# As Introduced

130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

S. B. No. 203

**Senators Schaffer, Tavares** 

# A BILL

То	amend sections 5739.02, 5747.01, and 5747.98 and	1
	to enact sections 5739.40 and 5747.78 of the	2
	Revised Code to authorize an income tax credit for	3
	individuals that earn a nonprofit management	4
	degree or certain professional designations and to	5
	allow a sales tax exemption for out-of-state	6
	nonprofit corporations that relocate jobs to Ohio.	7

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5739.02, 5747.01, and 5747.98 be	8
amended and sections 5739.40 and 5747.78 of the Revised Code be	9
enacted to read as follows:	10

Sec. 5739.02. For the purpose of providing revenue with which 11 to meet the needs of the state, for the use of the general revenue 12 fund of the state, for the purpose of securing a thorough and 13 efficient system of common schools throughout the state, for the 14 purpose of affording revenues, in addition to those from general 15 property taxes, permitted under constitutional limitations, and 16 from other sources, for the support of local governmental 17 functions, and for the purpose of reimbursing the state for the 18 expense of administering this chapter, an excise tax is hereby 19 levied on each retail sale made in this state. 20 (A)(1) The tax shall be collected as provided in section
5739.025 of the Revised Code. The rate of the tax shall be five
and one-half per cent. The tax applies and is collectible when the
sale is made, regardless of the time when the price is paid or
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delivered.

(2) In the case of the lease or rental, with a fixed term of 26 more than thirty days or an indefinite term with a minimum period 27 of more than thirty days, of any motor vehicles designed by the 28 manufacturer to carry a load of not more than one ton, watercraft, 29 outboard motor, or aircraft, or of any tangible personal property, 30 other than motor vehicles designed by the manufacturer to carry a 31 load of more than one ton, to be used by the lessee or renter 32 primarily for business purposes, the tax shall be collected by the 33 vendor at the time the lease or rental is consummated and shall be 34 calculated by the vendor on the basis of the total amount to be 35 paid by the lessee or renter under the lease agreement. If the 36 total amount of the consideration for the lease or rental includes 37 amounts that are not calculated at the time the lease or rental is 38 executed, the tax shall be calculated and collected by the vendor 39 at the time such amounts are billed to the lessee or renter. In 40 the case of an open-end lease or rental, the tax shall be 41 calculated by the vendor on the basis of the total amount to be 42 paid during the initial fixed term of the lease or rental, and for 43 each subsequent renewal period as it comes due. As used in this 44 division, "motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section 45 4501.01 of the Revised Code, and "watercraft" includes an outdrive 46 unit attached to the watercraft. 47

A lease with a renewal clause and a termination penalty or 48 similar provision that applies if the renewal clause is not 49 exercised is presumed to be a sham transaction. In such a case, 50 the tax shall be calculated and paid on the basis of the entire 51 length of the lease period, including any renewal periods, until 52

the termination penalty or similar provision no longer applies. 53 The taxpayer shall bear the burden, by a preponderance of the 54 evidence, that the transaction or series of transactions is not a 55 sham transaction. 56 (3) Except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section, in 57 the case of a sale, the price of which consists in whole or in 58 part of the lease or rental of tangible personal property, the tax 59 shall be measured by the installments of that lease or rental. 60 (4) In the case of a sale of a physical fitness facility 61 service or recreation and sports club service, the price of which 62 consists in whole or in part of a membership for the receipt of 63 the benefit of the service, the tax applicable to the sale shall 64 be measured by the installments thereof. 65 (B) The tax does not apply to the following: 66 (1) Sales to the state or any of its political subdivisions, 67 or to any other state or its political subdivisions if the laws of 68 that state exempt from taxation sales made to this state and its 69 political subdivisions; 70 (2) Sales of food for human consumption off the premises 71 where sold; 72 (3) Sales of food sold to students only in a cafeteria, 73 dormitory, fraternity, or sorority maintained in a private, 74 public, or parochial school, college, or university; 75 (4) Sales of newspapers and of magazine subscriptions and 76 sales or transfers of magazines distributed as controlled 77 circulation publications; 78

(5) The furnishing, preparing, or serving of meals without
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(6) Sales of motor fuel upon receipt, use, distribution, or 83 sale of which in this state a tax is imposed by the law of this 84 state, but this exemption shall not apply to the sale of motor 85 fuel on which a refund of the tax is allowable under division (A) 86 of section 5735.14 of the Revised Code; and the tax commissioner 87 may deduct the amount of tax levied by this section applicable to 88 the price of motor fuel when granting a refund of motor fuel tax 89 pursuant to division (A) of section 5735.14 of the Revised Code 90 and shall cause the amount deducted to be paid into the general 91 revenue fund of this state; 92

(7) Sales of natural gas by a natural gas company, of water
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by a water-works company, or of steam by a heating company, if in
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each case the thing sold is delivered to consumers through pipes
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or conduits, and all sales of communications services by a
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telegraph company, all terms as defined in section 5727.01 of the
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Revised Code, and sales of electricity delivered through wires;
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(8) Casual sales by a person, or auctioneer employed directly 99 by the person to conduct such sales, except as to such sales of 100 motor vehicles, watercraft or outboard motors required to be 101 titled under section 1548.06 of the Revised Code, watercraft 102 documented with the United States coast guard, snowmobiles, and 103 all-purpose vehicles as defined in section 4519.01 of the Revised 104 Code; 105

(9)(a) Sales of services or tangible personal property, other 106 than motor vehicles, mobile homes, and manufactured homes, by 107 churches, organizations exempt from taxation under section 108 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or nonprofit 109 organizations operated exclusively for charitable purposes as 110 defined in division (B)(12) of this section, provided that the 111 number of days on which such tangible personal property or 112 services, other than items never subject to the tax, are sold does 113 not exceed six in any calendar year, except as otherwise provided 114 in division (B)(9)(b) of this section. If the number of days on
which such sales are made exceeds six in any calendar year, the
church or organization shall be considered to be engaged in
business and all subsequent sales by it shall be subject to the
tax. In counting the number of days, all sales by groups within a
church or within an organization shall be considered to be sales
of that church or organization.

(b) The limitation on the number of days on which tax-exempt
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sales may be made by a church or organization under division
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(B)(9)(a) of this section does not apply to sales made by student
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clubs and other groups of students of a primary or secondary
school, or a parent-teacher association, booster group, or similar
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organization that raises money to support or fund curricular or
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extracurricular activities of a primary or secondary school.

(c) Divisions (B)(9)(a) and (b) of this section do not apply 129
to sales by a noncommercial educational radio or television 130
broadcasting station. 131

(10) Sales not within the taxing power of this state underthe Constitution of the United States;133

(11) Except for transactions that are sales under division
(B)(3)(r) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code, the
transportation of persons or property, unless the transportation
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is by a private investigation and security service;
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(12) Sales of tangible personal property or services to 138 churches, to organizations exempt from taxation under section 139 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and to any other 140 nonprofit organizations operated exclusively for charitable 141 purposes in this state, no part of the net income of which inures 142 to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no 143 substantial part of the activities of which consists of carrying 144 on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation; 145 sales to offices administering one or more homes for the aged or 146 one or more hospital facilities exempt under section 140.08 of the 147 Revised Code; and sales to organizations described in division (D) 148 of section 5709.12 of the Revised Code. 149

"Charitable purposes" means the relief of poverty; the 150 improvement of health through the alleviation of illness, disease, 151 or injury; the operation of an organization exclusively for the 152 provision of professional, laundry, printing, and purchasing 153 services to hospitals or charitable institutions; the operation of 154 a home for the aged, as defined in section 5701.13 of the Revised 155 Code; the operation of a radio or television broadcasting station 156 that is licensed by the federal communications commission as a 157 noncommercial educational radio or television station; the 158 operation of a nonprofit animal adoption service or a county 159 humane society; the promotion of education by an institution of 160 learning that maintains a faculty of qualified instructors, 161 teaches regular continuous courses of study, and confers a 162 recognized diploma upon completion of a specific curriculum; the 163 operation of a parent-teacher association, booster group, or 164 similar organization primarily engaged in the promotion and 165 support of the curricular or extracurricular activities of a 166 primary or secondary school; the operation of a community or area 167 center in which presentations in music, dramatics, the arts, and 168 related fields are made in order to foster public interest and 169 education therein; the production of performances in music, 170 dramatics, and the arts; or the promotion of education by an 171 organization engaged in carrying on research in, or the 172 dissemination of, scientific and technological knowledge and 173 information primarily for the public. 174

