice and consultation, including visitations at the surface

location of a well on behalf of the division. Such cooperative

agreements do not confer on other state agencies any authority to

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administer or enforce this chapter and rules adopted under it. In	234
addition, such cooperative agreements shall not be construed to	235
dilute or diminish the division's sole and exclusive authority as	236
established in this section. Nothing in this section affects the	237
authority granted to the director of transportation and local	238
authorities in section 723.01 or 4513.34 of the Revised Code,	239
provided that the authority granted under those sections shall not	240
be exercised in a manner that discriminates against, unfairly	241
impedes, or obstructs oil and gas activities and operations	242
regulated under this chapter.	243

The chief shall not hold any other public office, nor shall
the chief be engaged in any occupation or business that might
interfere with or be inconsistent with the duties as chief.

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All moneys collected by the chief pursuant to sections 247 1509.06, 1509.061, 1509.062, 1509.071, 1509.13, <del>1509.22,</del> 1509.222, 248 1509.28, 1509.34, and 1509.50 of the Revised Code, ninety per cent 249 of moneys received by the treasurer of state from the tax levied 250 in divisions (A)(5) and (6) of section 5749.02 of the Revised 251 Code, all civil penalties paid under section 1509.33 of the 252 Revised Code, and, notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code 253 relating to the distribution or crediting of fines for violations 254 of the Revised Code, all fines imposed under divisions (A) and (B) 255 of section 1509.99 of the Revised Code and fines imposed under 256 divisions (C) and (D) of section 1509.99 of the Revised Code for 257 all violations prosecuted by the attorney general and for 258 violations prosecuted by prosecuting attorneys that do not involve 259 the transportation of brine by vehicle shall be deposited into the 260 state treasury to the credit of the oil and gas well fund, which 261 is hereby created. Fines imposed under divisions (C) and (D) of 262 section 1509.99 of the Revised Code for violations prosecuted by 263 prosecuting attorneys that involve the transportation of brine by 264 vehicle and penalties associated with a compliance agreement 265

entered into pursuant to this chapter shall be paid to the county	266
treasury of the county where the violation occurred.	267
The fund shall be used solely and exclusively for the	268
purposes enumerated in division (B) of section 1509.071 of the	269
Revised Code, for the expenses of the division associated with the	270
administration of this chapter and Chapter 1571. of the Revised	271
Code and rules adopted under them, and for expenses that are	272
critical and necessary for the protection of human health and	273
safety and the environment related to oil and gas production in	274
this state. The expenses of the division in excess of the moneys	275
available in the fund shall be paid from general revenue fund	276
appropriations to the department.	277
Sec. 1509.03. (A) The chief of the division of oil and gas	278
resources management shall adopt, rescind, and amend, in	279
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, rules for the	280
administration, implementation, and enforcement of this chapter.	281
The rules shall include an identification of the subjects that the	282
chief shall address when attaching terms and conditions to a	283
permit with respect to a well and production facilities of a well	284
that are located within an urbanized area or with respect to a	285
horizontal well and production facilities associated with a	286
horizontal well. The subjects shall include all of the following:	287
(1) Safety concerning the drilling or operation of a well;	288
(2) Protection of the public and private water supply,	289
including the amount of water used and the source or sources of	290
the water;	291
(3) Fencing and screening of surface facilities of a well;	292
(4) Containment and disposal of drilling and production	293
wastes;	294

(5) Construction of access roads for purposes of the drilling

and operation of a well;	296
(6) Noise mitigation for purposes of the drilling of a well	297
and the operation of a well, excluding safety and maintenance	298
operations.	299
No person shall violate any rule of the chief adopted under	300
this chapter.	301
(B)(1) Any order issuing, denying, or modifying a permit or	302
notices required to be made by the chief pursuant to this chapter	303
shall be made in compliance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	304
except that personal service may be used in lieu of service by	305
mail. Every order issuing, denying, or modifying a permit under	306
this chapter and described as such shall be considered an	307
adjudication order for purposes of Chapter 119. of the Revised	308
Code. Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to a permit	309
issued under section 1509.06 of the Revised Code.	310
(2) Where notice to the owners is required by this chapter,	311
the notice shall be given as prescribed by a rule adopted by the	312
chief to govern the giving of notices. The rule shall provide for	313
notice by publication except in those cases where other types of	314
notice are necessary in order to meet the requirements of the law.	315
(C) The chief or the chief's authorized representative may at	316
any time enter upon lands, public or private, for the purpose of	317
administration or enforcement of this chapter, the rules adopted	318
or orders made thereunder, or terms or conditions of permits or	319
registration certificates issued thereunder and may examine and	320
copy records pertaining to the drilling, conversion, or operation	321

of a well for injection of fluids and logs required by division

representative in the performance of official duties. If entry is

(C) of section 1509.223 of the Revised Code. No person shall

prevented or hindered, the chief or the chief's authorized

prevent or hinder the chief or the chief's authorized

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representative may apply for, and the court of common pleas may	327
issue, an appropriate inspection warrant necessary to achieve the	328
purposes of this chapter within the court's territorial	329
jurisdiction.	330
(D) The chief may issue orders to enforce this chapter, rules	331
adopted thereunder, and terms or conditions of permits issued	332
thereunder. Any such order shall be considered an adjudication	333
order for the purposes of Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. No	334
person shall violate any order of the chief issued under this	335
chapter. No person shall violate a term or condition of a permit	336
or registration certificate issued under this chapter.	337
(E) Orders of the chief denying, suspending, or revoking a	338
registration certificate; approving or denying approval of an	339
application for revision of a registered transporter's plan for	340
disposal; or to implement, administer, or enforce division (A) of	341
section 1509.224 and sections 1509.22, 1509.222, 1509.223, and	342
1509.225 <del>, and 1509.226</del> of the Revised Code pertaining to the	343
transportation of brine by vehicle and the disposal of brine so	344
transported are not adjudication orders for purposes of Chapter	345
119. of the Revised Code. The chief shall issue such orders under	346
division (A) or (B) of section 1509.224 of the Revised Code, as	347
appropriate.	348
Sec. 1509.05. No person shall drill a new well, drill an	349
existing well any deeper, reopen a well, <del>convert a well to any use</del>	350
other than its original purpose, or plug back a well to a source	351
of supply different from the existing pool, without having a	352
permit to do so issued by the chief of the division of oil and gas	353
resources management, and until the original permit or a	354
photostatic copy thereof is posted or displayed in a conspicuous	355
and easily accessible place at the well site, with the name,	356

current address, and telephone number of the permit holder and the

(b) If the well is for the injection of a liquid, identity of

the geological formation to be used as the injection zone and the 387 composition of the liquid to be injected. 388

