## As Reported by the House Health and Aging Committee

# 130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

Sub. H. B. No. 412

### **Representative Gonzales**

Cosponsors: Representatives Bishoff, Hood, Terhar, Young, Wachtmann, Schuring, Brown

# A BILL

То	amend sections 1.64, 2133.211, 2151.3515,	1
	2305.113, 3701.92, 4503.44, 4729.01, 4730.01,	2
	4730.02, 4730.03, 4730.04, 4730.06, 4730.08,	3
	4730.091, 4730.10, 4730.101, 4730.11, 4730.12,	4
	4730.13, 4730.14, 4730.19, 4730.21, 4730.22,	5
	4730.25, 4730.251, 4730.27, 4730.28, 4730.31,	6
	4730.32, 4730.33, 4730.38, 4730.39, 4730.41,	7
	4730.42, 4730.43, 4730.49, 4730.51, 4730.53,	8
	4731.07, 4765.01, 4765.51, and 5123.47; to amend,	9
	for the purpose of adopting new section numbers as	10
	shown in parentheses, section 4730.091 (4730.201)	11
	and 4730.092 (4730.202); to enact new section	12
	4730.20 and sections 4730.111 and 4730.203; and to	13
	repeal sections 4730.081, 4730.09, 4730.15,	14
	4730.16, 4730.17, 4730.18, 4730.20, 4730.44,	15
	4730.45, 4730.46, 4730.47, 4730.48, 4730.50, and	16
	4730.52 of the Revised Code to revise the law	17
	governing the practice of physician assistants.	18

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

3701.92, 4503.44, 4729.01, 4730.01, 4730.02, 4730.03, 4730.04,	20
4730.06, 4730.08, 4730.091, 4730.10, 4730.101, 4730.11, 4730.12,	21
4730.13, 4730.14, 4730.19, 4730.21, 4730.22, 4730.25, 4730.251,	22
4730.27, 4730.28, 4730.31, 4730.32, 4730.33, 4730.38, 4730.39,	23
4730.41, 4730.42, 4730.43, 4730.49, 4730.51, 4730.53, 4731.07,	24
4765.01, 4765.51, and 5123.47 be amended, sections 4730.091	25
(4730.201) and 4730.092 (4730.202) be amended for the purpose of	26
adopting new section numbers as indicated in parentheses, and new	27
section 4730.20 and sections 4730.111 and 4730.203 of the Revised	28
Code be enacted to read as follows:	29

#### Sec. 1.64. As used in the Revised Code:

- (A) "Certified nurse-midwife" means a registered nurse who
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  holds a valid certificate of authority issued under Chapter 4723.
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  of the Revised Code that authorizes the practice of nursing as a
  certified nurse-midwife in accordance with section 4723.43 of the
  Revised Code and rules adopted by the board of nursing.
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- (B) "Certified nurse practitioner" means a registered nurse 36 who holds a valid certificate of authority issued under Chapter 37 4723. of the Revised Code that authorizes the practice of nursing 38 as a certified nurse practitioner in accordance with section 39 4723.43 of the Revised Code and rules adopted by the board of 40 nursing.
- (C) "Clinical nurse specialist" means a registered nurse who 42 holds a valid certificate of authority issued under Chapter 4723. 43 of the Revised Code that authorizes the practice of nursing as a 44 clinical nurse specialist in accordance with section 4723.43 of 45 the Revised Code and rules adopted by the board of nursing. 46
- (D) "Physician assistant" means an individual who holds a

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  valid certificate to practice issued is licensed under Chapter

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  4730. of the Revised Code authorizing the individual to provide

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services as a	a physician	assistant to	patients	under the	50
supervision,	control, a	nd direction	of one or	more physicians.	51

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Sec. 2133.211. A person who holds a certificate of authority 52 to practice as a certified nurse practitioner or clinical nurse 53 specialist issued under section 4723.42 Chapter 4723. of the 54 Revised Code may take any action that may be taken by an attending 55 physician under sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code 56 and has the immunity provided by section 2133.22 of the Revised 57 Code if the action is taken pursuant to a standard care 58 59 arrangement with a collaborating physician.

A person who holds a certificate license to practice as a 60 physician assistant issued under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code 61 may take any action that may be taken by an attending physician 62 under sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code and has the 63 immunity provided by section 2133.22 of the Revised Code if the 64 action is taken pursuant to a physician supervisory plan approved 65 pursuant to supervision agreement entered into under section 66 4730.17 4730.19 of the Revised Code or, including, if applicable 67 the policies of a health care facility in which the physician 68 assistant is practicing. 69

- sec. 2151.3515. As used in sections 2151.3515 to 2151.3530 of
  the Revised Code:
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- (A) "Deserted child" means a child whose parent has 72 voluntarily delivered the child to an emergency medical service 73 worker, peace officer, or hospital employee without expressing an 74 intent to return for the child. 75
- (B) "Emergency medical service organization," "emergency 76
  medical technician-basic," "emergency medical 77
  technician-intermediate," "first responder," and "paramedic" have 78
  the same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code. 79

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and surgery.	110
(K) "Physician assistant" means an individual who holds a	111
current, valid license to practice as a physician assistant issued	112
under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code.	113
Sec. 2305.113. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this	114
section, an action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	115
chiropractic claim shall be commenced within one year after the	116
cause of action accrued.	117
(B)(1) If prior to the expiration of the one-year period	118
specified in division (A) of this section, a claimant who	119
allegedly possesses a medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic	120
claim gives to the person who is the subject of that claim written	121
notice that the claimant is considering bringing an action upon	122
that claim, that action may be commenced against the person	123
notified at any time within one hundred eighty days after the	124
notice is so given.	125
(2) An insurance company shall not consider the existence or	126
nonexistence of a written notice described in division (B)(1) of	127
this section in setting the liability insurance premium rates that	128
the company may charge the company's insured person who is	129
notified by that written notice.	130
(C) Except as to persons within the age of minority or of	131
unsound mind as provided by section 2305.16 of the Revised Code,	132
and except as provided in division (D) of this section, both of	133
the following apply:	134
(1) No action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	135
chiropractic claim shall be commenced more than four years after	136
the occurrence of the act or omission constituting the alleged	137
basis of the medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim.	138
(2) If an action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	139

chiropractic claim is not commenced within four years after the occurrence of the act or omission constituting the alleged basis 141 of the medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim, then, 142 any action upon that claim is barred.

- (D)(1) If a person making a medical claim, dental claim, 144 optometric claim, or chiropractic claim, in the exercise of 145 reasonable care and diligence, could not have discovered the 146 injury resulting from the act or omission constituting the alleged 147 basis of the claim within three years after the occurrence of the 148 act or omission, but, in the exercise of reasonable care and 149 diligence, discovers the injury resulting from that act or 150 omission before the expiration of the four-year period specified 151 in division (C)(1) of this section, the person may commence an 152 action upon the claim not later than one year after the person 153 discovers the injury resulting from that act or omission. 154
- (2) If the alleged basis of a medical claim, dental claim, 155 optometric claim, or chiropractic claim is the occurrence of an 156 act or omission that involves a foreign object that is left in the 157 body of the person making the claim, the person may commence an 158 action upon the claim not later than one year after the person 159 discovered the foreign object or not later than one year after the 160 person, with reasonable care and diligence, should have discovered 161 the foreign object. 162
- (3) A person who commences an action upon a medical claim, 163 dental claim, optometric claim, or chiropractic claim under the 164 circumstances described in division (D)(1) or (2) of this section 165 has the affirmative burden of proving, by clear and convincing 166 evidence, that the person, with reasonable care and diligence, 167 could not have discovered the injury resulting from the act or 168 omission constituting the alleged basis of the claim within the 169 three-year period described in division (D)(1) of this section or 170 within the one-year period described in division (D)(2) of this 171

section, whichever is applicable. 172

- (E) As used in this section: 173
- (1) "Hospital" includes any person, corporation, association, 174 board, or authority that is responsible for the operation of any 175 hospital licensed or registered in the state, including, but not 176 limited to, those that are owned or operated by the state, 177 political subdivisions, any person, any corporation, or any 178 combination of the state, political subdivisions, persons, and 179 corporations. "Hospital" also includes any person, corporation, 180 association, board, entity, or authority that is responsible for 181 the operation of any clinic that employs a full-time staff of 182 physicians practicing in more than one recognized medical 183 specialty and rendering advice, diagnosis, care, and treatment to 184 individuals. "Hospital" does not include any hospital operated by 185 the government of the United States or any of its branches. 186
- (2) "Physician" means a person who is licensed to practice 187 medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery by the 188 state medical board or a person who otherwise is authorized to 189 practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery 190 in this state.
- (3) "Medical claim" means any claim that is asserted in any 192 civil action against a physician, podiatrist, hospital, home, or 193 residential facility, against any employee or agent of a 194 physician, podiatrist, hospital, home, or residential facility, or 195 against a licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, advanced 196 practice registered nurse, physical therapist, physician 197 assistant, emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical 198 technician-intermediate, or emergency medical 199 technician-paramedic, and that arises out of the medical 200 diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Medical claim" 201 includes the following: 202

limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of

an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care,

chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that

or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental

diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the

operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or

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optometry by the state board of optometry.	264
(13) "Physical therapist" means any person who is licensed to	265
practice physical therapy under Chapter 4755. of the Revised Code.	266
(14) "Home" has the same meaning as in section 3721.10 of the	267
Revised Code.	268
(15) "Residential facility" means a facility licensed under	269
section 5123.19 of the Revised Code.	270
(16) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means any certified	271
nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, certified	272
registered nurse anesthetist, or certified nurse-midwife who holds	273
a certificate of authority issued by the board of nursing under	274
Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.	275
(17) "Licensed practical nurse" means any person who is	276
licensed to practice nursing as a licensed practical nurse by the	277
board of nursing pursuant to Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.	278
(18) "Physician assistant" means any person who holds a valid	279
certificate to practice issued pursuant to is licensed as a	280
physician assistant under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code.	281
(19) "Emergency medical technician-basic," "emergency medical	282
technician-intermediate," and "emergency medical	283
technician-paramedic" means any person who is certified under	284
Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code as an emergency medical	285
technician-basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or	286
emergency medical technician-paramedic, whichever is applicable.	287
<b>Sec. 3701.92.</b> As used in sections 3701.921 to 3701.929 of the	288
Revised Code:	289
(A) "Advanced practice registered nurse" has the same meaning	290
as in section 4723.01 of the Revised Code.	291
(B) "Patient centered medical home education advisory group"	292

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or impairs the ability to walk may apply to the registrar of motor	352
vehicles for a removable windshield placard or, if the person owns	353
or leases a motor vehicle, the person may apply for the	354
registration of any motor vehicle the person owns or leases. In	355
addition to one or more sets of license plates or one placard, a	356
person with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to	357
walk is entitled to one additional placard, but only if the person	358
applies separately for the additional placard, states the reasons	359
why the additional placard is needed, and the registrar, in the	360
registrar's discretion, determines that good and justifiable cause	361
exists to approve the request for the additional placard. When a	362
motor vehicle has been altered for the purpose of providing it	363
with special equipment for a person with a disability that limits	364
or impairs the ability to walk, but is owned or leased by someone	365
other than such a person, the owner or lessee may apply to the	366
registrar or a deputy registrar for registration under this	367
section. The application for registration of a motor vehicle owned	368
or leased by a person with a disability that limits or impairs the	369
ability to walk shall be accompanied by a signed statement from	370
the applicant's health care provider certifying that the applicant	371
meets at least one of the criteria contained in division (A)(1) of	372
this section and that the disability is expected to continue for	373
more than six consecutive months. The application for a removable	374
windshield placard made by a person with a disability that limits	375
or impairs the ability to walk shall be accompanied by a	376
prescription from the applicant's health care provider prescribing	377
such a placard for the applicant, provided that the applicant	378
meets at least one of the criteria contained in division (A)(1) of	379
this section. The health care provider shall state on the	380
prescription the length of time the health care provider expects	381
the applicant to have the disability that limits or impairs the	382
applicant's ability to walk. The application for a removable	383
windshield placard made by an organization shall be accompanied by	384

such documentary evidence of regular transport of persons with 385 disabilities that limit or impair the ability to walk by the 386 organization as the registrar may require by rule and shall be 387 completed in accordance with procedures that the registrar may 388 require by rule. The application for registration of a motor 389 vehicle that has been altered for the purpose of providing it with 390 special equipment for a person with a disability that limits or 391 impairs the ability to walk but is owned by someone other than 392 such a person shall be accompanied by such documentary evidence of 393 vehicle alterations as the registrar may require by rule. 394