Nothing in this division shall be deemed to exempt sales to175any organization for use in the operation or carrying on of a176trade or business, or sales to a home for the aged for use in the177

operation of independent living facilities as defined in division 178 (A) of section 5709.12 of the Revised Code. 179 (13) Building and construction materials and services sold to 180 construction contractors for incorporation into a structure or 181 improvement to real property under a construction contract with 182 this state or a political subdivision of this state, or with the 183 United States government or any of its agencies; building and 184 construction materials and services sold to construction 185 contractors for incorporation into a structure or improvement to 186 real property that are accepted for ownership by this state or any 187 of its political subdivisions, or by the United States government 188 or any of its agencies at the time of completion of the structures 189 or improvements; building and construction materials sold to 190 construction contractors for incorporation into a horticulture 191 structure or livestock structure for a person engaged in the 192 business of horticulture or producing livestock; building 193 materials and services sold to a construction contractor for 194 incorporation into a house of public worship or religious 195 education, or a building used exclusively for charitable purposes 196 under a construction contract with an organization whose purpose 197 is as described in division (B)(12) of this section; building 198 materials and services sold to a construction contractor for 199 incorporation into a building under a construction contract with 200 an organization exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of 201 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 when the building is to be used 202 exclusively for the organization's exempt purposes; building and 203 construction materials sold for incorporation into the original 204 construction of a sports facility under section 307.696 of the 205 Revised Code; building and construction materials and services 206 sold to a construction contractor for incorporation into real 207 property outside this state if such materials and services, when 208 sold to a construction contractor in the state in which the real 209 property is located for incorporation into real property in that 210 state, would be exempt from a tax on sales levied by that state; 211
and, until one calendar year after the construction of a 212
convention center that qualifies for property tax exemption under 213
section 5709.084 of the Revised Code is completed, building and 214
construction materials and services sold to a construction 215
contractor for incorporation into the real property comprising 216
that convention center; 217

(14) Sales of ships or vessels or rail rolling stock used or
to be used principally in interstate or foreign commerce, and
repairs, alterations, fuel, and lubricants for such ships or
vessels or rail rolling stock;

(15) Sales to persons primarily engaged in any of the 222 activities mentioned in division (B)(42)(a), (q), or (h) of this 223 section, to persons engaged in making retail sales, or to persons 224 who purchase for sale from a manufacturer tangible personal 225 property that was produced by the manufacturer in accordance with 226 specific designs provided by the purchaser, of packages, including 227 material, labels, and parts for packages, and of machinery, 228 equipment, and material for use primarily in packaging tangible 229 personal property produced for sale, including any machinery, 230 equipment, and supplies used to make labels or packages, to 231 prepare packages or products for labeling, or to label packages or 232 products, by or on the order of the person doing the packaging, or 233 sold at retail. "Packages" includes bags, baskets, cartons, 234 crates, boxes, cans, bottles, bindings, wrappings, and other 235 similar devices and containers, but does not include motor 236 vehicles or bulk tanks, trailers, or similar devices attached to 237 motor vehicles. "Packaging" means placing in a package. Division 238 (B)(15) of this section does not apply to persons engaged in 239 highway transportation for hire. 240

(16) Sales of food to persons using supplemental nutritionassistance program benefits to purchase the food. As used in this242

division, "food" has the same meaning as in 7 U.S.C. 2012 and 243 federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Food and Nutrition Act 244 of 2008. 245

(17) Sales to persons engaged in farming, agriculture, 246 horticulture, or floriculture, of tangible personal property for 247 use or consumption primarily in the production by farming, 248 agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture of other tangible 249 personal property for use or consumption primarily in the 250 production of tangible personal property for sale by farming, 251 agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture; or material and parts 252 for incorporation into any such tangible personal property for use 253 or consumption in production; and of tangible personal property 254 for such use or consumption in the conditioning or holding of 255 products produced by and for such use, consumption, or sale by 256 persons engaged in farming, agriculture, horticulture, or 257 floriculture, except where such property is incorporated into real 258 259 property;

(18) Sales of drugs for a human being that may be dispensed 260 only pursuant to a prescription; insulin as recognized in the 261 official United States pharmacopoeia; urine and blood testing 262 materials when used by diabetics or persons with hypoglycemia to 263 test for glucose or acetone; hypodermic syringes and needles when 264 used by diabetics for insulin injections; epoetin alfa when 265 purchased for use in the treatment of persons with medical 266 disease; hospital beds when purchased by hospitals, nursing homes, 267 or other medical facilities; and medical oxygen and medical 268 oxygen-dispensing equipment when purchased by hospitals, nursing 269 homes, or other medical facilities; 270

(19) Sales of prosthetic devices, durable medical equipment 271
for home use, or mobility enhancing equipment, when made pursuant 272
to a prescription and when such devices or equipment are for use 273
by a human being. 274

(20) Sales of emergency and fire protection vehicles and 275 equipment to nonprofit organizations for use solely in providing 276 fire protection and emergency services, including trauma care and 277 emergency medical services, for political subdivisions of the 278 state; 279

(21) Sales of tangible personal property manufactured in this 280 state, if sold by the manufacturer in this state to a retailer for 281 use in the retail business of the retailer outside of this state 282 and if possession is taken from the manufacturer by the purchaser 283 within this state for the sole purpose of immediately removing the 284 same from this state in a vehicle owned by the purchaser; 285

(22) Sales of services provided by the state or any of its 286
political subdivisions, agencies, instrumentalities, institutions, 287
or authorities, or by governmental entities of the state or any of 288
its political subdivisions, agencies, instrumentalities, 289
institutions, or authorities; 290

(23) Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state
under the circumstances described in division (B) of section
5739.029 of the Revised Code;
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(24) Sales to persons engaged in the preparation of eggs for 294 sale of tangible personal property used or consumed directly in 295 such preparation, including such tangible personal property used 296 for cleaning, sanitizing, preserving, grading, sorting, and 297 classifying by size; packages, including material and parts for 298 packages, and machinery, equipment, and material for use in 299 packaging eggs for sale; and handling and transportation equipment 300 and parts therefor, except motor vehicles licensed to operate on 301 public highways, used in intraplant or interplant transfers or 302 shipment of eggs in the process of preparation for sale, when the 303 plant or plants within or between which such transfers or 304 shipments occur are operated by the same person. "Packages" 305 includes containers, cases, baskets, flats, fillers, filler flats, 306

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cartons, closure materials, labels, and labeling materials, and	307
"packaging" means placing therein.	308
(25)(a) Sales of water to a consumer for residential use;	309
(b) Sales of water by a nonprofit corporation engaged	310
exclusively in the treatment, distribution, and sale of water to	311
consumers, if such water is delivered to consumers through pipes	312
or tubing.	313
(26) Fees charged for inspection or reinspection of motor	314
vehicles under section 3704.14 of the Revised Code;	315
(27) Sales to persons licensed to conduct a food service	316
operation pursuant to section 3717.43 of the Revised Code, of	317
tangible personal property primarily used directly for the	318
following:	319
(a) To prepare food for human consumption for sale;	320
(b) To preserve food that has been or will be prepared for	321
numan consumption for sale by the food service operator, not	322
including tangible personal property used to display food for	323
selection by the consumer;	324
(c) To clean tangible personal property used to prepare or	325
serve food for human consumption for sale.	326
(28) Sales of animals by nonprofit animal adoption services	327
or county humane societies;	328
(29) Sales of services to a corporation described in division	329
(A) of section 5709.72 of the Revised Code, and sales of tangible	330
personal property that qualifies for exemption from taxation under	331
section 5709.72 of the Revised Code;	332
(30) Sales and installation of agricultural land tile, as	333
defined in division (B)(5)(a) of section 5739.01 of the Revised	334
Code;	335
(31) Sales and erection or installation of portable grain	336

bins, as defined in division (B)(5)(b) of section 5739.01 of the 337
Revised Code; 338

(32) The sale, lease, repair, and maintenance of, parts for,
or items attached to or incorporated in, motor vehicles that are
primarily used for transporting tangible personal property
belonging to others by a person engaged in highway transportation
for hire, except for packages and packaging used for the
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transportation of tangible personal property;
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(33) Sales to the state headquarters of any veterans' 345 organization in this state that is either incorporated and issued 346 a charter by the congress of the United States or is recognized by 347 the United States veterans administration, for use by the 348 headquarters; 349

