## **As Introduced**

## 130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

H. B. No. 151

## **Representative Roegner**

Cosponsors: Representatives Thompson, Boose, Adams, J., Becker, Buchy, Maag, Wachtmann, Young, Lynch, Brenner, Blair, Beck, Terhar, Rosenberger, Stautberg

A BILL

То	enact sections 4119.01, 4119.02, 4119.04, 4119.05,	1
	4119.06, 4119.07, 4119.08, and 4119.99 of the	2
	Revised Code to prohibit any requirement that	3
	employees of private employers join or pay dues to	4
	any employee organization and to establish civil	5
	and criminal penalties against employers who	6
	violate that prohibition.	7

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4119.01, 4119.02, 4119.04, 4119.05,	8
4119.06, 4119.07, 4119.08, and 4119.99 of the Revised Code be	9
enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 4119.01. As used in this chapter:	11
(A) "Employee" and "employer" have the same meanings as in	12
section 4113.51 of the Revised Code, except that "employer" does	13
not include the state or any agency or instrumentality of the	14
state, or any municipal corporation, county, township, school	15
district, or other political subdivision or any agency or	16
instrumentality of a municipal corporation, county, township,	17

employee chooses, for the negotiation of the terms and conditions	48
of employment in the private sector and must be free from	49
coercion, interference, or restraint by the employee's employer or	50
an agent of the employee's employer in designating a	51
representative, self-organizing, or other concerted activity for	52
the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or	53
protection.	54
(C) The policy of this state is that each employee must be	55
fully free to decide whether to associate, organize, designate a	56
representative, or join or assist an employee organization.	57
Sec. 4119.04. (A) No employer shall do any of the following:	58
(1) Require any employee to become or remain a member of any	59
employee organization;	60
(2) Require any employee to pay any dues, fees, assessments,	61
or other charges to an employee organization;	62
(3) Deduct from the wages, earnings, or compensation of any	63
employee any dues, fees, assessments, or other charges to be held	64
for or paid over to an employee organization unless the employer	65
first receives a written authorization for those deductions as	66
provided in division (A) of section 4119.05 of the Revised Code.	67
(B) An employer and an employee organization shall not enter	68
into an oral or written agreement, contract, or promise that	69
violates division (A) of this section. Any such agreement,	70
contract, or promise is void and unenforceable.	71
Sec. 4119.05. (A) An employee may authorize the employee's	72
employer to deduct from the employee's wages, earnings, or	73
compensation any dues, fees, assessments, or other charges of any	74
kind to be held for or paid over to an employee organization. The	75
authorization shall be in writing and signed by the employee.	76

(B) Every employer that receives a written authorization from	77
an employee pursuant to division (A) of this section shall	78
promptly notify the employee, in writing, that the employee may	79
revoke the authorization at any time by providing the employer	80
with a written notice of the revocation. The revocation becomes	81
effective thirty days after the employer receives the revocation.	82
Sec. 4119.06. (A) An employer shall post in a conspicuous	83
place and keep continuously displayed the notice described in	84
division (B) of this section. An employer shall provide a copy of	85
the notice to each employee at the time the employee is first	86
hired or rehired after a lapse of the employee's employment with	87
that employer.	88
(B) The notice required to be posted and distributed pursuant	89
to division (A) of this section shall read as follows:	90
"Under Ohio law, an employee who is employed by a private	91
employer may choose whether to join an employee organization	92
without penalty. It is unlawful for an employer and an employee	93
organization to enter into a contract or agreement that requires	94
employees to join or belong to an employee organization. It also	95
is unlawful for a private employer to require employees to pay	96
dues, fees, or charges of any kind to an employee organization as	97
a condition of obtaining or keeping a job. A private employer may	98
not discharge or otherwise discriminate against an employee	99
because the employee joined or refused to join an employee	100
organization."	101
Sec. 4119.07. (A) Any person who is injured or is likely to	102
be injured as a result of a violation of section 4119.04 of the	103
Revised Code may bring an action in the court of common pleas in	104
the county in which the violation is alleged to have occurred, and	105
may obtain injunctive relief and recover any actual damages the	106