- (7) The type of drilling equipment to be used; 389
- (8)(a) An identification, to the best of the owner's 390 knowledge, of each proposed source of ground water and surface 391 water that will be used in the production operations of the well. 392 The identification of each proposed source of water shall indicate 393 if the water will be withdrawn from the Lake Erie watershed or the 394 Ohio river watershed. In addition, the owner shall provide, to the 395 best of the owner's knowledge, the proposed estimated rate and 396 volume of the water withdrawal for the production operations. If 397 recycled water will be used in the production operations, the 398 owner shall provide the estimated volume of recycled water to be 399 used. The owner shall submit to the chief an update of any of the 400 information that is required by division (A)(8)(a) of this section 401 if any of that information changes before the chief issues a 402 permit for the application. 403
- (b) Except as provided in division (A)(8)(c) of this section, 404 for an application for a permit to drill a new well within an 405 urbanized area, the results of sampling of water wells within 406 three hundred feet of the proposed well prior to commencement of 407 drilling. In addition, the owner shall include a list that 408 identifies the location of each water well where the owner of the 409 property on which the water well is located denied the owner 410 access to sample the water well. The sampling shall be conducted 411 in accordance with the guidelines established in "Best Management 412 Practices For Pre-drilling Water Sampling" in effect at the time 413 that the application is submitted. The division shall furnish 414 those quidelines upon request and shall make them available on the 415 division's web site. If the chief determines that conditions at 416 the proposed well site warrant a revision, the chief may revise 417 the distance established in this division for purposes of 418

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pre-drilling water sampling.

(c) For an application for a permit to drill a new horizontal 420 well, the results of sampling of water wells within one thousand 421 five hundred feet of the proposed horizontal wellhead prior to 422 commencement of drilling. In addition, the owner shall include a 423 list that identifies the location of each water well where the 424 owner of the property on which the water well is located denied 425 the owner access to sample the water well. The sampling shall be 426 conducted in accordance with the guidelines established in "Best 427 Management Practices For Pre-drilling Water Sampling" in effect at 428 the time that the application is submitted. The division shall 429 furnish those guidelines upon request and shall make them 430 available on the division's web site. If the chief determines that 431 conditions at the proposed well site warrant a revision, the chief 432 may revise the distance established in this division for purposes 433 of pre-drilling water sampling. 434

(9) For an application for a permit to drill a new well 435 within an urbanized area, a sworn statement that the applicant has 436 provided notice by regular mail of the application to the owner of 437 each parcel of real property that is located within five hundred 438 feet of the surface location of the well and to the executive 439 authority of the municipal corporation or the board of township 440 trustees of the township, as applicable, in which the well is to 441 be located. In addition, the notice shall contain a statement that 442 informs an owner of real property who is required to receive the 443 notice under division (A)(9) of this section that within five days 444 of receipt of the notice, the owner is required to provide notice 445 under section 1509.60 of the Revised Code to each residence in an 446 occupied dwelling that is located on the owner's parcel of real 447 property. The notice shall contain a statement that an application 448 has been filed with the division of oil and gas resources 449 management, identify the name of the applicant and the proposed 450

well location, include the name and address of the division, and	451
contain a statement that comments regarding the application may be	452
sent to the division. The notice may be provided by hand delivery	453
or regular mail. The identity of the owners of parcels of real	454
property shall be determined using the tax records of the	455
municipal corporation or county in which a parcel of real property	456
is located as of the date of the notice.	457

- (10) A plan for restoration of the land surface disturbed by
  drilling operations. The plan shall provide for compliance with
  the restoration requirements of division (A) of section 1509.072

  460
  of the Revised Code and any rules adopted by the chief pertaining
  to that restoration.
- (11)(a) A description by name or number of the county, 463 township, and municipal corporation roads, streets, and highways 464 that the applicant anticipates will be used for access to and 465 egress from the well site; 466
- (b) For an application for a permit for a horizontal well, a 467 copy of an agreement concerning maintenance and safe use of the 468 roads, streets, and highways described in division (A)(11)(a) of 469 this section entered into on reasonable terms with the public 470 official that has the legal authority to enter into such 471 maintenance and use agreements for each county, township, and 472 municipal corporation, as applicable, in which any such road, 473 street, or highway is located or an affidavit on a form prescribed 474 by the chief attesting that the owner attempted in good faith to 475 enter into an agreement under division (A)(11)(b) of this section 476 with the applicable public official of each such county, township, 477 or municipal corporation, but that no agreement was executed. 478
- (12) Such other relevant information as the chief prescribes 479 by rule.
  - Each application shall be accompanied by a map, on a scale

not smaller than four hundred feet to the inch, prepared by an 482 Ohio registered surveyor, showing the location of the well and 483 containing such other data as may be prescribed by the chief. If 484 the well is or is to be located within the excavations and 485 workings of a mine, the map also shall include the location of the 486 mine, the name of the mine, and the name of the person operating 487 the mine.