(C) When an organization, a person with a disability that 395 limits or impairs the ability to walk, or a person who does not 396 have a disability that limits or impairs the ability to walk but 397 owns a motor vehicle that has been altered for the purpose of 398 providing it with special equipment for a person with a disability 399 that limits or impairs the ability to walk first submits an 400 application for registration of a motor vehicle under this section 401 and every fifth year thereafter, the organization or person shall 402 submit a signed statement from the applicant's health care 403 provider, a completed application, and any required documentary 404 evidence of vehicle alterations as provided in division (B) of 405 this section, and also a power of attorney from the owner of the 406 motor vehicle if the applicant leases the vehicle. Upon submission 407 of these items, the registrar or deputy registrar shall issue to 408 the applicant appropriate vehicle registration and a set of 409 license plates and validation stickers, or validation stickers 410 alone when required by section 4503.191 of the Revised Code. In 411 addition to the letters and numbers ordinarily inscribed thereon, 412 the license plates shall be imprinted with the international 413 symbol of access. The license plates and validation stickers shall 414 be issued upon payment of the regular license fee as prescribed 415 under section 4503.04 of the Revised Code and any motor vehicle 416 tax levied under Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code, and the 417

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payment of a service fee equal to the amount specified in division 418 (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 of the Revised Code. 419

(D)(1) Upon receipt of a completed and signed application for 420 a removable windshield placard, a prescription as described in 421 division (B) of this section, documentary evidence of regular 422 transport of persons with disabilities that limit or impair the 423 ability to walk, if required, and payment of a service fee equal 424 to the amount specified in division (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 425 of the Revised Code, the registrar or deputy registrar shall issue 426 to the applicant a removable windshield placard, which shall bear 427 the date of expiration on both sides of the placard and shall be 428 valid until expired, revoked, or surrendered. Every removable 429 windshield placard expires as described in division (D)(2) of this 430 section, but in no case shall a removable windshield placard be 431 valid for a period of less than sixty days. Removable windshield 432 placards shall be renewable upon application as provided in 433 division (B) of this section, and a service fee equal to the 434 amount specified in division (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 of the 435 Revised Code shall be charged for the renewal of a removable 436 windshield placard. The registrar shall provide the application 437 form and shall determine the information to be included thereon. 438 The registrar also shall determine the form and size of the 439 removable windshield placard, the material of which it is to be 440 made, and any other information to be included thereon, and shall 441 adopt rules relating to the issuance, expiration, revocation, 442 surrender, and proper display of such placards. Any placard issued 443 after October 14, 1999, shall be manufactured in a manner that 444 allows the expiration date of the placard to be indicated on it 445 through the punching, drilling, boring, or creation by any other 446 means of holes in the placard. 447

(2) At the time a removable windshield placard is issued to a 448 person with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to 449

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walk, the registrar or deputy registrar shall enter into the	450
records of the bureau of motor vehicles the last date on which the	451
person will have that disability, as indicated on the accompanying	452
prescription. Not less than thirty days prior to that date and all	453
removable windshield placard renewal dates, the bureau shall send	454
a renewal notice to that person at the person's last known address	455
as shown in the records of the bureau, informing the person that	456
the person's removable windshield placard will expire on the	457
indicated date not to exceed five years from the date of issuance,	458
and that the person is required to renew the placard by submitting	459
to the registrar or a deputy registrar another prescription, as	460
described in division (B) of this section, and by complying with	461
the renewal provisions prescribed in division (D)(1) of this	462
section. If such a prescription is not received by the registrar	463
or a deputy registrar by that date, the placard issued to that	464
person expires and no longer is valid, and this fact shall be	465
recorded in the records of the bureau.	466

(3) At least once every year, on a date determined by the 467 registrar, the bureau shall examine the records of the office of 468 vital statistics, located within the department of health, that 469 pertain to deceased persons, and also the bureau's records of all 470 persons who have been issued removable windshield placards and 471 temporary removable windshield placards. If the records of the 472 office of vital statistics indicate that a person to whom a 473 removable windshield placard or temporary removable windshield 474 placard has been issued is deceased, the bureau shall cancel that 475 placard, and note the cancellation in its records. 476

The office of vital statistics shall make available to the bureau all information necessary to enable the bureau to comply with division (D)(3) of this section.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a person or organization to apply for a removable windshield placard

or special license plates if the parking card or special license 482 plates issued to the person or organization under prior law have 483 not expired or been surrendered or revoked. 484

(E)(1)(a) Any person with a disability that limits or impairs 485 the ability to walk may apply to the registrar or a deputy 486 487 registrar for a temporary removable windshield placard. The application for a temporary removable windshield placard shall be 488 accompanied by a prescription from the applicant's health care 489 provider prescribing such a placard for the applicant, provided 490 that the applicant meets at least one of the criteria contained in 491 division (A)(1) of this section and that the disability is 492 expected to continue for six consecutive months or less. The 493 health care provider shall state on the prescription the length of 494 time the health care provider expects the applicant to have the 495 disability that limits or impairs the applicant's ability to walk, 496 which cannot exceed six months from the date of the prescription. 497 Upon receipt of an application for a temporary removable 498 windshield placard, presentation of the prescription from the 499 applicant's health care provider, and payment of a service fee 500 equal to the amount specified in division (D) or (G) of section 501 4503.10 of the Revised Code, the registrar or deputy registrar 502 shall issue to the applicant a temporary removable windshield 503 placard. 504

(b) Any active-duty member of the armed forces of the United 505 States, including the reserve components of the armed forces and 506 the national guard, who has an illness or injury that limits or 507 impairs the ability to walk may apply to the registrar or a deputy 508 registrar for a temporary removable windshield placard. With the 509 application, the person shall present evidence of the person's 510 active-duty status and the illness or injury. Evidence of the 511 illness or injury may include a current department of defense 512 convalescent leave statement, any department of defense document 513 indicating that the person currently has an ill or injured 514 casualty status or has limited duties, or a prescription from any 515 health care provider prescribing the placard for the applicant. 516 Upon receipt of the application and the necessary evidence, the 517 registrar or deputy registrar shall issue the applicant the 518 temporary removable windshield placard without the payment of any 519 service fee. 520

- (2) The temporary removable windshield placard shall be of 521 the same size and form as the removable windshield placard, shall 522 be printed in white on a red-colored background, and shall bear 523 the word "temporary" in letters of such size as the registrar 524 shall prescribe. A temporary removable windshield placard also 525 shall bear the date of expiration on the front and back of the 526 placard, and shall be valid until expired, surrendered, or 527 revoked, but in no case shall such a placard be valid for a period 528 of less than sixty days. The registrar shall provide the 529 application form and shall determine the information to be 530 included on it, provided that the registrar shall not require a 531 health care provider's prescription or certification for a person 532 applying under division (E)(1)(b) of this section. The registrar 533 also shall determine the material of which the temporary removable 534 windshield placard is to be made and any other information to be 535 included on the placard and shall adopt rules relating to the 536 issuance, expiration, surrender, revocation, and proper display of 537 those placards. Any temporary removable windshield placard issued 538 after October 14, 1999, shall be manufactured in a manner that 539 allows for the expiration date of the placard to be indicated on 540 it through the punching, drilling, boring, or creation by any 541 other means of holes in the placard. 542
- (F) If an applicant for a removable windshield placard is a 543 veteran of the armed forces of the United States whose disability, 544 as defined in division (A)(1) of this section, is 545

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service-connected, the registrar or deputy registrar, upon receipt 546 of the application, presentation of a signed statement from the 547 applicant's health care provider certifying the applicant's 548 disability, and presentation of such documentary evidence from the 549 department of veterans affairs that the disability of the 550 applicant meets at least one of the criteria identified in 551 division (A)(1) of this section and is service-connected as the 552 registrar may require by rule, but without the payment of any 553 service fee, shall issue the applicant a removable windshield 554 placard that is valid until expired, surrendered, or revoked. 555

(G) Upon a conviction of a violation of division (I), (J), or 556 (K) of this section, the court shall report the conviction, and 557 send the placard or parking card, if available, to the registrar, 558 who thereupon shall revoke the privilege of using the placard or 559 parking card and send notice in writing to the placardholder or 560 cardholder at that holder's last known address as shown in the 561 records of the bureau, and the placardholder or cardholder shall 562 return the placard or card if not previously surrendered to the 563 court, to the registrar within ten days following mailing of the 564 notice. 565

Whenever a person to whom a removable windshield placard or parking card has been issued moves to another state, the person shall surrender the placard or card to the registrar; and whenever an organization to which a placard or card has been issued changes its place of operation to another state, the organization shall surrender the placard or card to the registrar.

(H) Subject to division (F) of section 4511.69 of the Revised 572 Code, the operator of a motor vehicle displaying a removable 573 windshield placard, temporary removable windshield placard, 574 parking card, or the special license plates authorized by this 575 section is entitled to park the motor vehicle in any special 576 parking location reserved for persons with disabilities that limit 577

restricted by a permanent cardiovascular, pulmonary, or other	608
disabling condition.	609
(b) "Organization" means any private organization or	610
corporation, or any governmental board, agency, department,	611
division, or office, that, as part of its business or program,	612
transports persons with disabilities on a regular basis in a motor	613
vehicle that has not been altered for the purposes of providing it	614
with special equipment for use by persons with disabilities.	615
(L) If a removable windshield placard, temporary removable	616
windshield placard, or parking card is lost, destroyed, or	617
mutilated, the placardholder or cardholder may obtain a duplicate	618
by doing both of the following:	619
(1) Furnishing suitable proof of the loss, destruction, or	620
mutilation to the registrar;	621
(2) Paying a service fee equal to the amount specified in	622
division (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 of the Revised Code.	623
Any placardholder or cardholder who loses a placard or card	624
and, after obtaining a duplicate, finds the original, immediately	625
shall surrender the original placard or card to the registrar.	626
(M) The registrar shall pay all fees received under this	627
section for the issuance of removable windshield placards or	628
temporary removable windshield placards or duplicate removable	629
windshield placards or cards into the state treasury to the credit	630
of the state bureau of motor vehicles fund created in section	631
4501.25 of the Revised Code.	632
(N) In addition to the fees collected under this section, the	633
registrar or deputy registrar shall ask each person applying for a	634
removable windshield placard or temporary removable windshield	635
placard or duplicate removable windshield placard or license plate	636
issued under this section, whether the person wishes to make a	637

two-dollar voluntary contribution to support rehabilitation

employment services. The registrar shall transmit the	639
contributions received under this division to the treasurer of	640
state for deposit into the rehabilitation employment fund, which	641
is hereby created in the state treasury. A deputy registrar shall	642
transmit the contributions received under this division to the	643
registrar in the time and manner prescribed by the registrar. The	644
contributions in the fund shall be used by the opportunities for	645
Ohioans with disabilities agency to purchase services related to	646
vocational evaluation, work adjustment, personal adjustment, job	647
placement, job coaching, and community-based assessment from	648
accredited community rehabilitation program facilities.	649

(0) For purposes of enforcing this section, every peace 650 officer is deemed to be an agent of the registrar. Any peace 651 officer or any authorized employee of the bureau of motor vehicles 652 who, in the performance of duties authorized by law, becomes aware 653 of a person whose placard or parking card has been revoked 654 pursuant to this section, may confiscate that placard or parking 655 card and return it to the registrar. The registrar shall prescribe 656 any forms used by law enforcement agencies in administering this 657 section. 658

No peace officer, law enforcement agency employing a peace 659 officer, or political subdivision or governmental agency employing 660 a peace officer, and no employee of the bureau is liable in a 661 civil action for damages or loss to persons arising out of the 662 performance of any duty required or authorized by this section. As 663 used in this division, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in 664 division (B) of section 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 665

