As Reported by the House Ways and Means Committee

130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

Sub. H. B. No. 375

Representative Huffman

Cosponsors: Speaker Batchelder Representatives Hall, Grossman, Conditt, Sears, Hayes, Boose, Beck, Stebelton, Hill, Wachtmann, Amstutz, Landis, Scherer, Baker, Buchy, Retherford, Rosenberger

A BILL

То	amend sections 1509.02, 1509.071, 1509.11,	1
	1509.34, 1513.08, 1513.182, 1514.11, 5703.052,	2
	5705.27, 5705.32, 5747.98, 5749.01, 5749.02,	3
	5749.03, 5749.06, 5749.07, 5749.08, 5749.10,	4
	5749.11, 5749.12, 5749.13, 5749.14, 5749.15, and	5
	5751.01, to enact sections 187.14, 190.01 to	6
	190.05, 321.50, 1509.075, 5747.56, 5747.63,	7
	5749.031, and 5749.18, and to repeal section	8
	1509.50 of the Revised Code to change the basis,	9
	rates, and revenue distribution of the severance	10
	tax on oil and gas, authorize an income tax credit	11
	for oil or gas royalty holders, and to exclude	12
	some oil and gas sale receipts from the commercial	13
	activity tax base.	14

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Sec	tion 1. T	hat section	ons 1509.0	02, 1509.0	071, 1509	.11, 1509.34,	15
1513.08,	1513.182	, 1514.11	, 5703.052	2, 5705.2	7, 5705.32	2, 5747.98,	16
5749.01,	5749.02,	5749.03,	5749.06,	5749.07,	5749.08,	5749.10,	17
5749.11,	5749.12,	5749.13,	5749.14,	5749.15,	and 5751.	.01 be	18

(a) One county commissioner of an eligible county, selected

from a list of such commissioners submitted by the county

commissioners association of Ohio;

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(b) One township trustee of a township that is an eligible	46
subdivision, selected from a list of such trustees submitted by	47
the Ohio township association;	48
(c) One member of the legislative authority of a municipal	49
corporation that is an eligible subdivision, selected from a list	50
of such members submitted by the Ohio municipal league.	51
(2) Four members appointed by the speaker of the house of	52
representatives as follows:	53
(a) One county commissioner of an eligible county, selected	54
from a list of such commissioners submitted by the county	55
commissioners association of Ohio;	56
(b) One township trustee of a township that is an eligible	57
subdivision, selected from a list of such trustees submitted by	58
the Ohio township association;	59
(c) One member of the legislative authority of a municipal	60
corporation that is an eligible subdivision, selected from a list	61
of such members submitted by the Ohio municipal league;	62
(d) One member representing an economic development	63
organization representing an area that includes one or more	64
eligible counties.	65
(3) Four members appointed by the president of the senate as	66
<u>follows:</u>	67
(a) One county commissioner of an eligible county, selected	68
from a list of such commissioners submitted by the county	69
commissioners association of Ohio;	70
(b) One township trustee of a township that is an eligible	71
subdivision, selected from a list of such trustees submitted by	72
the Ohio township association;	73
(c) One member of the legislative authority of a municipal	74
corporation that is an eligible subdivision, selected from a list	75

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(D) Serving as a member of the Ohio shale gas regional	106
commission does not constitute holding a public office or position	107
of employment under the laws of this state and does not confer a	108
right to compensation from any agency of this state. A member of	109
the commission does not have an unlawful interest in a public	110
contract under section 2921.42 of the Revised Code solely because	111
the eligible subdivision of which the member is also a public	112
official receives a grant from the Ohio shale gas infrastructure	113
development fund or the severance tax legacy fund.	114
Sections 101.82 to 101.87 of the Revised Code do not apply to	115
the Ohio shale gas regional commission.	116
Sec. 190.03. There is hereby created in the state treasury	117
the Ohio shale gas infrastructure development fund. The fund shall	118
consist of moneys transferred to it from the local government	119
reimbursement fund under section 5747.56 of the Revised Code.	120
Money in the fund shall be used to award grants under section	121
190.05 of the Revised Code to eligible subdivisions exclusively to	122
pay for permanent improvements. Interest earned on the money in	123
the fund shall be credited to the fund.	124
Sec. 190.04. There is hereby created in the state treasury	125
the severance tax legacy fund. The fund shall consist of moneys	126
transferred to it from the local government reimbursement fund	127
under section 5747.56 of the Revised Code. The general assembly	128
shall not appropriate money from the fund until fiscal year 2025.	129
The general assembly shall not appropriate money from the	130
severance tax legacy fund for any fiscal year in excess of the	131
amount of interest earned by the fund in the preceding fiscal	132
year. Beginning fiscal year 2025, money in the fund shall be used	133
to award grants under section 190.05 of the Revised Code for	134
projects in subdivisions that are or were eligible subdivisions	135
for any fiscal year to foster long-term prosperity and a positive	136

Sec. 321.50. Every county treasurer shall create in the	167
county treasury a severance tax infrastructure fund. The treasurer	168
shall deposit any money received by the treasurer under section	169
5747.56 of the Revised Code into the fund. The treasurer shall	170
notify the county auditor whenever the treasurer deposits money	171
into the fund.	172
Within ten days after receiving such a notice from the	173

treasurer, the auditor shall schedule a hearing of the county

budget commission and notify applicable taxing authorities as

provided in section 5705.27 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 1509.02. (A) There is hereby created in the department 177 of natural resources the division of oil and gas resources 178 management, which shall be administered by the chief of the 179 division of oil and gas resources management. The division has 180 sole and exclusive authority to regulate the permitting, location, 181 and spacing of oil and gas wells and production operations within 182 the state, excepting only those activities regulated under federal 183 laws for which oversight has been delegated to the environmental 184 protection agency and activities regulated under sections 6111.02 185 to 6111.028 of the Revised Code. The regulation of oil and gas 186 activities is a matter of general statewide interest that requires 187 uniform statewide regulation, and this chapter and rules adopted 188 under it constitute a comprehensive plan with respect to all 189 aspects of the locating, drilling, well stimulation, completing, 190 and operating of oil and gas wells within this state, including 191 site construction and restoration, permitting related to those 192 activities, and the disposal of wastes from those wells. In order 193 to assist the division in the furtherance of its sole and 194 exclusive authority as established in this section, the chief may 195 enter into cooperative agreements with other state agencies for 196 advice and consultation, including visitations at the surface 197

location of a well on behalf of the division. Such cooperative	198
agreements do not confer on other state agencies any authority to	199
administer or enforce this chapter and rules adopted under it. In	200
addition, such cooperative agreements shall not be construed to	201
dilute or diminish the division's sole and exclusive authority as	202
established in this section. Nothing in this section affects the	203
authority granted to the director of transportation and local	204
authorities in section 723.01 or 4513.34 of the Revised Code,	205
provided that the authority granted under those sections shall not	206
be exercised in a manner that discriminates against, unfairly	207
impedes, or obstructs oil and gas activities and operations	208
regulated under this chapter.	209

The chief shall not hold any other public office, nor shall 210 the chief be engaged in any occupation or business that might 211 interfere with or be inconsistent with the duties as chief. 212

All moneys The following shall be credited to the oil and gas 213 well fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury: all 214 money collected by the chief pursuant to sections 1509.06, 215 1509.061, 1509.062, 1509.071, 1509.13, 1509.22, 1509.222, 1509.28, 216 and 1509.34, and 1509.50 of the Revised Code, ninety per cent of 217 moneys received by the treasurer of state from the tax levied in 218 divisions (A)(5) and (6) of money transferred from the oil and gas 219 severance tax fund created in section 5749.02 of the Revised Code, 220 all civil penalties paid under section 1509.33 of the Revised 221 Code, and, notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code 222 relating to the distribution or crediting of fines for violations 223 of the Revised Code, all fines imposed under divisions (A) and (B) 224 of section 1509.99 of the Revised Code and fines imposed under 225 divisions (C) and (D) of section 1509.99 of the Revised Code for 226 all violations prosecuted by the attorney general and for 227 violations prosecuted by prosecuting attorneys that do not involve 228 the transportation of brine by vehicle shall be deposited into the 229

state treasury to the credit of the oil and gas well fund, which	230
is hereby created. Fines imposed under divisions (C) and (D) of	231
section 1509.99 of the Revised Code for violations prosecuted by	232
prosecuting attorneys that involve the transportation of brine by	233
vehicle and penalties associated with a compliance agreement	234
entered into pursuant to this chapter shall be paid to the county	235
treasury of the county where the violation occurred.	236

The fund shall be used solely and exclusively for the 237 purposes enumerated in division (B) of section 1509.071 of the 238 Revised Code, for the expenses of the division associated with the 239 administration of this chapter and Chapter 1571. of the Revised 240 Code and rules adopted under them, and for expenses that are 241 critical and necessary for the protection of human health and 242 safety and the environment related to oil and gas production in 243 this state. The expenses of the division in excess of the moneys 244 available in the fund shall be paid from general revenue fund 245 appropriations to the department. 246

(B) Not less than fourteen per cent of the revenue credited

to the oil and gas well fund from sources other than the oil and

gas severance tax fund shall be transferred to the well plugging

fund created in section 1509.075 of the Revised Code.

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Sec. 1509.071. (A) When the chief of the division of oil and 251 gas resources management finds that an owner has failed to comply 252 with a final nonappealable order issued or compliance agreement 253 entered into under section 1509.04, the restoration requirements 254 of section 1509.072, plugging requirements of section 1509.12, or 255 permit provisions of section 1509.13 of the Revised Code, or rules 256 and orders relating thereto, the chief shall make a finding of 257 that fact and declare any surety bond filed to ensure compliance 258 with those sections and rules forfeited in the amount set by rule 259 of the chief. The chief thereupon shall certify the total 260

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forfeiture to the attorney general, who shall proceed to collect	261
the amount of the forfeiture. In addition, the chief may require	262
an owner, operator, producer, or other person who forfeited a	263
surety bond to post a new surety bond in the amount of fifteen	264
thousand dollars for a single well, thirty thousand dollars for	265
two wells, or fifty thousand dollars for three or more wells.	266

In lieu of total forfeiture, the surety or owner, at the surety's or owner's option, may cause the well to be properly plugged and abandoned and the area properly restored or pay to the treasurer of state the cost of plugging and abandonment.

(B) All moneys collected because of forfeitures of bonds as 271 provided in this section shall be deposited in the state treasury 272 to the credit of the oil and gas well fund created in section 273 1509.02 of the Revised Code. 274

The chief annually shall may spend not less than fourteen per cent of the revenue credited to the oil and gas well fund during the previous fiscal year for the following purposes:

- (1) In accordance with division (D) of this section, to plug 278 idle and orphaned wells or to restore the land surface properly as 279 required in section 1509.072 of the Revised Code; 280
- (2) In accordance with division (E) of this section, to

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 correct conditions that the chief reasonably has determined are

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 causing imminent health or safety risks at an idle and orphaned

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 well or a well for which the owner cannot be contacted in order to

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 initiate a corrective action within a reasonable period of time as

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 determined by the chief.

Expenditures from the fund shall be made only for lawful

purposes. In addition, expenditures from the fund shall not be

made to purchase real property or to remove a dwelling in order to

access a well.

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(C)(1) Upon determining that the owner of a well has failed

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to properly plug and abandon it or to properly restore the land	292
surface at the well site in compliance with the applicable	293
requirements of this chapter and applicable rules adopted and	294
orders issued under it or that a well is an abandoned well for	295
which no funds are available to plug the well in accordance with	296
this chapter, the chief shall do all of the following:	297

- (a) Determine from the records in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the well is located the identity of the owner of the land on which the well is located, the identity of the owner of the oil or gas lease under which the well was drilled or the identity of each person owning an interest in the lease, and the identities of the persons having legal title to, or a lien upon, any of the equipment appurtenant to the well;
- (b) Mail notice to the owner of the land on which the well is 305 located informing the landowner that the well is to be plugged. If 306 the owner of the oil or gas lease under which the well was drilled 307 is different from the owner of the well or if any persons other 308 than the owner of the well own interests in the lease, the chief 309 also shall mail notice that the well is to be plugged to the owner 310 of the lease or to each person owning an interest in the lease, as 311 appropriate. 312
- (c) Mail notice to each person having legal title to, or a lien upon, any equipment appurtenant to the well, informing the person that the well is to be plugged and offering the person the opportunity to plug the well and restore the land surface at the well site at the person's own expense in order to avoid forfeiture of the equipment to this state.
- (2) If none of the persons described in division (C)(1)(c) of this section plugs the well within sixty days after the mailing of the notice required by that division, all equipment appurtenant to the well is hereby declared to be forfeited to this state without compensation and without the necessity for any action by the state 323

for use to defray the cost of plugging and abandoning the well and surface at the well site. 325

- (D) Expenditures from the fund for the purpose of division 326 (B)(1) of this section shall be made in accordance with either of 327 the following: 328
- (1) The expenditures may be made pursuant to contracts 329 entered into by the chief with persons who agree to furnish all of 330 the materials, equipment, work, and labor as specified and 331 provided in such a contract for activities associated with the 332 restoration or plugging of a well as determined by the chief. The 333 activities may include excavation to uncover a well, geophysical 334 methods to locate a buried well when clear evidence of leakage 335 from the well exists, cleanout of wellbores to remove material 336 from a failed plugging of a well, plugging operations, 337 installation of vault and vent systems, including associated 338 engineering certifications and permits, restoration of property, 339 and repair of damage to property that is caused by such 340 activities. Expenditures shall not be used for salaries, 341 maintenance, equipment, or other administrative purposes, except 342 for costs directly attributed to the plugging of an idle and 343 orphaned well. Agents or employees of persons contracting with the 344 chief for a restoration or plugging project may enter upon any 345 land, public or private, on which the well is located for the 346 purpose of performing the work. Prior to such entry, the chief 347 shall give to the following persons written notice of the 348 existence of a contract for a project to restore or plug a well, 349 the names of the persons with whom the contract is made, and the 350 date that the project will commence: the owner of the well, the 351 owner of the land upon which the well is located, the owner or 352 agents of adjoining land, and, if the well is located in the same 353 township as or in a township adjacent to the excavations and 354 workings of a mine and the owner or lessee of that mine has 355

provided written notice identifying those townships to the chief 356 at any time during the immediately preceding three years, the 357 owner or lessee of the mine. 358

(2)(a) The owner of the land on which a well is located who 359 has received notice under division (C)(1)(b) of this section may 360 plug the well and be reimbursed by the division of oil and gas 361 resources management for the reasonable cost of plugging the well. 362 In order to plug the well, the landowner shall submit an 363 application to the chief on a form prescribed by the chief and 364 approved by the technical advisory council on oil and gas created 365 in section 1509.38 of the Revised Code. The application, at a 366 minimum, shall require the landowner to provide the same 367 information as is required to be included in the application for a 368 permit to plug and abandon under section 1509.13 of the Revised 369 Code. The application shall be accompanied by a copy of a proposed 370 contract to plug the well prepared by a contractor regularly 371 engaged in the business of plugging oil and gas wells. The 372 proposed contract shall require the contractor to furnish all of 373 the materials, equipment, work, and labor necessary to plug the 374 well properly and shall specify the price for doing the work, 375 including a credit for the equipment appurtenant to the well that 376 was forfeited to the state through the operation of division 377 (C)(2) of this section. Expenditures under division (D)(2)(a) of 378 this section shall be consistent with the expenditures for 379 activities described in division (D)(1) of this section. The 380 application also shall be accompanied by the permit fee required 381 by section 1509.13 of the Revised Code unless the chief, in the 382 chief's discretion, waives payment of the permit fee. The 383 application constitutes an application for a permit to plug and 384 abandon the well for the purposes of section 1509.13 of the 385 Revised Code. 386

