# As Introduced

130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

S. B. No. 323

Senators Hite, Seitz

## A BILL

То	amend sections 5703.059, 5736.01, 5736.02,	1
	5736.03, 5736.04, 5736.06, 5736.09, 5736.13,	2
	5751.01, and 5751.20 of the Revised Code to change	3
	the motor fuel receipts tax to be imposed on gross	4
	receipts to a petroleum activity tax to be imposed	5
	on a hybrid of gallonage and the average wholesale	6
	price of gasoline and diesel fuel.	7

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5703.059, 5736.01, 5736.02, 5736.03,	8
5736.04, 5736.06, 5736.09, 5736.13, 5751.01, and 5751.20 of the	9
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	10

Sec. 5703.059. (A) The tax commissioner may adopt rules 11 requiring returns, including any accompanying schedule or 12 statement, for any of the following taxes to be filed 13 electronically using the Ohio business gateway as defined in 14 section 718.051 of the Revised Code, filed telephonically using 15 the system known as the Ohio telefile system, or filed by any 16 other electronic means prescribed by the commissioner: 17

(1) Employer income tax withholding under Chapter 5747. of18the Revised Code;19

(2) Motor fuel tax under Chapter 5735. of the Revised Code; 20

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(3) Cigarette and tobacco product tax under Chapter 5743. of	21
the Revised Code;	22
(4) Severance tax under Chapter 5749. of the Revised Code;	23
(5) Use tax under Chapter 5741. of the Revised Code;	24
(6) Commercial activity tax under Chapter 5751. of the Revised Code;	25 26
(7) Financial institutions tax under Chapter 5726. of the Revised Code;	27 28
(8) Motor fuel receipts Petroleum activity tax under Chapter 5736. of the Revised Code;	29 30
(9) Horse-racing taxes under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code.	31 32
(B) The tax commissioner may adopt rules requiring any payment of tax shown on such a return to be due to be made electronically in a manner approved by the commissioner.	33 34 35
(C) A rule adopted under this section does not apply to returns or reports filed or payments made before six months after the effective date of the rule. The commissioner shall publicize any new electronic filing requirement on the department's web site. The commissioner shall educate the public of the requirement through seminars, workshops, conferences, or other outreach activities.	36 37 38 39 40 41 42
(D) Any person required to file returns and make payments electronically under rules adopted under this section may apply to the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, to be excused from that requirement. For good cause shown, the commissioner may excuse the applicant from the requirement and	43 44 45 46 47
permit the applicant to file the returns or reports or make the payments required under this section by nonelectronic means.	48 49

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Sec. 5736.01. As used in this division chapter:

(A) "Calendar quarter" and "person" have the same meanings as51in section 5751.01 of the Revised Code.52

(B) "Distribution system" means a bulk transfer or terminal 53 system for the distribution of motor fuel consisting of 54 refineries, pipelines, marine vessels, and terminals. For the 55 purposes of this section, motor fuel that is in a refinery, 56 pipeline, terminal, or marine vessel or that is transporting motor 57 fuel en route to a refinery, pipeline, or terminal via any method 58 of transportation is in a "distribution system." Motor fuel is 59 "outside of a distribution system" if the fuel is in a fuel 60 storage facility, including, but not limited to, a bulk plant that 61 is not part of a refinery or terminal, <u>is in</u> the fuel supply tank 62 of an engine or motor vehicle, or is being transported by a marine 63 vessel transporting motor fuel to a fuel storage facility that is 64 not in a distribution system, or a, tank car, rail car, trailer, 65 truck, or other <u>suitable</u> equipment <del>suitable for ground</del> 66 transportation to a fuel storage facility that is not in a 67 distribution system. 68

(C) "Dyed diesel fuel," "import," "motor fuel," "public highways," <u>"gasoline," "diesel fuel," "licensed motor fuel</u> <u>dealer," "licensed permissive motor fuel dealer,"</u> and "terminal" have the same meanings as in section 5735.01 of the Revised Code. <u>"Gallons" means gross gallons as defined in section 5735.01 of the</u> <u>Revised Code.</u>

(D) "First sale of motor fuel within this state" means the
initial sale of motor fuel to a point outside a distribution
system, wherever the sale occurs, when sold for delivery to a
location in this state as that location is shown on the bill of
lading issued by the terminal. "First sale of motor fuel within
this state" excludes the following:

(1) The sale of motor fuel for export to another state;	81
(2) Motor fuel exchanges;	82
(3) The sale of motor fuel on which the petroleum activity	83
tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax	84
payment period and on which the supplier may claim a bad debt. As	85
used in this division, "bad debt" has the same meaning as in	86
section 5751.01 of the Revised Code.	87
(E) " <del>Gross</del> <u>Modified gross</u> receipts" means <u>the sum of the</u>	88
<u>following:</u>	89
(1) The product obtained by multiplying (a) the total amount	90
received by a person, without deduction for the cost of goods sold	91
or other expenses incurred, from the first sale number of gallons	92
of <del>motor fuel</del> gasoline first sold within this state <del>. For the</del>	93
purposes of division (E) of this section, "amount received"	94
includes amounts accrued under the accrual method of accounting.	95
"Gross receipts" shall not include any of the following amounts:	96
(1) Receipts derived from the sale of motor fuel when sold	97
for export to another state;	98
(2) An amount equal to the federal and state excise taxes	99
paid by the supplier on the motor fuel;	100
(3) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax	101
imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment	102
period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" has the same	103
meaning as in section 5751.01 of the Revised Code.	104
(4) Any amount realized from the sale of an account	105
receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying	106
transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included in	107
the gross receipts of the taxpayer by a supplier during the tax	108
period by (b) the average wholesale price of a gallon of unleaded	109
regular gasoline for the tax period that ended six months before	110

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the beginning of the current tax period, as published by the tax 111 commissioner under division (C) of section 5736.02 of the Revised 112 Code; 113 (2) The product obtained by multiplying (a) the total number 114 of gallons of motor fuel that is not gasoline first sold within 115 this state by a supplier during the tax period by (b) the average 116 wholesale price of a gallon of diesel fuel for the tax period that 117 ended six months before the beginning of the current tax period, 118 as published by the tax commissioner under division (C) of section 119 5736.02 of the Revised Code. 120 (F) "Motor fuel used to propel vehicles on public highways 121 and waterways" includes motor fuel used for the operation of 122 licensed motor vehicles employed in the maintenance, construction, 123 or repair of public highways. "Motor fuel used to propel vehicles 124

on public highways and waterways" does not include dyed diesel 125 fuel. 126

(G) "Rack" means a mechanism capable of delivering motor fuel
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from a refinery, terminal, or marine vessel into a railroad tank
car, transport truck, tank wagon, fuel supply tank, marine vessel,
or other means of transport outside of a distribution system.
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(H) "Refinery" means a facility used to produce motor fuel
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and from which motor fuel may be removed by pipeline, by vessel,
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or at a rack.

(I) "Supplier" means either of the following:

(1) A person that sells, exchanges, transfers, or otherwise
distributes motor fuel from a terminal or refinery rack to a point
outside of a distribution system, if the person distributes such
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motor fuel at a location in this state;

(2) A person that imports or causes the importation of motor
fuel for sale, exchange, transfer, or other distribution by the
person to a point outside of a distribution system in this state.

which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax imposed under this	143
chapter.	144
(K) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to the tax imposed by	145
this chapter.	146
(L) "Waterways" means all streams, lakes, ponds, marshes,	147
water courses, and all other bodies of surface water, natural or	148
artificial, which are situated wholly or partially within this	149
state or within its jurisdiction, except private impounded bodies	150
of water.	151
(M) "Motor fuel exchange" means an exchange of motor fuel	152
<u>between two or more suppliers, licensed motor fuel dealers, or</u>	153
licensed permissive motor fuel dealers if delivery occurs at a	154
refinery, terminal, pipeline, or marine vessel and if the parties	155

(J) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter on the basis of

agree that neither party requires monetary compensation from the156other party for the exchanged fuel other than compensation for157differences in product location, grade, or handling.158

Sec. 5736.02. (A) Beginning with the tax period that 159 commences July 1, 2014, and continuing for every tax period 160 thereafter, there is hereby levied an excise tax on each supplier 161 measured by the supplier's modified gross receipts derived from 162 the first sale of motor fuel within this state. The tax <u>due</u> shall 163 be levied at a rate of six and five tenths mills for each dollar 164 of the computed by multiplying sixty-five one hundredths of one 165 per cent by the supplier's modified gross receipts. 166

All revenue from the tax shall be distributed as follows: 167

(1) All revenue from the tax as measured by <u>modified</u> gross
receipts derived from the sale of motor fuel used for propelling
vehicles on public highways and waterways shall be used for the
purposes of maintaining the state highway system, funding the

enforcement of traffic laws, and covering the costs of	172
hospitalization of indigent persons injured in motor vehicle	173
accidents on the public highways.	174
(2) All revenue not distributed as required by division	175
(A)(1) of this section shall be used for the purpose of funding	176
the needs of this state and its local governments.	177
(B) The tax imposed by this section is in addition to any	178
other taxes or fees imposed under the Revised Code.	179
(C) The tax commissioner shall determine and publish, on the	180
web site of the department of taxation, the statewide average	181
wholesale prices of a gallon of unleaded regular gasoline and of a	182
gallon of diesel fuel for each calendar quarter. The figure shall	183
be published at least fifteen days before the beginning of the	184
second succeeding calendar quarter. The commissioner shall base	185
the average price on pricing information available from a data	186
service that regularly reports average prices of motor fuel. The	187
price shall not include any federal or state excise taxes on the	188
gasoline or diesel fuel, or the tax imposed by this chapter. The	189
price shall be rounded up to the nearest one-tenth of one cent.	190
The commissioner shall not include dyed diesel fuel in determining	191
the average wholesale price of a gallon of diesel fuel under this	192
division.	193
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(D) A taxpayer may bill or invoice the tax imposed by this 194 section to a purchaser of motor fuel and may separately and 195 proportionally state the amount of the tax on such bill or 196 invoice. 197