(P) All applications for registration of motor vehicles, 666 removable windshield placards, and temporary removable windshield 667 placards issued under this section, all renewal notices for such 668 items, and all other publications issued by the bureau that relate 669 to this section shall set forth the criminal penalties that may be 670

imposed upon a person who violates any provision relating to	671
special license plates issued under this section, the parking of	672
vehicles displaying such license plates, and the issuance,	673
procurement, use, and display of removable windshield placards and	674
temporary removable windshield placards issued under this section.	675
(Q) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	676
of the fourth degree.	677
Sec. 4729.01. As used in this chapter:	678
(A) "Pharmacy," except when used in a context that refers to	679
the practice of pharmacy, means any area, room, rooms, place of	680
business, department, or portion of any of the foregoing where the	681
practice of pharmacy is conducted.	682
(B) "Practice of pharmacy" means providing pharmacist care	683
requiring specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill derived from	684
the principles of biological, chemical, behavioral, social,	685
pharmaceutical, and clinical sciences. As used in this division,	686
"pharmacist care" includes the following:	687
(1) Interpreting prescriptions;	688
(2) Dispensing drugs and drug therapy related devices;	689
(3) Compounding drugs;	690
(4) Counseling individuals with regard to their drug therapy,	691
recommending drug therapy related devices, and assisting in the	692
selection of drugs and appliances for treatment of common diseases	693
and injuries and providing instruction in the proper use of the	694
drugs and appliances;	695
(5) Performing drug regimen reviews with individuals by	696
discussing all of the drugs that the individual is taking and	697
explaining the interactions of the drugs;	698
(6) Performing drug utilization reviews with licensed health	699

(1) Any drug to which either of the following applies:

(a) Under the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52	760
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, the drug is	761
required to bear a label containing the legend "Caution: Federal	762
law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Caution:	763
Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a	764
licensed veterinarian" or any similar restrictive statement, or	765
the drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription;	766
(b) Under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code, the	767
drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription.	768
(2) Any drug that contains a schedule V controlled substance	769
and that is exempt from Chapter 3719. of the Revised Code or to	770
which that chapter does not apply;	771
(3) Any drug intended for administration by injection into	772
the human body other than through a natural orifice of the human	773
body.	774
(G) "Federal drug abuse control laws" has the same meaning as	775
in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	776
(H) "Prescription" means a written, electronic, or oral order	777
for drugs or combinations or mixtures of drugs to be used by a	778
particular individual or for treating a particular animal, issued	779
by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs.	780
(I) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	781
drugs" or "prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by	782
law to prescribe drugs or dangerous drugs or drug therapy related	783
devices in the course of the individual's professional practice,	784
including only the following:	785
(1) A dentist licensed under Chapter 4715. of the Revised	786
Code;	787
(2) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or	788

certified nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to prescribe

(1) The proprietary name of the drug product; 820 (2) The established (generic) name of the drug product; 821 (3) The strength of the drug product if the product contains 822 a single active ingredient or if the drug product contains more 823 than one active ingredient and a relevant strength can be 824 associated with the product without indicating each active 825 ingredient. The established name and quantity of each active 826 ingredient are required if such a relevant strength cannot be so 827 associated with a drug product containing more than one 828 ingredient. 829 (4) The dosage form; 830 (5) The price charged for a specific quantity of the drug 831 product. The stated price shall include all charges to the 832 consumer, including, but not limited to, the cost of the drug 833 product, professional fees, handling fees, if any, and a statement 834 identifying professional services routinely furnished by the 835 pharmacy. Any mailing fees and delivery fees may be stated 836 separately without repetition. The information shall not be false 837 or misleading. 838 (0) "Wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs" means a person 839 engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at wholesale and includes 840 any agent or employee of such a person authorized by the person to 841 engage in the sale of dangerous drugs at wholesale. 842 (P) "Manufacturer of dangerous drugs" means a person, other 843 than a pharmacist, who manufactures dangerous drugs and who is 844 engaged in the sale of those dangerous drugs within this state. 845 (Q) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" means a person 846 who is engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at retail, or any 847 person, other than a wholesale distributor or a pharmacist, who 848 has possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for any 849

purpose other than for that person's own use and consumption, and

includes pharmacies, hospitals, nursing homes, and laboratories	851
and all other persons who procure dangerous drugs for sale or	852
other distribution by or under the supervision of a pharmacist or	853
licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs.	854
(R) "Promote to the public" means disseminating a	855
representation to the public in any manner or by any means, other	856
than by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or that is likely	857
to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of a dangerous	858
drug at retail.	859
(S) "Person" includes any individual, partnership,	860
association, limited liability company, or corporation, the state,	861
any political subdivision of the state, and any district,	862
department, or agency of the state or its political subdivisions.	863
(T) "Finished dosage form" has the same meaning as in section	864
3715.01 of the Revised Code.	865
(U) "Generically equivalent drug" has the same meaning as in	866
section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.	867
(V) "Animal shelter" means a facility operated by a humane	868
society or any society organized under Chapter 1717. of the	869
Revised Code or a dog pound operated pursuant to Chapter 955. of	870
the Revised Code.	871
(W) "Food" has the same meaning as in section 3715.01 of the	872
Revised Code.	873
(X) "Pain management clinic" has the same meaning as in	874
section 4731.054 of the Revised Code.	875
Sec. 4730.01. As used in this chapter:	876
(A) "Physician assistant" means a skilled person qualified by	877
academic and clinical training to provide services to patients as	878
a physician assistant under the supervision, control, and	879
direction of one or more physicians who are responsible for the	880

physician assistant.

(D) No person shall practice as a physician assistant without	911
having entered into a supervision agreement that has been approved	912
by the state medical board with a supervising physician under	913
section 4730.19 of the Revised Code.	914
$\frac{(E)(D)}{(D)}$ No person acting as the supervising physician of a	915
physician assistant shall authorize the physician assistant to	916
perform services if either of the following is the case:	917
(1) The services are not within the physician's normal course	918
of practice and expertise;	919
(2) The services are inconsistent with the physician	920
supervisory plan approved by the state medical board for the	921
supervising physician or supervision agreement under which the	922
physician assistant is being supervised, including, if applicable,	923
the policies of the health care facility in which the physician	924
and physician assistant are practicing.	925
(F) No person shall practice as a physician assistant in a	926
manner that is inconsistent with the physician supervisory plan	927
approved for the physician who is responsible for supervising the	928
physician assistant or the policies of the health care facility in	929
which the physician assistant is practicing.	930
$\frac{(G)}{(E)}$ No person practicing as a physician assistant shall	931
prescribe any drug or device to perform or induce an abortion, or	932
otherwise perform or induce an abortion.	933
$\frac{(H)(F)}{(F)}$ No person shall advertise to provide services as a	934
physician assistant, except for the purpose of seeking employment.	935
$\frac{(1)(G)}{(G)}$ No person practicing as a physician assistant shall	936
fail to wear at all times when on duty a placard, plate, or other	937
device identifying that person as a "physician assistant."	938

(A) Be construed to affect or interfere with the performance

care prior to or following eye surgery, or assist in the care of

criteria to be included in applications for approval to delegate	1031
to physician assistants the performance of special services;	1032
(7) Criteria to be included in supervision agreements	1033
submitted to the board for approval and renewal of the board's	1034
approval;	1035
(8) Any issue the board asks the committee to consider.	1036
(B) In addition to the matters that are required to be	1037
reviewed under division (A) of this section, the committee may	1038
review, and may submit to the board recommendations concerning,	1039
either or both of the following:	1040
(1) Quality quality assurance activities to be performed by a	1041
supervising physician and physician assistant under a quality	1042
assurance system established pursuant to division (F) of section	1043
4730.21 of the Revised Code $\div$	1044
(2) The development and approval of one or more model	1045
physician supervisory plans and one or more models for a special	1046
services portion of the one or more model physician supervisory	1047
plans. The committee may submit recommendations for model plans	1048
that reflect various medical specialties.	1049
(C) The board shall take into consideration all	1050
recommendations submitted by the committee. Not later than ninety	1051
days after receiving a recommendation from the committee, the	1052
board shall approve or disapprove the recommendation and notify	1053
the committee of its decision. If a recommendation is disapproved,	1054
the board shall inform the committee of its reasons for making	1055
that decision. The committee may resubmit the recommendation after	1056
addressing the concerns expressed by the board and modifying the	1057
disapproved recommendation accordingly. Not later than ninety days	1058
after receiving a resubmitted recommendation, the board shall	1059
approve or disapprove the recommendation. There is no limit on the	1060
number of times the committee may resubmit a recommendation for	1061

consideration by the board.	1062
(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this section,	1063
the board may not take action regarding a matter that is subject	1064
to the committee's review under division (A) or (B) of this	1065
section unless the committee has made a recommendation to the	1066
board concerning the matter.	1067
(2) If the board submits to the committee a request for a	1068
recommendation regarding a matter that is subject to the	1069
committee's review under division (A) or (B) of this section, and	1070
the committee does not provide a recommendation before the	1071
sixty-first day after the request is submitted, the board may take	1072
action regarding the matter without a recommendation.	1073
Sec. 4730.08. (A) A <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a	1074
physician assistant issued under this chapter authorizes the	1075
holder to practice as a physician assistant, subject to all of the	1076
following as follows:	1077
(1) The physician assistant shall practice only under the	1078
supervision, control, and direction of a physician with whom the	1079
physician assistant has entered into a supervision agreement	1080
approved by the state medical board under section 4730.17 4730.19	1081
of the Revised Code.	1082
(2) When the physician assistant practices outside a health	1083
care facility, the The physician assistant shall practice in	1084
accordance with the physician supervisory plan approved under	1085
section 4730.17 of the Revised Code for supervision agreement	1086
entered into with the physician who is responsible for supervising	1087
the physician assistant.	1088
(3) When the physician assistant practices within a health	1089
care facility, the physician assistant shall practice in	1090
accordance with, including, if applicable, the policies of the	1091

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(a) A degree other than a master's or higher degree obtained

from a program accredited by the accreditation review commission

(b) A master's or higher degree in a course of study with

on education for the physician assistant or a predecessor or

clinical relevance to the practice of physician assistants and

obtained from a program accredited by a regional or specialized

applicant shall present evidence satisfactory to the board of

meeting one of the following requirements in lieu of meeting the

educational requirements specified in division (B)(1) or (2) of

other form of authority to practice as a physician assistant

been in active practice in any jurisdiction throughout the

(1) The applicant shall hold a current, valid license or

issued by another jurisdiction prior to January 1, 2008 and have

three-year period immediately preceding the date of application.

and professional accrediting agency recognized by the council for

(C) For purposes of division (A)(4)(b) of this section, an

successor organization recognized by the board;

higher education accreditation.

this section:

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(2) The applicant shall hold a degree obtained as a result of	1181
being enrolled on January 1, 2008, in a program in this state that	1182
was accredited by the accreditation review commission on education	1183
for the physician assistant but did not grant a master's or higher	1184
degree to individuals enrolled in the program on that date, and	1185
completing the program on or before December 31, 2009.	1186
(3) The applicant shall meet both of the following	1187
educational and military experience requirements:	1188
(a) Hold hold a degree obtained from a program accredited by	1189
the accreditation review commission on education for the physician	1190
assistant $\div$ and meet either of the following experience	1191
requirements:	1192
(b)(a) Have experience practicing as a physician assistant	1193
for at least three consecutive years while on active duty, with	1194
evidence of service under honorable conditions, in any of the	1195
armed forces of the United States or the national guard of any	1196
state, including any experience attained while practicing as a	1197
physician assistant at a health care facility or clinic operated	1198
by the United States department of veterans affairs.	1199
(b) Have experience practicing as a physician assistant for	1200
at least three consecutive years while on active duty in the	1201
United States public health service commissioned corps.	1202
(D) <u>Unless the applicant had prescriptive authority while</u>	1203
practicing as a physician assistant in another jurisdiction, in	1204
the military, or in the public health service, the license issued	1205
to an applicant who does not hold a master's or higher degree	1206
described in division (B) of this section does not authorize the	1207
holder to exercise physician-delegated prescriptive authority and	1208
the state medical board shall not issue a prescriber number.	1209
(E)(1) This section does not require an individual to obtain	1210
a master's or higher degree as a condition of retaining or	1211

or a successor organization recognized by the state medical board

is suspended or revoked shall give notice of that occurrence to

the board not later than fourteen days after the physician

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assistant receives notice of the change in certification status. A	1242
physician assistant who fails to renew the certification shall	1243
notify the board not later than fourteen days after the	1244
certification expires.	1245
Sec. 4730.12. (A) The state medical board shall review all	1246
applications each application received under section 4730.10 of	1247
the Revised Code for <del>certificates</del> <u>a license</u> to practice as a	1248
physician assistant. Not later than sixty days after receiving a	1249
complete application, the board shall determine whether an	1250
applicant meets the requirements to receive a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u>	1251
to practice, as specified in section 4730.11 of the Revised Code.	1252
An affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board is	1253
required to determine that an applicant meets the requirements to	1254
receive a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a physician	1255
assistant.	1256
(B) If the board determines that an applicant meets the	1257
requirements to receive the <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> , the secretary of	1258
the board shall register the applicant as a physician assistant	1259
and issue to the applicant a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a	1260
physician assistant.	1261
(C)(1) During the first five hundred hours of the first one	1262
thousand hours of a physician assistant's exercise of	1263
physician-delegated prescriptive authority, the physician	1264
assistant shall exercise that authority only under the on-site	1265
supervision of a supervising physician.	1266
(2) A physician assistant shall be excused from the	1267
requirement established in division (C)(1) of this section if	1268
prior to application the physician assistant held a prescriber	1269
number, or the equivalent, from another jurisdiction and practiced	1270
with prescriptive authority in that jurisdiction for not less than	1271
one thousand hours.	1272