(b) Within thirty days after receiving an application and

accompanying proposed contract under division (D)(2)(a) of this 388 section, the chief shall determine whether the plugging would 389 comply with the applicable requirements of this chapter and 390 applicable rules adopted and orders issued under it and whether 391 the cost of the plugging under the proposed contract is 392 reasonable. If the chief determines that the proposed plugging 393 would comply with those requirements and that the proposed cost of 394 the plugging is reasonable, the chief shall notify the landowner 395 of that determination and issue to the landowner a permit to plug 396 and abandon the well under section 1509.13 of the Revised Code. 397 Upon approval of the application and proposed contract, the chief 398 shall transfer ownership of the equipment appurtenant to the well 399 to the landowner. The chief may disapprove an application 400 submitted under division (D)(2)(a) of this section if the chief 401 determines that the proposed plugging would not comply with the 402 applicable requirements of this chapter and applicable rules 403 adopted and orders issued under it, that the cost of the plugging 404 under the proposed contract is unreasonable, or that the proposed 405 contract is not a bona fide, arm's length contract. 406

- (c) After receiving the chief's notice of the approval of the 407 application and permit to plug and abandon a well under division 408 (D)(2)(b) of this section, the landowner shall enter into the 409 proposed contract to plug the well.
- (d) Upon determining that the plugging has been completed in 411 compliance with the applicable requirements of this chapter and 412 applicable rules adopted and orders issued under it, the chief 413 shall reimburse the landowner for the cost of the plugging as set 414 forth in the proposed contract approved by the chief. The 415 reimbursement shall be paid from the oil and gas well fund. If the 416 chief determines that the plugging was not completed in accordance 417 with the applicable requirements, the chief shall not reimburse 418 the landowner for the cost of the plugging, and the landowner or 419

the contractor, as applicable, promptly shall transfer back to	420
this state title to and possession of the equipment appurtenant to	421
the well that previously was transferred to the landowner under	422
division (D)(2)(b) of this section. If any such equipment was	423
removed from the well during the plugging and sold, the landowner	424
shall pay to the chief the proceeds from the sale of the	425
equipment, and the chief promptly shall pay the moneys so received	426
to the treasurer of state for deposit into the oil and gas well	427
fund.	428

The chief may establish an annual limit on the number of 429 wells that may be plugged under division (D)(2) of this section or 430 an annual limit on the expenditures to be made under that 431 division.

As used in division (D)(2) of this section, "plug" and 433 "plugging" include the plugging of the well and the restoration of 434 the land surface disturbed by the plugging. 435

- (E) Expenditures from the oil and gas well fund for the 436 purpose of division (B)(2) of this section may be made pursuant to 437 contracts entered into by the chief with persons who agree to 438 furnish all of the materials, equipment, work, and labor as 439 specified and provided in such a contract. The competitive bidding 440 requirements of Chapter 153. of the Revised Code do not apply if 441 the chief reasonably determines that an emergency situation exists 442 requiring immediate action for the correction of the applicable 443 health or safety risk. A contract or purchase of materials for 444 purposes of addressing the emergency situation is not subject to 445 division (B) of section 127.16 of the Revised Code. The chief, 446 designated representatives of the chief, and agents or employees 447 of persons contracting with the chief under this division may 448 enter upon any land, public or private, for the purpose of 449 performing the work. 450
 - (F) Contracts entered into by the chief under this section

are not subject to any of the following:	452
(1) Chapter 4115. of the Revised Code;	453
(2) Section 153.54 of the Revised Code, except that the	454
contractor shall obtain and provide to the chief as a bid guaranty	455
a surety bond or letter of credit in an amount equal to ten per	456
cent of the amount of the contract;	457
(3) Section 4733.17 of the Revised Code.	458
(G) The owner of land on which a well is located who has	459
received notice under division (C)(1)(b) of this section, in lieu	460
of plugging the well in accordance with division (D)(2) of this	461
section, may cause ownership of the well to be transferred to an	462
owner who is lawfully doing business in this state and who has met	463
the financial responsibility requirements established under	464
section 1509.07 of the Revised Code, subject to the approval of	465
the chief. The transfer of ownership also shall be subject to the	466
landowner's filing the appropriate forms required under section	467
1509.31 of the Revised Code and providing to the chief sufficient	468
information to demonstrate the landowner's or owner's right to	469
produce a formation or formations. That information may include a	470
deed, a lease, or other documentation of ownership or property	471
rights.	472
The chief shall approve or disapprove the transfer of	473
ownership of the well. If the chief approves the transfer, the	474
owner is responsible for operating the well in accordance with	475
this chapter and rules adopted under it, including, without	476
limitation, all of the following:	477
(1) Filing an application with the chief under section	478
1509.06 of the Revised Code if the owner intends to drill deeper	479
or produce a formation that is not listed in the records of the	480
division for that well;	481

(2) Taking title to and possession of the equipment

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appurtenant to the well that has been identified by the chief as	483
having been abandoned by the former owner;	484
(3) Complying with all applicable requirements that are	485
necessary to drill deeper, plug the well, or plug back the well.	486
(H) The chief shall issue an order that requires the owner of	487
a well to pay the actual documented costs of a corrective action	488
that is described in division (B)(2) of this section concerning	489
the well. The chief shall transmit the money so recovered to the	490
treasurer of state who shall deposit the money in the state	491
treasury to the credit of the oil and gas well fund.	492
(I) The chief may engage in cooperative projects under this	493
section with any agency of this state, another state, or the	494
United States; any other governmental agencies; or any state	495
university or college as defined in section 3345.27 of the Revised	496
Code. A contract entered into for purposes of a cooperative	497
project is not subject to division (B) of section 127.16 of the	498
Revised Code.	499
(J) On or before the last day of June of each year, the chief	500
shall deliver to the speaker of the house of representatives and	501
the president of the senate a report listing the projected amount	502
of money to be spent from the oil or gas well fund or the well	503
plugging fund to plug each idle or orphaned well that the chief	504
estimates will begin to be plugged in the following fiscal year	505
and the locations of such wells, and the number and location of	506
all idle or orphaned wells plugged in the preceding fiscal year	507
using money from the oil or gas well fund or the well plugging	508
fund and the amount spent from each fund to plug such wells.	509
Sec. 1509.075. (A) There is hereby created in the division of	510
oil and gas resources management the idle and orphaned well	511
program. The chief shall provide staff for the program sufficient	512
to identify, locate, and plug idle and orphaned wells located in	513

this state and perform the duties required under this section.	514
(B) Subject to the supervision of the chief, the idle and	515
orphaned well program shall do both of the following:	516
(1) Develop and maintain an inventory of all known and	517
suspected idle and orphaned wells located in this state;	518
(2) Prioritize the plugging of idle and orphaned wells	519
identified in that inventory based on the relative risk of those	520
wells to public health and safety.	521
(C) There is hereby created in the state treasury the well	522
plugging fund, which shall consist of money transferred to the	523
fund from the oil and gas severance tax fund under division (D)(7)	524
of section 5749.02 of the Revised Code and the oil and gas well	525
fund under division (B) of section 1509.02 of the Revised Code.	526
The chief shall use the money in the well plugging fund	527
exclusively for the purposes described in division (B) of section	528
1509.071 of the Revised Code and subject to the requirements and	529
limitations imposed by that section related to the expenditure of	530
funds for those purposes.	531
Expenditures from the fund shall be made only for lawful	532
purposes and shall not be made to purchase real property or to	533
remove a dwelling in order to access a well.	534
Sec. 1509.11. (A)(1) The owner of any well, except a	535
horizontal well, that is producing or capable of producing oil or	536
gas shall file with the chief of the division of oil and gas	537
resources management, on or before the thirty-first day of March,	538
a statement of production of oil, gas, and brine for the last	539
preceding calendar year in such form as the chief may prescribe.	540
An owner that has more than one hundred such wells in this state	541
shall submit electronically the statement of production in a	542
format that is approved by the chief. The chief shall include on	543

the form, at the minimum, a request for the submittal of the	544
information that a person who is regulated under this chapter is	545
required to submit under the "Emergency Planning and Community	546
Right-To-Know Act of 1986, " 100 Stat. 1728, 42 U.S.C.A. 11001, and	547
regulations adopted under it, and that the division of oil and gas	548
resources management does not obtain through other reporting	549
mechanisms.	550

- (2) The owner of any horizontal well that is producing or 551 capable of producing oil or gas shall file with the chief, on the 552 forty-fifth day following the close of each calendar quarter, a 553 statement of production of oil, gas, and brine for the preceding 554 calendar quarter in a form that the chief prescribes. An owner 555 that has more than one hundred horizontal wells in this state 556 shall submit electronically the statement of production in a 557 format that is approved by the chief. The chief shall include on 558 the form, at a minimum, a request for the submittal of the 559 information that a person who is regulated under this chapter is 560 required to submit under the "Emergency Planning and Community 561 Right-To-Know Act of 1986," 100 Stat. 1728, 42 U.S.C. 11001, and 562 regulations adopted under it, and that the division does not 563 obtain through other reporting mechanisms. 564
- (B) The chief shall not disclose information received from 565 the department of taxation under division (C)(12) of section 566 5703.21 of the Revised Code until the related statement of 567 production required by division (A) of this section is filed with 568 the chief. 569
- (C) Not later than the fifteenth day of June of each year,

 the chief shall determine the counties in the state in which at

 least one well producing oil or gas in the Utica or Marcellus

 formation in the preceding calendar year was located and certify

 that determination to the chair of the Ohio shale gas regional

 commission and the director of the Ohio public works commission.

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(D) The chief, through the idle and orphaned well program,	576
shall investigate a well to determine if it is an idle or orphaned	577
well if either of the following occurs, unless the well is under	578
temporary inactive well status pursuant to section 1509.062 of the	579
Revised Code:	580
(1) If the well is not a horizontal well, the owner of the	581
well does not submit a statement of production required under	582
division (A)(1) of this section for two consecutive years.	583
(2) If the well is a horizontal well, the owner of the well	584
does not submit a statement of production required under division	585
(A)(2) of this section for eight consecutive calendar quarters.	586
Sec. 1509.34. (A)(1) If an owner fails to pay the fees	587
imposed by this chapter, or if the chief of the division of oil	588
and gas resources management incurs costs under division (E) of	589
section 1509.071 of the Revised Code to correct conditions	590
associated with the owner's well that the chief reasonably has	591
determined are causing imminent health or safety risks, the	592
division of oil and gas resources management shall have a priority	593
lien against that owner's interest in the applicable well in front	594
of all other creditors for the amount of any such unpaid fees and	595
costs incurred. The chief shall file a statement in the office of	596
the county recorder of the county in which the applicable well is	597
located of the amount of the unpaid fees and costs incurred as	598
described in this division. The statement shall constitute a lien	599
on the owner's interest in the well as of the date of the filing.	600
The lien shall remain in force so long as any portion of the lien	601
remains unpaid or until the chief issues a certificate of release	602
of the lien. If the chief issues a certificate of release of the	603
lien, the chief shall file the certificate of release in the	604
office of the applicable county recorder.	605

(2) A lien imposed under division (A)(1) of this section

shall be in addition to any lien imposed by the attorney general	607
for failure to pay the assessment imposed by section 1509.50 of	608
the Revised Code or the tax levied under division $(A)(B)(5)$ or (6)	609
or (C) of section 5749.02 of the Revised Code, as applicable.	610
(3) If the attorney general cannot collect from a severer or	611
an owner for an outstanding balance of amounts due under section	612
1509.50 of the Revised Code or of unpaid taxes levied under	613
division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(5)$ or (6) or (C) of section 5749.02 of the Revised	614
Code, as applicable, the tax commissioner may request the chief to	615
impose a priority lien against the owner's interest in the	616
applicable well. Such a lien has priority in front of all other	617
creditors.	618
(B) The chief promptly shall issue a certificate of release	619
of a lien under either of the following circumstances:	620
(1) Upon the repayment in full of the amount of unpaid fees	621
imposed by this chapter or costs incurred by the chief under	622
division (E) of section 1509.071 of the Revised Code to correct	623
conditions associated with the owner's well that the chief	624
reasonably has determined are causing imminent health or safety	625
risks;	626
(2) Any other circumstance that the chief determines to be in	627
the best interests of the state.	628
(C) The chief may modify the amount of a lien under this	629
section. If the chief modifies a lien, the chief shall file a	630
statement in the office of the county recorder of the applicable	631
county of the new amount of the lien.	632
(D) An owner regarding which the division has recorded a lien	633
against the owner's interest in a well in accordance with this	634
section shall not transfer a well, lease, or mineral rights to	635
another owner or person until the chief issues a certificate of	636

release for each lien against the owner's interest in the well.

- (E) All money from the collection of liens under this section 638 shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the oil 639 and gas well fund created in section 1509.02 of the Revised Code. 640
- Sec. 1513.08. (A) After a coal mining and reclamation permit application has been approved, the applicant shall file with the chief of the division of mineral resources management, on a form prescribed and furnished by the chief, the performance security required under this section that shall be payable to the state and conditioned on the faithful performance of all the requirements of this chapter and rules adopted under it and the terms and conditions of the permit.
- (B) Using the information contained in the permit application; the requirements contained in the approved permit and reclamation plan; and, after considering the topography, geology, hydrology, and revegetation potential of the area of the approved permit, the probable difficulty of reclamation; the chief shall determine the estimated cost of reclamation under the initial term of the permit if the reclamation has to be performed by the division of mineral resources management in the event of forfeiture of the performance security by the applicant. The chief shall send written notice of the amount of the estimated cost of reclamation by certified mail to the applicant. The applicant shall send written notice to the chief indicating the method by which the applicant will provide the performance security pursuant to division (C) of this section.
- (C) The applicant shall provide the performance security in 663 an amount using one of the following: 664
- (1) If the applicant elects to provide performance security 665 without reliance on the reclamation forfeiture fund created in 666 section 1513.18 of the Revised Code, the amount of the estimated 667 cost of reclamation as determined by the chief under division (B) 668

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of this section for the increments of land on which the operator 669 will conduct a coal mining and reclamation operation under the 670 initial term of the permit as indicated in the application; 671

(2) If the applicant elects to provide performance security 672 together with reliance on the reclamation forfeiture fund through 673 payment of the additional tax on the severance of coal that is 674 levied under division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(8)}$ of section 5749.02 of the Revised 675 Code, an amount of twenty-five hundred dollars per acre of land on 676 which the operator will conduct coal mining and reclamation under 677 the initial term of the permit as indicated in the application. 678 However, in order for an applicant to be eligible to provide 679 performance security in accordance with division (C)(2) of this 680 section, the applicant, an owner and controller of the applicant, 681 or an affiliate of the applicant shall have held a permit issued 682 under this chapter for any coal mining and reclamation operation 683 for a period of not less than five years. In the event of 684 forfeiture of performance security that was provided in accordance 685 with division (C)(2) of this section, the difference between the 686 amount of that performance security and the estimated cost of 687 reclamation as determined by the chief under division (B) of this 688 section shall be obtained from money in the reclamation forfeiture 689 fund as needed to complete the reclamation. 690

The performance security provided under division (C) of this section for the entire area to be mined under one permit issued under this chapter shall not be less than ten thousand dollars.

The performance security shall cover areas of land affected
by mining within or immediately adjacent to the permitted area, so
long as the total number of acres does not exceed the number of
acres for which the performance security is provided. However, the
authority for the performance security to cover areas of land
immediately adjacent to the permitted area does not authorize a
permittee to mine areas outside an approved permit area. As

succeeding increments of coal mining and reclamation operations

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are to be initiated and conducted within the permit area, the

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permittee shall file with the chief additional performance

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security to cover the increments in accordance with this section.