(34) Sales to a telecommunications service vendor, mobile 350 telecommunications service vendor, or satellite broadcasting 351 service vendor of tangible personal property and services used 352 directly and primarily in transmitting, receiving, switching, or 353 recording any interactive, one- or two-way electromagnetic 354 communications, including voice, image, data, and information, 355 through the use of any medium, including, but not limited to, 356 poles, wires, cables, switching equipment, computers, and record 357 storage devices and media, and component parts for the tangible 358 personal property. The exemption provided in this division shall 359 be in lieu of all other exemptions under division (B)(42)(a) or 360 (n) of this section to which the vendor may otherwise be entitled, 361 based upon the use of the thing purchased in providing the 362 telecommunications, mobile telecommunications, or satellite 363 broadcasting service. 364

(35)(a) Sales where the purpose of the consumer is to use or 365 consume the things transferred in making retail sales and 366 consisting of newspaper inserts, catalogues, coupons, flyers, gift 367 certificates, or other advertising material that prices and 368 describes tangible personal property offered for retail sale. 369

(b) Sales to direct marketing vendors of preliminary
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materials such as photographs, artwork, and typesetting that will
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be used in printing advertising material; and of printed matter
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that offers free merchandise or chances to win sweepstake prizes
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and that is mailed to potential customers with advertising
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material described in division (B)(35)(a) of this section;
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(c) Sales of equipment such as telephones, computers, 376
facsimile machines, and similar tangible personal property 377
primarily used to accept orders for direct marketing retail sales. 378

(d) Sales of automatic food vending machines that preserve
food with a shelf life of forty-five days or less by refrigeration
and dispense it to the consumer.

For purposes of division (B)(35) of this section, "direct 382 marketing" means the method of selling where consumers order 383 tangible personal property by United States mail, delivery 384 service, or telecommunication and the vendor delivers or ships the 385 tangible personal property sold to the consumer from a warehouse, 386 catalogue distribution center, or similar fulfillment facility by 387 means of the United States mail, delivery service, or common 388 carrier. 389

(36) Sales to a person engaged in the business of
horticulture or producing livestock of materials to be
incorporated into a horticulture structure or livestock structure;
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(37) Sales of personal computers, computer monitors, computer
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keyboards, modems, and other peripheral computer equipment to an
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individual who is licensed or certified to teach in an elementary
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or a secondary school in this state for use by that individual in
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preparation for teaching elementary or secondary school students;
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(38) Sales to a professional racing team of any of the 398
following: 399

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(a) Motor racing vehicles;

(b) Repair services for motor racing vehicles;

(c) Items of property that are attached to or incorporated in 402 motor racing vehicles, including engines, chassis, and all other 403 components of the vehicles, and all spare, replacement, and 404 rebuilt parts or components of the vehicles; except not including 405 tires, consumable fluids, paint, and accessories consisting of 406 instrumentation sensors and related items added to the vehicle to 407 collect and transmit data by means of telemetry and other forms of 408 communication. 409

(39) Sales of used manufactured homes and used mobile homes, 410
as defined in section 5739.0210 of the Revised Code, made on or 411
after January 1, 2000; 412

(40) Sales of tangible personal property and services to a 413 provider of electricity used or consumed directly and primarily in 414 generating, transmitting, or distributing electricity for use by 415 others, including property that is or is to be incorporated into 416 and will become a part of the consumer's production, transmission, 417 or distribution system and that retains its classification as 418 tangible personal property after incorporation; fuel or power used 419 in the production, transmission, or distribution of electricity; 420 energy conversion equipment as defined in section 5727.01 of the 421 Revised Code; and tangible personal property and services used in 422 the repair and maintenance of the production, transmission, or 423 distribution system, including only those motor vehicles as are 424 specially designed and equipped for such use. The exemption 425 provided in this division shall be in lieu of all other exemptions 426 in division (B)(42)(a) or (n) of this section to which a provider 427 of electricity may otherwise be entitled based on the use of the 428 tangible personal property or service purchased in generating, 429 transmitting, or distributing electricity. 430

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(41) Sales to a person providing services under division
(B)(3)(r) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code of tangible
personal property and services used directly and primarily in
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providing taxable services under that section.

(42) Sales where the purpose of the purchaser is to do any ofthe following:436

(a) To incorporate the thing transferred as a material or a 437 part into tangible personal property to be produced for sale by 438 manufacturing, assembling, processing, or refining; or to use or 439 consume the thing transferred directly in producing tangible 440 personal property for sale by mining, including, without 441 limitation, the extraction from the earth of all substances that 442 are classed geologically as minerals, production of crude oil and 443 natural gas, or directly in the rendition of a public utility 444 service, except that the sales tax levied by this section shall be 445 collected upon all meals, drinks, and food for human consumption 446 sold when transporting persons. Persons engaged in rendering 447 services in the exploration for, and production of, crude oil and 448 natural gas for others are deemed engaged directly in the 449 exploration for, and production of, crude oil and natural gas. 450 This paragraph does not exempt from "retail sale" or "sales at 451 retail" the sale of tangible personal property that is to be 452 incorporated into a structure or improvement to real property. 453

(b) To hold the thing transferred as security for the 454 performance of an obligation of the vendor; 455

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(c) To resell, hold, use, or consume the thing transferred as 456evidence of a contract of insurance; 457
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(d) To use or consume the thing directly in commercial458fishing;459

(e) To incorporate the thing transferred as a material or apart into, or to use or consume the thing transferred directly in461

the production of, magazines distributed as controlled circulation	462
publications;	463
(f) To use or consume the thing transferred in the production	464
and preparation in suitable condition for market and sale of	465
printed, imprinted, overprinted, lithographic, multilithic,	466
blueprinted, photostatic, or other productions or reproductions of	467
written or graphic matter;	468
(g) To use the thing transferred, as described in section	469
5739.011 of the Revised Code, primarily in a manufacturing	470
operation to produce tangible personal property for sale;	471
(h) To use the benefit of a warranty, maintenance or service	472
contract, or similar agreement, as described in division $(B)(7)$ of	473
section 5739.01 of the Revised Code, to repair or maintain	474
tangible personal property, if all of the property that is the	475
subject of the warranty, contract, or agreement would not be	476
subject to the tax imposed by this section;	477
(i) To use the thing transferred as qualified research and	478
development equipment;	479
(j) To use or consume the thing transferred primarily in	480
storing, transporting, mailing, or otherwise handling purchased	481
sales inventory in a warehouse, distribution center, or similar	482
facility when the inventory is primarily distributed outside this	483
state to retail stores of the person who owns or controls the	484
warehouse, distribution center, or similar facility, to retail	485
stores of an affiliated group of which that person is a member, or	486
by means of direct marketing. This division does not apply to	487
motor vehicles registered for operation on the public highways. As	488
used in this division, "affiliated group" has the same meaning as	489
in division (B)(3)(e) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code and	490
"direct marketing" has the same meaning as in division (B)(35) of	491
this section.	492

(k) To use or consume the thing transferred to fulfill a 493 contractual obligation incurred by a warrantor pursuant to a 494 warranty provided as a part of the price of the tangible personal 495 property sold or by a vendor of a warranty, maintenance or service 496 contract, or similar agreement the provision of which is defined 497 as a sale under division (B)(7) of section 5739.01 of the Revised 498 Code; 499

(1) To use or consume the thing transferred in the production 500 of a newspaper for distribution to the public; 501

(m) To use tangible personal property to perform a service 502 listed in division (B)(3) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code, 503 if the property is or is to be permanently transferred to the 504 consumer of the service as an integral part of the performance of 505 the service; 506

(n) To use or consume the thing transferred primarily in 507 producing tangible personal property for sale by farming, 508 agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture. Persons engaged in 509 rendering farming, agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture 510 services for others are deemed engaged primarily in farming, 511 agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture. This paragraph does 512 not exempt from "retail sale" or "sales at retail" the sale of 513 tangible personal property that is to be incorporated into a 514 structure or improvement to real property. 515

(o) To use or consume the thing transferred in acquiring, 516 formatting, editing, storing, and disseminating data or 517 information by electronic publishing. 518

As used in division (B)(42) of this section, "thing" includes 519 all transactions included in divisions (B)(3)(a), (b), and (e) of 520 section 5739.01 of the Revised Code. 521

(43) Sales conducted through a coin operated device that 522 activates vacuum equipment or equipment that dispenses water, 523

whether or not in combination with soap or other cleaning agents 524 or wax, to the consumer for the consumer's use on the premises in 525 washing, cleaning, or waxing a motor vehicle, provided no other 526 personal property or personal service is provided as part of the 527 transaction. 528

(44) Sales of replacement and modification parts for engines, 529 airframes, instruments, and interiors in, and paint for, aircraft 530 used primarily in a fractional aircraft ownership program, and 531 sales of services for the repair, modification, and maintenance of 532 such aircraft, and machinery, equipment, and supplies primarily 533 used to provide those services. 534

(45) Sales of telecommunications service that is used 535 directly and primarily to perform the functions of a call center. 536 As used in this division, "call center" means any physical 537 location where telephone calls are placed or received in high 538 volume for the purpose of making sales, marketing, customer 539 service, technical support, or other specialized business 540 activity, and that employs at least fifty individuals that engage 541 in call center activities on a full-time basis, or sufficient 542 individuals to fill fifty full-time equivalent positions. 543

(46) Sales by a telecommunications service vendor of 900
service to a subscriber. This division does not apply to
information services, as defined in division (FF) of section
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5739.01 of the Revised Code.