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(3) A record of a physician assistant's completion of the	1273
hours required by division (C)(1) of this section or issuance of a	1274
prescriber number or equivalent by another jurisdiction shall be	1275
kept on file by a supervising physician of the physician	1276
assistant. The record shall be made available for inspection by	1277
the board.	1278
Sec. 4730.13. Upon application by the holder of a certificate	1279
<u>license</u> to practice as a physician assistant, the state medical	1280
board shall issue a duplicate <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to replace one	1281
that is missing or damaged, to reflect a name change, or for any	1282
other reasonable cause. The fee for a duplicate <del>certificate</del>	1283
<u>license</u> shall be thirty-five dollars. All fees collected under	1284
this section shall be deposited in accordance with section 4731.24	1285
of the Revised Code.	1286
Sec. 4730.14. (A) A certificate license to practice as a	1287
physician assistant shall expire biennially and may be renewed in	1288
accordance with this section. A person seeking to renew a	1289
certificate license to practice as a physician assistant shall, on	1290
or before the thirty-first day of January of each even-numbered	1291
year, apply for renewal of the certificate. The state medical	1292
board shall send renewal notices at least one month prior to the	1293
expiration date.	1294
Applications shall be submitted to the board on forms the	1295
board shall prescribe and furnish. Each application shall be	1296
accompanied by a biennial renewal fee of one two hundred dollars.	1297
The board shall deposit the fees in accordance with section	1298
4731.24 of the Revised Code.	1299
The applicant shall report any criminal offense that	1300

constitutes grounds for refusing to issue a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to

practice under section 4730.25 of the Revised Code to which the

applicant has pleaded guilty, of which the applicant has been	1303
found guilty, or for which the applicant has been found eligible	1304
for intervention in lieu of conviction, since last signing an	1305
application for a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a physician	1306
assistant.	1307
(B) To be eligible for renewal, a physician assistant shall	1308
certify to the board both of the following:	1309
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- (1) That the physician assistant has maintained certification 1310 by the national commission on certification of physician 1311 assistants or a successor organization that is recognized by the 1312 board by meeting the standards to hold current certification from 1313 the commission or its successor, including completion of 1314 continuing medical education requirements and passing periodic 1315 recertification examinations; 1316
- (2) Except as provided in division (F) of this section and 1317 section 5903.12 of the Revised Code, that the physician assistant 1318 has completed during the current certification period not less 1319 than one hundred hours of continuing medical education acceptable 1320 to the board.
- (C) The board shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 1322 119. of the Revised Code specifying the types of continuing 1323 medical education that must be completed to fulfill the board's 1324 requirements under division (B)(2) of this section. Except when 1325 additional continuing medical education is required to renew a 1326 certificate to prescribe, as specified in section 4730.49 of the 1327 Revised Code, the board shall not adopt rules that require a 1328 physician assistant to complete in any certification period more 1329 than one hundred hours of continuing medical education acceptable 1330 to the board. In fulfilling the board's requirements, a physician 1331 assistant may use continuing medical education courses or programs 1332 completed to maintain certification by the national commission on 1333 certification of physician assistants or a successor organization 1334

(2) If a <u>certificate license</u> has been suspended pursuant to 1360 division (G)(1) of this section for two years or less, it may be 1361 reinstated. The board shall reinstate a <u>certificate license</u> 1362 suspended for failure to renew upon an applicant's submission of a 1363 renewal application, the biennial renewal fee, and any applicable 1364 monetary penalty.

If a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> has been suspended pursuant to	1366
division $(G)(1)$ of this division section for more than two years,	1367
it may be restored. In accordance with section 4730.28 of the	1368
Revised Code, the board may restore a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u>	1369
suspended for failure to renew upon an applicant's submission of a	1370
restoration application, the biennial renewal fee, and any	1371
applicable monetary penalty and compliance with sections 4776.01	1372
to 4776.04 of the Revised Code. The board shall not restore to an	1373
applicant a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a physician	1374
assistant unless the board, in its discretion, decides that the	1375
results of the criminal records check do not make the applicant	1376
ineligible for a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> issued pursuant to section	1377
4730.12 of the Revised Code.	1378

The penalty for reinstatement shall be fifty dollars and the 1379 penalty for restoration shall be one hundred dollars. The board 1380 shall deposit penalties in accordance with section 4731.24 of the 1381 Revised Code.

(H) If an individual certifies that the individual has 1383 completed the number of hours and type of continuing medical 1384 education required for renewal or reinstatement of a certificate 1385 license to practice as a physician assistant, and the board finds 1386 through a random sample conducted under division (E) of this 1387 section or through any other means that the individual did not 1388 complete the requisite continuing medical education, the board may 1389 impose a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars. The 1390 board's finding shall be made pursuant to an adjudication under 1391 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and by an affirmative vote of not 1392 fewer than six members. 1393

A civil penalty imposed under this division may be in 1394 addition to or in lieu of any other action the board may take 1395 under section 4730.25 of the Revised Code. The board shall deposit 1396 civil penalties in accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised 1397

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(e) If the supervising physician chooses to designate

business addresses, and business telephone numbers of the

physicians to act as alternate supervising physicians, the names,

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physicians who have agreed to act in that capacity.	1459
(C) After a supervision agreement is approved, a physician	1460
may apply to the board for approval to initiate supervision of a	1461
physician assistant who is not listed on the agreement. There is	1462
no fee for applying for the addition of a physician assistant to a	1463
supervision agreement.	1464
To receive the board's approval of the addition to the	1465
supervision agreement, the physician assistant shall hold a	1466
current certificate to practice as a physician assistant. If the	1467
physician intends to grant physician delegated prescriptive	1468
authority to the physician assistant, the physician assistant	1469
shall hold a current certificate to prescribe. If these	1470
requirements are met, the board shall notify the physician of its	1471
approval of the addition to the supervision agreement. The board	1472
shall provide notice of its approval not later than thirty days	1473
after the board receives a complete application for approval (1)	1474
The supervising physician shall submit a copy of each supervision	1475
agreement to the board. The board shall review the supervision	1476
agreement for compliance with this section and for verification of	1477
licensure of the supervising physician and the physician	1478
assistant. All of the following apply to the submission and review	1479
process:	1480
(a) Before the end of the fifth business day after the day it	1481
receives a supervision agreement, the board shall notify the	1482
supervising physician of any way that the agreement fails to	1483
comply with this section and section 4730.20 of the Revised Code.	1484
If the board does not give timely notice, the agreement becomes	1485
effective at the end of the fifth business day after the day the	1486
board receives the agreement.	1487
A supervision agreement expires two years after the day it	1488
takes effect. The agreement may be renewed.	1489

(b) If a physician receives a notice under division (C)(1)(a)	1490
of this section, the physician may revise the supervision	1491
agreement and resubmit the agreement to the board. The board shall	1492
review the agreement as provided in division (C)(1)(a) of this	1493
section.	1494
(c) Until July 1, 2015, each initial or renewed agreement	1495
submitted under division (C)(1)(a) of this section shall be	1496
accompanied by a fee of twenty-five dollars. No fee is required	1497
for submitting a revised agreement under division (C)(1)(b) of	1498
this section or for submitting an amendment under division (C)(2)	1499
of this section. Fees shall be deposited in accordance with	1500
section 4731.24 of the Revised Code.	1501
(2) Before expiration, a supervision agreement may be amended	1502
by including one or more additional physician assistants. An	1503
amendment to a supervision agreement shall be submitted to the	1504
board for review in the manner provided for review of an initial	1505
agreement under division (C)(1) of this section. The amendment	1506
does not alter the agreement's expiration date.	1507
(D) A supervision agreement shall be kept in the records	1508
maintained by the supervising physician who entered into the	1509
agreement.	1510
(E) The board shall post on its internet web site a copy of	1511
each supervision agreement that goes into effect under this	1512
section. The posting shall be updated to reflect any amendment,	1513
renewal, expiration, or termination of the agreement. Each posting	1514
or update shall be made not later than five business days after	1515
the effective date of the action for which the posting or update	1516
is required.	1517
Sec. 4730.20. (A) A physician assistant licensed under this	1518
chapter may perform any of the following services authorized by	1519
the supervising physician that are part of the supervising	1520

physician's normal course of practice and expertise:	1521
(1) Ordering diagnostic, therapeutic, and other medical	1522
services;	1523
(2) Prescribing physical therapy or referring a patient to a	1524
physical therapist for physical therapy;	1525
(3) Ordering occupational therapy or referring a patient to	1526
an occupational therapist for occupational therapy;	1527
(4) Taking any action that may be taken by an attending	1528
physician under sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code,	1529
as specified in section 2133.211 of the Revised Code;	1530
(5) Determining and pronouncing death in accordance with	1531
section 4730.202 of the Revised Code;	1532
(6) Assisting in surgery;	1533
(7) If the physician assistant holds a valid prescriber	1534
number issued by the state medical board and has been granted	1535
physician-delegated prescriptive authority, ordering, prescribing,	1536
personally furnishing, and administering drugs and medical	1537
devices;	1538
(8) Any other services that are part of the supervising	1539
physician's normal course of practice and expertise.	1540
(B) The services a physician assistant may provide under the	1541
policies of a health care facility are limited to the services the	1542
facility authorizes the physician assistant to provide for the	1543
facility. A facility shall not authorize a physician assistant to	1544
perform a service that is prohibited under this chapter. A	1545
physician who is supervising a physician assistant within a health	1546
care facility may impose limitations on the physician assistant's	1547
practice that are in addition to any limitations applicable under	1548
the policies of the facility.	1549

## Sub. H. B. No. 412 As Reported by the House Health and Aging Committee

Sec. 4730.091 4730.201. (A) As used in this section, "local	1550
anesthesia" means the injection of a drug or combination of drugs	1551
to stop or prevent a painful sensation in a circumscribed area of	1552
the body where a painful procedure is to be performed. "Local	1553
anesthesia" includes only local infiltration anesthesia, digital	1554
blocks, and pudendal blocks.	1555
(B) A physician assistant may administer, monitor, or	1556
maintain local anesthesia as a component of a procedure the	1557
physician assistant is performing or as a separate service when	1558
the procedure requiring local anesthesia is to be performed by the	1559
physician assistant's supervising physician or another person. A	1560
physician assistant shall not administer, monitor, or maintain any	1561
other form of anesthesia, including regional anesthesia or any	1562
systemic sedation, regardless of whether the physician assistant	1563
is practicing under a physician supervisory plan or the policies	1564
of a health care facility.	1565
Sec. 4730.092 4730.202. (A) A physician assistant may	1566
determine and pronounce an individual's death, but only if the	1567
individual's respiratory and circulatory functions are not being	1568
artificially sustained and, at the time the determination and	1569
pronouncement of death is made, either or both of the following	1570
apply:	1571
(1) The individual was receiving care in one of the	1572
following:	1573
(a) A nursing home licensed under section 3721.02 of the	1574
Revised Code or by a political subdivision under section 3721.09	1575
of the Revised Code;	1576
(b) A residential care facility or home for the aging	1577
licensed under Chapter 3721. of the Revised Code;	1578
(c) A county home or district home operated pursuant to	1579

Chapter 5155. of the Revised Code;	1580
(d) A residential facility licensed under section 5123.19 of	1581
the Revised Code.	1582
(2) The physician assistant is providing or supervising the	1583
individual's care through a hospice care program licensed under	1584
Chapter 3712. of the Revised Code or any other entity that	1585
provides palliative care.	1586
(B) If a physician assistant determines and pronounces an	1587
individual's death, the physician assistant shall comply with both	1588
of the following:	1589
(1) The physician assistant shall not complete any portion of	1590
the individual's death certificate.	1591
(2) The physician assistant shall notify the individual's	1592
attending physician of the determination and pronouncement of	1593
death in order for the physician to fulfill the physician's duties	1594
under section 3705.16 of the Revised Code. The physician assistant	1595
shall provide the notification within a period of time that is	1596
reasonable but not later than twenty-four hours following the	1597
determination and pronouncement of the individual's death.	1598
4000 000 (2) 2 1	1500
Sec. 4730.203. (A) Acting pursuant to a supervision	1599
agreement, a physician assistant may delegate performance of a	1600
task to implement a patient's plan of care or, if the conditions	1601
in division (C) of this section are met, may delegate	1602
administration of a drug. Delegation may be to a person who has	1603
successfully completed a training and competency evaluation	1604
program approved by the director of health under section 3721.31	1605
of the Revised Code or, subject to division (D) of section 4730.03	1606
of the Revised Code, any other person. The physician assistant	1607
must be physically present at the location where the task is	1608
performed or the drug administered.	1609