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If a permittee intends to mine areas outside the approved permit

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area, the permittee shall provide additional performance security

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in accordance with this section to cover the areas to be mined.

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If an applicant or permittee has not held a permit issued 708 under this chapter for any coal mining and reclamation operation 709 for a period of five years or more, the applicant or permittee 710 shall provide performance security in accordance with division 711 (C)(1) of this section in the full amount of the estimated cost of 712 reclamation as determined by the chief for a permitted coal 713 preparation plant or coal refuse disposal area that is not located 714 within a permitted area of a mine. If an applicant for a permit 715 for a coal preparation plant or coal refuse disposal area or a 716 permittee of a permitted coal preparation plant or coal refuse 717 disposal area that is not located within a permitted area of a 718 mine has held a permit issued under this chapter for any coal 719 mining and reclamation operation for a period of five years or 720 more, the applicant or permittee may provide performance security 721 for the coal preparation plant or coal refuse disposal area either 722 in accordance with division (C)(1) of this section in the full 723 amount of the estimated cost of reclamation as determined by the 724 chief or in accordance with division (C)(2) of this section in an 725 amount of twenty-five hundred dollars per acre of land with 726 reliance on the reclamation forfeiture fund. If a permittee has 727 previously provided performance security under division (C)(1) of 728 this section for a coal preparation plant or coal refuse disposal 729 area that is not located within a permitted area of a mine and 730 elects to provide performance security in accordance with division 731 (C)(2) of this section, the permittee shall submit written notice 732 to the chief indicating that the permittee elects to provide 733

performance security in accordance with division (C)(2) of this section. Upon receipt of such a written notice, the chief shall release to the permittee the amount of the performance security previously provided under division (C)(1) of this section that exceeds the amount of performance security that is required to be provided under division (C)(2) of this section.

- (D) A permittee's liability under the performance security shall be limited to the obligations established under the permit, which include completion of the reclamation plan in order to make the land capable of supporting the postmining land use that was approved in the permit. The period of liability under the performance security shall be for the duration of the coal mining and reclamation operation and for a period coincident with the operator's responsibility for revegetation requirements under section 1513.16 of the Revised Code.
- (E) The amount of the estimated cost of reclamation determined under division (B) of this section and the amount of a permittee's performance security provided in accordance with division (C)(1) of this section shall be adjusted by the chief as the land that is affected by mining increases or decreases or if the cost of reclamation increases or decreases. If the performance security was provided in accordance with division (C)(2) of this section and the chief has issued a cessation order under division (D)(2) of section 1513.02 of the Revised Code for failure to abate a violation of the contemporaneous reclamation requirement under division (A)(15) of section 1513.16 of the Revised Code, the chief may require the permittee to increase the amount of performance security from twenty-five hundred dollars per acre of land to five thousand dollars per acre of land.

The chief shall notify the permittee, each surety, and any person who has a property interest in the performance security and who has requested to be notified of any proposed adjustment to the

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performance security. The permittee may request an informal 766 conference with the chief concerning the proposed adjustment, and 767 the chief shall provide such an informal conference. 768

If the chief increases the amount of performance security under this division, the permittee shall provide additional performance security in an amount determined by the chief. If the chief decreases the amount of performance security under this division, the chief shall determine the amount of the reduction of the performance security and send written notice of the amount of reduction to the permittee. The permittee may reduce the amount of the performance security in the amount determined by the chief.

- (F) A permittee may request a reduction in the amount of the 777 performance security by submitting to the chief documentation 778 proving that the amount of the performance security provided by 779 the permittee exceeds the estimated cost of reclamation if the 780 reclamation would have to be performed by the division in the 781 event of forfeiture of the performance security. The chief shall 782 examine the documentation and determine whether the permittee's 783 performance security exceeds the estimated cost of reclamation. If 784 the chief determines that the performance security exceeds that 785 estimated cost, the chief shall determine the amount of the 786 reduction of the performance security and send written notice of 787 the amount to the permittee. The permittee may reduce the amount 788 of the performance security in the amount determined by the chief. 789 Adjustments in the amount of performance security under this 790 division shall not be considered release of performance security 791 and are not subject to section 1513.16 of the Revised Code. 792
- (G) If the performance security is a bond, it shall be executed by the operator and a corporate surety licensed to do business in this state. If the performance security is a cash deposit or negotiable certificates of deposit of a bank or savings and loan association, the bank or savings and loan association

shall be licensed and operating in this state. The cash deposit or 798 market value of the securities shall be equal to or greater than 799 the amount of the performance security required under this 800 section. The chief shall review any documents pertaining to the 801 performance security and approve or disapprove the documents. The 802 chief shall notify the applicant of the chief's determination. 803

- (H) If the performance security is a bond, the chief may

 accept the bond of the applicant itself without separate surety

 when the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the chief

 the existence of a suitable agent to receive service of process

 and a history of financial solvency and continuous operation

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 sufficient for authorization to self-insure or bond the amount.
- (I) Performance security provided under this section may be
 held in trust, provided that the state is the primary beneficiary
 of the trust and the custodian of the performance security held in
 trust is a bank, trust company, or other financial institution
 that is licensed and operating in this state. The chief shall
 review the trust document and approve or disapprove the document.

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 The chief shall notify the applicant of the chief's determination.
- (J) If a surety, bank, savings and loan association, trust 817 company, or other financial institution that holds the performance 818 security required under this section becomes insolvent, the 819 permittee shall notify the chief of the insolvency, and the chief 820 shall order the permittee to submit a plan for replacement 821 performance security within thirty days after receipt of notice 822 from the chief. If the permittee provided performance security in 823 accordance with division (C)(1) of this section, the permittee 824 shall provide the replacement performance security within ninety 825 days after receipt of notice from the chief. If the permittee 826 provided performance security in accordance with division (C)(2) 827 of this section, the permittee shall provide the replacement 828 performance security within one year after receipt of notice from 829

the chief, and, for a period of one year after the permittee's	830
receipt of notice from the chief or until the permittee provides	831
the replacement performance security, whichever occurs first,	832
money in the reclamation forfeiture fund shall be the permittee's	833
replacement performance security in an amount not to exceed the	834
estimated cost of reclamation as determined by the chief.	835

- (K) If a permittee provided performance security in 836 accordance with division (C)(1) of this section, the permittee's 837 responsibility for repairing material damage and replacement of 838 water supply resulting from subsidence shall be satisfied by 839 either of the following: 840
- (1) The purchase prior to mining of a noncancelable 841 premium-prepaid liability insurance policy in lieu of the 842 permittee's performance security for subsidence damage. The 843 insurance policy shall contain terms and conditions that 844 specifically provide coverage for repairing material damage and 845 replacement of water supply resulting from subsidence. 846
- (2) The provision of additional performance security in the 847 amount of the estimated cost to the division of mineral resources 848 management to repair material damage and replace water supplies 849 resulting from subsidence until the repair or replacement is 850 completed. However, if such repair or replacement is completed, or 851 compensation for structures that have been damaged by subsidence 852 is provided, by the permittee within ninety days of the occurrence 853 of the subsidence, additional performance security is not 854 required. In addition, the chief may extend the ninety-day period 855 for a period not to exceed one year if the chief determines that 856 the permittee has demonstrated in writing that subsidence is not 857 complete and that probable subsidence-related damage likely will 858 occur and, as a result, the completion of repairs of 859 subsidence-related material damage to lands or protected 860 structures or the replacement of water supply within ninety days 861

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of the occurrence of the subsidence would be unreasonable.

- (L) If the performance security provided in accordance with 863 this section exceeds the estimated cost of reclamation, the chief 864 may authorize the amount of the performance security that exceeds 865 the estimated cost of reclamation together with any interest or 866 other earnings on the performance security to be paid to the 867 permittee.
- (M) A permittee that held a valid coal mining and reclamation 869 permit immediately prior to April 6, 2007, shall provide, not 870 later than a date established by the chief, performance security 871 in accordance with division (C)(1) or (2) of this section, rather 872 than in accordance with the law as it existed prior to that date, 873 by filing it with the chief on a form that the chief prescribes 874 and furnishes. Accordingly, for purposes of this section, 875 "applicant" is deemed to include such a permittee. 876
 - (N) As used in this section:
- (1) "Affiliate of the applicant" means an entity that has a 878 parent entity in common with the applicant. 879
- (2) "Owner and controller of the applicant" means a person 880 that has any relationship with the applicant that gives the person 881 authority to determine directly or indirectly the manner in which 882 the applicant conducts coal mining operations. 883
- Sec. 1513.182. (A) There is hereby created the reclamation 884 forfeiture fund advisory board consisting of the director of 885 natural resources, the director of insurance, and seven members 886 appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the 887 senate. Of the governor's appointments, one shall be a certified 888 public accountant, one shall be a registered professional engineer 889 with experience in reclamation of mined land, two shall represent 890 agriculture, agronomy, or forestry, one shall be a representative 891

of operators of coal mining operations that have valid permits 892 issued under this chapter and that have provided performance 893 security under division (C)(1) of section 1513.08 of the Revised 894 Code, one shall be a representative of operators of coal mining 895 operations that have valid permits issued under this chapter and 896 that have provided performance security under division (C)(2) of 897 section 1513.08 of the Revised Code, and one shall be a 898 representative of the public. 899

Of the original members appointed by the governor, two shall 900 serve an initial term of two years, three an initial term of three 901 years, and two an initial term of four years. Thereafter, terms of 902 appointed members shall be for four years, with each term ending 903 on the same date as the original date of appointment. An appointed 904 member shall hold office from the date of appointment until the 905 end of the term for which the member was appointed. Vacancies 906 shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. A 907 member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the 908 expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was 909 appointed shall hold office for the remainder of that term. A 910 member shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration date 911 of the member's term until the member's successor takes office or 912 until a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs first. 913 The governor may remove an appointed member of the board for 914 misfeasance, nonfeasance, or malfeasance. 915

The directors of natural resources and insurance shall not 916 receive compensation for serving on the board, but shall be 917 reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the 918 performance of their duties as members of the board. The members 919 appointed by the governor shall receive per diem compensation 920 fixed pursuant to division (J) of section 124.15 of the Revised 921 Code and reimbursement for the actual and necessary expenses 922 incurred in the performance of their duties. 923

(B) The board annually shall elect from among its members a	924
chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and a secretary to record the	925
board's meetings.	926
(C) The board shall hold meetings as often as necessary as	927
the chairperson or a majority of the members determines.	928
(D) The board shall establish procedures for conducting	929
meetings and for the election of its chairperson,	930
vice-chairperson, and secretary.	931
(E) The board shall do all of the following:	932
(1) Review the deposits into and expenditures from the	933
reclamation forfeiture fund created in section 1513.18 of the	934
Revised Code;	935
(2) Retain periodically a qualified actuary to perform an	936
actuarial study of the reclamation forfeiture fund;	937
(3) Based on an actuarial study and as determined necessary	938
by the board, adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	939
Revised Code to adjust the rate of the tax levied under division	940
(A)(B)(8) of section 5749.02 of the Revised Code and the balance	941
of the reclamation forfeiture fund that pertains to that rate;	942
(4) Evaluate any rules, procedures, and methods for	943
estimating the cost of reclamation for purposes of determining the	944
amount of performance security that is required under section	945
1513.08 of the Revised Code; the collection of forfeited	946
performance security; payments to the reclamation forfeiture fund;	947
reclamation of sites for which operators have forfeited the	948
performance security; and the compliance of operators with their	949
reclamation plans;	950
(5) Provide a forum for discussion of issues related to the	951
reclamation forfeiture fund and the performance security that is	952
required under section 1513.08 of the Revised Code;	953

- (6) Submit a report biennially to the governor that describes 954 the financial status of the reclamation forfeiture fund and the 955 adequacy of the amount of money in the fund to accomplish the 956 purposes of the fund and that may discuss any matter related to 957 the performance security that is required under section 1513.08 of 958 the Revised Code; 959
- (7) Make recommendations to the governor, if necessary, of 960 alternative methods of providing money for or using money in the 961 reclamation forfeiture fund and issues related to the reclamation 962 of land or water resources that have been adversely affected by 963 past coal mining for which the performance security was forfeited; 964
- (8) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the 965
 Revised Code that are necessary to administer this section. 966

Sec. 1514.11. In addition to the purposes authorized in 967 section 1514.06 of the Revised Code, the chief of the division of 968 mineral resources management may use moneys in the surface mining 969 fund created under that section for the administration and 970 enforcement of this chapter, for the reclamation of land affected 971 by surface or in-stream mining under a permit issued under this 972 chapter that the operator failed to reclaim and for which the 973 performance bond filed by the operator is insufficient to complete 974 the reclamation, and for the reclamation of land affected by 975 surface or in-stream mining that was abandoned and left 976 unreclaimed and for which no permit was issued or bond filed under 977 this chapter. Also, the chief may use the portion of the surface 978 mining fund that consists of moneys collected from the severance 979 taxes levied under section 5749.02 of the Revised Code for mine 980 safety and first aid training. For purposes of this section, the 981 chief shall expend moneys in the fund in accordance with the 982 procedures and requirements established in section 1514.06 of the 983 Revised Code and may enter into contracts and perform work in 984

accordance with that section.

Fees collected under sections 1514.02 and 1514.03 of the 986 Revised Code, one-half of the moneys collected from the severance 987 taxes levied under divisions $\frac{(A)(B)}{(3)}$ and (4) of section 5749.02 988 of the Revised Code, and all of the moneys collected from the 989 severance tax levied under division $\frac{A}{B}(8)$ (7) of section 5749.02 990 of the Revised Code shall be credited to the fund in accordance 991 with those sections. Notwithstanding any section of the Revised 992 Code relating to the distribution or crediting of fines for 993 violations of the Revised Code, all fines imposed under section 994 1514.99 of the Revised Code shall be credited to the fund. 995

Sec. 5703.052. (A) There is hereby created in the state 996 treasury the tax refund fund, from which refunds shall be paid for 997 taxes illegally or erroneously assessed or collected, or for any 998 other reason overpaid, that are levied by Chapter 4301., 4305., 999 5726., 5728., 5729., 5731., 5733., 5735., 5736., 5739., 5741., 1000 5743., 5747., 5748., 5749., 5751., or 5753. and sections 3737.71, 1001 3905.35, 3905.36, 4303.33, 5707.03, 5725.18, 5727.28, 5727.38, 1002 5727.81, and 5727.811 of the Revised Code. Refunds for fees or 1003 wireless 9-1-1 charges illegally or erroneously assessed or 1004 collected, or for any other reason overpaid, that are levied by 1005 sections 128.42 or 3734.90 to 3734.9014 of the Revised Code also 1006 shall be paid from the fund. Refunds for amounts illegally or 1007 erroneously assessed or collected by the tax commissioner, or for 1008 any other reason overpaid, that are due under former section 1009 1509.50 of the Revised Code as that section existed before its 1010 repeal by H.B. 375 of the 130th general assembly shall be paid 1011 from the fund. However, refunds for taxes levied under section 1012 5739.101 of the Revised Code shall not be paid from the tax refund 1013 fund, but shall be paid as provided in section 5739.104 of the 1014 Revised Code. 1015