(47) Sales of value-added non-voice data service. This548division does not apply to any similar service that is not549otherwise a telecommunications service.550

(48)(a) Sales of machinery, equipment, and software to a
qualified direct selling entity for use in a warehouse or
distribution center primarily for storing, transporting, or
otherwise handling inventory that is held for sale to independent

salespersons who operate as direct sellers and that is held555primarily for distribution outside this state;556

(b) As used in division (B)(48)(a) of this section: 557

(i) "Direct seller" means a person selling consumer products
to individuals for personal or household use and not from a fixed
retail location, including selling such product at in-home product
demonstrations, parties, and other one-on-one selling.
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(ii) "Qualified direct selling entity" means an entity 562 selling to direct sellers at the time the entity enters into a tax 563 credit agreement with the tax credit authority pursuant to section 564 122.17 of the Revised Code, provided that the agreement was 565 entered into on or after January 1, 2007. Neither contingencies 566 relevant to the granting of, nor later developments with respect 567 to, the tax credit shall impair the status of the qualified direct 568 selling entity under division (B)(48) of this section after 569 execution of the tax credit agreement by the tax credit authority. 570

(c) Division (B)(48) of this section is limited to machinery, 571
equipment, and software first stored, used, or consumed in this 572
state within the period commencing June 24, 2008, and ending on 573
the date that is five years after that date. 574

(49) Sales of materials, parts, equipment, or engines used in 575 the repair or maintenance of aircraft or avionics systems of such 576 aircraft, and sales of repair, remodeling, replacement, or 577 maintenance services in this state performed on aircraft or on an 578 aircraft's avionics, engine, or component materials or parts. As 579 used in division (B)(49) of this section, "aircraft" means 580 aircraft of more than six thousand pounds maximum certified 581 takeoff weight or used exclusively in general aviation. 582

(50) Sales of full flight simulators that are used for pilot
 or flight-crew training, sales of repair or replacement parts or
 components, and sales of repair or maintenance services for such
 585

full flight simulators. "Full flight simulator" means a replica of 586 a specific type, or make, model, and series of aircraft cockpit. 587 It includes the assemblage of equipment and computer programs 588 necessary to represent aircraft operations in ground and flight 589 conditions, a visual system providing an out-of-the-cockpit view, 590 and a system that provides cues at least equivalent to those of a 591 three-degree-of-freedom motion system, and has the full range of 592 capabilities of the systems installed in the device as described 593 in appendices A and B of part 60 of chapter 1 of title 14 of the 594 Code of Federal Regulations. 595

(51) Any transfer or lease of tangible personal property 596 between the state and a successful proposer in accordance with 597 sections 126.60 to 126.605 of the Revised Code, provided the 598 property is part of a project as defined in section 126.60 of the 599 Revised Code and the state retains ownership of the project or 600 part thereof that is being transferred or leased, between the 601 state and JobsOhio in accordance with section 4313.02 of the 602 Revised Code. 603

(52) Sales of tangible personal property or services to a604nonprofit corporation that holds a job relocation exemption605certificate issued under section 5739.40 of the Revised Code.606

(C) For the purpose of the proper administration of this
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chapter, and to prevent the evasion of the tax, it is presumed
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that all sales made in this state are subject to the tax until the
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contrary is established.

(D) The levy of this tax on retail sales of recreation and
 sports club service shall not prevent a municipal corporation from
 levying any tax on recreation and sports club dues or on any
 income generated by recreation and sports club dues.
 614

(E) The tax collected by the vendor from the consumer under615this chapter is not part of the price, but is a tax collection for616

the benefit of the state, and of counties levying an additional 617 sales tax pursuant to section 5739.021 or 5739.026 of the Revised 618 Code and of transit authorities levying an additional sales tax 619 pursuant to section 5739.023 of the Revised Code. Except for the 620 discount authorized under section 5739.12 of the Revised Code and 621 the effects of any rounding pursuant to section 5703.055 of the 622 Revised Code, no person other than the state or such a county or 623 transit authority shall derive any benefit from the collection or 624 payment of the tax levied by this section or section 5739.021, 625 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the Revised Code. 626

Sec.	5739.40.	(A)	As	used	in	this	section:	62

# (1) "Nonprofit corporation" has the same meaning as in628section 1702.01 of the Revised Code.629

(2) "Qualifying nonprofit corporation" means a nonprofit630corporation that relocates at least fifty full-time employment631positions from one or more other states to this state within one632year after the nonprofit corporation first establishes a physical633presence in this state.634

(B) A qualifying nonprofit corporation may apply to the tax 635 commissioner for a job relocation exemption certificate. The 636 application shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner. 637 Within thirty days of the receipt of an application, the tax 638 commissioner shall issue a job relocation exemption certificate to 639 the nonprofit corporation if the nonprofit corporation meets the 640 criteria described in division (A)(2) of this section. Except as 641 provided in division (C) of this section, the certificate shall be 642 valid for three years from the date the tax commissioner issues 643 the certificate. The certificate shall otherwise comply with the 644 requirements for exemption certificates prescribed under section 645 5739.03 of the Revised Code. 646

(C) If a qualifying nonprofit corporation that receives a job 647

relocation exemption certificate fails to maintain at least fifty	648	
full-time employment positions in this state during the three-year	649	
period for which the certificate is issued, the tax commissioner	650	
shall immediately revoke the certificate. The commissioner may	651	
require a qualifying nonprofit corporation that receives a job		
relocation exemption certificate to periodically report to the	653	
commissioner the number of full-time employees that the qualifying		
nonprofit corporation employs in the state, along with any other	655	
information the commissioner considers necessary to administer		
this section.	657	

sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or 658 clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this chapter 659 that is not otherwise defined in this section has the same meaning 660 as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United 661 States relating to federal income taxes or if not used in a 662 comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning as in 663 section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this chapter 664 to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the United 665 States relating to federal income taxes. 666

As used in this chapter:

(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross income" 668
 means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used in the 669
 Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this section: 670

(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities of
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any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any
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state, other than this state and its subdivisions and authorities.
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(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession
of the United States to the extent that the interest or dividends
are exempt from federal income taxes but not from state income
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taxes.

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(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the United
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States and its territories and possessions or of any authority,
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commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent
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that the interest or dividends are included in federal adjusted
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gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of
683
the United States.

(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent685included in federal adjusted gross income.686

(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act
 and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent included in
 federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of the Internal
 Revenue Code.

(6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a trust 691 that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in section 665 692 of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the beneficiary's taxable 693 years beginning before 2002, the portion, if any, of such 694 distribution that does not exceed the undistributed net income of 695 the trust for the three taxable years preceding the taxable year 696 in which the distribution is made to the extent that the portion 697 was not included in the trust's taxable income for any of the 698 trust's taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter. 699 "Undistributed net income of a trust" means the taxable income of 700 the trust increased by (a)(i) the additions to adjusted gross 701 income required under division (A) of this section and (ii) the 702 personal exemptions allowed to the trust pursuant to section 703 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and decreased by (b)(i) the 704 deductions to adjusted gross income required under division (A) of 705 this section, (ii) the amount of federal income taxes attributable 706 to such income, and (iii) the amount of taxable income that has 707 been included in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by 708 reason of a prior accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net 709 income included in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary 710

shall reduce the undistributed net income of the trust commencing711with the earliest years of the accumulation period.712(7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not713

otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been714allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross715income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed716and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal717Revenue Code not been in effect.718

(8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public
 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the
 interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted
 gross income.