(B) Prior to delegating a task or administration of a drug, a	1610
physician assistant shall determine that the task or drug is	1611
appropriate for the patient and the person to whom the delegation	1612
is to be made may safely perform the task or administer the drug.	1613
(C) A physician assistant may delegate administration of a	1614
drug only if all of the following conditions are met:	1615
(1) The physician assistant has physician-delegated	1616
prescriptive authority to administer the drug.	1617
(2) The drug is included in the formulary established under	1618
division (A) of section 4730.39 of the Revised Code.	1619
(3) The drug is not a controlled substance.	1620
(4) The drug will not be administered intravenously.	1621
(5) The drug will not be administered in a hospital inpatient	1622
care unit, as defined in section 3727.50 of the Revised Code; a	1623
hospital emergency department; a freestanding emergency	1624
department; or an ambulatory surgical facility licensed under	1625
section 3702.30 of the Revised Code.	1626
(D) A person not otherwise authorized to administer a drug or	1627
perform a specific task may do so in accordance with a physician	1628
assistant's delegation under this section.	1629
Sec. 4730.21. (A) The supervising physician of a physician	1630
assistant exercises supervision, control, and direction of the	1631
physician assistant. In A physician assistant may practice in any	1632
setting within which the supervising physician has supervision,	1633
control, and direction of the physician assistant.	1634
<u>In</u> supervising a physician assistant, all of the following	1635
apply:	1636
(1) Except when the on-site supervision requirements	1637
specified in section 4730.45 of the Revised Code are applicable,	1638

the <u>The</u> supervising physician shall be continuously available for	1639
direct communication with the physician assistant by either of the	1640
following means:	1641
(a) Being physically present at the location where the	1642
physician assistant is practicing;	1643
(b) Being readily available to the physician assistant	1644
through some means of telecommunication and being in a location	1645
that under normal conditions is not more than sixty minutes travel	1646
time away a distance from the location where the physician	1647
assistant is practicing that reasonably allows the physician to	1648
assure proper care of patients.	1649
(2) The supervising physician shall personally and actively	1650
review the physician assistant's professional activities.	1651
(3) The supervising physician shall regularly review the	1652
condition of the patients treated by the physician assistant.	1653
$\frac{4}{4}$ The supervising physician shall ensure that the quality	1654
assurance system established pursuant to division (F) of this	1655
section is implemented and maintained.	1656
$\frac{(5)}{(4)}$ The supervising physician shall regularly perform any	1657
other reviews of the physician assistant that the supervising	1658
physician considers necessary.	1659
(B) A physician may enter into supervision agreements with	1660
any number of physician assistants, but the physician may not	1661
supervise more than two three physician assistants at any one	1662
time. A physician assistant may enter into supervision agreements	1663
with any number of supervising physicians, but when practicing	1664
under the supervision of a particular physician, the physician	1665
assistant's scope of practice is subject to the limitations of the	1666
physician supervisory plan that has been approved under section	1667
4730.17 of the Revised Code for that physician or the policies of	1668
the health care facility in which the physician and physician	1669

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## assistant are practicing.

(C) A supervising physician may authorize a physician 1671 assistant to perform a service only if the service is authorized 1672 under the physician supervisory plan approved for that physician 1673 or the policies of the health care facility in which the physician 1674 and physician assistant are practicing. A supervising physician 1675 may authorize a physician assistant to perform a service only if 1676 the physician is satisfied that the physician assistant is capable 1677 of competently performing the service. A supervising physician 1678 shall not authorize a physician assistant to perform any service 1679 that is beyond the physician's or the physician assistant's normal 1680 course of practice and expertise. 1681

(D)(1) A supervising physician may authorize a physician assistant to practice in any setting within which the supervising physician routinely practices.

(2) In the case of a health care facility with an emergency 1685 department, if the supervising physician routinely practices in 1686 the facility's emergency department, the supervising physician 1687 shall provide on-site supervision of the physician assistant when 1688 the physician assistant practices in the emergency department. If 1689 the supervising physician does not routinely practice in the 1690 facility's emergency department, the supervising physician may, on 1691 occasion, send the physician assistant to the facility's emergency 1692 department to assess and manage a patient. In supervising the 1693 physician assistant's assessment and management of the patient, 1694 the supervising physician shall determine the appropriate level of 1695 supervision in compliance with the requirements of divisions (A) 1696 to (C) of this section, except that the supervising physician must 1697 be available to go to the emergency department to personally 1698 evaluate the patient and, at the request of an emergency 1699 department physician, the supervising physician shall go to the 1700 emergency department to personally evaluate the patient. 1701

(E) Each time a physician assistant writes a medical order, 1702 including prescriptions written in the exercise of 1703 physician-delegated prescriptive authority, the physician 1704 assistant shall sign the form on which the order is written and 1705 record on the form the time and date that the order is written. 1706 When writing a medical order, the physician assistant shall 1707 clearly identify the physician under whose supervision the 1708 physician assistant is authorized to write the order. 1709 1710 (F)(1) The supervising physician of a physician assistant shall establish a quality assurance system to be used in 1711 supervising the physician assistant. All or part of the system may 1712 be applied to other physician assistants who are supervised by the 1713 supervising physician. The system shall be developed in 1714 consultation with each physician assistant to be supervised by the 1715 physician. 1716 (2) In establishing the quality assurance system, the 1717 supervising physician shall describe a process to be used for all 1718 of the following: 1719 1720 (a) Routine review by the physician of selected patient record entries made by the physician assistant and selected 1721 medical orders issued by the physician assistant; 1722 (b) Discussion of complex cases; 1723 (c) Discussion of new medical developments relevant to the 1724 practice of the physician and physician assistant; 1725 (d) Performance of any quality assurance activities required 1726 in rules adopted by state medical board pursuant to any 1727 recommendations made by the physician assistant policy committee 1728 under section 4730.06 of the Revised Code; 1729 (e) Performance of any other quality assurance activities 1730

that the supervising physician considers to be appropriate.

- (3) The supervising physician and physician assistant shall
  keep records of their quality assurance activities. On request,
  the records shall be made available to the board and any health
  care professional working with the supervising physician and
  physician assistant.

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- Sec. 4730.22. (A) A When performing authorized services, a 1737 physician assistant acts as the agent of the physician assistant's 1738 supervising physician. The supervising physician is legally 1739 responsible and assumes legal liability for the services provided 1740 by the physician assistant. 1741

The physician is not <u>responsible or</u> liable for any services 1742 provided by the physician assistant after their supervision 1743 agreement <u>expires or</u> is terminated. 1744

(B) When a health care facility permits physician assistants 1745 to practice within that facility or any other health care facility 1746 under its control, the health care facility shall make reasonable 1747 efforts to explain to each individual who may work with a 1748 particular physician assistant the scope of that physician 1749 assistant's practice within the facility. The appropriate 1750 credentialing body within the health care facility shall provide, 1751 on request of an individual practicing in the facility with a 1752 physician assistant, a copy of the facility's policies on the 1753 practice of physician assistants within the facility and a copy of 1754 each physician supervisory plan and supervision agreement 1755 applicable to the physician assistant. 1756

An individual who follows the orders of a physician assistant

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practicing in a health care facility is not subject to

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disciplinary action by any administrative agency that governs that

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individual's conduct and is not liable in damages in a civil

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action for injury, death, or loss to person or property resulting

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from the individual's acts or omissions in the performance of any

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procedure, treatment, or other health care service if the	1763
individual reasonably believed that the physician assistant was	1764
acting within the proper scope of practice or was relaying medical	1765
orders from a supervising physician, unless the act or omission	1766
constitutes willful or wanton misconduct.	1767
Sec. 4730.25. (A) The state medical board, by an affirmative	1768
vote of not fewer than six members, may revoke or may refuse to	1769
grant a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a physician assistant	1770
or a certificate to prescribe to a person found by the board to	1771
have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in applying	1772
for or securing the <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> .	1773
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six	1774
members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or	1775
suspend an individual's <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a	1776
physician assistant or <del>certificate to prescribe</del> prescriber number,	1777
refuse to issue a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to an applicant, refuse to	1778
reinstate a certificate license, or reprimand or place on	1779
probation the holder of a <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> for any of the	1780
following reasons:	1781
(1) Failure to practice in accordance with the <del>conditions</del>	1782
under which the supervising physician's supervision agreement with	1783
the physician assistant was approved, including the requirement	1784
that when practicing under a particular supervising physician, the	1785
physician assistant must practice only according to the physician	1786
supervisory plan the board approved for that physician or,	1787
including, if applicable, the policies of the health care facility	1788
in which the supervising physician and physician assistant are	1789
practicing;	1790
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter,	1791

Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the

board;

misunderstand or be deceived.

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(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or 1794 indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or 1795 conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter 1796 4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board; 1797 (4) Inability to practice according to acceptable and 1798 prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or 1799 physical illness, including physical deterioration that adversely 1800 affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills; 1801 (5) Impairment of ability to practice according to acceptable 1802 and prevailing standards of care because of habitual or excessive 1803 use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances that impair 1804 ability to practice; 1805 (6) Administering drugs for purposes other than those 1806 authorized under this chapter; 1807 (7) Willfully betraying a professional confidence; 1808 (8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 1809 statement in soliciting or advertising for employment as a 1810 physician assistant; in connection with any solicitation or 1811 advertisement for patients; in relation to the practice of 1812 medicine as it pertains to physician assistants; or in securing or 1813 attempting to secure a certificate license to practice as a 1814 physician assistant, a certificate to prescribe, or approval of a 1815 supervision agreement. 1816 As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, or 1817 misleading statement means a statement that includes a 1818 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive because 1819 of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or is likely 1820 to create false or unjustified expectations of favorable results, 1821 or includes representations or implications that in reasonable 1822 probability will cause an ordinarily prudent person to

(9) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining compensation	1825
or other advantage personally or for any other person, that an	1826
incurable disease or injury, or other incurable condition, can be	1827
permanently cured;	1828
(10) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	1829
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	1830
of practice;	1831
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	1832
a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1833
conviction for, a felony;	1834
(12) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in this	1835
state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	1836
committed;	1837
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	1838
a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1839
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice;	1840
(14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	1841
a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1842
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	1843
(15) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	1844
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1845
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1846
(16) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	1847
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1848
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1849
(17) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	1850
a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1851
conviction for violating any state or federal law regulating the	1852
possession, distribution, or use of any drug, including	1853
trafficking in drugs;	1854

(18) Any of the following actions taken by the state agency 1855 responsible for regulating the practice of physician assistants in 1856 another state, for any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: 1857 the limitation, revocation, or suspension of an individual's 1858 license to practice; acceptance of an individual's license 1859 surrender; denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a 1860 license; imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of 1861 censure or other reprimand; 1862 (19) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal 1863 standards of care of similar physician assistants under the same 1864 or similar circumstances, regardless of whether actual injury to a 1865 patient is established; 1866 (20) Violation of the conditions placed by the board on a 1867 certificate license to practice as a physician assistant, a 1868 certificate to prescribe, a physician supervisory plan, or 1869 supervision agreement; 1870 (21) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid 1871 precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051 of 1872 the Revised Code; 1873 (22) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by 1874 the board under section 4730.26 of the Revised Code, including 1875 failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or 1876 failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board at 1877 a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that failure to 1878 cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute grounds for 1879 discipline under this section if a court of competent jurisdiction 1880 has issued an order that either quashes a subpoena or permits the 1881 individual to withhold the testimony or evidence in issue; 1882 (23) Assisting suicide as defined in section 3795.01 of the 1883 Revised Code; 1884

(24) Prescribing any drug or device to perform or induce an

abortion, or otherwise performing or inducing an abortion:	1886
(25) Having certification by the national commission on	1887
certification of physician assistants or a successor organization	1888
expire, lapse, or be suspended or revoked.	1889
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under divisions	1890
(A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to an	1891
adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except that	1892
in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a consent	1893
agreement with a physician assistant or applicant to resolve an	1894
allegation of a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted	1895
under it. A consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative	1896
vote of not fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute	1897
the findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	1898
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	1899
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the	1900
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.	1901
(D) For purposes of divisions (B)(12), (15), and (16) of this	1902
section, the commission of the act may be established by a finding	1903
by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of	1904
the Revised Code, that the applicant or <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> holder	1905
committed the act in question. The board shall have no	1906
jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where the trial court	1907
renders a final judgment in the <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> holder's favor	1908
and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The	1909
board shall have jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where	1910
the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or	1911
procedural grounds.	1912
(E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall have	1913
no effect upon a prior board order entered under the provisions of	1914
this section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under	1915
the provisions of this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a	1916

judicial finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility

for intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice 1918 of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal 1919 the records. The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, 1920 redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's 1921 sealing of conviction records.