- (B) The chief shall cause a copy of the weekly circular 489 prepared by the division to be provided to the county engineer of 490 each county that contains active or proposed drilling activity. 491 The weekly circular shall contain, in the manner prescribed by the 492 chief, the names of all applicants for permits, the location of 493 each well or proposed well, the information required by division 494 (A)(11) of this section, and any additional information the chief 495 prescribes. In addition, the chief promptly shall transfer an 496 electronic copy or facsimile, or if those methods are not 497 available to a municipal corporation or township, a copy via 498 regular mail, of a drilling permit application to the clerk of the 499 legislative authority of the municipal corporation or to the clerk 500 of the township in which the well or proposed well is or is to be 501 located if the legislative authority of the municipal corporation 502 or the board of township trustees has asked to receive copies of 503 such applications and the appropriate clerk has provided the chief 504 an accurate, current electronic mailing address or facsimile 505 number, as applicable. 506
- (C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this section, 507 the chief shall not issue a permit for at least ten days after the 508 date of filing of the application for the permit unless, upon 509 reasonable cause shown, the chief waives that period or a request 510 for expedited review is filed under this section. However, the 511 chief shall issue a permit within twenty-one days of the filing of 512 the application unless the chief denies the application by order. 513

(2) If the location of a well or proposed well will be or is	514
within an urbanized area, the chief shall not issue a permit for	515
at least eighteen days after the date of filing of the application	516
for the permit unless, upon reasonable cause shown, the chief	517
waives that period or the chief at the chief's discretion grants a	518
request for an expedited review. However, the chief shall issue a	519
permit for a well or proposed well within an urbanized area within	520
thirty days of the filing of the application unless the chief	521
denies the application by order.	522

(D) An applicant may file a request with the chief for 523 expedited review of a permit application if the well is not or is 524 not to be located in a gas storage reservoir or reservoir 525 protective area, as "reservoir protective area" is defined in 526 section 1571.01 of the Revised Code. If the well is or is to be 527 located in a coal bearing township, the application shall be 528 accompanied by the affidavit of the landowner prescribed in 529 section 1509.08 of the Revised Code. 530

In addition to a complete application for a permit that meets 531 the requirements of this section and the permit fee prescribed by 532 this section, a request for expedited review shall be accompanied 533 by a separate nonrefundable filing fee of two hundred fifty 534 dollars. Upon the filing of a request for expedited review, the 535 chief shall cause the county engineer of the county in which the 536 well is or is to be located to be notified of the filing of the 537 permit application and the request for expedited review by 538 telephone or other means that in the judgment of the chief will 539 provide timely notice of the application and request. The chief 540 shall issue a permit within seven days of the filing of the 541 request unless the chief denies the application by order. 542 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section governing expedited 543 review of permit applications, the chief may refuse to accept 544 requests for expedited review if, in the chief's judgment, the 545

acceptance of the requests would prevent the issuance, within	546
twenty-one days of their filing, of permits for which applications	547
are pending.	548
(E) A well shall be drilled and operated in accordance with	549
the plans, sworn statements, and other information submitted in	550
the approved application.	551
(F) The chief shall issue an order denying a permit if the	552
chief finds that there is a substantial risk that the operation	553
will result in violations of this chapter or rules adopted under	554
it that will present an imminent danger to public health or safety	555
or damage to the environment, provided that where the chief finds	556
that terms or conditions to the permit can reasonably be expected	557
to prevent such violations, the chief shall issue the permit	558
subject to those terms or conditions, including, if applicable,	559
terms and conditions regarding subjects identified in rules	560
adopted under section 1509.03 of the Revised Code. The issuance of	561
a permit shall not be considered an order of the chief.	562
The chief shall post notice of each permit that has been	563
approved under this section on the division's web site not later	564
than two business days after the application for a permit has been	565
approved.	566
(G) Each application for a permit required by section 1509.05	567
of the Revised Code, except an application to plug back an	568
existing well that is required by that section and an application	569
for a well drilled or reopened for purposes of section 1509.22 of	570
the Revised Code, also shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee	571
as follows:	572
(1) Five hundred dollars for a permit to conduct activities	573
in a township with a population of fewer than ten thousand;	574

(2) Seven hundred fifty dollars for a permit to conduct

activities in a township with a population of ten thousand or

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more, but fewer than fifteen thousand;	577
(3) One thousand dollars for a permit to conduct activities	578
in either of the following:	579
(a) A township with a population of fifteen thousand or more;	580
(b) A municipal corporation regardless of population.	581
(4) If the application is for a permit that requires	582
mandatory pooling, an additional five thousand dollars.	583
For purposes of calculating fee amounts, populations shall be	584
determined using the most recent federal decennial census.	585
Each application for the revision or reissuance of a permit	586
shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of two hundred fifty	587
dollars.	588
(H)(1) Prior to the commencement of well pad construction and	589
prior to the issuance of a permit to drill a proposed horizontal	590
well or a proposed well that is to be located in an urbanized	591
area, the division shall conduct a site review to identify and	592
evaluate any site-specific terms and conditions that may be	593
attached to the permit. At the site review, a representative of	594
the division shall consider fencing, screening, and landscaping	595
requirements, if any, for similar structures in the community in	596
which the well is proposed to be located. The terms and conditions	597
that are attached to the permit shall include the establishment of	598
fencing, screening, and landscaping requirements for the surface	599
facilities of the proposed well, including a tank battery of the	600
well.	601
(2) Prior to the issuance of a permit to drill a proposed	602
well, the division shall conduct a review to identify and evaluate	603
any site-specific terms and conditions that may be attached to the	604
permit if the proposed well will be located in a one-hundred-year	605
floodplain or within the five-year time of travel associated with	606

a public drinking water supply.	607
(I) A permit shall be issued by the chief in accordance with	608
this chapter. A permit issued under this section for a well that	609
is or is to be located in an urbanized area shall be valid for	610
twelve months, and all other permits issued under this section	611
shall be valid for twenty-four months.	612
(J) An applicant or a permittee, as applicable, shall submit	613
to the chief an update of the information that is required under	614
division (A)(8)(a) of this section if any of that information	615
changes prior to commencement of production operations.	616
(K) A permittee or a permittee's authorized representative	617
shall notify an inspector from the division at least twenty-four	618
hours, or another time period agreed to by the chief's authorized	619
representative, prior to the commencement of well pad construction	620
and of drilling, reopening, converting, well stimulation, or	621
plugback operations.	622
Sec. 1509.08. Upon receipt of an application for a permit	623
required by section 1509.05 of the Revised Code, or upon receipt	624
of an application for a permit to plug and abandon under section	625
1509.13 of the Revised Code, the chief of the division of oil and	626
gas resources management shall determine whether the well is or is	627
to be located in a coal bearing township.	628
Whether or not the well is or is to be located in a coal	629
bearing township, the chief, by order, may refuse to issue a	630
permit required by section 1509.05 of the Revised Code to any	631
applicant who at the time of applying for the permit is in	632
material or substantial violation of this chapter or rules adopted	633
or orders issued under it. The chief shall refuse to issue a	634
permit to any applicant who at the time of applying for the permit	635
has been found liable by a final nonappealable order of a court of	636