Sec. 5736.03. (A) No person shall avoid the tax imposed by 198 this chapter by receiving motor fuel outside of this state and 199 transferring the motor fuel into this state within one year. Any 200 such person shall be considered to have received the fuel in this 201 state and shall include as, in the calculation of modified gross 202

receipts <u>,</u>	the :	<del>value</del>	number	of ga	llons	<u>s</u> of	motor	fuel	the	person	203
transfers	into	this	state	within	one	year	after	the	pers	son	204
receives t	che p	ropert	y outs	ide of	this	s sta	te.				205

(B) The tax commissioner may adopt rules necessary to 206administer this section. 207

sec. 5736.04. (A) Not later than the tenth day of the second 208 month after the end of each calendar quarter, every taxpayer shall 209 file with the tax commissioner a tax return in such form as the 210 commissioner prescribes. The return shall include, but is not 211 limited to, the amount of the taxpayer's modified gross receipts 212 for the calendar quarter and shall indicate the amount of tax due 213 under section 5736.02 of the Revised Code for the calendar 214 quarter. The taxpayer shall indicate on each return the portion of 215 the taxpayer's gross receipts attributable to motor fuel used for 216 propelling vehicles on public highways and waterways and the 217 portion of such receipts attributable to motor fuel used for other 218 purposes. 219

(B)(1) The taxpayer shall remit the tax shown to be due on 220 the return, and, if required by the tax commissioner, file the 221 return, electronically. The commissioner may require taxpayers to 222 use the Ohio business gateway as defined in section 718.051 of the 223 Revised Code to file return returns and remit the tax, or may 224 provide another means for taxpayers to file and remit the tax 225 electronically. 226

(2) A person required by this section to remit taxes or file
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returns electronically may apply to the commissioner, on the form
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prescribed by the commissioner, to be excused from that
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requirement. The commissioner may excuse a person from such
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requirement for good cause.

(C) The tax rate with respect to <u>modified</u> gross receipts for 232

a calendar quarter is not fixed until the end of the measurement 233 period for each calendar quarter. The total amount of <u>modified</u> 234 gross receipts reported for a given calendar quarter shall be 235 subject to the tax rate in effect in that quarter. 236

Sec. 5736.06. (A) No person subject to the tax imposed by 237 section 5736.02 of the Revised Code shall distribute, import, or 238 cause the importation of motor fuel for consumption in this state 239 without holding a supplier's license issued by the tax 240 commissioner to engage in such activities. 241

(B)(1) A person subject to the tax imposed by section 5736.02 242 of the Revised Code shall, on or before March 1, 2014, or within 243 thirty days of first becoming subject to the tax imposed by this 244 chapter, whichever is earlier, apply to the tax commissioner for a 245 supplier's license on the form prescribed by the commissioner. 246

(2) Each person issued a supplier's license under division 247
(B)(1) of this section shall apply to renew the license on or 248
before the first day of March of each year. 249

(3) With each license application submitted under division 250
(B)(1) or (2) of this section, the applicant shall pay an 251
application fee equal to one of the following amounts: 252

(a) If the applicant solely imports or causes the importation 253
of motor fuel for sale, exchange, or transfer by the person in 254
this state, three hundred dollars; 255

(b) If the applicant engages in activities in addition to 256those described in division (B)(3)(a) of this section, one 257thousand dollars. 258

If an applicant timely submits an application under division 259 (B)(1) of this section on or after the first day of September of 260 any year, the fee that would apply to the applicant under division 261 (B)(3)(a) or (b) of this section shall be reduced by one-half. 262

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(4) The failure to apply to the commissioner for a supplier's 263 license does not relieve a person from the requirement to file 264 returns and pay the tax imposed by this chapter. 265 (C) The tax commissioner may refuse to issue a license to any 266 applicant under this section in the following circumstances: 267 (1) The applicant has previously had any license canceled for 268 cause by the commissioner. 269 (2) The commissioner believes that the application is not 270 filed in good faith or is filed as a subterfuge in an attempt to 271 procure a license for another person. 272 (3) The applicant has violated any provision of this chapter. 273 (D) If the tax commissioner refuses to issue a license to an 274 applicant under this section, the applicant is entitled to a 275 refund of the application fee in accordance with section 5736.08 276 of the Revised Code. All application fees collected under this 277 section shall be deposited into the motor fuel receipts petroleum 278 activity tax administration fund created in section 5736.13 of the 279 Revised Code. 280 (E) No person shall make a false or fraudulent statement on 281 an application required by this section. 282

Sec. 5736.09. (A) The tax commissioner may make an 283 assessment, based on any information in the commissioner's 284 possession, against any person that fails to file a return or pay 285 any tax as required by this chapter. The commissioner shall give 286 the person assessed written notice of the assessment as provided 287 in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the 288 commissioner shall provide instructions on the manner in which to 289 petition for reassessment and request a hearing with respect to 290 the petition. 291

(B) Unless the person assessed, within sixty days after 292

service of the notice of assessment, files with the commissioner, 293 either personally or by certified mail, a written petition signed 294 by the person or the person's authorized agent having knowledge of 295 the facts, the assessment becomes final, and the amount of the 296 assessment is due and payable from the person assessed to the 297 treasurer of state. The petition shall indicate the objections of 298 the person assessed, but additional objections may be raised in 299 writing if received by the commissioner prior to the date shown on 300 the final determination. 301

If a petition for reassessment has been properly filed, the302commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised303Code.304

(C)(1) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of 305 the assessment, including accrued interest, remains unpaid, a 306 certified copy of the commissioner's entry making the assessment 307 final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of 308 common pleas in the county in which the person resides or has its 309 principal place of business in this state, or in the office of the 310 clerk of court of common pleas of Franklin county. 311

(2) Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 312 enter judgment for the state against the person assessed in the 313 amount shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the clerk 314 in a loose-leaf book entitled, "special judgments for the motor 315 fuel receipts petroleum activity tax" and shall have the same 316 effect as other judgments. Execution shall issue upon the judgment 317 at the request of the commissioner, and all laws applicable to 318 sales on execution shall apply to sales made under the judgment. 319

(3) If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within 320 sixty days after the day the assessment was issued, the portion of 321 the assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the 322 rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code 323 from the day the commissioner issues the assessment until it is 324

paid or until it is certified to the attorney general for 325 collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, whichever 326 comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment is certified 327 to the attorney general for collection, the entire unpaid portion 328 of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate per annum 329 prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the date of 330 certification until the date it is paid in its entirety. Interest 331 shall be paid in the same manner as the tax and may be collected 332 by the issuance of an assessment under this section. 333

(D) If the commissioner believes that collection of the tax 334 will be jeopardized unless proceedings to collect or secure 335 collection of the tax are instituted without delay, the 336 commissioner may issue a jeopardy assessment against the person 337 liable for the tax. Immediately upon the issuance of the jeopardy 338 assessment, the commissioner shall file an entry with the clerk of 339 the court of common pleas in the manner prescribed by division (C) 340 of this section. Notice of the jeopardy assessment shall be served 341 on the person assessed or the person's authorized agent in the 342 manner provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code within five 343 days of the filing of the entry with the clerk. The total amount 344 assessed is immediately due and payable, unless the person 345 assessed files a petition for reassessment in accordance with 346 division (B) of this section and provides security in a form 347 satisfactory to the commissioner and in an amount sufficient to 348 satisfy the unpaid balance of the assessment. Full or partial 349 payment of the assessment does not prejudice the commissioner's 350 consideration of the petition for reassessment. 351

(E) The commissioner shall immediately forward to the
 treasurer of state all amounts the commissioner receives under
 this section, and such amounts shall be considered as revenue
 arising from the tax imposed under this chapter.
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(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, no 356

assessment shall be made or issued against a taxpayer for the tax 357 imposed under this chapter more than four years after the due date 358 for the filing of the return for the tax period for which the tax 359 was reported, or more than four years after the return for the tax 360 period was filed, whichever is later. The time limit may be 361 extended if both the taxpayer and the commissioner consent in 362 writing to the extension or enter into an agreement waiving or 363 extending the time limit. Any such extension shall extend the 364 four-year time limit in division (A) of section 5736.08 of the 365 Revised Code for the same period of time. Nothing in this division 366 bars an assessment against a taxpayer that fails to file a return 367 required by this chapter or that files a fraudulent return. 368

(G) If the commissioner possesses information that indicates 369 that the amount of tax a taxpayer is required to pay under this 370 chapter exceeds the amount the taxpayer paid, the commissioner may 371 audit a sample of the taxpayer's modified gross receipts over a 372 representative period of time to ascertain the amount of tax due, 373 and may issue an assessment based on the audit. The commissioner 374 shall make a good faith effort to reach agreement with the 375 taxpayer in selecting a representative sample. The commissioner 376 may apply a sampling method only if the commissioner has 377 prescribed the method by rule. 378

(H) If the whereabouts of a person subject to this chapter is 379
not known to the commissioner, the commissioner shall follow the 380
procedures under section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. 381

sec. 5736.13. (A) For the purpose of receiving, accounting 382
for, and distributing revenue received from the tax imposed by 383
section 5736.02 of the Revised Code, the following funds are 384
hereby created in the state treasury: 385

(1) The motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax fund; 386

(2) The motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax 387

administration fund. All amounts credited to the motor fuel 388 receipts petroleum activity tax administration fund shall be used 389 solely for the purpose of paying the expenses of the department of 390 taxation incident to the administration of the tax imposed by 391 section 5736.02 of the Revised Code. 392 (3) The motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax public 393 highways fund. 394 (B) All money collected from the tax imposed by section 395 5736.02 of the Revised Code shall be deposited into the motor fuel 396 receipts petroleum activity tax fund. 397 (C) From the motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax fund, 398 the director of budget and management shall place to the credit of 399 the tax refund fund established by section 5703.052 of the Revised 400 Code amounts equal to the refunds certified by the tax 401 commissioner pursuant to section 5736.08 of the Revised Code. 402 (D) Not later than the last day of March, June, September, 403 and December of each year, the director of budget and management 404 shall provide for the transfer of the balance of the motor fuel 405 receipts petroleum activity tax fund as of the last day of the 406 preceding month, excluding any amounts required to be transferred 407 as provided in division (C) of this section, as follows: 408 (1) To the motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax 409

administration fund, one per cent; 410

(2) To the motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax public 411 highways fund, an amount that bears the same ratio to the balance 412 in the motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax fund, after 413 subtracting the amount transferred under division (D)(1) of this 414 section, that (a) the modified gross receipts attributed to motor 415 fuel used for propelling vehicles on public highways and waterways 416 as indicated by ascertained from returns filed by the last day of 417 the preceding month, bears to (b) all modified gross receipts as 418

indicated by ascertained from those returns;	419
(3) To the general revenue fund, the amount remaining after	420
the transfers required by divisions (D)(1) and (2) of this	421
section.	422
Sec. 5751.01. As used in this chapter:	423
(A) "Person" means, but is not limited to, individuals,	424
combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees,	425
trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies,	426
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business trusts, estates, partnerships, limited liability427partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint428ventures, clubs, societies, for-profit corporations, S429corporations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified430subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are disregarded for431federal income tax purposes, and any other entities.432

(B) "Consolidated elected taxpayer" means a group of two or
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more persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this
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chapter as the result of an election made under section 5751.011
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of the Revised Code.