- (F) For purposes of this division, any individual who holds a 1923 certificate license issued under this chapter, or applies for a 1924 certificate license issued under this chapter, shall be deemed to 1925 have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination 1926 when directed to do so in writing by the board and to have waived 1927 all objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination 1928 reports that constitute a privileged communication. 1929
- (1) In enforcing division (B)(4) of this section, the board, 1930 upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual 1931 who holds a certificate license issued under this chapter or who 1932 has applied for a certificate license pursuant to this chapter to 1933 submit to a mental examination, physical examination, including an 1934 HIV test, or both a mental and physical examination. The expense 1935 of the examination is the responsibility of the individual 1936 compelled to be examined. Failure to submit to a mental or 1937 physical examination or consent to an HIV test ordered by the 1938 board constitutes an admission of the allegations against the 1939 individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond the 1940 individual's control, and a default and final order may be entered 1941 without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. If 1942 the board finds a physician assistant unable to practice because 1943 of the reasons set forth in division (B)(4) of this section, the 1944 board shall require the physician assistant to submit to care, 1945 counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by 1946 the board, as a condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, 1947 or renewed <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u>. An individual affected under this 1948 division shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the 1949

board the ability	to resume practicing	in compliance with	1950
acceptable and pre	evailing standards of	care.	1951

(2) For purposes of division (B)(5) of this section, if the 1952 board has reason to believe that any individual who holds a 1953 certificate license issued under this chapter or any applicant for 1954 a certificate license suffers such impairment, the board may 1955 compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical 1956 examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the 1957 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any 1958 mental or physical examination required under this division shall 1959 be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician qualified to 1960 conduct such examination and chosen by the board. 1961

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination ordered 1962 by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against 1963 the individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond 1964 the individual's control, and a default and final order may be 1965 entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of 1966 evidence. If the board determines that the individual's ability to 1967 practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the individual's 1968 certificate license or deny the individual's application and shall 1969 require the individual, as a condition for initial, continued, 1970 reinstated, or renewed <del>certification</del> <u>licensure</u> to practice or 1971 prescribe, to submit to treatment. 1972

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 1973

certificate license suspended under this division, the physician 1974

assistant shall demonstrate to the board the ability to resume 1975

practice or prescribing in compliance with acceptable and 1976

prevailing standards of care. The demonstration shall include the 1977

following: 1978

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved undersection 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual hassuccessfully completed any required inpatient treatment;1981

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- (b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare 1982contract or consent agreement; 1983
- (c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's 1984 ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has 1985 been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and 1986 prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by 1987 individuals or providers approved by the board for making such 1988 assessments and shall describe the basis for their determination. 1989

The board may reinstate a <u>certificate license</u> suspended under this division after such demonstration and after the individual has entered into a written consent agreement.

When the impaired physician assistant resumes practice or 1993 prescribing, the board shall require continued monitoring of the 1994 physician assistant. The monitoring shall include compliance with 1995 the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement or 1996 with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and, upon 1997 termination of the consent agreement, submission to the board for 1998 at least two years of annual written progress reports made under 1999 penalty of falsification stating whether the physician assistant 2000 has maintained sobriety. 2001

(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine that 2002 there is clear and convincing evidence that a physician assistant 2003 has violated division (B) of this section and that the 2004 individual's continued practice or prescribing presents a danger 2005 of immediate and serious harm to the public, they may recommend 2006 that the board suspend the individual's certificate license to 2007 practice or <u>authority to</u> prescribe without a prior hearing. 2008 Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by the 2009 board. 2010

The board, upon review of those allegations and by an 2011 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 2012

the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a certificate	2013
<u>license</u> without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may	2014
be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on	2015
the summary suspension.	2016

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 2017 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 2018 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension by 2019 the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 2020 of the Revised Code. If the physician assistant requests an 2021 adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing 2022 shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, 2023 after the physician assistant requests the hearing, unless 2024 otherwise agreed to by both the board and the certificate license 2025 holder. 2026

A summary suspension imposed under this division shall remain 2027 in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final adjudicative 2028 order issued by the board pursuant to this section and Chapter 2029 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The board shall issue 2030 its final adjudicative order within sixty days after completion of 2031 its hearing. Failure to issue the order within sixty days shall 2032 result in dissolution of the summary suspension order, but shall 2033 not invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative order. 2034

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(11), (13), 2035 or (14) of this section, and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty 2036 plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu 2037 of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion of the 2038 criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the order may 2039 be filed with the board along with appropriate court documents. 2040 Upon receipt of a petition and supporting court documents, the 2041 board shall reinstate the certificate license to practice or 2042 prescribe. The board may then hold an adjudication under Chapter 2043 119. of the Revised Code to determine whether the individual 2044

committed the act in question. Notice of opportunity for hearing	2045
shall be given in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	2046
Code. If the board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under	2047
this division, that the individual committed the act, or if no	2048
hearing is requested, it may order any of the sanctions identified	2049
under division (B) of this section.	2050

(I) The **certificate** <u>license</u> to practice issued to a physician 2051 assistant and the physician assistant's practice in this state are 2052 automatically suspended as of the date the physician assistant 2053 pleads guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or 2054 is subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 2055 in lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention 2056 in lieu of conviction in another state for any of the following 2057 criminal offenses in this state or a substantially equivalent 2058 criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated murder, 2059 murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, kidnapping, 2060 rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, aggravated arson, 2061 aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. Continued practice 2062 after the suspension shall be considered practicing without a 2063 certificate license. 2064

The board shall notify the individual subject to the

suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with

2066
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose

certificate license is suspended under this division fails to make

a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the

Revised Code, the board shall enter a final order permanently

revoking the individual's certificate license to practice.

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(J) In any instance in which the board is required by Chapter 2072 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of opportunity for hearing 2073 and the individual subject to the notice does not timely request a 2074 hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the 2075 board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by an 2076

affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a final	2077
order that contains the board's findings. In that final order, the	2078
board may order any of the sanctions identified under division (A)	2079
or (B) of this section.	2080

- (K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of this 2081 section resulting in a suspension shall be accompanied by a 2082 written statement of the conditions under which the physician 2083 assistant's certificate license may be reinstated. The board shall 2084 adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 2085 governing conditions to be imposed for reinstatement. 2086 Reinstatement of a **certificate** <u>license</u> suspended pursuant to 2087 division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of not 2088 fewer than six members of the board. 2089
- (L) When the board refuses to grant to an applicant a 2090 certificate license to practice as a physician assistant or a 2091 certificate to prescribe, revokes an individual's certificate 2092 license, refuses to issue a certificate license, or refuses to 2093 reinstate an individual's certificate license, the board may 2094 specify that its action is permanent. An individual subject to a 2095 permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter 2096 ineligible to hold the certificate license and the board shall not 2097 accept an application for reinstatement of the certificate license 2098 or for issuance of a new certificate license. 2099
- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised Code, 2100 all of the following apply: 2101
- (1) The surrender of a <u>certificate license</u> issued under this 2102 chapter is not effective unless or until accepted by the board. 2103 Reinstatement of a <u>certificate license</u> surrendered to the board 2104 requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the 2105 board. 2106
  - (2) An application made under this chapter for a certificate, 2107

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the board proof, satisfactory to the board, of having been	2138
discharged as being restored to competency in the manner and form	2139
provided in section 5122.38 of the Revised Code. The judge of the	2140
court shall immediately notify the board of an adjudication of	2141
incompetence and note any suspension of a certificate license in	2142
the margin of the court's record of the <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> .	2143
Sec. 4730.28. (A) An individual whose certificate license to	2144
practice as a physician assistant issued under this chapter has	2145
been suspended or is in an inactive state for any cause for more	2146
than two years may apply to the state medical board to have the	2147
certificate <u>license</u> restored.	2148
(B)(1) The board shall not restore a certificate license	2149
under this section unless the applicant complies with sections	2150
4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised Code. The board shall determine	2151
the applicant's present fitness to resume practice. The board	2152
shall consider the moral background and the activities of the	2153
applicant during the period of suspension or inactivity.	2154
(2) When restoring a certificate license, the board may	2155
impose terms and conditions, including the following:	2156
(a) Requiring the applicant to obtain additional training and	2157
pass an examination upon completion of the training;	2158
(b) Restricting or limiting the extent, scope, or type of	2159
practice as a physician assistant that the individual may resume.	2160
Sec. 4730.31. (A) As used in this section, "prosecutor" has	2161
the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	2162
(B) Whenever any person holding a valid certificate license	2163
to practice as a physician assistant issued pursuant to this	2164
chapter pleads guilty to, is subject to a judicial finding of	2165
guilt of, or is subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for	2166

intervention in lieu of conviction for a violation of Chapter

2907., 2925., or 3719. of the Revised Code or of any substantively	2168
comparable ordinance of a municipal corporation in connection with	2169
practicing as a physician assistant, the prosecutor in the case	2170
shall, on forms prescribed and provided by the state medical	2171
board, promptly notify the board of the conviction. Within thirty	2172
days of receipt of such information, the board shall initiate	2173
action in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to	2174
determine whether to suspend or revoke the <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u>	2175
under section 4730.25 of the Revised Code.	2176

- (C) The prosecutor in any case against any person holding a 2177 valid <u>certificate license</u> issued pursuant to this chapter shall, 2178 on forms prescribed and provided by the state medical board, 2179 notify the board of any of the following: 2180
- (1) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or 2181 judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 2182 conviction for a felony, or a case where the trial court issues an 2183 order of dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds of a 2184 felony charge; 2185
- (2) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or 2186 judicial finding or eligibility for intervention in lieu of 2187 conviction for a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice, 2188 or a case where the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon 2189 technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a misdemeanor, if 2190 the alleged act was committed in the course of practice; 2191
- (3) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or 2192 judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 2193 conviction for a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or a case 2194 where the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical 2195 or procedural grounds of a charge of a misdemeanor involving moral 2196 turpitude.

The report shall include the name and address of the

+	<del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> holder, the nature of the offense for which	2199
1	the action was taken, and the certified court documents recording	2200
1	the action.	2201

Sec. 4730.32. (A) Within sixty days after the imposition of 2202 any formal disciplinary action taken by a health care facility 2203 against any individual holding a valid certificate license to 2204 practice as a physician assistant issued under this chapter, the 2205 chief administrator or executive officer of the facility shall 2206 report to the state medical board the name of the individual, the 2207 action taken by the facility, and a summary of the underlying 2208 facts leading to the action taken. Upon request, the board shall 2209 be provided certified copies of the patient records that were the 2210 basis for the facility's action. Prior to release to the board, 2211 the summary shall be approved by the peer review committee that 2212 reviewed the case or by the governing board of the facility. 2213

The filing of a report with the board or decision not to file 2214 a report, investigation by the board, or any disciplinary action 2215 taken by the board, does not preclude a health care facility from 2216 taking disciplinary action against a physician assistant. 2217

In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no individual or entity
that provides patient records to the board shall be liable in
2219
damages to any person as a result of providing the records.
2220

(B) A physician assistant, professional association or 2221 society of physician assistants, physician, or professional 2222 association or society of physicians that believes a violation of 2223 any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, 2224 or rule of the board has occurred shall report to the board the 2225 information upon which the belief is based. This division does not 2226 require any treatment provider approved by the board under section 2227 4731.25 of the Revised Code or any employee, agent, or 2228 representative of such a provider to make reports with respect to 2229

a physician assistant participating in treatment or aftercare for 2230 substance abuse as long as the physician assistant maintains 2231 participation in accordance with the requirements of section 2232 4731.25 of the Revised Code and the treatment provider or 2233 employee, agent, or representative of the provider has no reason 2234 to believe that the physician assistant has violated any provision 2235 of this chapter or rule adopted under it, other than being 2236 impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other substances. This division 2237 does not require reporting by any member of an impaired 2238 practitioner committee established by a health care facility or by 2239 any representative or agent of a committee or program sponsored by 2240 a professional association or society of physician assistants to 2241 provide peer assistance to physician assistants with substance 2242 abuse problems with respect to a physician assistant who has been 2243 referred for examination to a treatment program approved by the 2244 board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code if the physician 2245 assistant cooperates with the referral for examination and with 2246 any determination that the physician assistant should enter 2247 treatment and as long as the committee member, representative, or 2248 agent has no reason to believe that the physician assistant has 2249 ceased to participate in the treatment program in accordance with 2250 section 4731.25 of the Revised Code or has violated any provision 2251 of this chapter or rule adopted under it, other than being 2252 impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other substances. 2253

(C) Any professional association or society composed 2254 primarily of physician assistants that suspends or revokes an 2255 individual's membership for violations of professional ethics, or 2256 for reasons of professional incompetence or professional 2257 malpractice, within sixty days after a final decision, shall 2258 report to the board, on forms prescribed and provided by the 2259 board, the name of the individual, the action taken by the 2260 professional organization, and a summary of the underlying facts 2261 2262 leading to the action taken.