(9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the sale,
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent
that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been included in
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computing federal adjusted gross income.
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(10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section 5747.70
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of the Revised Code, related to contributions to variable college
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savings program accounts made or tuition units purchased pursuant
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to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.
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(11)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 731 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 732 income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during 733 the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 734 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, 735 and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance under 736 division (A)(11) of this section shall be allowed either to any 737 taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized health 738 plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the 739 taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on 740 application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title 741 XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 742 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A)(11)(a) of this 743 section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan for which 744 the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The deduction 745 allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section shall be the net 746 of any related premium refunds, related premium reimbursements, or 747 related insurance premium dividends received during the taxable 748 year. 749

(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded
in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income during the
taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the taxable
year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise, for
medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and
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dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half
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per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.

(c) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 757 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any amount 758 included in federal adjusted gross income under section 105 or not 759 excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue Code solely 760 because it relates to an accident and health plan for a person who 761 otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a "dependent" 762 under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but for the fact 763 that the person fails to meet the income and support limitations 764 under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code. 765

(d) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, 766 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 767 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, limitations, 768 and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified long-term care" 769 has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) of the Internal 770 Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions (A)(11)(a) and (c) 771 of this section, "dependent" includes a person who otherwise would 772 be a "qualifying relative" and thus a "dependent" under section 773

152 of the Internal Revenue Code but for the fact that the person 774 fails to meet the income and support limitations under section 775 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code. 776

(12)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted gross 777 income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or 778 refund of expenses that in any year the taxpayer had deducted as 779 an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the Internal 780 Revenue Code and applicable United States department of the 781 treasury regulations. The deduction otherwise allowed under 782 division (A)(12)(a) of this section shall be reduced to the extent 783 the reimbursement is attributable to an amount the taxpayer 784 deducted under this section in any taxable year. 785

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted 786 gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is 787 attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any amount 788 deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 789 income in any taxable year. 790

(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in section 791 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying previously 792 reported income received under a claim of right, that meets both 793 of the following requirements: 794

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was 795 included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior 796 taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A) 797 or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year; 798

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted 799 gross income for the current or any other taxable year. 800

(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and net 801 investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the 802 taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised 803 Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(14) of this section 804

does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings 805 otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other 806 taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 807 (15)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a 808 medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net 809 investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn were 810 used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account holder 811 for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance with 812 section 3924.66 of the Revised Code; 813 (b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings 814 account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised 815 Code during the taxable year. 816 (16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section 817 5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that such 818 amount satisfies either of the following: 819 (a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the computation 820 of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as required to be 821 reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal 822 Revenue Code; 823 (b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's 824 federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any 825 of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 826 (17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 827 individual development account program established by a county 828 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 329.11 829 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching funds 830 deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 831

commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, in 832 the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 833 amount deducted under division (A)(17) of this section. 834

(18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any taxable 835

year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer is married 836 and files a joint return and the combined federal adjusted gross 837 income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse for the taxable 838 year does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars, or if the 839 taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted gross income for the 840 taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, deduct amounts 841 paid during the taxable year for qualified tuition and fees paid 842 to an eligible institution for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 843 spouse, or any dependent of the taxpayer, who is a resident of 844 this state and is enrolled in or attending a program that 845 culminates in a degree or diploma at an eligible institution. The 846 deduction may be claimed only to the extent that qualified tuition 847 and fees are not otherwise deducted or excluded for any taxable 848 year from federal or Ohio adjusted gross income. The deduction may 849 not be claimed for educational expenses for which the taxpayer 850 claims a credit under section 5747.27 or 5747.78 of the Revised 851 Code. 852

(19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable year
of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A)(18) of this
section in any previous taxable year to the extent the amount is
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not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.

(20)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and 857 (v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of depreciation 858 expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal 859 Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's proportionate or 860 distributive share of the amount of depreciation expense allowed 861 by that subsection to a pass-through entity in which the taxpayer 862 has a direct or indirect ownership interest. 863

(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v) of
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this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying section
179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's proportionate
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or distributive share of the amount of qualifying section 179
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depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through entity in which868the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership interest.869

(iii) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section, for 870 taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the increase in 871 income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or greater than 872 ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the taxpayer during the 873 taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable year, "two-thirds" shall 874 be substituted for "five-sixths" for the purpose of divisions 875 (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section. 876

(iv) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section, for 877 taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is not 878 required to add an amount under division (A)(20) of this section 879 if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer and by 880 any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or 881 indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater than the sum of 882 (I) the amount of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense and 883 (II) the amount of depreciation expense allowed to the taxpayer by 884 subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, and 885 including the taxpayer's proportionate or distributive shares of 886 such amounts allowed to any such pass-through entities. 887

(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net 888 operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax 889 purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation 890 expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal 891 Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense, 892 "the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for the 893 purpose of divisions (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section. 894

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the 895 commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through 896 entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than 897 five per cent of the pass-through entity. 898

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(b) Nothing in division (A)(20) of this section shall be899construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.900

(c) To the extent the add-back required under division 901 (A)(20)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating 902 nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of the 903 Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same location 904 as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the property for 905 the purpose of determining the credit under division (A) of 906 section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, the add-back shall 907 be apportioned, subject to one or more of the four alternative 908 methods of apportionment enumerated in section 5747.21 of the 909 Revised Code. 910

(d) For the purposes of division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179
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(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this 918
section: 919

(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount withheld
and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the Revised
Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.
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(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount by
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which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer during
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the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of income
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taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's immediately
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preceding taxable year.
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(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means the928difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense directly929

or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179 of the 930 Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of depreciation expense 931 directly or indirectly allowed to the taxpayer under section 179 932 of the Internal Revenue Code as that section existed on December 933 31, 2002. 934

(21)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount under 935 division (A)(20)(a) of this section for a taxable year, deduct one 936 of the following: 937

(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five
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succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of
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qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation
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expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal
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Revenue Code;

(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two
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succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds of
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such depreciation expense;
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(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six
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succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such depreciation
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expense was so added.
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(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(21)(a) of this 949 section is attributable to an add-back allocated under division 950 (A)(20)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall be sitused 951 to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall be apportioned 952 using the apportionment factors for the taxable year in which the 953 deduction is taken, subject to one or more of the four alternative 954 methods of apportionment enumerated in section 5747.21 of the 955 Revised Code. 956

(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(21)(a) of
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this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section
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168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section
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179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such
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depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating loss 961 carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is available for a 962 taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount not 963 deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable year and add 964 that amount to any deduction otherwise available under division 965 (A)(21)(a) of this section for that next taxable year. The 966 carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue until the 967 entire addition required by division (A)(20)(a) of this section 968 has been deducted. 969

(d) No refund shall be allowed as a result of adjustments970made by division (A)(21) of this section.971

(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 972 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 973 year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as 974 reimbursement for life insurance premiums under section 5919.31 of 975 the Revised Code. 976

(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 977 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 978 year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as 979 a death benefit paid by the adjutant general under section 5919.33 980 of the Revised Code. 981

(24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross 982 income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or exclusion in 983 computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 984 year, military pay and allowances received by the taxpayer during 985 the taxable year for active duty service in the United States 986 army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast guard or reserve 987 components thereof or the national guard. The deduction may not be 988 claimed for military pay and allowances received by the taxpayer 989 while the taxpayer is stationed in this state. 990

(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 991

deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 992 income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated for by 993 any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation expenses 994 incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not to exceed 995 ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified organ 996 donation expenses only once for all taxable years beginning with 997 taxable years beginning in 2007. 998

For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section:

(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human liver, 1000pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of human 1001bone marrow. 1002

(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel
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expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a
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taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while living,
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of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another human
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being.