(C) "Combined taxpayer" means a group of two or more persons
treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this chapter under
section 5751.012 of the Revised Code.
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(D) "Taxpayer" means any person, or any group of persons in 440
the case of a consolidated elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer 441
treated as one taxpayer, required to register or pay tax under 442
this chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include excluded persons. 443

(E) "Excluded person" means any of the following:

(1) Any person with not more than one hundred fifty thousand
dollars of taxable gross receipts during the calendar year.
Division (E)(1) of this section does not apply to a person that is
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a member of a consolidated elected taxpayer;

(2) A public utility that paid the excise tax imposed by
section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of the Revised Code based on one or
more measurement periods that include the entire tax period under
this chapter, except that a public utility that is a combined
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company is a taxpayer with regard to the following gross receipts:

(a) Taxable gross receipts directly attributed to a public
utility activity, but not directly attributed to an activity that
is subject to the excise tax imposed by section 5727.24 or 5727.30
of the Revised Code;

(b) Taxable gross receipts that cannot be directly attributed
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to any activity, multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the
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taxable gross receipts described in division (E)(2)(a) of this
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section and whose denominator is the total taxable gross receipts
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that can be directly attributed to any activity;

(c) Except for any differences resulting from the use of an 463 accrual basis method of accounting for purposes of determining 464 gross receipts under this chapter and the use of the cash basis 465 method of accounting for purposes of determining gross receipts 466 under section 5727.24 of the Revised Code, the gross receipts 467 directly attributed to the activity of a natural gas company shall 468 be determined in a manner consistent with division (D) of section 469 5727.03 of the Revised Code. 470

As used in division (E)(2) of this section, "combined 471 company" and "public utility" have the same meanings as in section 472 5727.01 of the Revised Code. 473

(3) A financial institution, as defined in section 5726.01 of
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the Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of
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the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include
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the entire tax period under this chapter;
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(4) A person directly or indirectly owned by one or morefinancial institutions, as defined in section 5726.01 of the479

Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of the480Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include the481entire tax period under this chapter.482

For the purposes of division (E)(4) of this section, a person483owns another person under the following circumstances:484

(a) In the case of corporations issuing capital stock, one
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 corporation owns another corporation if it owns fifty per cent or
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 more of the other corporation's capital stock with current voting
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 rights;
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(b) In the case of a limited liability company, one person
owns the company if that person's membership interest, as defined
in section 1705.01 of the Revised Code, is fifty per cent or more
of the combined membership interests of all persons owning such
interests in the company;

(c) In the case of a partnership, trust, or other 494 unincorporated business organization other than a limited 495 liability company, one person owns the organization if, under the 496 articles of organization or other instrument governing the affairs 497 of the organization, that person has a beneficial interest in the 498 organization's profits, surpluses, losses, or distributions of 499 fifty per cent or more of the combined beneficial interests of all 500 persons having such an interest in the organization. 501

(5) A domestic insurance company or foreign insurance
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(6) A person that solely facilitates or services one or moresecuritizations of phase-in-recovery property pursuant to a final510

financing order as those terms are defined in section 4928.23 of 511 the Revised Code. For purposes of this division, "securitization" 512 means transferring one or more assets to one or more persons and 513 then issuing securities backed by the right to receive payment 514 from the asset or assets so transferred. 515

(7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a 516 pre-income tax trust as defined in division (FF)(4) of section 517 5747.01 of the Revised Code and any pass-through entity of which 518 such pre-income tax trust owns or controls, directly, indirectly, 519 or constructively through related interests, more than five per 520 cent of the ownership or equity interests. If the pre-income tax 521 trust has made a qualifying pre-income tax trust election under 522 division (FF)(3) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, then the 523 trust and the pass-through entities of which it owns or controls, 524 directly, indirectly, or constructively through related interests, 525 more than five per cent of the ownership or equity interests, 526 shall not be excluded persons for purposes of the tax imposed 527 under section 5751.02 of the Revised Code. 528

(8) Nonprofit organizations or the state and its agencies, 529instrumentalities, or political subdivisions. 530

(F) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F)(2), (3), 531 and (4) of this section, "gross receipts" means the total amount 532 realized by a person, without deduction for the cost of goods sold 533 or other expenses incurred, that contributes to the production of 534 gross income of the person, including the fair market value of any 535 property and any services received, and any debt transferred or 536 forgiven as consideration. 537

(1) The following are examples of gross receipts: 538

(a) Amounts realized from the sale, exchange, or otherdisposition of the taxpayer's property to or with another;540

(b) Amounts realized from the taxpayer's performance of 541

services for another;542(c) Amounts realized from another's use or possession of the543taxpayer's property or capital;544(d) Any combination of the foregoing amounts.545

(2) "Gross receipts" excludes the following amounts: 546

(a) Interest income except interest on credit sales; 547

(b) Dividends and distributions from corporations, and
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 distributive or proportionate shares of receipts and income from a
 pass-through entity as defined under section 5733.04 of the
 Revised Code;

(c) Receipts from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of 552 an asset described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue 553 Code, without regard to the length of time the person held the 554 asset. Notwithstanding section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code, 555 receipts from hedging transactions also are excluded to the extent 556 the transactions are entered into primarily to protect a financial 557 position, such as managing the risk of exposure to (i) foreign 558 currency fluctuations that affect assets, liabilities, profits, 559 losses, equity, or investments in foreign operations; (ii) 560 interest rate fluctuations; or (iii) commodity price fluctuations. 561 As used in division (F)(2)(c) of this section, "hedging 562 transaction" has the same meaning as used in section 1221 of the 563 Internal Revenue Code and also includes transactions accorded 564 hedge accounting treatment under statement of financial accounting 565 standards number 133 of the financial accounting standards board. 566 For the purposes of division (F)(2)(c) of this section, the actual 567 transfer of title of real or tangible personal property to another 568 entity is not a hedging transaction. 569

(d) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment,
maturity, or redemption of the principal of a loan, bond, mutual
fund, certificate of deposit, or marketable instrument;
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(e) The principal amount received under a repurchase
 agreement or on account of any transaction properly characterized
 as a loan to the person;
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(f) Contributions received by a trust, plan, or other
arrangement, any of which is described in section 501(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code, or to which Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter
Subchapter (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies;
579

(g) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether in 580 cash or in kind, received or to be received by an employee, former 581 employee, or the employee's legal successor for services rendered 582 to or for an employer, including reimbursements received by or for 583 an individual for medical or education expenses, health insurance 584 premiums, or employee expenses, or on account of a dependent care 585 spending account, legal services plan, any cafeteria plan 586 587 described in section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any similar employee reimbursement; 588

(h) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer's own 589
 stock, options, warrants, puts, or calls, or from the sale of the 590
 taxpayer's treasury stock; 591

(i) Proceeds received on the account of payments from 592
 insurance policies, except those proceeds received for the loss of 593
 business revenue; 594

(j) Gifts or charitable contributions received; membership 595 dues received by trade, professional, homeowners', or condominium 596 associations; and payments received for educational courses, 597 meetings, meals, or similar payments to a trade, professional, or 598 other similar association; and fundraising receipts received by 599 any person when any excess receipts are donated or used 600 exclusively for charitable purposes; 601

(k) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess of 602amounts that, if received without litigation, would be gross 603

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receipts;

(1) Property, money, and other amounts received or acquired	605
by an agent on behalf of another in excess of the agent's	606
commission, fee, or other remuneration;	607

(m) Tax refunds, other tax benefit recoveries, and 608 reimbursements for the tax imposed under this chapter made by 609 entities that are part of the same combined taxpayer or 610 consolidated elected taxpayer group, and reimbursements made by 611 entities that are not members of a combined taxpayer or 612 consolidated elected taxpayer group that are required to be made 613 for economic parity among multiple owners of an entity whose tax 614 obligation under this chapter is required to be reported and paid 615 entirely by one owner, pursuant to the requirements of sections 616 5751.011 and 5751.012 of the Revised Code; 617

- (n) Pension reversions;
- (o) Contributions to capital;

(p) Sales or use taxes collected as a vendor or an
out-of-state seller on behalf of the taxing jurisdiction from a
consumer or other taxes the taxpayer is required by law to collect
directly from a purchaser and remit to a local, state, or federal
tax authority;

(q) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes or
(d) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes or
(d) tobacco products by a wholesale dealer, retail dealer,
(d) distributor, manufacturer, or seller, all as defined in section
(d) for the Revised Code, an amount equal to the federal and
(d) state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such cigarettes or
(d) for the Revised Code;
(d) for the Revised Code;