- (B)(1) Upon certification by the tax commissioner to the 1016 treasurer of state of a tax refund, a wireless 9-1-1 charge 1017 refund, or another amount refunded, or by the superintendent of 1018 insurance of a domestic or foreign insurance tax refund, the 1019 treasurer of state shall place the amount certified to the credit 1020 of the fund. The certified amount transferred shall be derived 1021 from the receipts of the same tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, or 1022 other amount from which the refund arose. 1023
- (2) When a refund is for a tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, 1024 or other amount that is not levied by the state or that was 1025 illegally or erroneously distributed to a taxing jurisdiction, the 1026 tax commissioner shall recover the amount of that refund from the 1027 next distribution of that tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, or 1028 other amount that otherwise would be made to the taxing 1029 jurisdiction. If the amount to be recovered would exceed 1030 twenty-five per cent of the next distribution of that tax, fee, 1031 wireless 9-1-1 charge, or other amount, the commissioner may 1032 spread the recovery over more than one future distribution, taking 1033 into account the amount to be recovered and the amount of the 1034 anticipated future distributions. In no event may the commissioner 1035 spread the recovery over a period to exceed twenty-four months. 1036

Sec. 5705.27. There is hereby created in each county a county 1037 budget commission consisting of the county auditor, the county 1038 treasurer, and the prosecuting attorney. Upon petition filed with 1039 the board of elections, signed by the number of electors of the 1040 county equal in amount to three per cent of the total number of 1041 votes cast for governor at the most recent election therefor, 1042 there shall be submitted to the electors of the county at the next 1043 general election occurring not sooner than ninety days after the 1044 filing of the petition, the question "Shall the county budget 1045 commission consist of two additional members to be elected from 1046 the county?" Provision shall be made on the ballot for the 1047

election from the county at large of two additional members of the	1048
county budget commission who shall be electors of the county if a	1049
majority of the electors voting on the question shall have voted	1050
in the affirmative. In such counties, where the electors have	1051
voted in the affirmative, the county budget commission shall	1052
consist of such two elected members in addition to the county	1053
auditor, the county treasurer and the prosecuting attorney. Such	1054
members, who shall not hold any other public office, shall serve	1055
for a term of four years. The	1056

The commission shall meet at the office of the county auditor 1057 in each county on the first Monday in February and on the first 1058 Monday in August, annually, and shall complete its work on or 1059 before the first day of September, annually, unless for good cause 1060 the tax commissioner extends the time for completing the work. A 1061 The commission shall meet at the call of the county auditor to 1062 hold a hearing not later than forty days following the deposit of 1063 any money into the severance tax infrastructure fund created under 1064 section 321.50 of the Revised Code for the purpose of distributing 1065 such money to subdivisions in accordance with division (G) of 1066 section 5705.32 of the Revised Code. At least thirty days before 1067 the hearing, the auditor shall notify the taxing authorities of 1068 all subdivisions located in the county that money has been 1069 deposited in the severance tax infrastructure fund and that each 1070 taxing authority receiving notice may appear and testify to 1071 demonstrate the subdivision's need, if any, for such money to pay 1072 for permanent improvements or for reconstructing, improving, 1073 repairing, or equipping roads or bridges. The notification shall 1074 require a subdivision to respond within fifteen days after the 1075 auditor sends the notification to the subdivision notifying the 1076 auditor that a representative of the subdivision will appear and 1077 give testimony or evidence at the hearing. If no subdivision 1078 responds within this period, the commission may cancel the 1079 scheduled hearing. In any event, the commission shall proceed as 1080

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provided in division	(G) of	section	5705.32	of	the	Revised	Code.
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A majority of members shall constitute a quorum, provided

that no action of the commission shall be valid unless agreed to

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by a majority of the members of the commission. The auditor shall

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be the secretary of the commission and shall keep a full and

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accurate record of all proceedings. The

The county auditor shall appoint such messengers and clerks as the commission deems necessary, and the budget commissioners shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses. The elected members of the commission shall also receive twenty dollars for each day in attendance at commission meetings and in discharge of official duties. Any vacancy among such elected members shall be filled by the presiding judge of the court of common pleas. ##

In adjusting the rates of taxation and fixing the amount of taxes to be levied each year, the commissioners shall be governed 1095 by the amount of the taxable property shown on the auditor's tax 1096 list for the current year; provided that if the auditor's tax list 1097 has not been completed, the auditor shall estimate, as nearly as 1098 practicable, the amount of the taxable property for such year, and 1099 such officers shall be governed by such estimate.

In any county in which two members of the commission are 1101 elected, upon petition filed with the board of elections, signed 1102 by the number of electors of the county equal in amount to three 1103 per cent of the votes cast for governor at the most recent 1104 election therefor, there shall be submitted to the electors of the 1105 county at the next general election occurring not sooner than 1106 ninety days after the filing of the petition, the question "Shall 1107 the elected members be eliminated from the county budget 1108 commission?" If the majority of the electors voting thereon shall 1109 have voted in the affirmative, the county budget commission shall 1110 consist solely of the county auditor, the county treasurer, and 1111 the prosecuting attorney. 1112

Sec. 5705.32. (A) The county budget commission shall adjust 1113 the estimated amounts required from the general property tax for 1114 each fund, as shown by the tax budgets or other information 1115 required to be provided under section 5705.281 of the Revised 1116 Code, so as to bring the tax levies required therefor within the 1117 limitations specified in sections 5705.01 to 5705.47 of the 1118 Revised Code, for such levies, but no levy shall be reduced below 1119 a minimum fixed by law. The commission may revise and adjust the 1120 estimate of balances and receipts from all sources for each fund 1121 and shall determine the total appropriations that may be made 1122 therefrom. 1123

- (B) The commission shall fix the amount of the county public 1124 library fund to be distributed to each board of public library 1125 trustees that has qualified under section 5705.28 of the Revised 1126 Code for participation in the proceeds of such fund. The amount 1127 paid to all libraries in the county from such fund shall never be 1128 a smaller per cent of the fund than the average of the percentages 1129 of the county's classified taxes that were distributed to 1130 libraries in 1982, 1983, and 1984, as determined by the county 1131 auditor. The commission shall base the amount for distribution on 1132 the needs of such library for the construction of new library 1133 buildings, parts of buildings, improvements, operation, 1134 maintenance, or other expenses. In determining the needs of each 1135 library board of trustees, and in calculating the amount to be 1136 distributed to any library board of trustees on the basis of its 1137 needs, the commission shall make no reduction in its allocation 1138 from the fund on account of additional revenues realized by a 1139 library from increased taxes or service charges voted by its 1140 electorate, from revenues received through federal or state 1141 grants, projects, or programs, or from grants from private 1142 sources. 1143
 - (C) Notwithstanding the fact that alternative methods of 1144

- financing such needs are available, after fixing the amount to be
 distributed to libraries, the commission shall fix the amount, if
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 any, of the county public library fund to be distributed to each
 board of township park commissioners, the county, and each
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 municipal corporation in accordance with the following:
 1149
- (1) Each municipal corporation in the county shall receive a 1150 per cent of the remainder that equals the per cent that the county 1151 auditor determines the classified property taxes originating in 1152 such municipal corporation in 1984 were of the total of all of the 1153 county's classified property taxes in 1984. The commission may 1154 deduct from this amount any amount that the budget commission 1155 allows to the board of township park commissioners of a township 1156 park district, the boundaries of which are coextensive with or 1157 contained within the boundaries of the municipal corporation. 1158
- (2) The county shall receive a per cent of the remainder that 1159 equals the per cent that the county auditor determines the 1160 classified property taxes originating outside of the boundaries of 1161 municipal corporations in the county in 1984 were of the total of 1162 all of the county's classified property taxes in 1984. The 1163 commission may deduct from this amount any amount that the budget 1164 commission allows to the board of township park commissioners of a 1165 township park district, the boundaries of which are not 1166 coextensive with or contained within those of any municipal 1167 corporation in the county. 1168
- (D) The commission shall separately set forth the amounts 1169 fixed and determined under divisions (B) and (C) of this section 1170 in the "official certificate of estimated resources," as provided 1171 in section 5705.35 of the Revised Code, and separately certify 1172 such amount to the county auditor who shall be quided thereby in 1173 the distribution of the county public library fund for and during 1174 the fiscal year. In determining such amounts, the commission shall 1175 be guided by the estimate certified by the tax commissioner and 1176

presented by the auditor under section 5705.31 of the Revised	1177
Code, as to the total amount of revenue to be received in the	1178
county public library fund during such fiscal year.	1179
(E)(1) At least five days before the date of any meeting at	1180
which the budget commission plans to discuss the distribution of	1181
the county public library fund, it shall notify each legislative	1182
authority and board of public library trustees, county	1183
commissioners, and township park commissioners eligible to	1184
participate in the distribution of the fund of the date, time,	1185
place, and agenda for the meeting. Any legislative authority or	1186
board entitled to notice under this division may designate an	1187
officer or employee of such legislative authority or board to whom	1188
the commission shall deliver the notice.	1189
(2) Before the final determination of the amount to be	1190
allotted to each subdivision from any source, the commission shall	1191
permit representatives of each subdivision and of each board of	1192
public library trustees to appear before it to explain its	1193
financial needs.	1194
(F) If any public library receives and expends any funds	1195
allocated to it under this section for the construction of new	1196
library buildings or parts of buildings, such library shall be	1197
free and open to the inhabitants of the county in which it is	1198
located. Any board of library trustees that receives funds under	1199
this section and section 5747.48 of the Revised Code shall have	1200
its financial records open for public inspection at all reasonable	1201
times.	1202
(G)(1) A representative of a subdivision that has responded	1203
to the notice of a hearing as provided in section 5705.27 of the	1204
Revised Code may appear and give testimony and evidence	1205
demonstrating the need of the subdivision for money from the	1206
severance tax infrastructure fund to pay for permanent	1207

improvements or for reconstructing, improving, repairing, or

equipping roads or bridges.	1209
Subject to division (G)(2) of this section, the commission	1210
shall determine the amount, if any, to be distributed to each	1211
subdivision represented at the hearing on the basis of the	1212
testimony and evidence presented, and shall issue an order to the	1213
county treasurer distributing all or a portion of the money in the	1214
severance tax infrastructure fund to such subdivisions. An order	1215
of the commission under this division may not be appealed. If the	1216
commission canceled the hearing because no subdivisions responded	1217
to the notice, the commission shall hold a meeting to determine	1218
whether money in the fund shall be distributed and, if so, the	1219
amounts to be distributed, based on any information in the	1220
commission's possession.	1221
The county treasurer shall distribute money in the severance	1222
tax infrastructure fund in accordance with the order of the	1223
commission. A taxing authority may use money received from the	1224
severance tax infrastructure fund to pay for permanent	1225
improvements or for reconstructing, improving, repairing, or	1226
equipping roads or bridges.	1227
(2) The county budget commission shall distribute at least	1228
twenty per cent of any revenue deposited in the severance tax	1229
infrastructure fund to one or more townships for the purpose of	1230
reconstructing, improving, repairing, or equipping roads or	1231
bridges owned by the township, the necessity of which is directly	1232
associated with the presence of producing oil and gas wells.	1233
(3) In distributing funds under divisions (G)(1) and (2) of	1234
this section, the county budget commission shall prioritize	1235
permanent improvements and road or bridge repairs directly	1236
associated with the presence of producing oil and gas wells.	1237
Sec. 5747.56. (A) Not later than the fifteenth day of June of	1238
each year, the tax commissioner shall calculate and certify to the	1239

director of budget and management both of the following:	1240
(1) Revenue forgone to the local government fund during the	1241
preceding calendar year because of the credit authorized under	1242
section 5747.63 and the exclusion authorized under division	1243
(F)(2)(jj) of section 5751.01 of the Revised Code.	1244
(2) Revenue forgone to the public library fund during the	1245
preceding calendar year because of the credit authorized under	1246
section 5747.63 and the exclusion authorized under division	1247
(F)(2)(jj) of section 5751.01 of the Revised Code.	1248
(B) There is hereby created in the state treasury the local	1249
government reimbursement fund. On or before the thirtieth day of	1250
June of each year, the director of budget and management shall	1251
transfer or distribute from the fund the following amounts:	1252
(1) An amount equal to the lesser of the money in the local	1253
government reimbursement fund or the sum of the amounts certified	1254
by the tax commissioner under divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this	1255
section to the undivided local government fund and the public	1256
library fund of each county and to each municipal corporation	1257
receiving money that calendar year under division (C) of section	1258
5747.50 of the Revised Code in the same proportions as money from	1259
the local government fund is distributed to undivided local	1260
government funds and those municipal corporations under divisions	1261
(B) and (C) of section 5747.50 of the Revised Code and from the	1262
public library fund to county public library funds under section	1263
5747.47 of the Revised Code for that calendar year.	1264
(2) Twenty-five per cent of any money remaining in the local	1265
government reimbursement fund after making the distribution	1266
described in division (B)(1) of this section to the severance tax	1267
infrastructure fund of each county in the county's proportion most	1268
recently certified to the director by the tax commissioner under	1269
division (J)(2) of section 5749.06 of the Revised Code.	1270

(3) Sixty-three and three-fourths per cent of any money	1271
remaining in the local government reimbursement fund after making	1272
the distribution under division (B)(1) of this section to the Ohio	1273
shale gas infrastructure development fund created in section	1274
190.03 of the Revised Code.	1275
(4) Eleven and one-fourth per cent of any money remaining in	1276
the local government reimbursement fund after making the	1277
distribution described in division (B)(1) of this section to the	1278
severance tax legacy fund created in section 190.04 of the Revised	1279
Code.	1280
The county budget commission shall apportion money	1281
distributed to the undivided local government fund or public	1282
library fund of the county under this section to subdivisions or	1283
libraries according to the formula used by the county to	1284
distribute money from the undivided local government fund under	1285
section 5747.51 or 5747.53 or from the county public library fund	1286
under section 5705.32 or 5705.321 of the Revised Code.	1287
Payments received by a municipal corporation directly from	1288
the director of budget and management under this section shall be	1289
paid into its general fund and may be used for any lawful purpose.	1290
Money received by a subdivision under this section shall be paid	1291
into its general fund and used for the current operating expenses	1292
of the subdivision.	1293
Sec. 5747.63. (A) As used in this section:	1294
	1005
(1) "Royalty interest" and "well" have the same meanings as	1295
in section 1509.01 of the Revised Code.	1296
(2) "Oil and gas severance tax" means the tax imposed under	1297
division (B)(5) or (6) or (C) of section 5749.02 of the Revised	1298
Code.	1299
(3) "Severer" has the same meaning as in division (I)(2) of	1300

As Reported by the House Ways and Means Committee section 5749.01 of the Revised Code. 1301 (B) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, 1302 a taxpayer holding a royalty interest in a well producing oil or 1303 gas may claim a nonrefundable credit against the tax imposed by 1304 section 5747.02 of the Revised Code. The amount of the credit 1305 equals the amount of oil and gas severance tax paid by the severer 1306 for calendar quarters that end in or coincide with the taxpayer's 1307 taxable year multiplied by the lesser of twelve and one-half per 1308 cent or the proportion on the last day of the taxable year of that 1309 tax by which the taxpayer's royalty payments are reduced or for 1310 which the taxpayer is contractually required to pay the severer. 1311 A taxpayer who has a direct or indirect ownership interest in 1312 a pass-through entity that owns a royalty interest may claim a 1313 credit under this section with respect to each well for which the 1314 pass-through entity receives a royalty payment. The amount of the 1315 credit with respect to each well shall be the taxpayer's 1316 distributive or proportionate share of oil and gas severance tax 1317 paid by the severer for the calendar quarters that end in or 1318 coincide with the taxpayer's taxable year multiplied by the lesser 1319 of twelve and one-half per cent or the proportion, on the last day 1320 of the taxable year, of that tax by which the pass-through 1321 entity's royalty payments are reduced or for which the 1322 pass-through entity is contractually required to pay the severer. 1323 (C) The taxpayer shall claim the credit in the order required 1324 under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. If the credit exceeds 1325 the amount of tax otherwise due for the taxable year, the excess 1326 may not be carried forward. 1327 (D) On or before the last day of January of each year, a 1328 severer shall deliver to each taxpayer or pass-through entity that 1329 holds a royalty interest in the severer's well a written report 1330 that lists the amount of oil and gas severance tax the severer 1331

paid on oil and gas severed and sold from that well in the

(6) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (D)

of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;