(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 1008 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 1009 year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired military 1010 personnel pay for service in the United States army, navy, air 1011 force, coast guard, or marine corps or reserve components thereof, 1012 or the national guard, or received by the surviving spouse or 1013 former spouse of such a taxpayer under the survivor benefit plan 1014 on account of such a taxpayer's death. If the taxpayer receives 1015 income on account of retirement paid under the federal civil 1016 service retirement system or federal employees retirement system, 1017 or under any successor retirement program enacted by the congress 1018 of the United States that is established and maintained for 1019 retired employees of the United States government, and such 1020 retirement income is based, in whole or in part, on credit for the 1021 taxpayer's military service, the deduction allowed under this 1022 division shall include only that portion of such retirement income 1023

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that is attributable to the taxpayer's military service, to the 1024 extent that portion of such retirement income is otherwise 1025 included in federal adjusted gross income and is not otherwise 1026 deducted under this section. Any amount deducted under division 1027 (A)(26) of this section is not included in a taxpayer's adjusted 1028 gross income for the purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised 1029 Code. No amount may be deducted under division (A)(26) of this 1030 section on the basis of which a credit was claimed under section 1031 5747.055 of the Revised Code. 1032

(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 1033 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 1034 year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year 1035 from the military injury relief fund created in section 5101.98 of 1036 the Revised Code. 1037

(28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 1038 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 1039 year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans bonus during 1040 the taxable year from the Ohio department of veterans services as 1041 authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution. 1042

(29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 1043 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 1044 year, any loss from wagering transactions that is allowed as an 1045 itemized deduction under section 165 of the Internal Revenue Code 1046 and that the taxpayer deducted in computing federal taxable 1047 income. 1048

(30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 1049 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 1050 year, any income derived from providing public services under a 1051 contract through a project owned by the state, as described in 1052 section 126.604 of the Revised Code or derived from a transfer 1053 agreement or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement 1054 under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code. 1055

(31) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 1056 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 1057 year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant amounts 1058 received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependent 1059 pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20 U.S.C. 1060 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished by the 1061 educational institution for which the grant was awarded at the 1062 institution's facilities, including meal plans administered by the 1063 institution. For the purposes of this division, receipt of a grant 1064 includes the distribution of a grant directly to an educational 1065 institution and the crediting of the grant to the enrollee's 1066 account with the institution. 1067

(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or loss, 1068 arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the regular 1069 course of a trade or business and includes income, gain, or loss 1070 from real property, tangible property, and intangible property if 1071 the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition of the 1072 property constitute integral parts of the regular course of a 1073 trade or business operation. "Business income" includes income, 1074 including gain or loss, from a partial or complete liquidation of 1075 a business, including, but not limited to, gain or loss from the 1076 sale or other disposition of goodwill. 1077

(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than business 1078
income and may include, but is not limited to, compensation, rents 1079
and royalties from real or tangible personal property, capital 1080
gains, interest, dividends and distributions, patent or copyright 1081
royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and awards. 1082

(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to an 1083employee for personal services. 1084

(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, 1085
 administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting 1086
 in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate. 1087

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(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months	1088
ending on the last day of any month other than December.	1089
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	1090

(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue Code 1091of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended. 1092

(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that
 division (I)(3) of this section applies only to taxable years of a
 trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:

(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject to 1096section 5747.24 of the Revised Code; 1097

(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24 of
the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division
(I)(2) of this section.

(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state. If 1102only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a 1103resident only with respect to that part. 1104

For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section: 1105

(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current
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taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d) of
this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly, in
whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities, that
were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:

(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or 1112
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only if 1113
the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of this 1114
section; 1115

(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for thepurposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly1117

transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least 1118 one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this 1119 state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion 1120 of the trust's current taxable year; 1121

(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the 1122 purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument or 1123 part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, but 1124 only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is a 1125 resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter 1126 during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year. If 1127 a trust document or instrument became irrevocable upon the death 1128 of a person who at the time of death was domiciled in this state 1129 for purposes of this chapter, that person is a person described in 1130 division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this section. 1131

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the transferor 1132
is not considered to be the owner of the net assets of the trust 1133
under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue Code. 1134

(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead 1135 trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as "potential 1136 current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2) of the 1137 Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable lead trust 1138 "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or contingent 1139 beneficiary, but with respect to any trust "qualifying 1140 beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental entity or 1141 instrumentality to any of which a contribution would qualify for 1142 the charitable deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue 1143 Code. 1144

(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this section, 1145 the extent to which a trust consists directly or indirectly, in 1146 whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities, that 1147 were transferred directly or indirectly, in whole or part, to the 1148 trust by any of the sources enumerated in that division shall be 1149 ascertained by multiplying the fair market value of the trust's 1150 assets, net of related liabilities, by the qualifying ratio, which 1151 shall be computed as follows: 1152

(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the numerator 1153 of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of those assets 1154 at that time, net of any related liabilities, from sources 1155 enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The denominator 1156 of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of all the 1157 trust's assets at that time, net of any related liabilities. 1158

(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a 1159 revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the 1160 revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value 1161 of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent 1162 transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the 1163 qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent 1164 transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently 1165 transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related 1166 liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this 1167 section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is the 1168 fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately after the 1169 subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities. 1170

(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of 1171 the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section shall 1172 be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the trust's 1173 beneficiaries. 1174

(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this 1175 section: 1176

(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this 1177 section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of 1178 that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time of 1179 the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under 1180

Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.

(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this 1182 section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described in any 1183 of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the trust is an 1184 irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of the trust's 1185 qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state for purposes 1186 of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current 1187 taxable year. 1188

(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this 1189 section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of 1190 any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if the 1191 transfer is described in any of the following: 1192

(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the decedent 1193 before the decedent's death and while the decedent was domiciled 1194 in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and, prior to the 1195 death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable while the 1196 decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this 1197 chapter. 1198

(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the decedent, 1199 prior to the decedent's death, had directly or indirectly 1200 transferred assets, net of any related liabilities, while the 1201 decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this 1202 chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the trust became 1203 irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the 1204 purposes of this chapter. 1205

(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual 1206 relationship existing directly or indirectly between the 1207 transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent 1208 at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the 1209 decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for 1210 purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised 1211

Code.

(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a 1213 contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between 1214 the transferor and another person who at the time of the 1215 decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of this 1216 chapter. 1217 (v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will of 1218 a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the 1219 testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 1220 5731. of the Revised Code. 1221 (vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused to 1222 be created by a court, and the trust was directly or indirectly 1223 created in connection with or as a result of the death of an 1224 individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 1225 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this state at the time 1226 of the individual's death. 1227 (g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the 1228 part of a trust residing in this state. 1229 (J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is not a 1230

resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of a 1231 taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that taxable 1232 year. 1233

(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in section 12345733.04 of the Revised Code. 1235

(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required to 1236
 be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of reporting the 1237
 tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax when so 1238
 required. 1239

(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the taxpayer's 1240fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or fractional part 1241

thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is calculated	1242
pursuant to this chapter.	1243
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed by	1244
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through entity	1245
that makes the election under division (D) of section 5747.08 of	1246
the Revised Code.	1247
(0) "Dependents" means dependents as defined in the Internal	1248
Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's federal income tax	1249
return for the taxable year or which the taxpayer would have been	1250
permitted to claim had the taxpayer filed a federal income tax	1251
return.	1252
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of a	1253
nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	1254
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	1255
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	1256
portion of the services are performed.	1257
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	1258
Code:	1259
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	1260
park district, or township.	1261
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	1262
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	1263
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	1264
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	1265
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that exceeds	1266
the figure determined to be the correct amount of the tax.	1267
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only to	1268

estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as defined 1269 and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows: 1270

(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 1271

and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal taxable 1272 income, on obligations or securities of any state or of any 1273 political subdivision or authority of any state, other than this 1274 state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the extent 1275 that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio taxable 1276 income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of 1277 this section: 1278

(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of an 1279 electing small business trust and has not been distributed to 1280 beneficiaries for the taxable year; 1281

(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an 1282 electing small business trust for the taxable year. 1283

(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 1284 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal taxable 1285 income, on obligations of any authority, commission, 1286 instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States to 1287 the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from federal 1288 income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only to the 1289 extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio 1290 taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or 1291 (b) of this section; 1292

(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the 1293 estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; 1294

(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses 1295 deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of 1296 the United States and its territories and possessions or of any 1297 authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to 1298 the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from state 1299 taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the extent 1300 that such amount is included in federal taxable income and is 1301 described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this section; 1302

(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 1303 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 1304 allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for 1305 the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under 1306 sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in 1307 effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to 1308 income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year or 1309 to income of the S portion of an electing small business trust for 1310 the taxable year; 1311

(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of 1312 related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income, on 1313 public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the 1314 extent that such net amount relates either to income included in 1315 federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the S 1316 portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable year; 1317

(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale, 1318 exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent 1319 that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been included in 1320 computing either federal taxable income or income of the S portion 1321 of an electing small business trust for the taxable year; 1322

(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate, add 1323 any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate tax 1324 return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and on its 1325 federal income tax return in determining federal taxable income; 1326

(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable income 1327 solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or refund of 1328 expenses that in a previous year the decedent had deducted as an 1329 itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the Internal Revenue 1330 Code and applicable treasury regulations. The deduction otherwise 1331 allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this section shall be reduced 1332 to the extent the reimbursement is attributable to an amount the 1333 taxpayer or decedent deducted under this section in any taxable 1334

year.