(r) Receipts from the sale, transfer, exchange, or other
disposition of motor fuel as "motor fuel" is defined in section
5736.01 of the Revised Code, including receipts from billing or
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invoicing the tax imposed under section 5736.02 of the Revised	635	
Code to another person;		
(s) In the case of receipts from the sale of beer or	637	
intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 4301.01 of the Revised	638	
Code, by a person holding a permit issued under Chapter 4301. or	639	
4303. of the Revised Code, an amount equal to federal and state	640	
excise taxes paid by any person on or for such beer or	641	
intoxicating liquor under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code	642	
or Chapter 4301. or 4305. of the Revised Code;	643	
(t) Receipts realized by a new motor vehicle dealer or used	644	
motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised	645	
Code, from the sale or other transfer of a motor vehicle, as	646	
defined in that section, to another motor vehicle dealer for the	647	
purpose of resale by the transferee motor vehicle dealer, but only	648	
if the sale or other transfer was based upon the transferee's need	649	
to meet a specific customer's preference for a motor vehicle;	650	
(u) Receipts from a financial institution described in	651	
division (E)(3) of this section for services provided to the	652	
financial institution in connection with the issuance, processing,	653	
servicing, and management of loans or credit accounts, if such	654	
financial institution and the recipient of such receipts have at	655	
least fifty per cent of their ownership interests owned or	656	
controlled, directly or constructively through related interests,	657	

by common owners;

(v) Receipts realized from administering anti-neoplastic
 drugs and other cancer chemotherapy, biologicals, therapeutic
 agents, and supportive drugs in a physician's office to patients
 with cancer;

(w) Funds received or used by a mortgage broker that is not a
dealer in intangibles, other than fees or other consideration,
pursuant to a table-funding mortgage loan or warehouse-lending
665

mortgage loan. Terms used in division (F)(2)(w) of this section 666
have the same meanings as in section 1322.01 of the Revised Code, 667
except "mortgage broker" means a person assisting a buyer in 668
obtaining a mortgage loan for a fee or other consideration paid by 669
the buyer or a lender, or a person engaged in table-funding or 670
warehouse-lending mortgage loans that are first lien mortgage 671
loans. 672

(x) Property, money, and other amounts received by a
professional employer organization, as defined in section 4125.01
of the Revised Code, from a client employer, as defined in that
675
section, in excess of the administrative fee charged by the
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professional employer organization to the client employer;
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(y) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a
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permit holder under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code, an amount
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equal to the amounts specified under that chapter that must be
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paid to or collected by the tax commissioner as a tax and the
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amounts specified under that chapter to be used as purse money;
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(z) Qualifying distribution center receipts. 683

(i) For purposes of division (F)(2)(z) of this section: 684

(I) "Qualifying distribution center receipts" means receipts
of a supplier from qualified property that is delivered to a
qualified distribution center, multiplied by a quantity that
equals one minus the Ohio delivery percentage. If the qualified
distribution center is a refining facility, "supplier" includes
all dealers, brokers, processors, sellers, vendors, cosigners, and
distributors of qualified property.

(II) "Qualified property" means tangible personal property
delivered to a qualified distribution center that is shipped to
that qualified distribution center solely for further shipping by
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the qualified distribution center to another location in this
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state or elsewhere or, in the case of gold, silver, platinum, or

. ...

palladium delivered to a refining facility solely for refining to 697 a grade and fineness acceptable for delivery to a registered 698 commodities exchange. "Further shipping" includes storing and 699 repackaging property into smaller or larger bundles, so long as 700 the property is not subject to further manufacturing or 701 processing. "Refining" is limited to extracting impurities from 702 gold, silver, platinum, or palladium through smelting or some 703 other process at a refining facility. 704

(III) "Qualified distribution center" means a warehouse, a 705 facility similar to a warehouse, or a refining facility in this 706 state that, for the qualifying year, is operated by a person that 707 is not part of a combined taxpayer group and that has a qualifying 708 certificate. All warehouses or facilities similar to warehouses 709 that are operated by persons in the same taxpayer group and that 710 are located within one mile of each other shall be treated as one 711 qualified distribution center. All refining facilities that are 712 operated by persons in the same taxpayer group and that are 713 located in the same or adjacent counties may be treated as one 714 qualified distribution center. 715

(IV) "Qualifying year" means the calendar year to which the 716 qualifying certificate applies. 717

(V) "Qualifying period" means the period of the first day of
July of the second year preceding the qualifying year through the
thirtieth day of June of the year preceding the qualifying year.

(VI) "Qualifying certificate" means the certificate issued by 721 the tax commissioner after the operator of a distribution center 722 files an annual application with the commissioner. The application 723 and annual fee shall be filed and paid for each qualified 724 distribution center on or before the first day of September before 725 the qualifying year or within forty-five days after the 726 distribution center opens, whichever is later. 727

Page 25

The applicant must substantiate to the commissioner's satisfaction that, for the qualifying period, all persons 729 operating the distribution center have more than fifty per cent of 730 the cost of the qualified property shipped to a location such that 731 it would be sitused outside this state under the provisions of 732 division (E) of section 5751.033 of the Revised Code. The 733 734 applicant must also substantiate that the distribution center cumulatively had costs from its suppliers equal to or exceeding 735 five hundred million dollars during the qualifying period. (For 736 purposes of division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section, "supplier" 737 excludes any person that is part of the consolidated elected 738 taxpayer group, if applicable, of the operator of the qualified 739 distribution center.) The commissioner may require the applicant 740 to have an independent certified public accountant certify that 741 the calculation of the minimum thresholds required for a qualified 742 distribution center by the operator of a distribution center has 743 been made in accordance with generally accepted accounting 744 principles. The commissioner shall issue or deny the issuance of a 745 certificate within sixty days after the receipt of the 746 application. A denial is subject to appeal under section 5717.02 747 of the Revised Code. If the operator files a timely appeal under 748 section 5717.02 of the Revised Code, the operator shall be granted 749 a qualifying certificate effective for the remainder of the 750 qualifying year or until the appeal is finalized, whichever is 751 earlier. If the operator does not prevail in the appeal, the 752 operator shall pay the ineligible operator's supplier tax 753 liability. 754

(VII) "Ohio delivery percentage" means the proportion of the 755 total property delivered to a destination inside Ohio from the 756 qualified distribution center during the qualifying period 757 compared with total deliveries from such distribution center 758 everywhere during the qualifying period. 759 commodities exchange.

(VIII) "Refining facility" means one or more buildings 760 located in a county in the Appalachian region of this state as 761 defined by section 107.21 of the Revised Code and utilized for 762 refining or smelting gold, silver, platinum, or palladium to a 763

(IX) "Registered commodities exchange" means a board of 766
trade, such as New York mercantile exchange, inc. or commodity 767
exchange, inc., designated as a contract market by the commodity 768
futures trading commission under the "Commodity Exchange Act," 7 769
U.S.C. 1 et seq., as amended. 770

grade and fineness acceptable for delivery to a registered

(X) "Ineligible operator's supplier tax liability" means an 771 amount equal to the tax liability of all suppliers of a 772 distribution center had the distribution center not been issued a 773 qualifying certificate for the qualifying year. Ineligible 774 operator's supplier tax liability shall not include interest or 775 penalties. The tax commissioner shall determine an ineligible 776 operator's supplier tax liability based on information that the 777 commissioner may request from the operator of the distribution 778 center. An operator shall provide a list of all suppliers of the 779 distribution center and the corresponding costs of qualified 780 property for the qualifying year at issue within sixty days of a 781 request by the commissioner under this division. 782

(ii)(I) If the distribution center is new and was not open 783 for the entire qualifying period, the operator of the distribution 784 center may request that the commissioner grant a qualifying 785 certificate. If the certificate is granted and it is later 786 determined that more than fifty per cent of the qualified property 787 during that year was not shipped to a location such that it would 788 be sitused outside of this state under the provisions of division 789 (E) of section 5751.033 of the Revised Code or if it is later 790 determined that the person that operates the distribution center 791

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had average monthly costs from its suppliers of less than forty
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million dollars during that year, then the operator of the
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distribution center shall pay the ineligible operator's supplier
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tax liability. (For purposes of division (F)(2)(z)(ii) of this
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section, "supplier" excludes any person that is part of the
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consolidated elected taxpayer group, if applicable, of the
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operator of the qualified distribution center.)

(II) The commissioner may grant a qualifying certificate to a 799 distribution center that does not qualify as a qualified 800 distribution center for an entire qualifying period if the 801 operator of the distribution center demonstrates that the business 802 operations of the distribution center have changed or will change 803 such that the distribution center will qualify as a qualified 804 distribution center within thirty-six months after the date the 805 operator first applies for a certificate. If, at the end of that 806 thirty-six-month period, the business operations of the 807 distribution center have not changed such that the distribution 808 center qualifies as a qualified distribution center, the operator 809 of the distribution center shall pay the ineligible operator's 810 supplier tax liability for each year that the distribution center 811 received a certificate but did not qualify as a qualified 812 distribution center. For each year the distribution center 813 receives a certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(II) of this 814 section, the distribution center shall pay all applicable fees 815 required under division (F)(2)(z) of this section and shall submit 816 an updated business plan showing the progress the distribution 817 center made toward qualifying as a qualified distribution center 818 during the preceding year. 819

(III) An operator may appeal a determination under division 820
(F)(2)(z)(ii)(I) or (II) of this section that the ineligible 821
operator is liable for the operator's supplier tax liability as a 822
result of not qualifying as a qualified distribution center, as 823

provided in section 5717.02 of the Revised Code.