competent jurisdiction for damage to streets, roads, highways,

bridges, culverts, or drainways pursuant to section 4513.34 or	638
5577.12 of the Revised Code until the applicant provides the chief	639
with evidence of compliance with the order. No applicant shall	640
attempt to circumvent this provision by applying for a permit	641
under a different name or business organization name, by	642
transferring responsibility to another person or entity, by	643
abandoning the well or lease, or by any other similar act.	644

If the well is not or is not to be located in a coal bearing 645 township, or if it is to be located in a coal bearing township, 646 but the landowner submits an affidavit attesting to ownership of 647 the property in fee simple, including the coal, and has no 648 objection to the well, the chief shall issue the permit. 649

If the application to drill, or reopen, or convert concerns a 650 well that is or is to be located in a coal bearing township, the 651 chief shall transmit to the chief of the division of mineral 652 resources management two copies of the application and three 653 copies of the map required in section 1509.06 of the Revised Code, 654 except that, when the affidavit with the waiver of objection 655 described above is submitted, the chief of the division of oil and 656 gas resources management shall not transmit the copies. 657

The chief of the division of mineral resources management 658 immediately shall notify the owner or lessee of any affected mine 659 that the application has been filed and send to the owner or 660 lessee two copies of the map accompanying the application setting 661 forth the location of the well.

If the owner or lessee objects to the location of the well or
objects to any location within fifty feet of the original location

as a possible site for relocation of the well, the owner or lessee

shall notify the chief of the division of mineral resources

management of the objection, giving the reasons for the objection

and, if applicable, indicating on a copy of the map the particular

location or locations within fifty feet of the original location

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to which the owner or lessee objects as a site for possible	670
relocation of the well, within six days after the receipt of the	671
notice. If the chief receives no objections from the owner or	672
lessee of the mine within ten days after the receipt of the notice	673
by the owner or lessee, or if in the opinion of the chief the	674
objections offered by the owner or lessee are not sufficiently	675
well founded, the chief immediately shall notify the owner or	676
lessee of those findings. The owner or lessee may appeal the	677
decision of the chief to the reclamation commission under section	678
1513.13 of the Revised Code. The appeal shall be filed within	679
fifteen days, notwithstanding provisions in divisions division	680
(A)(1) of section 1513.13 of the Revised Code to the contrary,	681
from the date on which the owner or lessee receives the notice. If	682
the appeal is not filed within that time, the chief immediately	683
shall approve the application, retain a copy of the application	684
and map, and return a copy of the application to the chief of the	685
division of oil and gas resources management with the approval	686
noted on it. The chief of the division of oil and gas resources	687
management then shall issue the permit if the provisions of this	688
chapter pertaining to the issuance of such a permit have been	689
complied with.	690

If the chief of the division of mineral resources management 691 receives an objection from the owner or lessee of the mine as to 692 the location of the well within ten days after receipt of the 693 notice by the owner or lessee, and if in the opinion of the chief 694 the objection is well founded, the chief shall disapprove the 695 application and immediately return it to the chief of the division 696 of oil and gas resources management together with the reasons for 697 disapproval and a suggestion for a new location for the well, 698 provided that the suggested new location shall not be a location 699 within fifty feet of the original location to which the owner or 700 lessee has objected as a site for possible relocation of the well 701 if the chief of the division of mineral resources management has 702

determined that the objection is well founded. The chief of the 703 division of oil and gas resources management immediately shall 704 notify the applicant for the permit of the disapproval and any 705 suggestion made by the chief of the division of mineral resources 706 management as to a new location for the well. The applicant may 707 withdraw the application or amend the application to drill the 708 well at the location suggested by the chief, or the applicant may 709 appeal the disapproval of the application by the chief to the 710 reclamation commission. 711

If the chief of the division of mineral resources management 712 receives no objection from the owner or lessee of a mine as to the 713 location of the well, but does receive an objection from the owner 714 or lessee as to one or more locations within fifty feet of the 715 original location as possible sites for relocation of the well 716 within ten days after receipt of the notice by the owner or 717 lessee, and if in the opinion of the chief the objection is well 718 founded, the chief nevertheless shall approve the application and 719 shall return it immediately to the chief of the division of oil 720 and gas resources management together with the reasons for 721 disapproving any of the locations to which the owner or lessee 722 objects as possible sites for the relocation of the well. The 723 chief of the division of oil and gas resources management then 724 shall issue a permit if the provisions of this chapter pertaining 725 to the issuance of such a permit have been complied with, 726 incorporating as a term or condition of the permit that the 727 applicant is prohibited from commencing drilling at any location 728 within fifty feet of the original location that has been 729 disapproved by the chief of the division of mineral resources 730 management. The applicant may appeal to the reclamation commission 731 the terms and conditions of the permit prohibiting the 732 commencement of drilling at any such location disapproved by the 733 chief of the division of mineral resources management. 734

Any such appeal shall be filed within fifteen days,	735
notwithstanding provisions in division (A)(1) of section 1513.13	736
of the Revised Code to the contrary, from the date the applicant	737
receives notice of the disapproval of the application, any other	738
location within fifty feet of the original location, or terms or	739
conditions of the permit, or the owner or lessee receives notice	740
of the chief's decision. No approval or disapproval of an	741
application shall be delayed by the chief of the division of	742
mineral resources management for more than fifteen days from the	743
date of sending the notice of the application to the mine owner or	744
lessee as required by this section.	745