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(7) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (E)	1363
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1364
(8) The low-income credit under section 5747.056 of the	1365
Revised Code;	1366
(9) The credit for displaced workers who pay for job training	1367
under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code;	1368
(10) The campaign contribution credit under section 5747.29	1369
of the Revised Code;	1370
(11) The twenty-dollar personal exemption credit under	1371
section 5747.022 of the Revised Code;	1372
(12) The joint filing credit under division (G) of section	1373
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1374
(13) The nonresident credit under division (A) of section	1375
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1376
(14) The credit for a resident's out-of-state income under	1377
division (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1378
(15) The earned income credit under section 5747.71 of the	1379
Revised Code;	1380
(16) The credit for employers that reimburse employee child	1381
care expenses under section 5747.36 The oil and gas royalty	1382
interest holder credit for severance tax paid under section	1383
5747.63 of the Revised Code;	1384
(17) The credit for adoption of a minor child under section	1385
5747.37 of the Revised Code;	1386
(18) The credit for purchases of lights and reflectors under	1387
section 5747.38 of the Revised Code;	1388
(19) The nonrefundable job retention credit under division	1389
(B) of section 5747.058 of the Revised Code;	1390
(20) The credit for selling alternative fuel under section	1391

limestone, dolomite, sand, gravel, natural gas, and oil.	1451
(D) "Owner," has "horizontal well," and "condensate" have the	1452
same meaning meanings as in section 1509.01 of the Revised Code.	1453
(E) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,	1454
association, joint stock company, corporation, or estate, or	1455
combination thereof.	1456
(F) "Return" means any report or statement required to be	1457
filed pursuant to Chapter 5749. of the Revised Code used to	1458
determine the tax due.	1459
(G) "Severance" means the extraction or other removal of a	1460
natural resource from the soil or water of this state.	1461
(H) "Severed" means the point at which the natural resource	1462
has been separated from the soil or water in this state.	1463
(I) "Severer" means any one of the following:	1464
(1) For the purposes of a tax levied under division (B) of	1465
section 5749.02 of the Revised Code, except for divisions (B)(5)	1466
and (6) of that section, the person who actually removes the	1467
natural resources from the soil or water in this state.	1468
(2) For the purposes of the taxes levied under divisions	1469
(B)(5) and (6) and (C) of section 5749.02 of the Revised Code, the	1470
person that has the right to first sell severed oil or gas.	1471
(J) "First day of production" means the date on which oil or	1472
gas is first severed through the use of a well. "First day of	1473
production" does not include days on which gas is flared from a	1474
well exclusively for testing and oil is not produced when the gas	1475
is flared.	1476
(K) "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and all other	1477
hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, that are produced in liquid	1478
form by ordinary production methods, including condensate.	1479
(L) "Gas" means natural gas and all other hydrocarbons that	1480

<u>are not oil.</u>	1481
(M) "Wellhead gross receipts" means the total amount received	1482
by a severer or another person from the first sale of oil and gas,	1483
whether or not the sale occurs at the wellhead, after deduction	1484
for any fees paid or costs incurred or accrued by or on behalf of	1485
the severer or an affiliate of the severer for processing,	1486
gathering, transporting, fractionating, stabilizing, compressing,	1487
dehydrating, shrinkage, brokering, delivering, and market access	1488
for such oil and gas, but not including fees paid or costs	1489
incurred or accrued for oil and gas lease acquisitions,	1490
geophysical and geologic services, well site preparation, well	1491
drilling, well completion services, related tangible or intangible	1492
drilling costs, natural gas storage services, general	1493
merchandising, and lease operating costs for the production of oil	1494
and gas at the wellhead.	1495
(N) "Point of first sale" means the first point after the	1496
production of oil or gas from a well at which the severer or	1497
another person transfers ownership of the oil or gas for	1498
consideration. The point of first sale determines when oil or gas	1499
is first sold for the purposes of this chapter.	1500
(0) "Affiliate" means a person that owns or controls either	1501
directly or indirectly more than fifty per cent of the ownership	1502
interest of one or more other persons, or has more than fifty per	1503
cent of its ownership interests owned or controlled either	1504
directly or indirectly by another person, or by related interests	1505
that own or control either directly or indirectly more than fifty	1506
per cent of the ownership interests of one or more other persons.	1507
(P) "Former section 1509.50 of the Revised Code" means	1508
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code as it existed before its	1509
repeal by H.B. 375 of the 130th general assembly.	1510
	 .
Sec. 5749.02. (A) For the purpose of providing revenue to	1511

administer the state's coal mining and reclamation regulatory	1512
program and oil and gas regulatory program, to meet the	1513
environmental and resource management needs of this state, to	1514
provide revenue for local governments, to provide revenue for	1515
temporary income tax reductions, and to reclaim land affected by	1516
mining, $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x$	1517
engaging in the severance of natural resources from the soil or	1518
water of this state <u>under divisions (B) and (C) of this section</u> .	1519
The tax	1520
(B) There shall be a tax imposed upon the severer at the	1521
rates prescribed by divisions $\frac{(A)(B)}{(1)}$ to (9) of this section:	1522
(1) Ten cents per ton of coal;	1523
(2) Four cents per ton of salt;	1524
(3) Two cents per ton of limestone or dolomite;	1525
(4) Two cents per ton of sand and gravel;	1526
(5) Ten cents per barrel of oil severed from a well that is	1527
<pre>not a horizontal well;</pre>	1528
(6) Two One and one-half cents per thousand cubic feet of	1529
natural gas severed from a well that is not a horizontal well;	1530
(7) One cent per ton of clay, sandstone or conglomerate,	1531
shale, gypsum, or quartzite;	1532
(8) Except as otherwise provided in this division or in rules	1533
adopted by the reclamation forfeiture fund advisory board under	1534
section 1513.182 of the Revised Code, an additional fourteen cents	1535
per ton of coal produced from an area under a coal mining and	1536
reclamation permit issued under Chapter 1513. of the Revised Code	1537
for which the performance security is provided under division	1538
(C)(2) of section 1513.08 of the Revised Code. Beginning July 1,	1539
2007, if at the end of a fiscal biennium the balance of the	1540
reclamation forfeiture fund created in section 1513.18 of the	1541

Revised Code is equal to or greater than ten million dollars, the	1542
rate levied shall be twelve cents per ton. Beginning July 1, 2007,	1543
if at the end of a fiscal biennium the balance of the fund is at	1544
least five million dollars, but less than ten million dollars, the	1545
rate levied shall be fourteen cents per ton. Beginning July 1,	1546
2007, if at the end of a fiscal biennium the balance of the fund	1547
is less than five million dollars, the rate levied shall be	1548
sixteen cents per ton. Beginning July 1, 2009, not later than	1549
thirty days after the close of a fiscal biennium, the chief of the	1550
division of mineral resources management shall certify to the tax	1551
commissioner the amount of the balance of the reclamation	1552
forfeiture fund as of the close of the fiscal biennium. Any	1553
necessary adjustment of the rate levied shall take effect on the	1554
first day of the following January and shall remain in effect	1555
during the calendar biennium that begins on that date.	1556
(9) An additional one and two-tenths cents per ton of coal	1557
mined by surface mining methods.	1558
(B)(C)(1) For oil and gas severed from a horizontal well on	1559
or after October 1, 2014, there is hereby levied a tax on the	1560
severer. The tax shall be levied at the rate of two and one-half	1561
per cent of the severer's or other person's wellhead gross	1562
receipts from the first sale of that oil or gas.	1563
(2)(a) If the tax commissioner establishes by a preponderance	1564
of the evidence either that the first sale of oil and gas is	1565
between affiliates and is not comparable to other transactions in	1566
the Appalachian basin or that the first sale of oil or gas is	1567
between parties that are not affiliates and is not conducted at	1568
arm's length, the commissioner shall prescribe the price paid for	1569
that oil and gas as follows:	1570
(i) The price paid under the most comparable arm's length	1571
contract or contracts, to which the person paying the tax is a	1572

party, for the sale of oil or gas of similar quality, from the

same well or, if none, from a nearby well.	1574
(ii) If the commissioner cannot apply the price described in	1575
division (C)(2)(a)(i) of this section to the oil or gas, the price	1576
paid under the most comparable arm's length contract or contracts,	1577
between parties other than the person paying the tax, for the sale	1578
of oil or gas of similar quality from a similar well.	1579
(iii) If the commissioner cannot apply the price described in	1580
division (C)(2)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section to the oil or gas,	1581
the price determined by consideration of a posted price that is	1582
relevant in valuing oil or gas of similar quality from a similar	1583
well.	1584
(b) When determining whether a contract is comparable for	1585
purposes of division (C)(2)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, the	1586
commissioner shall consider the contract price for oil or gas, the	1587
time of the contract's execution, the basin where oil and gas is	1588
being sold, any markets served and costs to access the markets,	1589
the quality and volume of the oil or gas, and any other factor.	1590
(c) After prescribing a price under division (C)(2)(a) of	1591
this section, the commissioner shall recalculate wellhead gross	1592
receipts for that oil and gas based on the prescribed price. The	1593
commissioner may collect any amount resulting from the	1594
commissioner's recalculation by assessment in the manner provided	1595
under section 5749.07 of the Revised Code.	1596
(D) After the director of budget and management transfers	1597
money from the severance tax receipts fund as required in division	1598
(H) of section 5749.06 of the Revised Code, money remaining in the	1599
severance tax receipts fund, except for money in the fund from the	1600
amounts due under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code, shall be	1601
credited as follows:	1602
(1) Of the moneys in the fund from the tax levied in division	1603
$\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(1)$ of this section, four and seventy-six-hundredths per	1604

unreclaimed lands fund.

cent shall be credited to the geological mapping fund created in	1605
section 1505.09 of the Revised Code, eighty and	1606
ninety-five-hundredths per cent shall be credited to the coal	1607
mining administration and reclamation reserve fund created in	1608
section 1513.181 of the Revised Code, and fourteen and	1609
twenty-nine-hundredths per cent shall be credited to the	1610
unreclaimed lands fund created in section 1513.30 of the Revised	1611
Code.	1612
(2) The money in the fund from the tax levied in division	1613
$\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(2)$ of this section shall be credited to the geological	1614
mapping fund.	1615
(3) Of the moneys in the fund from the tax levied in	1616
divisions $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(3)$ and (4) of this section, seven and five-tenths	1617
per cent shall be credited to the geological mapping fund,	1618
forty-two and five-tenths per cent shall be credited to the	1619
unreclaimed lands fund, and the remainder shall be credited to the	1620
surface mining fund created in section 1514.06 of the Revised	1621
Code.	1622
(4) Of the moneys in the fund from the tax levied in	1623
divisions (A)(5) and (6) of this section, ninety per cent shall be	1624
eredited to the oil and gas well fund created in section 1509.02	1625
of the Revised Code and ten per cent shall be credited to the	1626
geological mapping fund. All of the moneys in the fund from the	1627
tax levied in division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}$ (7) of this section shall be credited	1628
to the surface mining fund.	1629
(5) All of the moneys in the fund from the tax levied in	1630
division $\frac{A}{(B)}(8)$ of this section shall be credited to the	1631
reclamation forfeiture fund.	1632
(6) All of the moneys in the fund from the tax levied in	1633
division $\frac{A}{B}(9)$ of this section shall be credited to the	1634

(7) All of the money in the fund from the tax levied under	1636
divisions (B)(5) and (6) and (C) of this section shall be credited	1637
to the oil and gas severance tax fund, which is hereby created in	1638
the state treasury.	1639
On or before the twenty-fifth day of June of each year, the	1640
director of budget and management shall transfer the following	1641
amounts from the oil and gas severance tax fund:	1642
(a) Fifteen million dollars to the oil and gas well fund,	1643
three million dollars to the well plugging fund, and three million	1644
dollars to the geological mapping fund. If the balance in the oil	1645
and gas severance tax fund does not exceed twenty-one million	1646
dollars, the director shall proportionately reduce the amount	1647
transferred to the oil and gas well fund, well plugging fund, and	1648
geological mapping fund.	1649
(b) After transferring the amounts described in division	1650
(D)(7)(a) of this section, to the local government reimbursement	1651
fund created by section 5747.56 of the Revised Code, the lesser of	1652
the amount remaining in the oil and gas severance tax fund or	1653
fifteen per cent of the balance in the oil and gas severance tax	1654
fund before accounting for the transfer under division (D)(7)(a)	1655
of this section.	1656
(c) To the income tax reduction fund created by section	1657
131.44 of the Revised Code, any money remaining in the oil and gas	1658
severance tax fund after accounting for the transfers described in	1659
divisions (D)(7)(a) and (b) of this section.	1660
$\frac{(C)(E)}{(E)}$ When, at the close of any fiscal year, the chief finds	1661
that the balance of the reclamation forfeiture fund, plus	1662
estimated transfers to it from the coal mining administration and	1663
reclamation reserve fund under section 1513.181 of the Revised	1664
Code, plus the estimated revenues from the tax levied by division	1665
$\frac{A}{A}(B)(8)$ of this section for the remainder of the calendar year	1666

that includes the close of the fiscal year, are sufficient to	1667
complete the reclamation of all lands for which the performance	1668
security has been provided under division (C)(2) of section	1669
1513.08 of the Revised Code, the purposes for which the tax under	1670
1313.00 of the Revised Code, the purposes for which the tax under	1070
division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(8)$ of this section is levied shall be deemed	1671
accomplished at the end of that calendar year. The chief, within	1672
thirty days after the close of the fiscal year, shall certify	1673
those findings to the tax commissioner, and the tax levied under	1674
division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(8)$ of this section shall cease to be imposed for	1675
the subsequent calendar year after the last day of that calendar	1676
year on coal produced under a coal mining and reclamation permit	1677
issued under Chapter 1513. of the Revised Code if the permittee	1678
has made tax payments under division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(8)$ of this section	1679
during each of the preceding five full calendar years. Not later	1680
than thirty days after the close of a fiscal year, the chief shall	1681
certify to the tax commissioner the identity of any permittees who	1682
accordingly no longer are required to pay the tax levied under	1683
division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}(8)$ of this section for the subsequent calendar	1684
year.	1685

sec. 5749.03. The following shall be exempt from the tax 1686
imposed by section 5749.02 of the Revised Code and the amount due 1687
under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code: 1688

The severance of natural resources from land or water in this 1689 state owned legally or beneficially by the severer, which natural 1690 resources will be used on the land from which they are taken by 1691 the severer as part of the improvement of or use in the severer's 1692 homestead and which have a yearly cumulative market value of not 1693 greater than one thousand dollars. When severed natural resources 1694 so used exceed a cumulative market value of one thousand dollars 1695 during any year, the further severance of natural resources shall 1696 be subject to the tax imposed by section 5749.02 of the Revised 1697 Code. 1698

Sec. 5749.031. The first ten million dollars of wellhead	1699
gross receipts after deduction for payments to holders of a	1700
royalty interest from the first sale of oil and gas and received	1701
by a severer or other person for oil and gas severed from a	1702
horizontal well the first day of production of which is on or	1703
after October 1, 2013, is exempt from the tax imposed under	1704
division (C) of section 5749.02 of the Revised Code. As used in	1705
this section, "holder of a royalty interest" means a person	1706
authorized by written agreement to share in the value or proceeds	1707
of a horizontal well's production, except a person that has a	1708
working interest in that well.	1709