(iii) When filing an application for a qualifying certificate 825 under division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section, the operator of a 826 qualified distribution center also shall provide documentation, as 827 the commissioner requires, for the commissioner to ascertain the 828 Ohio delivery percentage. The commissioner, upon issuing the 829 qualifying certificate, also shall certify the Ohio delivery 830 percentage. The operator of the qualified distribution center may 831 appeal the commissioner's certification of the Ohio delivery 832 percentage in the same manner as an appeal is taken from the 833 denial of a qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI)834 of this section. 835

(iv)(I) In the case where the distribution center is new and 836 not open for the entire qualifying period, the operator shall make 837 a good faith estimate of an Ohio delivery percentage for use by 838 suppliers in their reports of taxable gross receipts for the 839 remainder of the qualifying period. The operator of the facility 840 shall disclose to the suppliers that such Ohio delivery percentage 841 is an estimate and is subject to recalculation. By the due date of 842 the next application for a qualifying certificate, the operator 843 shall determine the actual Ohio delivery percentage for the 844 estimated qualifying period and proceed as provided in division 845 (F)(2)(z)(iii) of this section with respect to the calculation and 846 recalculation of the Ohio delivery percentage. The supplier is 847 required to file, within sixty days after receiving notice from 848 the operator of the qualified distribution center, amended reports 849 for the impacted calendar quarter or quarters or calendar year, 850 whichever the case may be. Any additional tax liability or tax 851 overpayment shall be subject to interest but shall not be subject 852 to the imposition of any penalty so long as the amended returns 853 are timely filed. 854

(II) The operator of a distribution center that receives a 855

qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(II) of this 856 section shall make a good faith estimate of the Ohio delivery 857 percentage that the operator estimates will apply to the 858 distribution center at the end of the thirty-six-month period 859 after the operator first applied for a qualifying certificate 860 under that division. The result of the estimate shall be 861 multiplied by a factor of one and seventy-five one-hundredths. The 862 product of that calculation shall be the Ohio delivery percentage 863 used by suppliers in their reports of taxable gross receipts for 864 each qualifying year that the distribution center receives a 865 qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(II) of this 866 section, except that, if the product is less than five per cent, 867 the Ohio delivery percentage used shall be five per cent and that, 868 if the product exceeds forty-nine per cent, the Ohio delivery 869 percentage used shall be forty-nine per cent. 870

(v) Qualifying certificates and Ohio delivery percentages 871 issued by the commissioner shall be open to public inspection and 872 shall be timely published by the commissioner. A supplier relying 873 in good faith on a certificate issued under this division shall 874 not be subject to tax on the qualifying distribution center 875 receipts under division (F)(2)(z) of this section. An operator 876 receiving a qualifying certificate is liable for the ineligible 877 operator's supplier tax liability for each year the operator 878 received a certificate but did not qualify as a qualified 879 distribution center. 880

(vi) The annual fee for a qualifying certificate shall be one 881 hundred thousand dollars for each qualified distribution center. 882 If a qualifying certificate is not issued, the annual fee is 883 subject to refund after the exhaustion of all appeals provided for 884 in division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section. The first one 885 hundred thousand dollars of the annual application fees collected 886 each calendar year shall be credited to the revenue enhancement 887

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fund. The remainder of the annual application fees collected shall 888 be distributed in the same manner required under section 5751.20 889 of the Revised Code. 890 (vii) The tax commissioner may require that adequate security 891 be posted by the operator of the distribution center on appeal 892 when the commissioner disagrees that the applicant has met the 893 minimum thresholds for a qualified distribution center as set 894 forth in division (F)(2)(z) of this section. 895 (aa) Receipts of an employer from payroll deductions relating 896 to the reimbursement of the employer for advancing moneys to an 897 unrelated third party on an employee's behalf; 898 (bb) Cash discounts allowed and taken; 899 (cc) Returns and allowances; 900 (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax 901 imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment 902 period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any 903 debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the 904 preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been 905 uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a 906 deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code and the 907 regulations adopted under that section, or that could be claimed 908 as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on the accrual basis. 909 "Bad debts" does not include repossessed property, uncollectible 910 amounts on property that remains in the possession of the taxpayer 911 until the full purchase price is paid, or expenses in attempting 912 to collect any account receivable or for any portion of the debt 913 recovered; 914

(ee) Any amount realized from the sale of an account 915 receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying 916 transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included in 917 the gross receipts of the taxpayer; 918

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(ff) Any receipts directly attributed to a transfer agreement
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or to the enterprise transferred under that agreement under
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section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.
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(gg)(i) As used in this division:

(I) "Qualified uranium receipts" means receipts from the 923 sale, exchange, lease, loan, production, processing, or other 924 disposition of uranium within a uranium enrichment zone certified 925 by the tax commissioner under division (F)(2)(gg)(ii) of this 926 section. "Qualified uranium receipts" does not include any 927 928 receipts with a situs in this state outside a uranium enrichment zone certified by the tax commissioner under division 929 (F)(2)(gg)(ii) of this section. 930

(II) "Uranium enrichment zone" means all real property that 931 is part of a uranium enrichment facility licensed by the United 932 States nuclear regulatory commission and that was or is owned or 933 controlled by the United States department of energy or its 934 successor. 935

(ii) Any person that owns, leases, or operates real or 936 tangible personal property constituting or located within a 937 uranium enrichment zone may apply to the tax commissioner to have 938 the uranium enrichment zone certified for the purpose of excluding 939 qualified uranium receipts under division (F)(2)(qg) of this 940 section. The application shall include such information that the 941 tax commissioner prescribes. Within sixty days after receiving the 942 application, the tax commissioner shall certify the zone for that 943 purpose if the commissioner determines that the property qualifies 944 as a uranium enrichment zone as defined in division (F)(2)(gg) of 945 this section, or, if the tax commissioner determines that the 946 property does not qualify, the commissioner shall deny the 947 application or request additional information from the applicant. 948 If the tax commissioner denies an application, the commissioner 949 shall state the reasons for the denial. The applicant may appeal 950

the denial of an application to the board of tax appeals pursuant 951 to section 5717.02 of the Revised Code. If the applicant files a 952 timely appeal, the tax commissioner shall conditionally certify 953 the applicant's property. The conditional certification shall 954 expire when all of the applicant's appeals are exhausted. Until 955 final resolution of the appeal, the applicant shall retain the 956 applicant's records in accordance with section 5751.12 of the 957 Revised Code, notwithstanding any time limit on the preservation 958 of records under that section. 959

(hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino 960 operator from casino gaming, amounts in excess of the casino 961 operator's gross casino revenue. In this division, "casino 962 operator" and "casino gaming" have the meanings defined in section 963 3772.01 of the Revised Code, and "gross casino revenue" has the 964 meaning defined in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code. 965

(ii) Receipts realized from the sale of agricultural 966 commodities by an agricultural commodity handler, both as defined 967 in section 926.01 of the Revised Code, that is licensed by the 968 director of agriculture to handle agricultural commodities in this 969 state.

(jj) Any receipts for which the tax imposed by this chapter 971 is prohibited by the constitution or laws of the United States or 972 the constitution of this state. 973

(3) In the case of a taxpayer when acting as a real estate 974 broker, "gross receipts" includes only the portion of any fee for 975 the service of a real estate broker, or service of a real estate 976 salesperson associated with that broker, that is retained by the 977 broker and not paid to an associated real estate salesperson or 978 another real estate broker. For the purposes of this division, 979 "real estate broker" and "real estate salesperson" have the same 980 meanings as in section 4735.01 of the Revised Code. 981

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(4) A taxpayer's method of accounting for gross receipts for
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a tax period shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of
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accounting for federal income tax purposes for the taxpayer's
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federal taxable year that includes the tax period. If a taxpayer's
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method of accounting for federal income tax purposes changes, its
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method of accounting for gross receipts under this chapter shall
987
be changed accordingly.

(G) "Taxable gross receipts" means gross receipts sitused to 989this state under section 5751.033 of the Revised Code. 990

(H) A person has "substantial nexus with this state" if any 991of the following applies. The person: 992

(1) Owns or uses a part or all of its capital in this state; 993

(2) Holds a certificate of compliance with the laws of this994state authorizing the person to do business in this state;995

(3) Has bright-line presence in this state;

(4) Otherwise has nexus with this state to an extent that the
person can be required to remit the tax imposed under this chapter
998
under the Constitution of the United States.
999

(I) A person has "bright-line presence" in this state for a 1000 reporting period and for the remaining portion of the calendar 1001 year if any of the following applies. The person: 1002

(1) Has at any time during the calendar year property in this
state with an aggregate value of at least fifty thousand dollars.
1004
For the purpose of division (I)(1) of this section, owned property
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is valued at original cost and rented property is valued at eight
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times the net annual rental charge.

(2) Has during the calendar year payroll in this state of at 1008least fifty thousand dollars. Payroll in this state includes all 1009of the following: 1010

(a) Any amount subject to withholding by the person under 1011

1012

section 5747.06 of the Revised Code;

(b) Any other amount the person pays as compensation to an
 individual under the supervision or control of the person for work
 done in this state; and
 1013

(c) Any amount the person pays for services performed in thisstate on its behalf by another.1017

(3) Has during the calendar year taxable gross receipts of at 1018least five hundred thousand dollars. 1019

(4) Has at any time during the calendar year within this
state at least twenty-five per cent of the person's total
property, total payroll, or total gross receipts.

(5) Is domiciled in this state as an individual or forcorporate, commercial, or other business purposes.1024

(J) "Tangible personal property" has the same meaning as in 1025 section 5739.01 of the Revised Code. 1026

(K) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code 1027 of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. Any term used in 1028 this chapter that is not otherwise defined has the same meaning as 1029 when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States 1030 relating to federal income taxes unless a different meaning is 1031 clearly required. Any reference in this chapter to the Internal 1032 Revenue Code includes other laws of the United States relating to 1033 federal income taxes. 1034

(L) "Calendar quarter" means a three-month period ending on 1035
the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the 1036
thirtieth day of September, or the thirty-first day of December. 1037

(M) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter or calendar year1038on the basis of which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax1039imposed under this chapter.