All appeals provided for in this section shall be treated as 746 expedited appeals. The reclamation commission shall hear any such 747 appeal in accordance with section 1513.13 of the Revised Code and 748 issue a decision within thirty days of the filing of the notice of 749 appeal. 750

The chief of the division of oil and gas resources management 751 shall not issue a permit to drill a new well or reopen a well that 752 is or is to be located within three hundred feet of any opening of 753 any mine used as a means of ingress, egress, or ventilation for 754 persons employed in the mine, nor within one hundred feet of any 755 building or inflammable structure connected with the mine and 756 actually used as a part of the operating equipment of the mine, 757 unless the chief of the division of mineral resources management 758 determines that life or property will not be endangered by 759 drilling and operating the well in that location. 760

The chief of the division of mineral resources management may

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suspend the drilling or reopening of a well in a coal bearing

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township after determining that the drilling or reopening

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activities present an imminent and substantial threat to public

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health or safety or to miners' health or safety and having been

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unable to contact the chief of the division of oil and gas

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resources management to request an order of suspension under 767 section 1509.06 of the Revised Code. Before issuing a suspension 768 order for that purpose, the chief of the division of mineral 769 resources management shall notify the owner in a manner that in 770 the chief's judgment would provide reasonable notification that 771 the chief intends to issue a suspension order. The chief may issue 772 such an order without prior notification if reasonable attempts to 773 notify the owner have failed, but in that event notification shall 774 be given as soon thereafter as practical. Within five calendar 775 776 days after the issuance of the order, the chief shall provide the owner an opportunity to be heard and to present evidence that the 777 778 activities do not present an imminent and substantial threat to public health or safety or to miners' health or safety. If, after 779 considering the evidence presented by the owner, the chief 780 determines that the activities do not present such a threat, the 781 chief shall revoke the suspension order. An owner may appeal a 782 suspension order issued by the chief of the division of mineral 783 resources management under this section to the reclamation 784 commission in accordance with section 1513.13 of the Revised Code 785 or may appeal the order directly to the court of common pleas of 786 the county in which the well is located. 787

Sec. 1509.21. No (A) Except as provided in division (B) of 788 this section, no person shall, without first having obtained a 789 permit from the chief of the division of oil and gas resources 790 management, conduct secondary or additional recovery operations, 791 including any underground injection of fluids or carbon dioxide 792 for the secondary or tertiary recovery of oil or natural gas or 793 for the storage of hydrocarbons that are liquid at standard 794 temperature or pressure, unless a rule of the chief expressly 795 authorizes such operations without a permit. The permit shall be 796 in addition to any permit required by section 1509.05 of the 797 Revised Code. Secondary or additional recovery operations shall be 798

conducted in accordance with rules and orders of the chief and any	799
terms or conditions of the permit authorizing such operations. In	800
addition, the chief may authorize tests to evaluate whether fluids	801
or carbon dioxide may be injected in a reservoir and to determine	802
the maximum allowable injection pressure. The tests shall be	803
conducted in accordance with methods prescribed in rules of the	804
chief or conditions of the permit. Rules adopted under this	805
section shall include provisions regarding applications for and	806
the issuance of permits; the terms and conditions of permits;	807
entry to conduct inspections and to examine records to ascertain	808
compliance with this section and rules, orders, and terms and	809
conditions of permits adopted or issued thereunder; the provision	810
and maintenance of information through monitoring, recordkeeping,	811
and reporting; and other provisions in furtherance of the goals of	812
this section and the Safe Drinking Water Act. To implement the	813
goals of the Safe Drinking Water Act, the chief shall not issue a	814
permit for the underground injection of fluids for the secondary	815
or tertiary recovery of oil or natural gas or for the storage of	816
hydrocarbons that are liquid at standard temperature and pressure,	817
unless the chief concludes that the applicant has demonstrated	818
that the injection will not result in the presence of any	819
contaminant in underground water that supplies or can be	820
reasonably expected to supply any public water system, such that	821
the presence of any such contaminant may result in the system's	822
not complying with any national primary drinking water regulation	823
or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. Rules,	824
orders, and terms or conditions of permits adopted or issued under	825
this section shall be construed to be no more stringent than	826
required for compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act, unless	827
essential to ensure that underground sources of drinking water	828
will not be endangered.	829

(B) No person shall dispose of brine in association with a method of enhanced recovery conducted pursuant to division (A) of

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this section.	832
Sec. 1509.22. (A) Except when acting in accordance with	833
section 1509.226 of the Revised Code, no (1) No person shall place	834
or cause to be placed brine in or on the land or in surface or	835
ground water.	836
(2) No person shall place or cause to be placed brine, crude	837
oil, natural gas, or other fluids associated with the exploration	838
or development of oil and gas resources in surface or ground water	839
or in or on the land in such quantities or in such manner as	840
actually causes or could reasonably be anticipated to cause either	841
of the following:	842
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ Water used for consumption by humans or domestic	843
animals to exceed the standards of the Safe Drinking Water Act;	844
$\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ Damage or injury to public health or safety or the	845
environment.	846
(3) Divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section apply regardless	847
of whether brine, crude oil, natural gas, or other fluids	848
associated with the exploration or development of oil and gas	849
resources have been treated in a public water system or other	850
treatment system or process.	851
(B) No person shall store or dispose of brine in violation of	852
a plan approved under division (A) of section 1509.222 <del>or section</del>	853
1509.226 of the Revised Code, in violation of a resolution	854
submitted under section 1509.226 of the Revised Code, or in	855
violation of rules or orders applicable to those plans <del>or</del>	856
resolutions.	857
(C) The chief of the division of oil and gas resources	858
management shall adopt rules and issue orders regarding storage	859
and disposal of brine and other waste substances; however, the	860
storage and disposal of brine and other waste substances and the	861