The filing or nonfiling of a report with the board,	2263
investigation by the board, or any disciplinary action taken by	2264
the board, shall not preclude a professional organization from	2265
taking disciplinary action against a physician assistant.	2266
(D) Any insurer providing professional liability insurance to	2267
any person holding a valid <del>certificate</del> <u>license</u> to practice as a	2268
physician assistant <u>issued under this chapter</u> or any other entity	2269
that seeks to indemnify the professional liability of a physician	2270
assistant shall notify the board within thirty days after the	2271
final disposition of any written claim for damages where such	2272
disposition results in a payment exceeding twenty-five thousand	2273
dollars. The notice shall contain the following information:	2274
(1) The name and address of the person submitting the	2275
notification;	2276
(2) The name and address of the insured who is the subject of	2277
the claim;	2278
(3) The name of the person filing the written claim;	2279
(4) The date of final disposition;	2280
(5) If applicable, the identity of the court in which the	2281
final disposition of the claim took place.	2282
(E) The board may investigate possible violations of this	2283
chapter or the rules adopted under it that are brought to its	2284
attention as a result of the reporting requirements of this	2285
section, except that the board shall conduct an investigation if a	2286
possible violation involves repeated malpractice. As used in this	2287
division, "repeated malpractice" means three or more claims for	2288
malpractice within the previous five-year period, each resulting	2289
in a judgment or settlement in excess of twenty-five thousand	2290
dollars in favor of the claimant, and each involving negligent	2291
conduct by the physician assistant.	2292

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(F) All summaries, reports, and records received and 2293 maintained by the board pursuant to this section shall be held in 2294 confidence and shall not be subject to discovery or introduction 2295 in evidence in any federal or state civil action involving a 2296 physician assistant, supervising physician, or health care 2297 facility arising out of matters that are the subject of the 2298 reporting required by this section. The board may use the 2299 information obtained only as the basis for an investigation, as 2300 evidence in a disciplinary hearing against a physician assistant 2301 or supervising physician, or in any subsequent trial or appeal of 2302 a board action or order. 2303

The board may disclose the summaries and reports it receives 2304 under this section only to health care facility committees within 2305 or outside this state that are involved in credentialing or 2306 recredentialing a physician assistant or supervising physician or 2307 reviewing their privilege to practice within a particular 2308 facility. The board shall indicate whether or not the information 2309 has been verified. Information transmitted by the board shall be 2310 subject to the same confidentiality provisions as when maintained 2311 by the board. 2312

- (G) Except for reports filed by an individual pursuant to division (B) of this section, the board shall send a copy of any reports or summaries it receives pursuant to this section to the physician assistant. The physician assistant shall have the right to file a statement with the board concerning the correctness or relevance of the information. The statement shall at all times accompany that part of the record in contention.
- (H) An individual or entity that reports to the board or
  refers an impaired physician assistant to a treatment provider
  2321
  approved by the board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code
  2322
  shall not be subject to suit for civil damages as a result of the
  2323
  report, referral, or provision of the information.
  2324

- (I) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a professional 2325 association or society of physician assistants that sponsors a 2326 committee or program to provide peer assistance to a physician 2327 assistant with substance abuse problems, a representative or agent 2328 of such a committee or program, and a member of the state medical 2329 board shall not be held liable in damages to any person by reason 2330 of actions taken to refer a physician assistant to a treatment 2331 provider approved under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code for 2332 examination or treatment. 2333
- Sec. 4730.33. The secretary of the state medical board shall 2334 enforce the laws relating to the practice of physician assistants. 2335 If the secretary has knowledge or notice of a violation of this 2336 chapter or the rules adopted under it, the secretary shall 2337 investigate the matter, and, upon probable cause appearing, file a 2338 complaint and prosecute the offender. When requested by the 2339 secretary, the prosecuting attorney of the proper county shall 2340 take charge of and conduct such prosecution. 2341

In the prosecution of any person for violation of division 2342

(A) of section 4730.02 of the Revised Code it shall not be 2343

necessary to allege or prove want of a valid certificate license 2344

to practice as a physician assistant, but such matters shall be a 2345

matter of defense to be established by the accused. 2346

- sec. 4730.38. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this 2347 section, the physician assistant policy committee of the state 2348 medical board shall, at such times the committee determines to be 2349 necessary, submit to the board recommendations regarding 2350 physician-delegated prescriptive authority for physician 2351 assistants. The committee's recommendations shall address both of 2352 the following:
  - (1) Policy and procedures regarding physician-delegated

(a) The formulary the board adopts under division (A)(1) of

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recommendations:

this section;

Revised Code.

2442

prescriptive authority to a particular physician assistant who	2444
holds a <del>certificate to prescribe</del> valid prescriber number issued	2445
<del>under this chapter</del> <u>by the state medical board</u> , the supervising	2446
physician is subject to all of the following:	2447
(1) The supervising physician shall not grant	2448
physician-delegated prescriptive authority for any drug or	2449
therapeutic device that is not listed on the physician assistant	2450
formulary adopted under section 4730.39 of the Revised Code as a	2451
drug or therapeutic device that may be included in the	2452
physician-delegated prescriptive authority granted to a physician	2453
assistant.	2454
(2) The supervising physician shall not grant	2455
physician-delegated prescriptive authority for any drug or device	2456
that may be used to perform or induce an abortion.	2457
(3) The supervising physician shall not grant	2458
physician-delegated prescriptive authority in a manner that	2459
exceeds the supervising physician's prescriptive authority,	2460
including the physician's authority to treat chronic pain with	2461
controlled substances and products containing tramadol as	2462
described in section 4731.052 of the Revised Code.	2463
(4) The supervising physician shall supervise the physician	2464
assistant in accordance with all both of the following:	2465
(a) The supervision requirements specified in section 4730.21	2466
of the Revised Code and, in the case of supervision provided	2467
during a provisional period of physician-delegated prescriptive	2468
authority, the supervision requirements specified in section	2469
4730.45 of the Revised Code;	2470
(b) The physician supervisory plan approved for the	2471
supervising physician or supervision agreement entered into with	2472

the physician assistant under section 4730.19 of the Revised Code,

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including, if applicable, the policies of the health care facility	2474
in which the physician and physician assistant are practicing $\dot{ au}$	2475
(c) The supervision agreement approved under section 4730.19	2476
of the Revised Code that applies to the supervising physician and	2477
the physician assistant.	2478
(B)(1) The supervising physician of a physician assistant may	2479
place conditions on the physician-delegated prescriptive authority	2480
granted to the physician assistant. If conditions are placed on	2481
that authority, the supervising physician shall maintain a written	2482
record of the conditions and make the record available to the	2483
state medical board on request.	2484
(2) The conditions that a supervising physician may place on	2485
the physician-delegated prescriptive authority granted to a	2486
physician assistant include the following:	2487
(a) Identification by class and specific generic nomenclature	2488
of drugs and therapeutic devices that the physician chooses not to	2489
permit the physician assistant to prescribe;	2490
(b) Limitations on the dosage units or refills that the	2491
physician assistant is authorized to prescribe;	2492
(c) Specification of circumstances under which the physician	2493
assistant is required to refer patients to the supervising	2494
physician or another physician when exercising physician-delegated	2495
prescriptive authority;	2496
(d) Responsibilities to be fulfilled by the physician in	2497
supervising the physician assistant that are not otherwise	2498
specified in the physician supervisory plan supervision agreement	2499
or otherwise required by this chapter.	2500
Sec. 4730.43. (A) A physician assistant who holds a	2501
certificate to prescribe valid prescriber number issued under this	2502 2503
<del>chapter</del> by the state medical board and has been granted	∠5U3

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physician-delegated prescriptive authority <del>by a supervising</del>	2504
physician may personally furnish to a patient samples of drugs and	2505
therapeutic devices that are included in the physician assistant's	2506
physician-delegated prescriptive authority, subject to all of the	2507
following:	2508
(1) The amount of the sample furnished shall not exceed a	2509
seventy-two-hour supply, except when the minimum available	2510
quantity of the sample is packaged in an amount that is greater	2511
than a seventy-two-hour supply, in which case the physician	2512
assistant may furnish the sample in the package amount.	2513
(2) No charge may be imposed for the sample or for furnishing	2514
it.	2515
(3) Samples of controlled substances may not be personally	2516
furnished.	2517
(B) A physician assistant who holds a <del>certificate to</del>	2518
prescribe valid prescriber number issued under this chapter by the	2519
board and has been granted physician-delegated prescriptive	2520
authority <del>by a supervising physician</del> may personally furnish to a	2521
patient a complete or partial supply of the drugs and therapeutic	2522
devices that are included in the physician assistant's	2523
physician-delegated prescriptive authority, subject to all of the	2524
following:	2525
(1) The physician assistant shall personally furnish only	2526
antibiotics, antifungals, scabicides, contraceptives, prenatal	2527
vitamins, antihypertensives, drugs and devices used in the	2528
treatment of diabetes, drugs and devices used in the treatment of	2529
asthma, and drugs used in the treatment of dyslipidemia.	2530
(2) The physician assistant shall not furnish the drugs and	2531
devices in locations other than a health department operated by	2532

the board of health of a city or general health district or the

- (C) The continuing education required by this section is in 2560 addition to the continuing education required under section 2561 4730.14 of the Revised Code. 2562
  - Sec. 4730.51. In the information the board maintains on the

division.

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its internet web site, the state medical board shall include the	2564
following:	2565
(A) The name of each physician assistant who holds a	2566
certificate to prescribe license under this chapter;	2567
(B) For each physician assistant who holds a <del>certificate to</del>	2568
prescribe valid prescriber number issued by the state medical	2569
board, the name of each supervising physician who has authority to	2570
grant physician-delegated prescriptive authority to the physician	2571
assistant.	2572
Sec. 4730.53. (A) As used in this section, "drug database"	2573
means the database established and maintained by the state board	2574
of pharmacy pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code.	2575
(B) The <u>state</u> medical board shall adopt rules in accordance	2576
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that establish standards and	2577
procedures to be followed by a physician assistant <del>who holds a</del>	2578
certificate to prescribe issued licensed under this chapter who	2579
has been granted physician-delegated prescriptive authority	2580
regarding the review of patient information available through the	2581
drug database under division (A)(5) of section 4729.80 of the	2582
Revised Code.	2583
(C) This section and the rules adopted under it do not apply	2584
if the state board of pharmacy no longer maintains the drug	2585
database.	2586
Sec. 4731.07. (A) The state medical board shall keep a record	2587
of its proceedings. The minutes of a meeting of the board shall,	2588
on approval by the board, constitute an official record of its	2589
proceedings.	2590
(B) The board shall keep a register of applicants for	2591
certificates of registration and certificates to practice issued	2592

under this chapter and Chapters 4730., 4760., 4762., and 4774. of	2593
the Revised Code and licenses issued under Chapter Chapters 4730.	2594
and 4778. of the Revised Code. The register shall show the name of	2595
the applicant and whether the applicant was granted or refused a	2596
certificate or license. With respect to applicants to practice	2597
medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery, the	2598
register shall show the name of the institution that granted the	2599
applicant the degree of doctor of medicine or osteopathic	2600
medicine. The books and records of the board shall be prima-facie	2601
evidence of matters therein contained.	2602