(N) "Calendar year taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which the 1041

tax period is a calendar year. 1042 (O) "Calendar quarter taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which 1043 the tax period is a calendar quarter. 1044 (P) "Agent" means a person authorized by another person to 1045 act on its behalf to undertake a transaction for the other, 1046 including any of the following: 1047 (1) A person receiving a fee to sell financial instruments; 1048 (2) A person retaining only a commission from a transaction 1049 with the other proceeds from the transaction being remitted to 1050 another person; 1051 (3) A person issuing licenses and permits under section 1052 1533.13 of the Revised Code; 1053 (4) A lottery sales agent holding a valid license issued 1054 under section 3770.05 of the Revised Code; 1055 (5) A person acting as an agent of the division of liquor 1056 control under section 4301.17 of the Revised Code. 1057 (Q) "Received" includes amounts accrued under the accrual 1058 method of accounting. 1059 (R) "Reporting person" means a person in a consolidated 1060

elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer group that is designated by 1061 that group to legally bind the group for all filings and tax 1062 liabilities and to receive all legal notices with respect to 1063 matters under this chapter, or, for the purposes of section 1064 5751.04 of the Revised Code, a separate taxpayer that is not a 1065 member of such a group. 1066

**Sec. 5751.20.** (A) As used in sections 5751.20 to 5751.22 of 1067 the Revised Code: 1068

(1) "School district," "joint vocational school district," 1069
"local taxing unit," "recognized valuation," "fixed-rate levy," 1070

and "fixed-sum levy" have the same meanings as used in section10715727.84 of the Revised Code.1072

(2) "State education aid" for a school district means the 1073following: 1074

(a) For fiscal years prior to fiscal year 2010, the sum of 1075 state aid amounts computed for the district under the following 1076 provisions, as they existed for the applicable fiscal year: 1077 division (A) of section 3317.022 of the Revised Code, including 1078 the amounts calculated under former section 3317.029 and section 1079 3317.0217 of the Revised Code; divisions (C)(1), (C)(4), (D), (E), 1080 and (F) of section 3317.022; divisions (B), (C), and (D) of 1081 section 3317.023; divisions (L) and (N) of section 3317.024; 1082 section 3317.0216; and any unit payments for gifted student 1083 services paid under section 3317.05 and former sections 3317.052 1084 and 3317.053 of the Revised Code; except that, for fiscal years 1085 2008 and 2009, the amount computed for the district under Section 1086 269.20.80 of H.B. 119 of the 127th general assembly and as that 1087 section subsequently may be amended shall be substituted for the 1088 amount computed under division (D) of section 3317.022 of the 1089 Revised Code, and the amount computed under Section 269.30.80 of 1090 H.B. 119 of the 127th general assembly and as that section 1091 subsequently may be amended shall be included. 1092

(b) For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, the sum of the amounts 1093
computed under former sections 3306.052, 3306.12, 3306.13, 1094
3306.19, 3306.191, and 3306.192 of the Revised Code; 1095

(c) For fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the sum of the amounts 1096
 paid under Sections 267.30.50, 267.30.53, and 267.30.56 of H.B. 1097
 153 of the 129th general assembly; 1098

(d) For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, the 1099
sum of state amounts computed for the district under section 1100
3317.022 of the Revised Code; except that, for fiscal years 2014 1101

and 2015, the amount computed for the district under the section1102of this act entitled "TRANSITIONAL AID FOR CITY, LOCAL, AND1103EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICTS" shall be included.1104

(3) "State education aid" for a joint vocational schooldistrict means the following:1106

(a) For fiscal years prior to fiscal year 2010, the sum of 1107
the state aid computed for the district under division (N) of 1108
section 3317.024 and former section 3317.16 of the Revised Code, 1109
except that, for fiscal years 2008 and 2009, the amount computed 1110
under Section 269.30.80 of H.B. 119 of the 127th general assembly 1111
and as that section subsequently may be amended shall be included. 1112

(b) For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, the amount paid in 1113 accordance with Section 265.30.50 of H.B. 1 of the 128th general 1114 assembly. 1115

(c) For fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the amount paid in 1116 accordance with Section 267.30.60 of H.B. 153 of the 129th general 1117 assembly. 1118

(d) For fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, the 1119 amount computed for the district under section 3317.16 of the 1120 Revised Code; except that, for fiscal years 2014 and 2015, the 1121 amount computed for the district under the section of this act 1122 entitled "TRANSITIONAL AID FOR JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS" 1123 shall be included. 1124

(4) "State education aid offset" means the amount determined 1125
for each school district or joint vocational school district under 1126
division (A)(1) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code. 1127

(5) "Machinery and equipment property tax value loss" means1128the amount determined under division (C)(1) of this section.1129

(6) "Inventory property tax value loss" means the amountdetermined under division (C)(2) of this section.1131

(7) "Furniture and fixtures property tax value loss" means	1132
the amount determined under division (C)(3) of this section.	1133
(8) "Machinery and equipment fixed-rate levy loss" means the	1134
amount determined under division (D)(1) of this section.	1135
(9) "Inventory fixed-rate levy loss" means the amount	1136
determined under division (D)(2) of this section.	1137
(10) "Furniture and fixtures fixed-rate levy loss" means the	1138
amount determined under division (D)(3) of this section.	1139
(11) "Total fixed-rate levy loss" means the sum of the	1140
machinery and equipment fixed-rate levy loss, the inventory	1141
fixed-rate levy loss, the furniture and fixtures fixed-rate levy	1142
loss, and the telephone company fixed-rate levy loss.	1143

(12) "Fixed-sum levy loss" means the amount determined under 1144 division (E) of this section. 1145

(13) "Machinery and equipment" means personal property 1146 subject to the assessment rate specified in division (F) of 1147 section 5711.22 of the Revised Code. 1148

(14) "Inventory" means personal property subject to the 1149 assessment rate specified in division (E) of section 5711.22 of 1150 the Revised Code. 1151

(15) "Furniture and fixtures" means personal property subject 1152 to the assessment rate specified in division (G) of section 1153 5711.22 of the Revised Code. 1154

(16) "Qualifying levies" are levies in effect for tax year 1155 2004 or applicable to tax year 2005 or approved at an election 1156 conducted before September 1, 2005. For the purpose of determining 1157 the rate of a qualifying levy authorized by section 5705.212 or 1158 5705.213 of the Revised Code, the rate shall be the rate that 1159 would be in effect for tax year 2010. 1160

(17) "Telephone property" means tangible personal property of 1161 (18) "Telephone property tax value loss" means the amountdetermined under division (C)(4) of this section.1166

(19) "Telephone property fixed-rate levy loss" means theamount determined under division (D)(4) of this section.1168

(20) "Taxes charged and payable" means taxes charged and 1169
payable after the reduction required by section 319.301 of the 1170
Revised Code but before the reductions required by sections 1171
319.302 and 323.152 of the Revised Code. 1172

(21) "Median estate tax collections" means, in the case of a 1173 municipal corporation to which revenue from the taxes levied in 1174 Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code was distributed in each of 1175 calendar years 2006, 2007, 2008, and 2009, the median of those 1176 distributions. In the case of a municipal corporation to which no 1177 distributions were made in one or more of those years, "median 1178 estate tax collections" means zero. 1179

(22) "Total resources," in the case of a school district, 1180
means the sum of the amounts in divisions (A)(22)(a) to (h) of 1181
this section less any reduction required under division (A)(32) or 1182
(33) of this section. 1183

(a) The state education aid for fiscal year 2010;

(b) The sum of the payments received by the school district 1185 in fiscal year 2010 for current expense levy losses pursuant to 1186 division (C)(2) of section 5727.85 and divisions (C)(8) and (9) of 1187 section 5751.21 of the Revised Code, excluding the portion of such 1188 payments attributable to levies for joint vocational school 1189 district purposes; 1190

(c) The sum of fixed-sum levy loss payments received by the 1191

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1220

school district in fiscal year 2010 pursuant to division (E)(1) of1192section 5727.85 and division (E)(1) of section 5751.21 of the1193Revised Code for fixed-sum levies charged and payable for a1194purpose other than paying debt charges;1195

(d) Fifty per cent of the school district's taxes charged and 1196 payable against all property on the tax list of real and public 1197 utility property for current expense purposes for tax year 2008, 1198 including taxes charged and payable from emergency levies charged 1199 and payable under section 5709.194 of the Revised Code and 1200 excluding taxes levied for joint vocational school district 1201 purposes; 1202

(e) Fifty per cent of the school district's taxes charged and 1203
payable against all property on the tax list of real and public 1204
utility property for current expenses for tax year 2009, including 1205
taxes charged and payable from emergency levies and excluding 1206
taxes levied for joint vocational school district purposes; 1207

(f) The school district's taxes charged and payable against 1208
all property on the general tax list of personal property for 1209
current expenses for tax year 2009, including taxes charged and 1210
payable from emergency levies; 1211

(g) The amount certified for fiscal year 2010 under division 1212(A)(2) of section 3317.08 of the Revised Code; 1213

(h) Distributions received during calendar year 2009 from 1214taxes levied under section 718.09 of the Revised Code. 1215

(23) "Total resources," in the case of a joint vocational
1216
school district, means the sum of amounts in divisions (A)(23)(a)
1217
to (g) of this section less any reduction required under division
1218
(A)(32) of this section.

(a) The state education aid for fiscal year 2010;

(b) The sum of the payments received by the joint vocational 1221

school district in fiscal year 2010 for current expense levy1222losses pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 5727.85 and1223divisions (C)(8) and (9) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code;1224

(c) Fifty per cent of the joint vocational school district's 1225 taxes charged and payable against all property on the tax list of 1226 real and public utility property for current expense purposes for 1227 tax year 2008; 1228

(d) Fifty per cent of the joint vocational school district's 1229
taxes charged and payable against all property on the tax list of 1230
real and public utility property for current expenses for tax year 1231
2009; 1232

(e) Fifty per cent of a city, local, or exempted village
1233
school district's taxes charged and payable against all property
1234
on the tax list of real and public utility property for current
1235
expenses of the joint vocational school district for tax year
1236
2008;

(f) Fifty per cent of a city, local, or exempted village 1238
school district's taxes charged and payable against all property 1239
on the tax list of real and public utility property for current 1240
expenses of the joint vocational school district for tax year 1241
2009; 1242

(g) The joint vocational school district's taxes charged and
payable against all property on the general tax list of personal
property for current expenses for tax year 2009.