chief's rules relating to storage and disposal are subject to all	862
of the following standards:	863
(1) Brine from any well except an exempt Mississippian well	864
shall be disposed of only by injection into an underground	865
formation, including annular disposal if approved by rule of the	866
chief, which injection shall be subject to division (D) of this	867
section; by surface application in accordance with section	868
1509.226 of the Revised Code; in association with a method of	869
enhanced recovery as provided in section 1509.21 of the Revised	870
<del>Code; or</del> by <del>other</del> methods approved by the chief for testing or	871
implementing a new technology or method of disposal. Brine from	872
exempt Mississippian wells shall not be discharged directly into	873
the waters of the state.	874
(2) Muds, cuttings, and other waste substances shall not be	875
disposed of in violation of any rule.	876
(3) Pits or steel tanks shall be used as authorized by the	877
chief for containing brine and other waste substances resulting	878
from, obtained from, or produced in connection with drilling, well	879
stimulation, reworking, reconditioning, plugging back, or plugging	880
operations. The pits and steel tanks shall be constructed and	881
maintained to prevent the escape of brine and other waste	882
substances.	883
(4) A dike or pit may be used for spill prevention and	884
control. A dike or pit so used shall be constructed and maintained	885
to prevent the escape of brine and crude oil, and the reservoir	886
within such a dike or pit shall be kept reasonably free of brine,	887
crude oil, and other waste substances.	888
(5) Earthen impoundments constructed pursuant to the	889
division's specifications may be used for the temporary storage of	890

(6) No pit, earthen impoundment, or dike shall be used for

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fluids used in the stimulation of a well.

the temporary storage of brine or other substances except in	893
accordance with divisions (C)(3) to (5) of this section.	894
(7) No pit or dike shall be used for the ultimate disposal of	895
brine or other liquid waste substances.	896
(D)(1) No Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this	897
section, no person, without first having obtained a permit from	898
the chief, shall inject brine or other waste substances resulting	899
from, obtained from, or produced in connection with oil or gas	900
drilling, exploration, or production into an underground formation	901
unless a rule of the chief expressly authorizes the injection	902
without a permit. The permit shall be in addition to any permit	903
required by section 1509.05 of the Revised Code, and the permit	904
application shall be accompanied by a permit fee of one thousand	905
dollars. The chief shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter	906
119. of the Revised Code regarding the injection into wells of	907
brine and other waste substances resulting from, obtained from, or	908
produced in connection with oil or gas drilling, exploration, or	909
production. The rules shall include provisions regarding all of	910
the following:	911
(a) Applications for and issuance of the permits required by	912
this division;	913
(b) Entry to conduct inspections and to examine and copy	914
records to ascertain compliance with this division and rules,	915
orders, and terms and conditions of permits adopted or issued	916
under it;	917
(c) The provision and maintenance of information through	918
monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. In addition, the rules	919
shall require the owner of an injection well who has been issued a	920
permit under division (D) of this section to quarterly submit	921
electronically to the chief information concerning each shipment	922
of brine or other waste substances received by the owner for	923

injection into the well.	924
(d) The provision and electronic reporting quarterly of	925
information concerning brine and other waste substances from a	926
transporter that is registered under section 1509.222 of the	927
Revised Code prior to the injection of the transported brine or	928
other waste substances;	929
(e) Any other provisions in furtherance of the goals of this	930
section and the Safe Drinking Water Act.	931
(2) The chief may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119.	932
of the Revised Code authorizing tests to evaluate whether fluids	933
other than brine or carbon dioxide may be injected in a reservoir	934
and to determine the maximum allowable injection pressure, which	935
shall be conducted in accordance with methods prescribed in the	936
rules or in accordance with conditions of the a permit issued by	937
the chief for that purpose. In addition, the chief may adopt rules	938
that do both of the following:	939
(a) Establish the total depth of a well for which a permit	940
has been applied for or issued under this division;	941
(b) Establish requirements and procedures to protect public	942
health and safety.	943
(3) To implement the goals of the Safe Drinking Water Act	944
Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this section, the chief	945
shall not issue a permit for the injection of brine or other waste	946
substances resulting from, obtained from, or produced in	947
connection with oil or gas drilling, exploration, or production	948
unless the chief concludes that the applicant has demonstrated	949
that the injection will not result in the presence of any	950
contaminant in ground water that supplies or can reasonably be	951
expected to supply any public water system, such that the presence	952
of the contaminant may result in the system's not complying with	953
any national primary drinking water regulation or may otherwise	954

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(4) The chief may issue an order to the owner of a well in 956 existence on the effective date of this amendment September 10, 957 2012, to make changes in the operation of the well in order to 958 correct problems or to address safety concerns. 959

- (5) This division and rules, orders, and terms and conditions of permits adopted or issued under it shall be construed to be no more stringent than required for compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act unless essential to ensure that underground sources of drinking water will not be endangered.
- (E) The owner holding a permit, or an assignee or transferee who has assumed the obligations and liabilities imposed by this chapter and any rules adopted or orders issued under it pursuant to section 1509.31 of the Revised Code, and the operator of a well shall be liable for a violation of this section or any rules adopted or orders or terms or conditions of a permit issued under it.
- (F) An owner shall replace the water supply of the holder of 972 an interest in real property who obtains all or part of the 973 holder's supply of water for domestic, agricultural, industrial, 974 or other legitimate use from an underground or surface source 975 where the supply has been substantially disrupted by 976 contamination, diminution, or interruption proximately resulting 977 from the owner's oil or gas operation, or the owner may elect to 978 compensate the holder of the interest in real property for the 979 difference between the fair market value of the interest before 980 the damage occurred to the water supply and the fair market value 981 after the damage occurred if the cost of replacing the water 982 supply exceeds this difference in fair market values. However, 983 during the pendency of any order issued under this division, the 984 owner shall obtain for the holder or shall reimburse the holder 985 for the reasonable cost of obtaining a water supply from the time 986

of the contamination, diminution, or interruption by the operation	987
until the owner has complied with an order of the chief for	988
compliance with this division or such an order has been revoked or	989
otherwise becomes not effective. If the owner elects to pay the	990
difference in fair market values, but the owner and the holder	991
have not agreed on the difference within thirty days after the	992
chief issues an order for compliance with this division, within	993
ten days after the expiration of that thirty-day period, the owner	994
and the chief each shall appoint an appraiser to determine the	995
difference in fair market values, except that the holder of the	996
interest in real property may elect to appoint and compensate the	997
holder's own appraiser, in which case the chief shall not appoint	998
an appraiser. The two appraisers appointed shall appoint a third	999
appraiser, and within thirty days after the appointment of the	1000
third appraiser, the three appraisers shall hold a hearing to	1001
determine the difference in fair market values. Within ten days	1002
after the hearing, the appraisers shall make their determination	1003
by majority vote and issue their final determination of the	1004
difference in fair market values. The chief shall accept a	1005
determination of the difference in fair market values made by	1006
agreement of the owner and holder or by appraisers under this	1007
division and shall make and dissolve orders accordingly. This	1008
division does not affect in any way the right of any person to	1009
enforce or protect, under applicable law, the person's interest in	1010
water resources affected by an oil or gas operation.	1011