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable 1336 income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is 1337 attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any amount 1338 deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable income 1339 in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount has not 1340 been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year. 1341

(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in section 1342 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying previously 1343 reported income received under a claim of right, that meets both 1344 of the following requirements: 1345

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
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included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's
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adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not qualify
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for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section 5747.05 of the
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Revised Code for that year.

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable
 1351
 income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current or
 1352
 any other taxable year.
 1353

(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that the
1355 amount satisfies either of the following:
1356

(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the computation 1357
of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required to be 1358
reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal 1359
Revenue Code; 1360

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's 1361
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the 1362
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 1363

(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted in 1364

computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to 1365 report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only 1366 if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land 1367 satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to 1368 agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code, 1369 regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as such 1370 land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code. If the 1371 trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231 of the 1372 Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is eligible to 1373 claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of this section 1374 in connection with the pass-through entity's farm income. 1375

Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an 1376 electing small business trust, the deduction provided by division 1377 (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent that the 1378 trust has not distributed such farm income. Division (S)(12) of 1379 this section applies only to taxable years of a trust beginning in 1380 2002 or thereafter. 1381

(13) Add the net amount of income described in section 641(c)
of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is not
1383
included in federal taxable income.

(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be required 1385 to add or deduct under division (A)(20) or (21) of this section if 1386 the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in the same 1387 manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is computed 1388 under this section. In the case of a trust, division (S)(14) of 1389 this section applies only to any of the trust's taxable years 1390 beginning in 2002 or thereafter. 1391

(T) "School district income" and "school district income tax" 1392have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised Code. 1393

(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)(7) 1394 of this section, "public obligations," "purchase obligations," and 1395

"interest or interest equivalent" have the same meanings as in 1396 section 5709.76 of the Revised Code. 1397 (V) "Limited liability company" means any limited liability 1398 company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code or under 1399 the laws of any other state. 1400 (W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who, 1401 during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity, is 1402 a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that 1403 pass-through entity. 1404 (X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section 1304.01 1405 of the Revised Code. 1406 (Y) "Month" means a calendar month. 1407 (Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second three 1408 months, the third three months, or the last three months of the 1409 taxpayer's taxable year. 1410 (AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or 1411 state institution of higher education as defined in section 1412 3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college, 1413 university, or other post-secondary institution located in this 1414 state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by the 1415 Ohio board of regents pursuant to Chapter 1713. of the Revised 1416 Code or a certificate of registration issued by the state board of 1417 career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332. of the Revised 1418 Code. 1419 (2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees 1420 imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment or 1421 attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars in 1422 each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary 1423

education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified 1424 tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the academic 1425 equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary education 1426 during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding a total of 1427 five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees" does not 1428 include: 1429

(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports, 1430
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the 1431
individual's degree or diploma program; 1432

(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity fees, 1433
athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses unrelated to 1434
the individual's academic course of instruction; 1435

(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed
through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other
educational benefit program.

(BB)(1) "Modified business income" means the business income 1439 included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such taxable 1440 income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount, if any. 1441

(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital gains 1442 and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of equity 1443 or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a qualifying 1444 investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio taxable 1445 income, but only if the following requirements are satisfied: 1446

(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical
1447
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or loss,
is available to the trust.

(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised Code 1452
are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the trust 1453
recognizes the gain or loss. 1454

Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is 1455 modified business income, qualifying investment income, or 1456 modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be. 1457

(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio 1458 taxable income other than modified business income, other than the 1459 qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying investment 1460 income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, to the 1461 extent such qualifying investment income is not otherwise part of 1462 modified business income. 1463

(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts, 1464 and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB)(4)(a) 1465 to (c) of this section: 1466

(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and 1467 applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the 1468 sum of the following amounts: 1469

(i) The trust's modified business income;

(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined in 1471 section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent the 1472 qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute 1473 modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a 1474 qualifying trust amount. 1475

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction, the 1476 numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the qualifying 1477 investee's physical assets in this state on the last day of the 1478 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 1479 prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the qualifying 1480 trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum of the book 1481 value of the qualifying investee's total physical assets 1482 everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or 1483 calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on which the 1484 trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for a taxable 1485 year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount with respect 1486 to more than one qualifying investee, the amount described in 1487

division (BB)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the sum of the1488products so computed for each such qualifying investee.1489

(c)(i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 1490 a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of 1491 this section, its modified nonbusiness income. 1492

(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 1493 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division 1494 (I)(3)(d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 1495 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 1496 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise provided 1497 in division (BB)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With respect to a 1498 trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident as ascertained 1499 in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this section, the trust's 1500 portion of modified nonbusiness income recognized from the sale, 1501 exchange, or other disposition of a debt interest in or equity 1502 interest in a section 5747.212 entity, as defined in section 1503 5747.212 of the Revised Code, without regard to division (A) of 1504 that section, shall not be allocated to this state in accordance 1505 with section 5747.20 of the Revised Code but shall be apportioned 1506 to this state in accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 1507 of the Revised Code without regard to division (A) of that 1508 section. 1509

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income under 1510 divisions (BB)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly 1511 represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this 1512 state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of 1513 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner 1514 and to the same extent provided in that section. 1515

(5)(a) Except as set forth in division (BB)(5)(b) of this 1516 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust has 1517 an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of government 1518 the debt obligations of either of which are owned by a trust. For 1519 the purposes of division (BB)(2)(a) of this section and for the 1520 purpose of computing the fraction described in division (BB)(4)(b) 1521 of this section, all of the following apply: 1522

(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying
(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying
(i) If the qualifying investee's
(i) If the qualifying investee's
(i) If the last day of the qualifying investee's
(i) If the last day of the qualifying investee's
(i) If the last day of the qualifying investee's
(i) If the last day of the qualifying investee's
(i) If the last day of the qualifying investee's
(i) If the last day of the qualifying controlled group
(i) If the last day.

(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 1529 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 1530 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 1531 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 1532 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, 1533 separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on the 1534 last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year 1535 ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust recognizes 1536 the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent of the 1537 equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying investee and 1538 the other members are deemed to own the proportionate share of the 1539 pass-through entity's physical assets which the pass-through 1540 entity directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the 1541 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 1542 with the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 1543 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 1544 recognizes the qualifying trust amount. 1545

(iii) For the purposes of division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this 1546 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 1547 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another 1548 pass-through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means 1549 that other pass-through entity. 1550

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is also 1551

a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of the 1552 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, the 1553 proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 1554 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity directly 1555 or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level pass-through 1556 entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or with the last 1557 day of the upper level pass-through entity's fiscal or calendar 1558 year. If the upper level pass-through entity directly and 1559 indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the equity of the 1560 lower level pass-through entity on each day of the upper level 1561 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with 1562 which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the lower level 1563 pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and convincing 1564 evidence, complete information about the location and cost of the 1565 physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is not available 1566 to the upper level pass-through entity, then solely for purposes 1567 of ascertaining if a gain or loss constitutes a qualifying trust 1568 amount, the upper level pass-through entity shall be deemed as 1569 owning no equity of the lower level pass-through entity for each 1570 day during the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or 1571 fiscal year in which or with which ends the lower level 1572 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year. Nothing in division 1573 (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this section shall be construed to provide for 1574 any deduction or exclusion in computing any trust's Ohio taxable 1575 income. 1576

(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the 1577 taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a 1578 resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that 1579 taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the 1580 following apply: 1581

(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trustrecognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other1583

1611

disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt 1584 obligations of, the C corporation. 1585 (ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income. 1586 (6) "Available" means information is such that a person is 1587 able to learn of the information by the due date plus extensions, 1588 if any, for filing the return for the taxable year in which the 1589 trust recognizes the gain or loss. 1590 (CC) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as in 1591 section 5733.04 of the Revised Code. 1592 (DD) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section 1593 5733.042 of the Revised Code. 1594 (EE)(1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section: 1595 (a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a 1596 qualifying corporation. 1597 (b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified for 1598 federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a 1599 corporation, except either of the following: 1600 (i) A corporation that has made an election under subchapter 1601 S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue Code for its 1602 taxable year ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's 1603 taxable year; 1604 (ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation 1605 that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one, 1606 subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year 1607 ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable year. 1608 (2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly stated 1609 otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset directly 1610

(FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the 1612 Revised Code: 1613

or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.

