As Introduced

130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

H. B. No. 204

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Representative Perales

Cosponsors: Representatives Stinziano, Hagan, R., Terhar, Henne

A BILL

To amend sections 4507.071 and 4511.093 of the

Revised Code to modify the law related to	2
graduated driver's licenses.	3
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
Section 1. That sections 4507.071 and 4511.093 of the Revised	4
Code be amended to read as follows:	5
Sec. 4507.071. (A) No driver's license shall be issued to any	6
person under eighteen years of age, except that a probationary	7
license may be issued to a person who is at least sixteen years of	8
age and who has held a temporary instruction permit for a period	9
of at least six months.	10
(B)(1) (a) No holder of a probationary driver's license who	11
has not attained the age of seventeen years shall operate a motor	12
vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by	13
the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking between the	14
hours of midnight and six a.m. unless the holder is accompanied by	15
the holder's parent or guardian.	16
(b) No holder of a probationary driver's license who has	17

attained the age of seventeen years but has not attained the age

of eighteen years shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or

any public or private property used by the public for purposes of	20
vehicular travel or parking between the hours of one a.m. ten p.m.	21
and five a.m. unless the holder is accompanied by the holder's	22
parent or guardian.	23
(2) Subject to division $(D)(1)(a)$ of this section,	24
division $(B)(1)$ of this section does not apply to the holder of	25
a probationary driver's license who is traveling to or from work	26
between the hours of midnight and six a.m. and has in the holder's	27
immediate possession written documentation from the holder's	28
employer.	29
(b) Division (B)(1)(b) of this section does not apply to the	30
holder of a probationary driver's license who is traveling to or	31
from work between the hours of one a.m. ten p.m. and five a.m. and	32
has in the holder's immediate possession written documentation	33
from the holder's employer.	34
(3) An employer is not liable in damages in a civil action	35
for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that	36
allegedly arises from, or is related to, the fact that the	37
employer provided an employee who is the holder of a probationary	38
driver's license with the written documentation described in	39
division (B)(2) of this section.	40
The registrar of motor vehicles shall make available at no	41
cost a form to serve as the written documentation described in	42
division (B)(2) of this section, and employers and holders of	43
probationary driver's licenses may utilize that form or may choose	44
to utilize any other written documentation to meet the	45
requirements of that division.	46
(4) No (a) Except as provided in division (B)(4)(b) of this	47
section, no holder of a probationary driver's license who is less	48

than seventeen years of age has held the license for less than

<u>twelve months</u> shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or any

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public or private property used by the public for purposes of	51
vehicular travel or parking with more than one person who is not a	52
family member occupying the vehicle unless with more than one	53
passenger, and any such passenger shall be twenty-one years of age	54
or older and hold a valid driver's or commercial driver's license.	55
(b) Subject to division (E) of this section, the holder of a	56
probationary driver's license who has held the license for less	57
than twelve months may operate a motor vehicle with any number of	58
family members occupying the motor vehicle or, if the probationary	59
license holder is accompanied by the probationary license holder's	60
parent, guardian, or custodian, with any number of persons	61
occupying the motor vehicle.	62
(C) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of division	63
(B)(1) $\frac{(a) \text{ or } (b)}{(b)}$ of this section if, at the time of the violation,	64
the holder of the probationary driver's license was traveling to	65
or from an official function sponsored by the school the holder	66
attends, or an emergency existed that required the holder to	67
operate a motor vehicle in violation of division $(B)(1)\frac{(a) - or - (b)}{(b)}$	68
of this section, or the holder was an emancipated minor.	69
(D)(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division $(D)(2)$ of	70
this section, if a person is issued who holds a probationary	71
driver's license prior to attaining the age of seventeen years and	72
the person pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in	73
juvenile court of having committed a moving violation during the	74
six-month period commencing on the date on which the person is	75
issued the probationary driver's license, the holder must be	76
accompanied by the holder's parent or guardian whenever the holder	77
is operating a motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or	78
private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular	79
travel or parking during whichever of the following time periods	80
applies:	81

(i) If, on the date the holder of the probationary driver's

license pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in	83
juvenile court of having committed the moving violation, the	84
holder has not attained the age of sixteen seventeen years six	85
months, during the six-month period commencing on that date;	86
(ii) If, on the date the holder pleads guilty to, is	87
convicted of, or is adjudicated in juvenile court of having	88
committed the moving violation, the holder has attained the age of	89
sixteen seventeen years six months but not seventeen eighteen	90
years, until the person attains the age of seventeen eighteen	91
years.	92
(b) If the holder of a probationary driver's license commits	93
a moving violation during the six-month period after the person is	94
issued the probationary driver's license and before the person	95
attains the age of seventeen years and on the date the person	96
pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in juvenile	97
court of having committed the moving violation the person has	98
attained the age of seventeen eighteen years, or if the person	99
commits the moving violation during the six month period after the	100
person is issued the probationary driver's license and after the	101
person attains the age of seventeen years, the holder is not	102
subject to the restriction described in divisions (D)(1)(a)(i) and	103
(ii) of this section unless the court or juvenile court imposes	104
such a restriction upon the holder.	105
(2) Any person who is subject to the operating restrictions	106
established under division (D)(1) of this section as a result of a	107
first moving violation may petition the court for occupational or	108
educational driving privileges without being accompanied by the	109
holder's parent or guardian during the period of time specified in	110
that division. The court may grant the person such driving	111
privileges if the court finds reasonable cause to believe that the	112
restrictions established in division (D)(1) will seriously affect	113