(G) In any action brought by the state for a violation of 1012 division (A) of this section involving any well at which annular 1013 disposal is used, there shall be a rebuttable presumption 1014 available to the state that the annular disposal caused the 1015 violation if the well is located within a one-quarter-mile radius 1016 of the site of the violation.

(H)(1) There is levied on the owner of an injection well who 1018

has been issued a permit under division (D) of this section the	1019
following fees:	1020
(a) Five cents per barrel of each substance that is delivered	1021
to a well to be injected in the well when the substance is	1022
produced within the division of oil and gas resources management	1023
regulatory district in which the well is located or within an	1024
adjoining oil and gas resources management regulatory district;	1025
(b) Twenty cents per barrel of each substance that is	1026
delivered to a well to be injected in the well when the substance	1027
is not produced within the division of oil and gas resources	1028
management regulatory district in which the well is located or	1029
within an adjoining oil and gas resources management regulatory	1030
<del>district.</del>	1031
(2) The maximum number of barrels of substance per injection	1032
well in a calendar year on which a fee may be levied under	1033
division (H) of this section is five hundred thousand. If in a	1034
calendar year the owner of an injection well receives more than	1035
five hundred thousand barrels of substance to be injected in the	1036
owner's well and if the owner receives at least one substance that	1037
is produced within the division's regulatory district in which the	1038
well is located or within an adjoining regulatory district and at	1039
least one substance that is not produced within the division's	1040
regulatory district in which the well is located or within an	1041
adjoining regulatory district, the fee shall be calculated first	1042
on all of the barrels of substance that are not produced within	1043
the division's regulatory district in which the well is located or	1044
within an adjoining district at the rate established in division	1045
(H)(2) of this section. The fee then shall be calculated on the	1046
barrels of substance that are produced within the division's	1047
regulatory district in which the well is located or within an	1048
adjoining district at the rate established in division (H)(1) of	1049
this section until the maximum number of barrels established in	1050

division (H)(2) of this section has been attained.	1051
(3) The owner of an injection well who is issued a permit	1052
under division (D) of this section shall collect the fee levied by	1053
division (H) of this section on behalf of the division of oil and	1054
gas resources management and forward the fee to the division. The	1055
chief shall transmit all money received under division (H) of this	1056
section to the treasurer of state who shall deposit the money in	1057
the state treasury to the credit of the oil and gas well fund	1058
created in section 1509.02 of the Revised Code. The owner of an	1059
injection well who collects the fee levied by this division may	1060
retain up to three per cent of the amount that is collected.	1061
(4) The chief shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter	1062
119. of the Revised Code establishing requirements and procedures	1063
for collection of the fee levied by division (H) of this section.	1064
Sec. 1509.222. (A)(1) Except as provided in section 1509.226	1065
of the Revised Code, no No person shall transport brine by vehicle	1066
in this state unless the business entity that employs the person	1067
first registers with and obtains a registration certificate and	1068
identification number from the chief of the division of oil and	1069
gas resources management.	1070
(2) No more than one registration certificate shall be	1071
required of any business entity. Registration certificates issued	1072
under this section are not transferable. An applicant shall file	1073
an application with the chief, containing such information in such	1074
form as the chief prescribes. The application shall include at	1075
least all of the following:	1076
(a) A list that identifies each vehicle, vessel, railcar, and	1077
container that will be used in the transportation of brine;	1078
(b) A plan for disposal that provides for compliance with the	1079
requirements of this chapter and rules of the chief pertaining to	1080

the transportation of brine by vehicle and the disposal of brine	1081
so transported and that lists all disposal sites that the	1082
applicant intends to use;	1083
(c) The bond required by section 1509.225 of the Revised	1084
Code;	1085
(d) A certificate issued by an insurance company authorized	1086
to do business in this state certifying that the applicant has in	1087
force a liability insurance policy in an amount not less than	1088
three hundred thousand dollars bodily injury coverage and three	1089
hundred thousand dollars property damage coverage to pay damages	1090
for injury to persons or property caused by the collecting,	1091
handling, transportation, or disposal of brine.	1092
The insurance policy required by division (A)(2)(d) of this	1093
section shall be maintained in effect during the term of the	1094
registration certificate. The policy or policies providing the	1095
coverage shall require the insurance company to give notice to the	1096
chief if the policy or policies lapse for any reason. Upon such	1097
termination of the policy, the chief may suspend the registration	1098
certificate until proper insurance coverage is obtained.	1099
(3) Each application for a registration certificate shall be	1100
accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of five hundred dollars.	1101
(4) If a business entity that has been issued a registration	1102
certificate under this section changes its name due to a business	1103
reorganization or merger, the business entity shall revise the	1104
bond or certificates of deposit required by section 1509.225 of	1105
the Revised Code and obtain a new certificate from an insurance	1106
company in accordance with division (A)(2)(e) of this section to	1107
reflect the change in the name of the business entity.	1108
(B) The chief shall issue an order denying an application for	1109

a registration certificate if the chief finds that either of the

following applies:

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(1) The applicant, at the time of applying for the	1112
registration certificate, has been found liable by a final	1113
nonappealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction for	1114
damage to streets, roads, highways, bridges, culverts, or	1115
drainways pursuant to section 4513.34 or 5577.12 of the Revised	1116
Code until the applicant provides the chief with evidence of	1117
compliance with the order.	1118