(24) "Total resources," in the case of county mental health
and disability related functions, means the sum of the amounts in
1247
divisions (A)(24)(a) and (b) of this section less any reduction
1248
required under division (A)(32) of this section.

(a) The sum of the payments received by the county for mental
health and developmental disability related functions in calendar
year 2010 under division (A)(1) of section 5727.86 and divisions
1252

(A)(1) and (2) of section 5751.22 of the Revised Code as they 1253
existed at that time; 1254

(b) With respect to taxes levied by the county for mental
health and developmental disability related purposes, the taxes
charged and payable for such purposes against all property on the
tax list of real and public utility property for tax year 2009.

(25) "Total resources," in the case of county senior services 1259
related functions, means the sum of the amounts in divisions 1260
(A)(25)(a) and (b) of this section less any reduction required 1261
under division (A)(32) of this section. 1262

(a) The sum of the payments received by the county for senior 1263
services related functions in calendar year 2010 under division 1264
(A)(1) of section 5727.86 and divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section 1265
5751.22 of the Revised Code as they existed at that time; 1266

(b) With respect to taxes levied by the county for senior 1267
services related purposes, the taxes charged and payable for such 1268
purposes against all property on the tax list of real and public 1269
utility property for tax year 2009. 1270

(26) "Total resources," in the case of county children's 1271
services related functions, means the sum of the amounts in 1272
divisions (A)(26)(a) and (b) of this section less any reduction 1273
required under division (A)(32) of this section. 1274

(a) The sum of the payments received by the county for
1275
children's services related functions in calendar year 2010 under
division (A)(1) of section 5727.86 and divisions (A)(1) and (2) of
section 5751.22 of the Revised Code as they existed at that time;
1278

(b) With respect to taxes levied by the county for children's 1279
services related purposes, the taxes charged and payable for such 1280
purposes against all property on the tax list of real and public 1281
utility property for tax year 2009. 1282

(27) "Total resources," in the case of county public health
related functions, means the sum of the amounts in divisions
(A)(27)(a) and (b) of this section less any reduction required
under division (A)(32) of this section.

(a) The sum of the payments received by the county for public
health related functions in calendar year 2010 under division
(A)(1) of section 5727.86 and divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section
5751.22 of the Revised Code as they existed at that time;

(b) With respect to taxes levied by the county for public
health related purposes, the taxes charged and payable for such
purposes against all property on the tax list of real and public
utility property for tax year 2009.

(28) "Total resources," in the case of all county functions 1295 not included in divisions (A)(24) to (27) of this section, means 1296 the sum of the amounts in divisions (A)(28)(a) to (d) of this 1297 section less any reduction required under division (A)(32) or (33) 1298 of this section. 1299

(a) The sum of the payments received by the county for all
other purposes in calendar year 2010 under division (A)(1) of
section 5727.86 and divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section 5751.22 of
the Revised Code as they existed at that time;

(b) The county's percentage share of county undivided local 1304 government fund allocations as certified to the tax commissioner 1305 for calendar year 2010 by the county auditor under division (J) of 1306 section 5747.51 of the Revised Code or division (F) of section 1307 5747.53 of the Revised Code multiplied by the total amount 1308 actually distributed in calendar year 2010 from the county 1309 undivided local government fund; 1310

(c) With respect to taxes levied by the county for all other
purposes, the taxes charged and payable for such purposes against
all property on the tax list of real and public utility property
1313

for tax year 2009, excluding taxes charged and payable for the 1314 purpose of paying debt charges; 1315 (d) The sum of the amounts distributed to the county in 1316 calendar year 2010 for the taxes levied pursuant to sections 1317 5739.021 and 5741.021 of the Revised Code. 1318 (29) "Total resources," in the case of a municipal 1319 corporation, means the sum of the amounts in divisions (A)(29)(a) 1320 to (q) of this section less any reduction required under division 1321 (A)(32) or (33) of this section. 1322 (a) The sum of the payments received by the municipal 1323 corporation in calendar year 2010 for current expense levy losses 1324 under division (A)(1) of section 5727.86 and divisions (A)(1) and 1325 (2) of section 5751.22 of the Revised Code as they existed at that 1326 time; 1327 (b) The municipal corporation's percentage share of county 1328 undivided local government fund allocations as certified to the 1329 tax commissioner for calendar year 2010 by the county auditor 1330 under division (J) of section 5747.51 of the Revised Code or 1331 division (F) of section 5747.53 of the Revised Code multiplied by 1332 the total amount actually distributed in calendar year 2010 from 1333 the county undivided local government fund; 1334 (c) The sum of the amounts distributed to the municipal 1335 corporation in calendar year 2010 pursuant to section 5747.50 of 1336 the Revised Code; 1337

(d) With respect to taxes levied by the municipal 1338 corporation, the taxes charged and payable against all property on 1339 the tax list of real and public utility property for current 1340 expenses, defined in division (A)(35) of this section, for tax 1341 year 2009; 1342

(e) The amount of admissions tax collected by the municipal 1343corporation in calendar year 2008, or if such information has not 1344

yet been reported to the tax commissioner, in the most recent year 1345 before 2008 for which the municipal corporation has reported data 1346 to the commissioner; 1347 (f) The amount of income taxes collected by the municipal 1348 corporation in calendar year 2008, or if such information has not 1349 yet been reported to the tax commissioner, in the most recent year 1350 before 2008 for which the municipal corporation has reported data 1351 to the commissioner; 1352 (g) The municipal corporation's median estate tax 1353 collections. 1354 (30) "Total resources," in the case of a township, means the 1355 sum of the amounts in divisions (A)(30)(a) to (c) of this section 1356 less any reduction required under division (A)(32) or (33) of this 1357 section. 1358 (a) The sum of the payments received by the township in 1359 calendar year 2010 pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 5727.86 1360 of the Revised Code and divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section 1361 5751.22 of the Revised Code as they existed at that time, 1362 excluding payments received for debt purposes; 1363 (b) The township's percentage share of county undivided local 1364 government fund allocations as certified to the tax commissioner 1365 for calendar year 2010 by the county auditor under division (J) of 1366 section 5747.51 of the Revised Code or division (F) of section 1367

5747.53 of the Revised Code multiplied by the total amount 1368 actually distributed in calendar year 2010 from the county 1369 undivided local government fund; 1370

(c) With respect to taxes levied by the township, the taxes
1371
charged and payable against all property on the tax list of real
1372
and public utility property for tax year 2009 excluding taxes
1373
charged and payable for the purpose of paying debt charges.

(31) "Total resources," in the case of a local taxing unit 1375

that is not a county, municipal corporation, or township, means 1376 the sum of the amounts in divisions (A)(31)(a) to (e) of this 1377 section less any reduction required under division (A)(32) of this 1378 section. 1379

(a) The sum of the payments received by the local taxing unit
in calendar year 2010 pursuant to division (A)(1) of section
5727.86 of the Revised Code and divisions (A)(1) and (2) of
section 5751.22 of the Revised Code as they existed at that time;
1383

(b) The local taxing unit's percentage share of county 1384 undivided local government fund allocations as certified to the 1385 tax commissioner for calendar year 2010 by the county auditor 1386 under division (J) of section 5747.51 of the Revised Code or 1387 division (F) of section 5747.53 of the Revised Code multiplied by 1388 the total amount actually distributed in calendar year 2010 from 1389 the county undivided local government fund; 1390

(c) With respect to taxes levied by the local taxing unit, 1391
the taxes charged and payable against all property on the tax list 1392
of real and public utility property for tax year 2009 excluding 1393
taxes charged and payable for the purpose of paying debt charges; 1394

(d) The amount received from the tax commissioner during
calendar year 2010 for sales or use taxes authorized under
sections 5739.023 and 5741.022 of the Revised Code;
1397

(e) For institutions of higher education receiving tax
revenue from a local levy, as identified in section 3358.02 of the
Revised Code, the final state share of instruction allocation for
fiscal year 2010 as calculated by the board of regents and
reported to the state controlling board.

(32) If a fixed-rate levy that is a qualifying levy is not
charged and payable in any year after tax year 2010, "total
resources" used to compute payments to be made under division
(C)(12) of section 5751.21 or division (A)(1)(b) or (c) of section

5751.22 of the Revised Code in the tax years following the last 1407 year the levy is charged and payable shall be reduced to the 1408 extent that the payments are attributable to the fixed-rate levy 1409 loss of that levy as would be computed under division (C)(2) of 1410 section 5727.85, division (A)(1) of section 5727.85, divisions 1411 (C)(8) and (9) of section 5751.21, or division (A)(1) of section 1412 5751.22 of the Revised Code. 1413

(33) In the case of a county, municipal corporation, school 1414 district, or township with fixed-rate levy losses attributable to 1415 a tax levied under section 5705.23 of the Revised Code, "total 1416 resources" used to compute payments to be made under division 1417 (C)(3) of section 5727.85, division (A)(1)(d) of section 5727.86, 1418 division (C)(12) of section 5751.21, or division (A)(1)(c) of 1419 section 5751.22 of the Revised Code shall be reduced by the 1420 amounts described in divisions (A)(34)(a) to (c) of this section 1421 to the extent that those amounts were included in calculating the 1422 "total resources" of the school district or local taxing unit 1423 under division (A)(22), (28), (29), or (30) of this section. 1424

(34) "Total library resources," in the case of a county, 1425
municipal corporation, school district, or township public library 1426
that receives the proceeds of a tax levied under section 5705.23 1427
of the Revised Code, means the sum of the amounts in divisions 1428
(A)(34)(a) to (c) of this section less any reduction required 1429
under division (A)(32) of this section. 1430

(a) The sum of the payments received by the county, municipal 1431
corporation, school district, or township public library in 1432
calendar year 2010 pursuant to sections 5727.86 and 5751.22 of the 1433
Revised Code, as they existed at that time, for fixed-rate levy 1434
losses attributable to a tax levied under section 5705.23 of the 1435
Revised Code for the benefit of the public library; 1436