- Sec. 5749.06. (A)(1) Each severer liable for the tax imposed 1710 by section 5749.02 of the Revised Code and each severer or owner 1711 liable for the amounts due under section 1509.50 of the Revised 1712 Code or required to report the information described in division 1713 (J)(1) of this section shall make and file returns with the tax 1714 commissioner in the prescribed form and as of the prescribed 1715 times, computing and reflecting therein the tax as required by 1716 this chapter and amounts due under section 1509.50 of the Revised 1717 Code. 1718
- (2) The returns shall be filed for every quarterly period, 1719 which periods shall end on the thirty-first day of March, the 1720 thirtieth day of June, the thirtieth day of September, and the 1721 thirty-first day of December of each year, as required by this 1722 section, unless a different return period is prescribed for a 1723 taxpayer by the commissioner.
- (B)(1) A separate return shall be filed for each calendar 1725 quarterly period, or other period, or any part thereof, during 1726 which the severer holds a license as provided by section 5749.04 1727 of the Revised Code, or is required to hold the license, or during 1728 which an owner is required to file a return. The return shall be 1729

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filed within forty-five sixty days after the last day of each such	1730
calendar month, or other period, or any part thereof, for which	1731
the return is required. The tax due is payable along with the	1732
return. All such returns shall contain such information as the	1733
commissioner may require to fairly administer the tax.	1734
(2) All returns shall be signed by the severer or owner, as	1735
applicable, shall contain the full and complete information	1736
requested, and shall be made under penalty of perjury.	1737
(C) If the commissioner believes that quarterly payments of	1738
tax would result in a delay that might jeopardize the collection	1739
of such tax payments, the commissioner may order that such	1740
payments be made weekly, or more frequently if necessary, such	1741
payments to be made not later than seven days following the close	1742
of the period for which the jeopardy payment is required. Such an	1743
order shall be delivered to the taxpayer personally or by	1744
certified mail and shall remain in effect until the commissioner	1745
notifies the taxpayer to the contrary.	1746
(D) Upon good cause the commissioner may extend for thirty	1747
days the period for filing any notice or return required to be	1748
filed under this section, and may remit all or a part of penalties	1749
that may become due under this chapter.	1750
(E) Any tax and any amount due under section 1509.50 of the	1751
Revised Code not paid by the day the tax or amount is due shall	1752
bear interest computed at the rate per annum prescribed by section	1753
5703.47 of the Revised Code on that amount due from the day that	1754
the amount tax was originally required to be paid to the day of	1755
actual payment or to the day an assessment was issued under	1756
section 5749.07 or 5749.10 of the Revised Code, whichever occurs	1757
first.	1758

(F) A severer or owner, as applicable, that fails to file a

complete return or pay the full amount due under this chapter

within the time prescribed, including any extensions of time	1761
granted by the commissioner, shall be subject to a penalty not to	1762
exceed the greater of fifty dollars or ten per cent of the amount	1763
due for the period.	1764
(G)(1) A severer or owner, as applicable, shall remit	1765
payments electronically and, if required by the commissioner, file	1766
each return electronically. The commissioner may require that the	1767
severer or owner use the Ohio business gateway, as defined in	1768
section 718.051 of the Revised Code, or another electronic means	1769
to file returns and remit payments electronically.	1770
(2) A severer or owner that is required to remit payments	1771
electronically under this section may apply to the commissioner,	1772
in the manner prescribed by the commissioner, to be excused from	1773
that requirement. The commissioner may excuse a severer or owner	1774
from the requirements of division (G) of this section for good	1775
cause.	1776
(3) If a severer or owner that is required to remit payments	1777
or file returns electronically under this section fails to do so,	1778
the commissioner may impose a penalty on the severer or owner not	1779
to exceed the following:	1780
(a) For the first or second payment or return the severer or	1781
owner fails to remit or file electronically, the greater of five	1782
per cent of the amount of the payment that was required to be	1783
remitted or twenty-five dollars;	1784
(b) For every payment or return after the second that the	1785
severer or owner fails to remit or file electronically, the	1786
greater of ten per cent of the amount of the payment that was	1787
required to be remitted or fifty dollars.	1788
(H)(1) All amounts that the commissioner receives under this	1789
section shall be deemed to be revenue from taxes imposed under	1790

this chapter or from the amount due under former section 1509.50

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of the Revised Code, as applicable, and shall be deposited in the 1792 severance tax receipts fund, which is hereby created in the state 1793 treasury.

- (2) The director of budget and management shall transfer from the severance tax receipts fund to the tax refund fund amounts equal to the refunds certified by the commissioner under section 5749.08 of the Revised Code. Any amount transferred under division (H)(2) of this section shall be derived from receipts of the same tax or other amount from which the refund arose.
- (3) After the director of budget and management makes any 1801 transfer required by division (H)(2) of this section, but not 1802 later than the fifteenth first day of the second month following 1803 the end of each calendar quarter, the commissioner shall certify 1804 to the director the total amount remaining in the severance tax 1805 receipts fund organized according to the amount attributable to 1806 each natural resource and according to the amount attributable to 1807 a each tax imposed by this chapter and the amounts due under 1808 section 1509.50 of the Revised Code. 1809
- (I) Penalties imposed under this section are in addition to 1810 any other penalty imposed under this chapter and shall be 1811 considered as revenue arising from the tax levied under this 1812 chapter or the amount due under former section 1509.50 of the 1813 Revised Code, as applicable. The commissioner may collect any 1814 penalty or interest imposed under this section in the same manner 1815 as provided for the making of an assessment in section 5749.07 of 1816 the Revised Code. The commissioner may abate all or a portion of 1817 such interest or penalties and may adopt rules governing such 1818 abatements. 1819
- (J)(1) Each severer subject to the tax levied under division

 (C) of section 5749.02 of the Revised Code shall report on its

 return filed under this section the severer's or other person's

 wellhead gross receipts, even if those receipts are exempt from

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was filed, whichever is later. This section does not bar an

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assessment against a severer or owner who fails to file a return 1854 as required by this chapter, or who files a fraudulent return. 1855

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written notice 1856 of such assessment in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of 1857 the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner shall provide 1858 instructions on how to petition for reassessment and request a 1859 hearing on the petition.

- (B) Unless the party assessed files with the commissioner 1861 within sixty days after service of the notice of assessment, 1862 either personally or by certified mail, a written petition for 1863 reassessment signed by the party assessed or that party's 1864 authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the assessment 1865 becomes final and the amount of the assessment is due and payable 1866 from the party assessed to the treasurer of state. The petition 1867 shall indicate the objections of the party assessed, but 1868 additional objections may be raised in writing if received by the 1869 commissioner prior to the date shown on the final determination. 1870 If the petition has been properly filed, the commissioner shall 1871 proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised Code. 1872
- (C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of the 1873 assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified 1874 copy of the commissioner's entry making the assessment final may 1875 be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas 1876 in the county in which the party assessed resides or in which the 1877 party's business is conducted. If the party assessed maintains no 1878 place of business in this state and is not a resident of this 1879 state, the certified copy of the entry may be filed in the office 1880 of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. 1881

Immediately upon the filing of such entry, the clerk shall enter a judgment for the state against the party assessed in the amount shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for state

severance tax," and shall have the same effect as other judgments.	1886
Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon the request of the	1887
commissioner, and all laws applicable to sales on execution shall	1888
apply to sales made under the judgment.	1889
If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty	1890
days after the day the assessment is issued, the portion of the	1891
assessment consisting of tax due or amounts due under section	1892
1509.50 of the Revised Code shall bear interest at the rate per	1893
annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the	1894
day the commissioner issues the assessment until it is paid or	1895
until it is certified to the attorney general for collection under	1896
section 131.02 of the Revised Code, whichever comes first. If the	1897
unpaid portion of the assessment is certified to the attorney	1898
general for collection, the entire unpaid portion of the	1899
assessment shall bear interest at the rate per annum prescribed by	1900
section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the date of certification	1901
until the date it is paid in its entirety. Interest shall be paid	1902
in the same manner as the tax and may be collected by the issuance	1903
of an assessment under this section.	1904
(D) All money collected by the commissioner under this	1905
section shall be paid to the treasurer of state, and when paid	1906
shall be considered as revenue arising from the tax imposed by	1907
section 5749.02 of the Revised Code and the amount due under	1908
former section 1509.50 of the Revised Code, as applicable.	1909
(E) For the purposes of this section:	1910
(1) "Tax imposed by section 5749.02 of the Revised Code" and	1911
"tax" includes amounts due under former section 1509.50 of the	1912
Revised Code.	1913
(2) "Severer" includes an owner with regard to amounts due	1914

from an owner under former section 1509.50 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 5749.08. The tax commissioner shall refund to taxpayers 1916 the amount of taxes levied by section 5749.02 of the Revised Code 1917 and amounts due under former section 1509.50 of the Revised Code 1918 that were paid illegally or erroneously or paid on an illegal or 1919 erroneous assessment. Applications for refund shall be filed with 1920 the commissioner, on the form prescribed by the commissioner, 1921 1922 within four years from the date of the illegal or erroneous payment. On the filing of the application, the commissioner shall 1923 determine the amount of refund to which the applicant is entitled, 1924 plus interest computed in accordance with section 5703.47 of the 1925 Revised Code from the date of the payment of an erroneous or 1926 illegal assessment until the date the refund is paid. If the 1927 amount is not less than that claimed, the commissioner shall 1928 certify the amount to the director of budget and management and 1929 treasurer of state for payment from the tax refund fund created by 1930 section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. If the amount is less than 1931 that claimed, the commissioner shall proceed in accordance with 1932 section 5703.70 of the Revised Code. 1933

Sec. 5749.10. If the tax commissioner finds that a taxpayer, 1934 person liable for tax under this chapter or for any amount due 1935 under former section 1509.50 of the Revised Code is about to 1936 depart from the state, or remove the taxpayer's person's property 1937 therefrom, or conceal the taxpayer's person themselves or their 1938 property, or do any other act tending to prejudice or to render 1939 wholly or partly ineffectual proceedings to collect such tax or 1940 other amount due unless such proceedings are brought without 1941 delay, or if the commissioner believes that the collection of the 1942 tax or amount due from any taxpayer person will be jeopardized by 1943 delay, the commissioner shall give notice of such findings to such 1944 taxpayer the person together with the demand for an immediate 1945 return and immediate payment of such tax or other amount due, with 1946

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penalty as provided in section 5749.15 of the Revised Code,	1947
whereupon such tax or other amount due shall become immediately	1948
due and payable. In such cases the commissioner may immediately	1949
file an entry with the clerk of the court of common pleas in the	1950
same manner and with the same effect as provided in section	1951
5749.07 of the Revised Code, provided that if such taxpayer the	1952
<pre>person, within five days from notice of the assessment, furnishes</pre>	1953
evidence satisfactory to the commissioner, under the regulations	1954
prescribed rules adopted by the commissioner, that the taxpayer is	1955
not in default in making returns or paying any tax prescribed by	1956
this chapter or amount due under <u>former</u> section 1509.50 of the	1957
Revised Code, or that the taxpayer person will duly return and	1958
pay, or post bond satisfactory to the commissioner conditioned	1959
upon payment of the tax or other amount finally determined to be	1960
due, then such tax or other amount due shall not be payable prior	1961
to the time and manner otherwise fixed for payment under section	1962
5749.07 of the Revised Code, and the person assessed shall be	1963
restored the rights granted under such section. Upon satisfaction	1964
of the assessment the commissioner shall order the bond cancelled,	1965
securities released, and judgment vacated.	1966

Any assessment issued under this section shall bear interest as prescribed under section 5749.07 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 5749.11. (A) There is hereby allowed a nonrefundable 1969 credit against the taxes imposed under division $\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}$ (8) of 1970 section 5749.02 of the Revised Code for any severer to which a 1971 reclamation tax credit certificate is issued under section 1972 1513.171 of the Revised Code. The credit shall be claimed in the 1973 amount shown on the certificate. The credit shall be claimed by 1974 deducting the amount of the credit from the amount of the first 1975 tax payment due under section 5749.06 of the Revised Code after 1976 the certificate is issued. 1977

If the amount of the credit shown on a certificate exceeds	1978
the amount of the tax otherwise due with that first payment, the	1979
excess shall be claimed against the amount of tax otherwise due on	1980
succeeding payment dates until the entire credit amount has been	1981
deducted. The total amount of credit claimed against payments	1982
shall not exceed the total amount of credit shown on the	1983
certificate.	1984

(B) A severer claiming a credit under this section shall

retain a reclamation tax credit certificate for not less than four

years following the date of the last tax payment against which the

credit allowed under that certificate was applied. Severers shall

make tax credit certificates available for inspection by the tax

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commissioner upon the tax commissioner's request.

Sec. 5749.12. Any nonresident of this state who accepts the 1991 privilege extended by the laws of this state to nonresidents 1992 severing natural resources in this state, and any resident of this 1993 state who subsequently becomes a nonresident or conceals the 1994 resident's whereabouts, makes the secretary of state of Ohio the 1995 person's agent for the service of process or notice in any 1996 assessment, action, or proceedings instituted in this state 1997 against such person under this chapter or for purposes of amounts 1998 due under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code. 1999

Such process or notice shall be served as provided under 2000 section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. 2001

sec. 5749.13. The tax commissioner may prescribe requirements 2002 as to the keeping of records and other pertinent documents and the 2003 filing of copies of federal income tax returns and determinations. 2004 The commissioner may require any person, by rule or by notice 2005 served on that person, to keep such records as the commissioner 2006 considers necessary to show whether that person is liable, and the 2007

penalties imposed under this section.

extent of liability, for the tax imposed under this chapter and	2008
the amount due under <u>former</u> section 1509.50 of the Revised Code.	2009
Such records and other documents shall be open during business	2010
hours to the inspection of the commissioner, and shall be	2011
preserved for a period of four years after the date the return was	2012
required to be filed or actually was filed, whichever is later,	2013
unless the commissioner, in writing, consents to their destruction	2014
within that period, or by order requires that they be kept longer.	2015
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Sec. 5749.14. The tax commissioner shall enforce and	2017
administer this chapter and applicable provisions of section	2018
1509.50 of the Revised Code. In addition to any other powers	2019
conferred upon the commissioner by law, the commissioner may:	2020
(A) Prescribe all forms required to be filed pursuant to this	2021
chapter;	2022
(B) Promulgate Adopt such rules as the commissioner finds	2023
necessary to carry out this chapter and applicable provisions of	2024
necessary to carry out this chapter and applicable provisions of section 1509.50 of the Revised Code;	2024 2025
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code;	2025
<pre>section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to</pre>	2025 2026
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon the commissioner by this	2025 2026 2027
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon the commissioner by this	2025 2026 2027
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon the commissioner by this chapter.	2025 2026 2027 2028
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon the commissioner by this chapter. Sec. 5749.15. Any person who fails to file a return or pay	2025 2026 2027 2028
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon the commissioner by this chapter. Sec. 5749.15. Any person who fails to file a return or pay the tax as required under this chapter or other amount due under	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon the commissioner by this chapter. Sec. 5749.15. Any person who fails to file a return or pay the tax as required under this chapter or other amount due under former section 1509.50 of the Revised Code who is assessed such	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code; (C) Appoint and employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon the commissioner by this chapter. Sec. 5749.15. Any person who fails to file a return or pay the tax as required under this chapter or other amount due under former section 1509.50 of the Revised Code who is assessed such taxes or other amount due pursuant to section 5749.07 or 5749.10	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032