## S. B. No. 203 As Introduced

(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax 1614 trust. 1615 (2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income tax 1616 trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election as 1617 described in division (FF)(3) of this section. 1618 (3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an 1619 election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed 1620 by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust 1621 and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or controls, 1622 directly, indirectly, or constructively through related interests, 1623 five per cent or more of the ownership or equity interests. The 1624 trustee shall notify the tax commissioner in writing of the 1625 election on or before April 15, 2006. The election, if timely 1626 made, shall be effective on and after January 1, 2006, and shall 1627 apply for all tax periods and tax years until revoked by the 1628 trustee of the trust. 1629 (4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all of 1630 the following requirements: 1631

(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was 1632 executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972; 1633

(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the 1634 trust; and 1635

(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time the 1636 trust was created. 1637

Sec. 5747.78. (A) There is hereby allowed a nonrefundable	1638
credit against the tax imposed under section 5747.02 of the	1639
Revised Code for a taxpayer who pays tuition and fees during a	1640
taxable year to an eligible institution, at which the taxpayer,	1641
the taxpayer's spouse, or a dependent of the taxpayer is enrolled	1642
in or attending a program that culminates in a degree in nonprofit	1643

management. The amount of the credit equals the lesser of one	1644
thousand five hundred dollars or the amount of tuition and fees	1645
paid to the eligible institution during the taxable year.	1646
(B) There is hereby allowed a nonrefundable credit against	1647
the tax imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code for a	1648
taxpayer who incurs expenses during the taxable year to complete	1649
the institute of organization management program sponsored by the	1650
United States chamber of commerce, to complete the lobbying	1651
certificate program sponsored by the American league of lobbyists,	1652
to receive an accreditation in public relations, or to become	1653
certified as a certified fund raising executive, certified sports	1654
event executive, certified destination marketing executive, or	1655
certified meeting planner. The amount of the credit equals the	1656
lesser of five hundred dollars or fifty per cent of the expenses	1657
incurred, provided that, if the taxpayer receives reimbursement	1658
for the taxpayer's expenses from any source, the amount of the	1659
credit equals the lesser of five hundred dollars or fifty per cent	1660
of the expenses incurred after subtracting the amount reimbursed	1661
to the taxpayer.	1662
<u>(C) A taxpayer shall claim a credit allowed under division</u>	1663
(A) or (B) of this section in the order required under section	1664
_	
5747.98 of the Revised Code. The taxpayer may carry forward a	1665
credit to the extent that the credit exceeds the amount of tax due	1666
after allowing for any other credits that precede the credit in	1667
the order prescribed by section 5747.98 of the Revised Code.	1668

Sec. 5747.98. (A) To provide a uniform procedure for1669calculating the amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the1670Revised Code, a taxpayer shall claim any credits to which the1671taxpayer is entitled in the following order:1672

(1) The retirement income credit under division (B) ofsection 5747.055 of the Revised Code;1674

## S. B. No. 203 As Introduced

(2) The senior citizen credit under division (C) of section	1675
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1676
(3) The lump sum distribution credit under division (D) of	1677
section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1678
(4) The dependent care credit under section 5747.054 of the	1679
Revised Code;	1680
(5) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (C)	1681
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1682
(6) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (D)	1683
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1684
(7) The lump sum retirement income credit under division (E)	1685
of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	1686
(8) The low-income credit under section 5747.056 of the	1687
Revised Code;	1688
(9) The credit for displaced workers who pay for job training	1689
under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code;	1690
(10) The campaign contribution credit under section 5747.29	1691
of the Revised Code;	1692
(11) The twenty-dollar personal exemption credit under	1693
section 5747.022 of the Revised Code;	1694
(12) The joint filing credit under division (G) of section	1695
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1696
(13) The nonresident credit under division (A) of section	1697
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1698
(14) The credit for a resident's out-of-state income under	1699
division (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	1700
(15) The credit for employers that enter into agreements with	1701
child day-care centers under section 5747.34 of the Revised Code;	1702
(16) The credit for employers that reimburse employee child	1703

care expenses under section 5747.36 of the Revised Code;	1704
(17) The credit for adoption of a minor child under section	1705
5747.37 of the Revised Code;	1706
(18) The credit for purchases of lights and reflectors under	1707
section 5747.38 of the Revised Code;	1708
(19) The nonrefundable job retention credit under division	1709
(B) of section 5747.058 of the Revised Code;	1710
(20) The credit for selling alternative fuel under section	1711
5747.77 of the Revised Code;	1712
(21) The second credit for purchases of new manufacturing	1713
machinery and equipment and the credit for using Ohio coal under	1714
section 5747.31 of the Revised Code;	1715
(22) The job training credit under section 5747.39 of the	1716
Revised Code;	1717
(23) The enterprise zone credit under section 5709.66 of the	1718
Revised Code;	1719
(24) The credit for the eligible costs associated with a	1720
voluntary action under section 5747.32 of the Revised Code;	1721
(25) The credit for employers that establish on-site child	1722
day-care centers under section 5747.35 of the Revised Code;	1723
(26) The ethanol plant investment credit under section	1724
5747.75 of the Revised Code;	1725
(27) The credit for purchases of qualifying grape production	1726
property under section 5747.28 of the Revised Code;	1727
(28) The small business investment credit under section	1728
5747.81 of the Revised Code;	1729
(29) The credit for research and development and technology	1730
transfer investors under section 5747.33 of the Revised Code;	1731
(30) The enterprise zone credits under section 5709.65 of the	1732

Revised Code;	1733
(31) The research and development credit under section	1734
5747.331 of the Revised Code;	1735
(32) The credit for rehabilitating a historic building under	1736
section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	1737
(33) The credit for tuition and fees paid to earn a degree in	1738
nonprofit management under division (A) of section 5747.78 of the	1739
Revised Code;	1740
(34) The credit for expenses incurred to complete a	1741
professional certification program or obtain a professional	1742
designation under division (B) of section 5747.78 of the Revised	1743
<u>Code;</u>	1744
(35) The refundable credit for rehabilitating a historic	1745
building under section 5747.76 of the Revised Code;	1746
(34)(36) The refundable jobs creation credit or job retention	1747
credit under division (A) of section 5747.058 of the Revised Code;	1748
(35)(37) The refundable credit for taxes paid by a qualifying	1749
entity granted under section 5747.059 of the Revised Code;	1750
(36)(38) The refundable credits for taxes paid by a	1751
qualifying pass-through entity granted under division (J) of	1752
section 5747.08 of the Revised Code;	1753
(37)(39) The refundable credit under section 5747.80 of the	1754
Revised Code for losses on loans made to the Ohio venture capital	1755
program under sections 150.01 to 150.10 of the Revised Code;	1756
(38)(40) The refundable motion picture production credit	1757
under section 5747.66 of the Revised Code.	1758
(39)(41) The refundable credit for financial institution	1759
taxes paid by a pass-through entity granted under section 5747.65	1760
of the Revised Code.	1761

(B) For any credit, except the refundable credits enumerated 1762 in this section and the credit granted under division (I) of 1763 section 5747.08 of the Revised Code, the amount of the credit for 1764 a taxable year shall not exceed the tax due after allowing for any 1765 other credit that precedes it in the order required under this 1766 section. Any excess amount of a particular credit may be carried 1767 forward if authorized under the section creating that credit. 1768 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to allow a taxpayer to 1769 claim, directly or indirectly, a credit more than once for a 1770 taxable year. 1771

Section 2. That existing sections 5739.02, 5747.01, and17725747.98 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.1773

Section 3. The General Assembly, applying the principle 1774 stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 1775 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 1776 simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, 1777 presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended by 1778 the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the sections in 1779 effect prior to the effective date of the sections as presented in 1780 this act: 1781

Section 5739.02 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am.1782Sub. H.B. 487 and Am. Sub. H.B. 508 of the 129th General Assembly.1783

Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code as amended by Am. H.B.1784167, Sub. H.B. 365, and Am. Sub. H.B. 510, all of the 129th1785General Assembly.1786

Section 5747.98 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am.1787Sub. H.B. 386 and Am. Sub. H.B. 510 of the 129th General Assembly.1788