## Sec. 4765.01. As used in this chapter:

- (A) "First responder" means an individual who holds a 2604 current, valid certificate issued under section 4765.30 of the 2605 Revised Code to practice as a first responder. 2606
- (B) "Emergency medical technician-basic" or "EMT-basic" means 2607 an individual who holds a current, valid certificate issued under 2608 section 4765.30 of the Revised Code to practice as an emergency 2609 medical technician-basic. 2610
- (C) "Emergency medical technician-intermediate" or "EMT-I" 2611 means an individual who holds a current, valid certificate issued 2612 under section 4765.30 of the Revised Code to practice as an 2613 emergency medical technician-intermediate. 2614
- (D) "Emergency medical technician-paramedic" or "paramedic" 2615 means an individual who holds a current, valid certificate issued 2616 under section 4765.30 of the Revised Code to practice as an 2617 emergency medical technician-paramedic. 2618
- (E) "Ambulance" means any motor vehicle that is used, or is
  intended to be used, for the purpose of responding to emergency
  medical situations, transporting emergency patients, and
  administering emergency medical service to patients before,
  2622

during, or after transportation. 2623 (F) "Cardiac monitoring" means a procedure used for the 2624 purpose of observing and documenting the rate and rhythm of a 2625 patient's heart by attaching electrical leads from an 2626 electrocardiograph monitor to certain points on the patient's body 2627 surface. 2628 2629 (G) "Emergency medical service" means any of the services described in sections 4765.35, 4765.37, 4765.38, and 4765.39 of 2630 the Revised Code that are performed by first responders, emergency 2631 medical technicians-basic, emergency medical 2632 technicians-intermediate, and paramedics. "Emergency medical 2633 service" includes such services performed before or during any 2634 transport of a patient, including transports between hospitals and 2635 transports to and from helicopters. 2636 (H) "Emergency medical service organization" means a public 2637 or private organization using first responders, EMTs-basic, 2638 EMTs-I, or paramedics, or a combination of first responders, 2639 EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics, to provide emergency medical 2640 services. 2641 (I) "Physician" means an individual who holds a current, 2642 valid certificate issued under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code 2643 authorizing the practice of medicine and surgery or osteopathic 2644 medicine and surgery. 2645 (J) "Registered nurse" means an individual who holds a 2646 current, valid license issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised 2647 Code authorizing the practice of nursing as a registered nurse. 2648 (K) "Volunteer" means a person who provides services either 2649 for no compensation or for compensation that does not exceed the 2650 actual expenses incurred in providing the services or in training 2651 2652 to provide the services.

(L) "Emergency medical service personnel" means first

responders, emergency medical service technicians-basic, emergency	2654
medical service technicians-intermediate, emergency medical	2655
service technicians-paramedic, and persons who provide medical	2656
direction to such persons.	2657
(M) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 of	2658
the Revised Code.	2659
(N) "Trauma" or "traumatic injury" means severe damage to or	2660
destruction of tissue that satisfies both of the following	2661
conditions:	2662
(1) It creates a significant risk of any of the following:	2663
(a) Loss of life;	2664
(b) Loss of a limb;	2665
(c) Significant, permanent disfigurement;	2666
(d) Significant, permanent disability.	2667
(2) It is caused by any of the following:	2668
(a) Blunt or penetrating injury;	2669
(b) Exposure to electromagnetic, chemical, or radioactive	2670
energy;	2671
(c) Drowning, suffocation, or strangulation;	2672
(d) A deficit or excess of heat.	2673
(O) "Trauma victim" or "trauma patient" means a person who	2674
has sustained a traumatic injury.	2675
(P) "Trauma care" means the assessment, diagnosis,	2676
transportation, treatment, or rehabilitation of a trauma victim by	2677
emergency medical service personnel or by a physician, nurse,	2678
physician assistant, respiratory therapist, physical therapist,	2679
chiropractor, occupational therapist, speech-language pathologist,	2680
audiologist, or psychologist licensed to practice as such in this	2681
state or another jurisdiction.	2682

(Q) "Trauma center" means all of the following:	2683
(1) Any hospital that is verified by the American college of	2684
surgeons as an adult or pediatric trauma center;	2685
(2) Any hospital that is operating as an adult or pediatric	2686
trauma center under provisional status pursuant to section	2687
3727.101 of the Revised Code;	2688
(3) Until December 31, 2004, any hospital in this state that	2689
is designated by the director of health as a level II pediatric	2690
trauma center under section 3727.081 of the Revised Code;	2691
(4) Any hospital in another state that is licensed or	2692
designated under the laws of that state as capable of providing	2693
specialized trauma care appropriate to the medical needs of the	2694
trauma patient.	2695
(R) "Pediatric" means involving a patient who is less than	2696
sixteen years of age.	2697
(S) "Adult" means involving a patient who is not a pediatric	2698
(S) "Adult" means involving a patient who is not a pediatric patient.	2698 2699
patient.	2699
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least	2699 2700
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or	2699 2700 2701
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.	2699 2700 2701 2702
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.  (U) "Air medical organization" means an organization that	2699 2700 2701 2702 2703
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.  (U) "Air medical organization" means an organization that provides emergency medical services, or transports emergency	2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.  (U) "Air medical organization" means an organization that provides emergency medical services, or transports emergency victims, by means of fixed or rotary wing aircraft.	2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.  (U) "Air medical organization" means an organization that provides emergency medical services, or transports emergency victims, by means of fixed or rotary wing aircraft.  (V) "Emergency care" and "emergency facility" have the same	2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.  (U) "Air medical organization" means an organization that provides emergency medical services, or transports emergency victims, by means of fixed or rotary wing aircraft.  (V) "Emergency care" and "emergency facility" have the same meanings as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.	2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.  (U) "Air medical organization" means an organization that provides emergency medical services, or transports emergency victims, by means of fixed or rotary wing aircraft.  (V) "Emergency care" and "emergency facility" have the same meanings as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.  (W) "Stabilize," except as it is used in division (B) of	2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707
patient.  (T) "Geriatric" means involving a patient who is at least seventy years old or exhibits significant anatomical or physiological characteristics associated with advanced aging.  (U) "Air medical organization" means an organization that provides emergency medical services, or transports emergency victims, by means of fixed or rotary wing aircraft.  (V) "Emergency care" and "emergency facility" have the same meanings as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.  (W) "Stabilize," except as it is used in division (B) of section 4765.35 of the Revised Code with respect to the manual	2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709

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any recipient of residential services funded as home and	2742
community-based services, family support services provided under	2743
section 5126.11 of the Revised Code, or supported living provided	2744
in accordance with sections 5126.41 to 5126.47 of the Revised	2745
Code. "In-home care" includes care that is provided outside an	2746
individual's home in places incidental to the home, and while	2747
traveling to places incidental to the home, except that "in-home	2748
care" does not include care provided in the facilities of a county	2749
board of developmental disabilities or care provided in schools.	2750
(2) "Parent" means either parent of a child, including an	2751
adoptive parent but not a foster parent.	2752
(3) "Unlicensed in-home care worker" means an individual who	2753
provides in-home care but is not a health care professional.	2754
(4) "Family member" means a parent, sibling, spouse, son,	2755
daughter, grandparent, aunt, uncle, cousin, or guardian of the	2756
individual with mental retardation or a developmental disability	2757
if the individual with mental retardation or developmental	2758
disabilities lives with the person and is dependent on the person	2759
to the extent that, if the supports were withdrawn, another living	2760
arrangement would have to be found.	2761
(5) "Health care professional" means any of the following:	2762
(a) A dentist who holds a valid license issued under Chapter	2763
4715. of the Revised Code;	2764
(b) A registered or licensed practical nurse who holds a	2765
valid license issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code;	2766
(c) An optometrist who holds a valid license issued under	2767
Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code;	2768
(d) A pharmacist who holds a valid license issued under	2769
Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code;	2770
(e) A person who holds a valid certificate issued under	2771

Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	2772
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and	2773
surgery, or a limited brand of medicine;	2774
(f) A physician assistant who holds a valid <del>certificate</del>	2775
<u>license</u> issued under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	2776
(g) An occupational therapist or occupational therapy	2777
assistant or a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant	2778
who holds a valid license issued under Chapter 4755. of the	2779
Revised Code;	2780
(h) A respiratory care professional who holds a valid license	2781
issued under Chapter 4761. of the Revised Code.	2782
(6) "Health care task" means a task that is prescribed,	2783
ordered, delegated, or otherwise directed by a health care	2784
professional acting within the scope of the professional's	2785
practice.	2786
(B) Except as provided in division (E) of this section, a	2787
family member of an individual with mental retardation or a	2788
developmental disability may authorize an unlicensed in-home care	2789
worker to administer oral and topical prescribed medications or	2790
perform other health care tasks as part of the in-home care the	2791
worker provides to the individual, if all of the following apply:	2792
(1) The family member is the primary supervisor of the care.	2793
(2) The unlicensed in-home care worker has been selected by	2794
the family member or the individual receiving care and is under	2795
the direct supervision of the family member.	2796
(3) The unlicensed in-home care worker is providing the care	2797
through an employment or other arrangement entered into directly	2798
with the family member and is not otherwise employed by or under	2799
contract with a person or government entity to provide services to	2800
individuals with mental retardation and developmental	2801

disabilities. 2802

(C) A family member shall obtain a prescription, if 2803 applicable, and written instructions from a health care 2804 professional for the care to be provided to the individual. The 2805 family member shall authorize the unlicensed in-home care worker 2806 to provide the care by preparing a written document granting the 2807 authority. The family member shall provide the unlicensed in-home 2808 care worker with appropriate training and written instructions in 2809 accordance with the instructions obtained from the health care 2810 professional. 2811

(D) A family member who authorizes an unlicensed in-home care 2812 worker to administer oral and topical prescribed medications or 2813 perform other health care tasks retains full responsibility for 2814 the health and safety of the individual receiving the care and for 2815 ensuring that the worker provides the care appropriately and 2816 safely. No entity that funds or monitors the provision of in-home 2817 care may be held liable for the results of the care provided under 2818 this section by an unlicensed in-home care worker, including such 2819 entities as the county board of developmental disabilities and the 2820 department of developmental disabilities. 2821

An unlicensed in-home care worker who is authorized under
this section by a family member to provide care to an individual
may not be held liable for any injury caused in providing the
care, unless the worker provides the care in a manner that is not
2825
in accordance with the training and instructions received or the
worker acts in a manner that constitutes wanton or reckless
misconduct.
2822

(E) A county board of developmental disabilities may evaluate the authority granted by a family member under this section to an unlicensed in-home care worker at any time it considers necessary 2831 and shall evaluate the authority on receipt of a complaint. If the board determines that a family member has acted in a manner that 2833

is inappropriate for the health and safety of the individual	2834
receiving the care, the authorization granted by the family member	2835
to an unlicensed in-home care worker is void, and the family	2836
member may not authorize other unlicensed in-home care workers to	2837
provide the care. In making such a determination, the board shall	2838
use appropriately licensed health care professionals and shall	2839
provide the family member an opportunity to file a complaint under	2840
section 5126.06 of the Revised Code.	2841

**Section 2.** That existing sections 1.64, 2133.211, 2151.3515 2842 2305.113, 3701.92, 4503.44, 4729.01, 4730.01, 4730.02, 4730.03, 2843 4730.04, 4730.06, 4730.08, 4730.091, 4730.092, 4730.10, 4730.101, 2844 4730.11, 4730.12, 4730.13, 4730.14, 4730.19, 4730.21, 4730.22, 2845 4730.25, 4730.251, 4730.27, 4730.28, 4730.31, 4730.32, 4730.33, 2846 4730.38, 4730.39, 4730.41, 4730.42, 4730.43, 4730.49, 4730.51, 2847 4730.53, 4731.07, 4765.01, 4765.51, and 5123.47 and sections 2848 4730.081, 4730.09, 4730.15, 4730.16, 4730.17, 4730.18, 4730.20, 2849 4730.44, 4730.45, 4730.46, 4730.47, 4730.48, 4730.50, and 4730.52 2850 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 2851

Section 3. (A) The State Medical Board may continue to issue 2852 certificates to practice and certificates to prescribe pursuant to 2853 Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code for not longer than ninety days 2854 after the effective date of this act. Thereafter, the Board shall 2855 issue physician assistant licenses in compliance with this act. 2856

(B) Certificates to practice and certificates to prescribe 2857 issued pursuant to division (A) of this section or Chapter 4730. 2858 of the Revised Code, as it existed immediately prior to the 2859 effective date of this act, shall satisfy the requirements for 2860 physician assistant licenses, as created by this act, until the 2861 thirty-first day of January of the first even-numbered year 2862 following the effective date of this act.