Sec. 5749.18. (A) Any term used in this section has the same	2037
meaning as in Chapter 5751. of the Revised Code.	2038
(B) There is allowed a nonrefundable credit against the tax	2039
imposed under division (C) of section 5749.02 of the Revised Code	2040
to a severer that paid the tax imposed by section 5751.02 of the	2041
Revised Code in a calendar quarter beginning on or after October	2042
1, 2014. The amount of the credit shall equal the amount of tax	2043
paid by the severer with respect to taxable gross receipts	2044
realized from the first sale of oil or gas severed from a	2045
horizontal well. The severer shall claim the credit for the	2046
calendar quarter in which the tax was paid. If the credit exceeds	2047
the tax otherwise due under section 5749.02 of the Revised Code	2048
for the calendar quarter, the excess shall not be carried forward	2049
to subsequent calendar quarters.	2050
If a taxpayer is allowed a credit under this section and	2051
under section 5749.11 of the Revised Code for the same calendar	2052
quarter, the credit allowed under this section shall be subtracted	2053
from the amount of tax otherwise due before subtracting the credit	2054
allowed under section 5749.11 of the Revised Code.	2055
Sec. 5751.01. As used in this chapter:	2056
(A) "Person" means, but is not limited to, individuals,	2057
combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees,	2058
trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies,	2059
business trusts, estates, partnerships, limited liability	2060
partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint	2061
ventures, clubs, societies, for-profit corporations, S	2062
corporations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified	2063
subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are disregarded for	2064
federal income tax purposes, and any other entities.	2065
(B) "Consolidated elected taxpayer" means a group of two or	2066

more persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this	2067
chapter as the result of an election made under section 5751.011	2068
of the Revised Code.	2069
(C) "Combined taxpayer" means a group of two or more persons	2070
treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this chapter under	2071
section 5751.012 of the Revised Code.	2072
(D) "Taxpayer" means any person, or any group of persons in	2073
the case of a consolidated elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer	2074
treated as one taxpayer, required to register or pay tax under	2075
this chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include excluded persons.	2076
(E) "Excluded person" means any of the following:	2077
(1) Any person with not more than one hundred fifty thousand	2078
dollars of taxable gross receipts during the calendar year.	2079
Division (E)(1) of this section does not apply to a person that is	2080
a member of a consolidated elected taxpayer;	2081
(2) A public utility that paid the excise tax imposed by	2082
section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of the Revised Code based on one or	2083
more measurement periods that include the entire tax period under	2084
this chapter, except that a public utility that is a combined	2085
company is a taxpayer with regard to the following gross receipts:	2086
(a) Taxable gross receipts directly attributed to a public	2087
utility activity, but not directly attributed to an activity that	2088
is subject to the excise tax imposed by section 5727.24 or 5727.30	2089
of the Revised Code;	2090
(b) Taxable gross receipts that cannot be directly attributed	2091
to any activity, multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the	2092
taxable gross receipts described in division (E)(2)(a) of this	2093
section and whose denominator is the total taxable gross receipts	2094
that can be directly attributed to any activity;	2095

(c) Except for any differences resulting from the use of an

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accrual basis method of accounting for purposes of determining	2097
gross receipts under this chapter and the use of the cash basis	2098
method of accounting for purposes of determining gross receipts	2099
under section 5727.24 of the Revised Code, the gross receipts	2100
directly attributed to the activity of a natural gas company shall	2101
be determined in a manner consistent with division (D) of section	2102
5727.03 of the Revised Code.	2103
As used in division $(E)(2)$ of this section, "combined	2104

As used in division (E)(2) of this section, "combined company" and "public utility" have the same meanings as in section 5727.01 of the Revised Code.

- (3) A financial institution, as defined in section 5726.01 of 2107 the Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of 2108 the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include 2109 the entire tax period under this chapter; 2110
- (4) A person directly or indirectly owned by one or more 2111 financial institutions, as defined in section 5726.01 of the 2112 Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of the 2113 Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include the 2114 entire tax period under this chapter. 2115

For the purposes of division (E)(4) of this section, a person owns another person under the following circumstances:

- (a) In the case of corporations issuing capital stock, one 2118 corporation owns another corporation if it owns fifty per cent or 2119 more of the other corporation's capital stock with current voting 2120 rights; 2121
- (b) In the case of a limited liability company, one person 2122 owns the company if that person's membership interest, as defined 2123 in section 1705.01 of the Revised Code, is fifty per cent or more 2124 of the combined membership interests of all persons owning such 2125 interests in the company; 2126
 - (c) In the case of a partnership, trust, or other

unincorporated business organization other than a limited 2128 liability company, one person owns the organization if, under the 2129 articles of organization or other instrument governing the affairs 2130 of the organization, that person has a beneficial interest in the 2131 organization's profits, surpluses, losses, or distributions of 2132 fifty per cent or more of the combined beneficial interests of all 2133 persons having such an interest in the organization. 2134

- (5) A domestic insurance company or foreign insurance 2135 company, as defined in section 5725.01 of the Revised Code, that 2136 paid the insurance company premiums tax imposed by section 5725.18 2137 or Chapter 5729. of the Revised Code, or an unauthorized insurance 2138 company whose gross premiums are subject to tax under section 2139 3905.36 of the Revised Code based on one or more measurement 2140 periods that include the entire tax period under this chapter; 2141
- (6) A person that solely facilitates or services one or more 2142 securitizations of phase-in-recovery property pursuant to a final 2143 financing order as those terms are defined in section 4928.23 of 2144 the Revised Code. For purposes of this division, "securitization" 2145 means transferring one or more assets to one or more persons and 2146 then issuing securities backed by the right to receive payment 2147 from the asset or assets so transferred.
- (7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a 2149 pre-income tax trust as defined in division (FF)(4) of section 2150 5747.01 of the Revised Code and any pass-through entity of which 2151 such pre-income tax trust owns or controls, directly, indirectly, 2152 or constructively through related interests, more than five per 2153 cent of the ownership or equity interests. If the pre-income tax 2154 trust has made a qualifying pre-income tax trust election under 2155 division (FF)(3) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, then the 2156 trust and the pass-through entities of which it owns or controls, 2157 directly, indirectly, or constructively through related interests, 2158 more than five per cent of the ownership or equity interests, 2159

receipts from hedging transactions also are excluded to the extent

the transactions are entered into primarily to protect a financial	2190
position, such as managing the risk of exposure to (i) foreign	2191
currency fluctuations that affect assets, liabilities, profits,	2192
losses, equity, or investments in foreign operations; (ii)	2193
interest rate fluctuations; or (iii) commodity price fluctuations.	2194
As used in division (F)(2)(c) of this section, "hedging	2195
transaction" has the same meaning as used in section 1221 of the	2196
Internal Revenue Code and also includes transactions accorded	2197
nedge accounting treatment under statement of financial accounting	2198
standards number 133 of the financial accounting standards board.	2199
For the purposes of division $(F)(2)(c)$ of this section, the actual	2200
transfer of title of real or tangible personal property to another	2201
entity is not a hedging transaction.	2202
(d) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment,	2203
maturity, or redemption of the principal of a loan, bond, mutual	2204

- fund, certificate of deposit, or marketable instrument; 2205
- (e) The principal amount received under a repurchase 2206 agreement or on account of any transaction properly characterized 2207 as a loan to the person; 2208
- (f) Contributions received by a trust, plan, or other 2209 arrangement, any of which is described in section 501(a) of the 2210 Internal Revenue Code, or to which Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter 2211 1, Subchapter (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies; 2212
- (g) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether in 2213 cash or in kind, received or to be received by an employee, former 2214 employee, or the employee's legal successor for services rendered 2215 to or for an employer, including reimbursements received by or for 2216 an individual for medical or education expenses, health insurance 2217 premiums, or employee expenses, or on account of a dependent care 2218 spending account, legal services plan, any cafeteria plan 2219 described in section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any 2220 similar employee reimbursement; 2221

(h) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer's own	2222
stock, options, warrants, puts, or calls, or from the sale of the	2223
taxpayer's treasury stock;	2224
(i) Proceeds received on the account of payments from	2225
insurance policies, except those proceeds received for the loss of	2226
business revenue;	2227
(j) Gifts or charitable contributions received; membership	2228
dues received by trade, professional, homeowners', or condominium	2229
associations; and payments received for educational courses,	2230
meetings, meals, or similar payments to a trade, professional, or	2231
other similar association; and fundraising receipts received by	2232
any person when any excess receipts are donated or used	2233
exclusively for charitable purposes;	2234
(k) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess of	2235
amounts that, if received without litigation, would be gross	2236
receipts;	2237
(1) Property, money, and other amounts received or acquired	2238
by an agent on behalf of another in excess of the agent's	2239
commission, fee, or other remuneration;	2240
(m) Tax refunds, other tax benefit recoveries, and	2241
reimbursements for the tax imposed under this chapter made by	2242
entities that are part of the same combined taxpayer or	2243
consolidated elected taxpayer group, and reimbursements made by	2244
entities that are not members of a combined taxpayer or	2245
consolidated elected taxpayer group that are required to be made	2246
for economic parity among multiple owners of an entity whose tax	2247
obligation under this chapter is required to be reported and paid	2248
entirely by one owner, pursuant to the requirements of sections	2249
5751.011 and 5751.012 of the Revised Code;	2250
(n) Pension reversions;	2251
(o) Contributions to capital;	2252

(p) Sales or use taxes collected as a vendor or an 2253 out-of-state seller on behalf of the taxing jurisdiction from a 2254 consumer or other taxes the taxpayer is required by law to collect 2255 directly from a purchaser and remit to a local, state, or federal 2256 2257 tax authority; (q) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes or 2258 tobacco products by a wholesale dealer, retail dealer, 2259 distributor, manufacturer, or seller, all as defined in section 2260 5743.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal to the federal and 2261 state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such cigarettes or 2262 tobacco products under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code or 2263 Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code; 2264 (r) Receipts from the sale, transfer, exchange, or other 2265 disposition of motor fuel as "motor fuel" is defined in section 2266 5736.01 of the Revised Code; 2267 (s) In the case of receipts from the sale of beer or 2268 intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 4301.01 of the Revised 2269 Code, by a person holding a permit issued under Chapter 4301. or 2270 4303. of the Revised Code, an amount equal to federal and state 2271 excise taxes paid by any person on or for such beer or 2272 intoxicating liquor under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code 2273 or Chapter 4301. or 4305. of the Revised Code; 2274 (t) Receipts realized by a new motor vehicle dealer or used 2275 motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised 2276 Code, from the sale or other transfer of a motor vehicle, as 2277 defined in that section, to another motor vehicle dealer for the 2278 purpose of resale by the transferee motor vehicle dealer, but only 2279 if the sale or other transfer was based upon the transferee's need 2280 to meet a specific customer's preference for a motor vehicle; 2281 (u) Receipts from a financial institution described in 2282

division (E)(3) of this section for services provided to the

financial institution in connection with the issuance, processing,	2284
servicing, and management of loans or credit accounts, if such	2285
financial institution and the recipient of such receipts have at	2286
least fifty per cent of their ownership interests owned or	2287
controlled, directly or constructively through related interests,	2288
by common owners;	2289
(v) Receipts realized from administering anti-neoplastic	2290
drugs and other cancer chemotherapy, biologicals, therapeutic	2291
agents, and supportive drugs in a physician's office to patients	2292
with cancer;	2293
(w) Funds received or used by a mortgage broker that is not a	2294
dealer in intangibles, other than fees or other consideration,	2295
pursuant to a table-funding mortgage loan or warehouse-lending	2296
mortgage loan. Terms used in division (F)(2)(w) of this section	2297
have the same meanings as in section 1322.01 of the Revised Code,	2298
except "mortgage broker" means a person assisting a buyer in	2299
obtaining a mortgage loan for a fee or other consideration paid by	2300
the buyer or a lender, or a person engaged in table-funding or	2301
warehouse-lending mortgage loans that are first lien mortgage	2302
loans.	2303
(x) Property, money, and other amounts received by a	2304
professional employer organization, as defined in section 4125.01	2305
of the Revised Code, from a client employer, as defined in that	2306
section, in excess of the administrative fee charged by the	2307
professional employer organization to the client employer;	2308
(y) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a	2309
permit holder under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code, an amount	2310
equal to the amounts specified under that chapter that must be	2311
paid to or collected by the tax commissioner as a tax and the	2312
amounts specified under that chapter to be used as purse money;	2313

(z) Qualifying distribution center receipts.

- (i) For purposes of division (F)(2)(z) of this section: 2315
- (I) "Qualifying distribution center receipts" means receipts
 of a supplier from qualified property that is delivered to a
 qualified distribution center, multiplied by a quantity that
 equals one minus the Ohio delivery percentage. If the qualified
 distribution center is a refining facility, "supplier" includes
 all dealers, brokers, processors, sellers, vendors, cosigners, and
 distributors of qualified property.

 2316
- (II) "Qualified property" means tangible personal property 2323 delivered to a qualified distribution center that is shipped to 2324 that qualified distribution center solely for further shipping by 2325 the qualified distribution center to another location in this 2326 state or elsewhere or, in the case of gold, silver, platinum, or 2327 palladium delivered to a refining facility solely for refining to 2328 a grade and fineness acceptable for delivery to a registered 2329 commodities exchange. "Further shipping" includes storing and 2330 repackaging property into smaller or larger bundles, so long as 2331 the property is not subject to further manufacturing or 2332 processing. "Refining" is limited to extracting impurities from 2333 gold, silver, platinum, or palladium through smelting or some 2334 other process at a refining facility. 2335
- (III) "Oualified distribution center" means a warehouse, a 2336 facility similar to a warehouse, or a refining facility in this 2337 state that, for the qualifying year, is operated by a person that 2338 is not part of a combined taxpayer group and that has a qualifying 2339 certificate. All warehouses or facilities similar to warehouses 2340 that are operated by persons in the same taxpayer group and that 2341 are located within one mile of each other shall be treated as one 2342 qualified distribution center. All refining facilities that are 2343 operated by persons in the same taxpayer group and that are 2344 located in the same or adjacent counties may be treated as one 2345 qualified distribution center. 2346

- (IV) "Qualifying year" means the calendar year to which the 2347 qualifying certificate applies. 2348
- (V) "Qualifying period" means the period of the first day of

 July of the second year preceding the qualifying year through the

 thirtieth day of June of the year preceding the qualifying year.