- (2) The applicant's plan for disposal does not provide for 1119 compliance with the requirements of this chapter and rules of the 1120 chief pertaining to the transportation of brine by vehicle and the 1121 disposal of brine so transported.
- (C) No applicant shall attempt to circumvent division (B) of this section by applying for a registration certificate under a 1124 different name or business organization name, by transferring 1125 responsibility to another person or entity, or by any similar act. 1126
- (D) A registered transporter shall apply to revise a disposal 1127 plan under procedures that the chief shall prescribe by rule. 1128 However, at a minimum, an application for a revision shall list 1129 all sources and disposal sites of brine currently transported. The 1130 chief shall deny any application for a revision of a plan under 1131 this division if the chief finds that the proposed revised plan 1132 does not provide for compliance with the requirements of this 1133 chapter and rules of the chief pertaining to the transportation of 1134 brine by vehicle and the disposal of brine so transported. 1135 Approvals and denials of revisions shall be by order of the chief. 1136
- (E) The chief may adopt rules, issue orders, and attach terms 1137 and conditions to registration certificates as may be necessary to 1138 administer, implement, and enforce sections 1509.222 to 1509.226 1139 1509.225 of the Revised Code for protection of public health or 1140 safety or conservation of natural resources.

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enter into an agreement with or permit any person to transport	1143
brine produced from the well who is not registered pursuant to	1144
section 1509.222 of the Revised Code <del>or exempt from registration</del>	1145
under section 1509.226 of the Revised Code.	1146
(B) Each registered transporter shall file with the chief of	1147
the division of oil and gas resources management, on or before the	1148
fifteenth day of April, a statement concerning brine transported,	1149
including quantities transported and source and delivery points,	1150
during the last preceding calendar year, and such other	1151
information in such form as the chief may prescribe.	1152
(C) Each registered transporter shall keep on each vehicle	1153
used to transport brine a daily log and have it available upon the	1154
request of the chief or an authorized representative of the chief	1155
or a peace officer. The log shall, at a minimum, include all of	1156
the following information:	1157
(1) The name of the owner or owners of the well or wells	1158
producing the brine to be transported;	1159
(2) The date and time the brine is loaded;	1160
(3) The name of the driver;	1161
(4) The amount of brine loaded at each collection point;	1162
(5) The disposal location;	1163
(6) The date and time the brine is disposed of and the amount	1164
of brine disposed of at each location.	1165
The chief, by rule, may establish procedures for the	1166
electronic submission to the chief of the information that is	1167
required to be included in the daily log. No registered	1168
transporter shall falsify or fail to keep or submit the log	1169
required by this division.	1170
(D) Each registered transporter shall legibly identify with	1171

reflective paints all vehicles employed in transporting or

disposing of brine. Letters shall be no less than four inches in 1173 height and shall indicate the identification number issued by the 1174 chief, the word "brine," and the name and telephone number of the 1175 transporter.

(E) The chief shall maintain and keep a current list of 1177 persons registered to transport brine under section 1509.222 of 1178 the Revised Code. The list shall be open to public inspection. It 1179 is an affirmative defense to a charge under division (A) of this 1180 section that at the time the permit holder or owner of a well 1181 entered into an agreement with or permitted a person to transport 1182 brine, the person was shown on the list as currently registered to 1183 transport brine. 1184

Sec. 1509.224. (A) In addition to any other remedies provided 1185 in this chapter, if the chief of the division of oil and gas 1186 resources management has reason to believe that a pattern of the 1187 same or similar violations of any requirements of section 1509.22, 1188 1509.222, or 1509.223 of the Revised Code, or any rule adopted 1189 thereunder or term or condition of the registration certificate 1190 issued thereunder exists or has existed, and the violations are 1191 caused by the transporter's indifference, lack of diligence, or 1192 lack of reasonable care, or are willfully caused by the 1193 transporter, the chief shall immediately issue an order to the 1194 transporter to show cause why the certificate should not be 1195 suspended or revoked. After the issuance of the order, the chief 1196 shall provide the transporter an opportunity to be heard and to 1197 present evidence at an informal hearing conducted by the chief. 1198 If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the chief finds that such a 1199 pattern of violations exists or has existed, the chief shall issue 1200 an order suspending or revoking the transporter's registration 1201 certificate. An order suspending or revoking a certificate under 1202 this section may be appealed under sections 1509.36 and 1509.37 of 1203 the Revised Code, or notwithstanding any other provision of this 1204

chapter, may be appealed directly to the court of common pleas of	1205
Franklin county.	1206
(B) Before issuing an order denying a registration	1207
certificate; approving or denying approval of an application for	1208
revision of a registered transporter's plan for disposal; or to	1209
implement, administer, or enforce section 1509.22, 1509.222,	1210
1509.223, <u>or</u> 1509.225 <del>, or 1509.226</del> of the Revised Code and rules	1211
and terms and conditions of registration certificates adopted or	1212
issued thereunder pertaining to the transportation of brine by	1213
vehicle and the disposal of brine so transported, the chief shall	1214
issue a preliminary order indicating the chief's intent to issue a	1215
final order. The preliminary order shall clearly state the nature	1216
of the chief's proposed action and the findings on which it is	1217
based and shall state that the preliminary order becomes a final	1218
order thirty days after its issuance unless the person to whom the	1219
preliminary order is directed submits to the chief a written	1220
request for an informal hearing before the chief within that	1221
thirty-day period. At the hearing the person may present evidence	1222
as to why the preliminary order should be revoked or modified.	1223
Based upon the findings from the informal hearing, the chief shall	1224
revoke, issue, or modify and issue the preliminary order as a	1225
final order. A final order may be appealed under sections 1509.36	1226
and 1509.37 of the Revised Code.	1227
Section 2. That existing sections 1509.01, 1509.02, 1509.03,	1228
1509.05, 1509.06, 1509.08, 1509.21, 1509.22, 1509.222, 1509.223,	1229

and 1509.224 and section 1509.226 of the Revised Code are hereby

repealed.

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