the person's ability to continue in employment or educational

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training or will cause undue hardship on the license holder or a	115
family member of the license holder. In granting the driving	116
privileges, the court shall specify the purposes, times, and	117
places of the privileges and shall issue the person appropriate	118
forms setting forth the privileges granted. Occupational or	119
educational driving privileges under this division shall not be	120
granted to the same person more than once. If a person is	121
convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated in juvenile	122
court of having committed a second or subsequent moving violation,	123
any driving privileges previously granted under this division are	124
terminated upon the subsequent conviction, plea, or adjudication.	125
(3) No person shall violate division (D)(1)(a) of this	126
section.	127
(E) No holder of a probationary license shall operate a	128
motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property	129
used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking	130
unless the total number of occupants of the vehicle does not	131
exceed the total number of occupant restraining devices originally	132
installed in the motor vehicle by its manufacturer, and each	133
occupant of the vehicle is wearing all of the available elements	134
of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device.	135
(2) No person who is a passenger in a motor vehicle being	136
operated by a holder of a probationary license on a highway or any	137
public or private property used by the public for purposes of	138
vehicular travel or parking shall fail to wear all of the	139
available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining	140
device.	141
(F) A restricted license may be issued to a person who is	142
fourteen or fifteen years of age upon proof of hardship	143

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satisfactory to the registrar of motor vehicles.

(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the

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contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a	146
motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the	147
motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether each	148
occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the available	149
elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device as	150
required by division (E) of this section, or for the sole purpose	151
of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the requirement in	152
that division has been or is being violated, or for causing the	153
arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for a violation	154
of that requirement.	155
(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the	156
contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a	157
motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the	158
motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a	159
violation of division $(B)(1)\frac{(a)}{(a)}$ of this section has been or	160
is being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket,	161
citation, or summons for such a violation or for causing the	162
arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for such	163
violation.	164
(I) As used in this section:	165
(1) "Occupant restraining device" has the same meaning as in	166
section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	167
(2) "Family member" of a probationary license holder includes	168
any of the following:	169
(a) A spouse;	170
(b) A child or stepchild;	171
(c) A parent, stepparent, grandparent, or parent-in-law;	172
(d) An aunt or uncle;	173
(e) A sibling, whether of the whole or half blood or by	174
adoption, a brother-in-law, or a sister-in-law;	175

(f) A son or daughter of the probationary license holder's	176
stepparent if the stepparent has not adopted the probationary	177
license holder;	178
(g) An eligible adult, as defined in section 4507.05 of the	179
Revised Code.	180
(3) "Moving violation" means any violation of any statute or	181
ordinance that regulates the operation of vehicles, streetcars, or	182
trackless trolleys on the highways or streets. "Moving violation"	183
does not include a violation of section 4513.263 of the Revised	184
Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, or a	185
violation of any statute or ordinance regulating pedestrians or	186
the parking of vehicles, vehicle size or load limitations, vehicle	187
fitness requirements, or vehicle registration.	188
(J) Whoever violates division (B)(1) or $(4)(a)$, (D)(3), or	189
(E) of this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	190
Sec. 4511.093. (A)(1) No law enforcement officer who stops	191
the operator of a motor vehicle in the course of an authorized	192
sobriety or other motor vehicle checkpoint operation or a motor	193
vehicle safety inspection shall issue a ticket, citation, or	194
summons for a secondary traffic offense unless in the course of	195
the checkpoint operation or safety inspection the officer first	196
determines that an offense other than a secondary traffic offense	197
has occurred and either places the operator or a vehicle occupant	198
under arrest or issues a ticket, citation, or summons to the	199
operator or a vehicle occupant for an offense other than a	200
secondary offense.	201
(2) A law enforcement agency that operates a motor vehicle	202
checkpoint for an express purpose related to a secondary traffic	203
offense shall not issue a ticket, citation, or summons for any	204
secondary traffic offense at such a checkpoint, but may use such a	205

checkpoint operation to conduct a public awareness campaign and

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distribute information.	207
(B) As used in this section, "secondary traffic offense"	208
means a violation of division (A) or $(F)(2)$ of section 4507.05,	209
division (B)(1) $\frac{(a) \text{ or } (b)}{(b)}$ or (E) of section 4507.071, division (A)	210
of section 4511.204, division (C) or (D) of section 4511.81,	211
division (A)(3) of section 4513.03, or division (B) of section	212
4513.263 of the Revised Code.	213
Section 2. That existing sections 4507.071 and 4511.093 of	214
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	215