 2349
- (VI) "Qualifying certificate" means the certificate issued by
 the tax commissioner after the operator of a distribution center
 2353
 files an annual application with the commissioner. The application
 2354
 and annual fee shall be filed and paid for each qualified
 2355
 distribution center on or before the first day of September before
 the qualifying year or within forty-five days after the
 2357
 distribution center opens, whichever is later.
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The applicant must substantiate to the commissioner's 2359 satisfaction that, for the qualifying period, all persons 2360 operating the distribution center have more than fifty per cent of 2361 the cost of the qualified property shipped to a location such that 2362 it would be sitused outside this state under the provisions of 2363 division (E) of section 5751.033 of the Revised Code. The 2364 applicant must also substantiate that the distribution center 2365 cumulatively had costs from its suppliers equal to or exceeding 2366 five hundred million dollars during the qualifying period. (For 2367 purposes of division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section, "supplier" 2368 excludes any person that is part of the consolidated elected 2369 taxpayer group, if applicable, of the operator of the qualified 2370 distribution center.) The commissioner may require the applicant 2371 to have an independent certified public accountant certify that 2372 the calculation of the minimum thresholds required for a qualified 2373 distribution center by the operator of a distribution center has 2374 been made in accordance with generally accepted accounting 2375 principles. The commissioner shall issue or deny the issuance of a 2376 certificate within sixty days after the receipt of the 2377 application. A denial is subject to appeal under section 5717.02 2378

of the Revised Code. If the operator files a timely appeal under	2379
section 5717.02 of the Revised Code, the operator shall be granted	2380
a qualifying certificate effective for the remainder of the	2381
qualifying year or until the appeal is finalized, whichever is	2382
earlier. If the operator does not prevail in the appeal, the	2383
operator shall pay the ineligible operator's supplier tax	2384
liability.	2385

- (VII) "Ohio delivery percentage" means the proportion of the 2386 total property delivered to a destination inside Ohio from the 2387 qualified distribution center during the qualifying period 2388 compared with total deliveries from such distribution center 2389 everywhere during the qualifying period. 2390
- (VIII) "Refining facility" means one or more buildings 2391 located in a county in the Appalachian region of this state as 2392 defined by section 107.21 of the Revised Code and utilized for 2393 refining or smelting gold, silver, platinum, or palladium to a 2394 grade and fineness acceptable for delivery to a registered 2395 commodities exchange.
- (IX) "Registered commodities exchange" means a board of 2397 trade, such as New York mercantile exchange, inc. or commodity 2398 exchange, inc., designated as a contract market by the commodity 2399 futures trading commission under the "Commodity Exchange Act," 7 2400 U.S.C. 1 et seq., as amended.
- (X) "Ineligible operator's supplier tax liability" means an 2402 amount equal to the tax liability of all suppliers of a 2403 distribution center had the distribution center not been issued a 2404 qualifying certificate for the qualifying year. Ineligible 2405 operator's supplier tax liability shall not include interest or 2406 penalties. The tax commissioner shall determine an ineligible 2407 operator's supplier tax liability based on information that the 2408 commissioner may request from the operator of the distribution 2409 center. An operator shall provide a list of all suppliers of the 2410

distribution center and the corresponding costs of qualified 2411 property for the qualifying year at issue within sixty days of a 2412 request by the commissioner under this division. 2413

(ii)(I) If the distribution center is new and was not open 2414 for the entire qualifying period, the operator of the distribution 2415 center may request that the commissioner grant a qualifying 2416 certificate. If the certificate is granted and it is later 2417 determined that more than fifty per cent of the qualified property 2418 during that year was not shipped to a location such that it would 2419 be sitused outside of this state under the provisions of division 2420 (E) of section 5751.033 of the Revised Code or if it is later 2421 determined that the person that operates the distribution center 2422 had average monthly costs from its suppliers of less than forty 2423 million dollars during that year, then the operator of the 2424 distribution center shall pay the ineligible operator's supplier 2425 tax liability. (For purposes of division (F)(2)(z)(ii) of this 2426 section, "supplier" excludes any person that is part of the 2427 consolidated elected taxpayer group, if applicable, of the 2428 operator of the qualified distribution center.) 2429

(II) The commissioner may grant a qualifying certificate to a 2430 distribution center that does not qualify as a qualified 2431 distribution center for an entire qualifying period if the 2432 operator of the distribution center demonstrates that the business 2433 operations of the distribution center have changed or will change 2434 such that the distribution center will qualify as a qualified 2435 distribution center within thirty-six months after the date the 2436 operator first applies for a certificate. If, at the end of that 2437 thirty-six-month period, the business operations of the 2438 distribution center have not changed such that the distribution 2439 center qualifies as a qualified distribution center, the operator 2440 of the distribution center shall pay the ineligible operator's 2441 supplier tax liability for each year that the distribution center 2442 received a certificate but did not qualify as a qualified 2443 distribution center. For each year the distribution center 2444 receives a certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(II) of this 2445 section, the distribution center shall pay all applicable fees 2446 required under division (F)(2)(z) of this section and shall submit 2447 an updated business plan showing the progress the distribution 2448 center made toward qualifying as a qualified distribution center 2449 during the preceding year. 2450

(III) An operator may appeal a determination under division 2451 (F)(2)(z)(ii)(I) or (II) of this section that the ineligible 2452 operator is liable for the operator's supplier tax liability as a 2453 result of not qualifying as a qualified distribution center, as 2454 provided in section 5717.02 of the Revised Code. 2455

(iii) When filing an application for a qualifying certificate 2456 under division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section, the operator of a 2457 qualified distribution center also shall provide documentation, as 2458 the commissioner requires, for the commissioner to ascertain the 2459 Ohio delivery percentage. The commissioner, upon issuing the 2460 qualifying certificate, also shall certify the Ohio delivery 2461 percentage. The operator of the qualified distribution center may 2462 appeal the commissioner's certification of the Ohio delivery 2463 percentage in the same manner as an appeal is taken from the 2464 denial of a qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) 2465 of this section. 2466

(iv)(I) In the case where the distribution center is new and 2467 not open for the entire qualifying period, the operator shall make 2468 a good faith estimate of an Ohio delivery percentage for use by 2469 suppliers in their reports of taxable gross receipts for the 2470 remainder of the qualifying period. The operator of the facility 2471 shall disclose to the suppliers that such Ohio delivery percentage 2472 is an estimate and is subject to recalculation. By the due date of 2473 the next application for a qualifying certificate, the operator 2474

shall determine the actual Ohio delivery percentage for the	2475
estimated qualifying period and proceed as provided in division	2476
(F)(2)(z)(iii) of this section with respect to the calculation and	2477
recalculation of the Ohio delivery percentage. The supplier is	2478
required to file, within sixty days after receiving notice from	2479
the operator of the qualified distribution center, amended reports	2480
for the impacted calendar quarter or quarters or calendar year,	2481
whichever the case may be. Any additional tax liability or tax	2482
overpayment shall be subject to interest but shall not be subject	2483
to the imposition of any penalty so long as the amended returns	2484
are timely filed.	2485

- (II) The operator of a distribution center that receives a 2486 qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(II) of this 2487 section shall make a good faith estimate of the Ohio delivery 2488 percentage that the operator estimates will apply to the 2489 distribution center at the end of the thirty-six-month period 2490 after the operator first applied for a qualifying certificate 2491 under that division. The result of the estimate shall be 2492 multiplied by a factor of one and seventy-five one-hundredths. The 2493 product of that calculation shall be the Ohio delivery percentage 2494 used by suppliers in their reports of taxable gross receipts for 2495 each qualifying year that the distribution center receives a 2496 qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(II) of this 2497 section, except that, if the product is less than five per cent, 2498 the Ohio delivery percentage used shall be five per cent and that, 2499 if the product exceeds forty-nine per cent, the Ohio delivery 2500 percentage used shall be forty-nine per cent. 2501
- (v) Qualifying certificates and Ohio delivery percentages 2502 issued by the commissioner shall be open to public inspection and 2503 shall be timely published by the commissioner. A supplier relying 2504 in good faith on a certificate issued under this division shall 2505 not be subject to tax on the qualifying distribution center 2506

receipts under division $(F)(2)(z)$ of this section. An operator	2507
receiving a qualifying certificate is liable for the ineligible	2508
operator's supplier tax liability for each year the operator	2509
received a certificate but did not qualify as a qualified	2510
distribution center.	2511
(vi) The annual fee for a qualifying certificate shall be one	2512
hundred thousand dollars for each qualified distribution center.	2513
If a qualifying certificate is not issued, the annual fee is	2514
subject to refund after the exhaustion of all appeals provided for	2515
in division $(F)(2)(z)(i)(VI)$ of this section. The first one	2516
hundred thousand dollars of the annual application fees collected	2517
each calendar year shall be credited to the revenue enhancement	2518
fund. The remainder of the annual application fees collected shall	2519
be distributed in the same manner required under section 5751.20	2520
of the Revised Code.	2521
(vii) The tax commissioner may require that adequate security	2522
be posted by the operator of the distribution center on appeal	2523
when the commissioner disagrees that the applicant has met the	2524
minimum thresholds for a qualified distribution center as set	2525
forth in division $(F)(2)(z)$ of this section.	2526
(aa) Receipts of an employer from payroll deductions relating	2527
to the reimbursement of the employer for advancing moneys to an	2528
unrelated third party on an employee's behalf;	2529
(bb) Cash discounts allowed and taken;	2530
(cc) Returns and allowances;	2531
(dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax	2532
imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment	2533
period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any	2534
debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the	2535
preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been	2536

uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a

deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code and the	2538
regulations adopted under that section, or that could be claimed	2539
as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on the accrual basis.	2540
"Bad debts" does not include repossessed property, uncollectible	2541
amounts on property that remains in the possession of the taxpayer	2542
until the full purchase price is paid, or expenses in attempting	2543
to collect any account receivable or for any portion of the debt	2544
recovered;	2545
(ee) Any amount realized from the sale of an account	2546
receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying	2547
transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included in	2548
the gross receipts of the taxpayer;	2549
(ff) Any receipts directly attributed to a transfer agreement	2550
or to the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	2551
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	2552
(gg)(i) As used in this division:	2553
(I) "Qualified uranium receipts" means receipts from the	2554
sale, exchange, lease, loan, production, processing, or other	2555
disposition of uranium within a uranium enrichment zone certified	2556
by the tax commissioner under division (F)(2)(gg)(ii) of this	2557
section. "Qualified uranium receipts" does not include any	2558
receipts with a situs in this state outside a uranium enrichment	2559
zone certified by the tax commissioner under division	2560
(F)(2)(gg)(ii) of this section.	2561
(II) "Uranium enrichment zone" means all real property that	2562
is part of a uranium enrichment facility licensed by the United	2563
States nuclear regulatory commission and that was or is owned or	2564
controlled by the United States department of energy or its	2565
successor.	2566
(ii) Any person that owns, leases, or operates real or	2567

tangible personal property constituting or located within a

the uranium enrichment zone certified for the purpose of excluding	2570
qualified uranium receipts under division (F)(2)(gg) of this	2571
section. The application shall include such information that the	2572
tax commissioner prescribes. Within sixty days after receiving the	2573
application, the tax commissioner shall certify the zone for that	2574
purpose if the commissioner determines that the property qualifies	2575
as a uranium enrichment zone as defined in division (F)(2)(gg) of	2576
this section, or, if the tax commissioner determines that the	2577
property does not qualify, the commissioner shall deny the	2578
application or request additional information from the applicant.	2579
If the tax commissioner denies an application, the commissioner	2580
shall state the reasons for the denial. The applicant may appeal	2581
the denial of an application to the board of tax appeals pursuant	2582
to section 5717.02 of the Revised Code. If the applicant files a	2583
timely appeal, the tax commissioner shall conditionally certify	2584
the applicant's property. The conditional certification shall	2585
expire when all of the applicant's appeals are exhausted. Until	2586
final resolution of the appeal, the applicant shall retain the	2587
applicant's records in accordance with section 5751.12 of the	2588
Revised Code, notwithstanding any time limit on the preservation	2589
of records under that section.	2590
(hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino	2591
	0500

uranium enrichment zone may apply to the tax commissioner to have

- (hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino 2591 operator from casino gaming, amounts in excess of the casino 2592 operator's gross casino revenue. In this division, "casino 2593 operator" and "casino gaming" have the meanings defined in section 2594 3772.01 of the Revised Code, and "gross casino revenue" has the 2595 meaning defined in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code. 2596
- (ii) Receipts realized from the sale of agricultural
 commodities by an agricultural commodity handler, both as defined
 in section 926.01 of the Revised Code, that is licensed by the
 director of agriculture to handle agricultural commodities in this

state. 2601

- (jj) Receipts realized by a taxpayer that is a severer from 2602 the first sale of oil or gas severed from the soil or water of 2603 this state on or after October 1, 2014, on the basis of which the 2604 severer is liable for a tax imposed under section 5749.02 of the 2605 Revised Code, if the severer is subject to the tax imposed under 2606 section 5747.02 of the Revised Code on income from that sale or is 2607 a pass-through entity, the direct or indirect owners of which are 2608 subject to that tax on the income from that sale. A pass-through 2609 entity may exclude only those receipts proportionate to such 2610 direct or indirect owners' distributive or proportionate shares of 2611 the pass-through entity. As used in division (F)(2)(jj) of this 2612 section, "severer" has the same meaning as in division (I)(2) of 2613 section 5749.01 of the Revised Code. 2614
- (kk) Any receipts for which the tax imposed by this chapter 2615 is prohibited by the constitution or laws of the United States or 2616 the constitution of this state.
- (3) In the case of a taxpayer when acting as a real estate 2618 broker, "gross receipts" includes only the portion of any fee for 2619 the service of a real estate broker, or service of a real estate 2620 salesperson associated with that broker, that is retained by the 2621 broker and not paid to an associated real estate salesperson or 2622 another real estate broker. For the purposes of this division, 2623 "real estate broker" and "real estate salesperson" have the same 2624 meanings as in section 4735.01 of the Revised Code. 2625
- (4) A taxpayer's method of accounting for gross receipts for
 a tax period shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of
 accounting for federal income tax purposes for the taxpayer's
 federal taxable year that includes the tax period. If a taxpayer's
 method of accounting for federal income tax purposes changes, its
 method of accounting for gross receipts under this chapter shall
 be changed accordingly.

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(G) "Taxable gross receipts" means gross receipts sitused to	2633
this state under section 5751.033 of the Revised Code.	2634
(H) A person has "substantial nexus with this state" if any	2635
of the following applies. The person:	2636
(1) Owns or uses a part or all of its capital in this state;	2637
(2) Holds a certificate of compliance with the laws of this	2638
state authorizing the person to do business in this state;	2639
(3) Has bright-line presence in this state;	2640
(4) Otherwise has nexus with this state to an extent that the	2641
person can be required to remit the tax imposed under this chapter	2642
under the Constitution of the United States.	2643
(I) A person has "bright-line presence" in this state for a	2644
reporting period and for the remaining portion of the calendar	2645
year if any of the following applies. The person:	2646
(1) Has at any time during the calendar year property in this	2647
state with an aggregate value of at least fifty thousand dollars.	2648
For the purpose of division (I)(1) of this section, owned property	2649
is valued at original cost and rented property is valued at eight	2650
times the net annual rental charge.	2651
(2) Has during the calendar year payroll in this state of at	2652
least fifty thousand dollars. Payroll in this state includes all	2653
of the following:	2654
(a) Any amount subject to withholding by the person under	2655
section 5747.06 of the Revised Code;	2656
(b) Any other amount the person pays as compensation to an	2657
individual under the supervision or control of the person for work	2658
done in this state; and	2659
(c) Any amount the person pays for services performed in this	2660
state on its behalf by another.	2661

(3) Has during the calendar year taxable gross receipts of at 2662 least five hundred thousand dollars. 2663 (4) Has at any time during the calendar year within this 2664 state at least twenty-five per cent of the person's total 2665 property, total payroll, or total gross receipts. 2666 (5) Is domiciled in this state as an individual or for 2667 2668 corporate, commercial, or other business purposes. (J) "Tangible personal property" has the same meaning as in 2669 section 5739.01 of the Revised Code. 2670 (K) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code 2671 of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. Any term used in 2672 this chapter that is not otherwise defined has the same meaning as 2673 when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States 2674 relating to federal income taxes unless a different meaning is 2675 clearly required. Any reference in this chapter to the Internal 2676 Revenue Code includes other laws of the United States relating to 2677 federal income taxes. 2678 (L) "Calendar quarter" means a three-month period ending on 2679 the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the 2680 thirtieth day of September, or the thirty-first day of December. 2681 (M) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter or calendar year 2682 on the basis of which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax 2683 imposed under this chapter. 2684 (N) "Calendar year taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which the 2685 tax period is a calendar year. 2686 (0) "Calendar quarter taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which 2687 the tax period is a calendar quarter. 2688 (P) "Agent" means a person authorized by another person to 2689 act on its behalf to undertake a transaction for the other, 2690 including any of the following: 2691

prepare a plan for the development of the inventory described in

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division (B) of section 1509.075 of the Revised Code and deliver	2721
that plan to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the	2722
President of the Senate. The plan shall include the time and	2723
internal or external resources that the Chief believes are	2724
necessary to complete that inventory.	2725