(b) The public library's percentage share of county undivided 1437 local government fund allocations as certified to the tax 1438

commissioner for calendar year 2010 by the county auditor under1439division (J) of section 5747.51 of the Revised Code or division1440(F) of section 5747.53 of the Revised Code multiplied by the total1441amount actually distributed in calendar year 2010 from the county1442undivided local government fund;1443

(c) With respect to a tax levied pursuant to section 5705.23 1444 of the Revised Code for the benefit of the public library, the 1445 amount of such tax that is charged and payable against all 1446 property on the tax list of real and public utility property for 1447 tax year 2009 excluding any tax that is charged and payable for 1448 the purpose of paying debt charges. 1449

(35) "Municipal current expense property tax levies" means 1450 all property tax levies of a municipality, except those with the 1451 following levy names: airport resurfacing; bond or any levy name 1452 including the word "bond"; capital improvement or any levy name 1453 including the word "capital"; debt or any levy name including the 1454 word "debt"; equipment or any levy name including the word 1455 "equipment," unless the levy is for combined operating and 1456 equipment; employee termination fund; fire pension or any levy 1457 containing the word "pension," including police pensions; 1458 fireman's fund or any practically similar name; sinking fund; road 1459 improvements or any levy containing the word "road"; fire truck or 1460 apparatus; flood or any levy containing the word "flood"; 1461 conservancy district; county health; note retirement; sewage, or 1462 any levy containing the words "sewage" or "sewer"; park 1463 improvement; parkland acquisition; storm drain; street or any levy 1464 name containing the word "street"; lighting, or any levy name 1465 containing the word "lighting"; and water. 1466

(36) "Current expense TPP allocation" means, in the case of a 1467 school district or joint vocational school district, the sum of 1468 the payments received by the school district in fiscal year 2011 1469 pursuant to divisions (C)(10) and (11) of section 5751.21 of the 1470 Revised Code to the extent paid for current expense levies. In the 1471 case of a municipal corporation, "current expense TPP allocation" 1472 means the sum of the payments received by the municipal 1473 corporation in calendar year 2010 pursuant to divisions (A)(1) and 1474 (2) of section 5751.22 of the Revised Code to the extent paid for 1475 municipal current expense property tax levies as defined in 1476 division (A)(35) of this section, excluding any such payments 1477 received for current expense levy losses attributable to a tax 1478 levied under section 5705.23 of the Revised Code. If a fixed-rate 1479 levy that is a qualifying levy is not charged and payable in any 1480 year after tax year 2010, "current expense TPP allocation" used to 1481 compute payments to be made under division (C)(12) of section 1482 5751.21 or division (A)(1)(b) or (c) of section 5751.22 of the 1483 Revised Code in the tax years following the last year the levy is 1484 charged and payable shall be reduced to the extent that the 1485 payments are attributable to the fixed-rate levy loss of that levy 1486 as would be computed under divisions (C)(10) and (11) of section 1487 5751.21 or division (A)(1) of section 5751.22 of the Revised Code. 1488

(37) "TPP allocation" means the sum of payments received by a 1489 local taxing unit in calendar year 2010 pursuant to divisions 1490 (A)(1) and (2) of section 5751.22 of the Revised Code, excluding 1491 any such payments received for fixed-rate levy losses attributable 1492 to a tax levied under section 5705.23 of the Revised Code. If a 1493 fixed-rate levy that is a qualifying levy is not charged and 1494 payable in any year after tax year 2010, "TPP allocation" used to 1495 compute payments to be made under division (A)(1)(b) or (c) of 1496 section 5751.22 of the Revised Code in the tax years following the 1497 last year the levy is charged and payable shall be reduced to the 1498 extent that the payments are attributable to the fixed-rate levy 1499 loss of that levy as would be computed under division (A)(1) of 1500 that section. 1501

(38) "Total TPP allocation" means, in the case of a school 1502

district or joint vocational school district, the sum of the 1503 amounts received in fiscal year 2011 pursuant to divisions (C)(10) 1504 and (11) and (D) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code. In the 1505 case of a local taxing unit, "total TPP allocation" means the sum 1506 of payments received by the unit in calendar year 2010 pursuant to 1507 divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3) of section 5751.22 of the Revised 1508 Code. If a fixed-rate levy that is a qualifying levy is not 1509 charged and payable in any year after tax year 2010, "total TPP 1510 allocation" used to compute payments to be made under division 1511 (C)(12) of section 5751.21 or division (A)(1)(b) or (c) of section 1512 5751.22 of the Revised Code in the tax years following the last 1513 year the levy is charged and payable shall be reduced to the 1514 extent that the payments are attributable to the fixed-rate levy 1515 loss of that levy as would be computed under divisions (C)(10) and 1516 (11) of section 5751.21 or division (A)(1) of section 5751.22 of 1517 the Revised Code. 1518

(39) "Non-current expense TPP allocation" means the 1519 difference of total TPP allocation minus the sum of current 1520 expense TPP allocation and the portion of total TPP allocation 1521 constituting reimbursement for debt levies, pursuant to division 1522 (D) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code in the case of a school 1523 district or joint vocational school district and pursuant to 1524 division (A)(3) of section 5751.22 of the Revised Code in the case 1525 of a municipal corporation. 1526

(40) "TPP allocation for library purposes" means the sum of 1527 payments received by a county, municipal corporation, school 1528 district, or township public library in calendar year 2010 1529 pursuant to section 5751.22 of the Revised Code for fixed-rate 1530 levy losses attributable to a tax levied under section 5705.23 of 1531 the Revised Code. If a fixed-rate levy authorized under section 1532 5705.23 of the Revised Code that is a qualifying levy is not 1533 charged and payable in any year after tax year 2010, "TPP 1534 allocation for library purposes" used to compute payments to be 1535 made under division (A)(1)(d) of section 5751.22 of the Revised 1536 Code in the tax years following the last year the levy is charged 1537 and payable shall be reduced to the extent that the payments are 1538 attributable to the fixed-rate levy loss of that levy as would be 1539 computed under division (A)(1) of section 5751.22 of the Revised 1540 Code. 1541

(41) "Threshold per cent" means, in the case of a school 1542 district or joint vocational school district, two per cent for 1543 fiscal year 2012 and four per cent for fiscal years 2013 and 1544 thereafter. In the case of a local taxing unit or public library 1545 that receives the proceeds of a tax levied under section 5705.23 1546 of the Revised Code, "threshold per cent" means two per cent for 1547 tax year 2011, four per cent for tax year 2012, and six per cent 1548 for tax years 2013 and thereafter. 1549

(B)(1) The commercial activities tax receipts fund is hereby 1550 created in the state treasury and shall consist of money arising 1551 from the tax imposed under this chapter. Eighty-five 1552 one-hundredths of one per cent of the money credited to that fund 1553 shall be credited to the revenue enhancement fund and shall be 1554 used to defray the costs incurred by the department of taxation in 1555 administering the tax imposed by this chapter and in implementing 1556 tax reform measures. The remainder of the money in the commercial 1557 activities tax receipts fund shall first be credited to the 1558 commercial activity tax motor fuel receipts fund, pursuant to 1559 division (B)(2) of this section, and the remainder shall be 1560 credited in the following percentages each fiscal year to the 1561 general revenue fund, to the school district tangible property tax 1562 replacement fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury 1563 for the purpose of making the payments described in section 1564 5751.21 of the Revised Code, and to the local government tangible 1565 property tax replacement fund, which is hereby created in the 1566

state treasury fo	or the purpose of	making the payme	nts described in	1567
section 5751.22 (	of the Revised Coo	de, in the follow	ing percentages:	1568
Fiscal year	General Revenue	School District	Local Government	1569
	Fund	Tangible	Tangible	
		Property Tax	Property Tax	
		Replacement Fund	Replacement Fund	
2006	67.7%	22.6%	9.7%	1570
2007	0%	70.0%	30.0%	1571
2008	0%	70.0%	30.0%	1572
2009	0%	70.0%	30.0%	1573
2010	0%	70.0%	30.0%	1574
2011	0%	70.0%	30.0%	1575
2012	25.0%	52.5%	22.5%	1576
2013 and	50.0%	35.0%	15.0%	1577

thereafter

(2) Not later than the twentieth day of February, May, 1578 August, and November of each year, the commissioner shall provide 1579 for payment from the commercial activities tax receipts fund to 1580 the commercial activity tax motor fuel receipts fund an amount 1581 that bears the same ratio to the balance in the commercial 1582 activities tax receipts fund that (a) the taxable gross receipts 1583 attributed to motor fuel used for propelling vehicles on public 1584 highways as indicated by returns filed by the tenth day of that 1585 month for a liability that is due and payable on or after July 1, 1586 2013, for a tax period ending before July 1, 2014, bears to (b) 1587 all taxable gross receipts as indicated by those returns for such 1588 liabilities. 1589

(C) Not later than September 15, 2005, the tax commissioner 1590
shall determine for each school district, joint vocational school 1591
district, and local taxing unit its machinery and equipment, 1592
inventory property, furniture and fixtures property, and telephone 1593
property tax value losses, which are the applicable amounts 1594

described in divisions $(C)(1)$ , $(2)$ , $(3)$ , and $(4)$ of this section,	1595
except as provided in division (C)(5) of this section:	1596
(1) Machinery and equipment property tax value loss is the	1597
taxable value of machinery and equipment property as reported by	1598
taxpayers for tax year 2004 multiplied by:	1599
(a) For tax year 2006, thirty-three and eight-tenths per	1600
cent;	1601
(b) For tax year 2007, sixty-one and three-tenths per cent;	1602
(c) For tax year 2008, eighty-three per cent;	1603
(d) For tax year 2009 and thereafter, one hundred per cent.	1604
(2) Inventory property tax value loss is the taxable value of	1605
inventory property as reported by taxpayers for tax year 2004	1606
multiplied by:	1607
(a) For tax year 2006, a fraction, the numerator of which is	1608
five and three-fourths and the denominator of which is	1609
twenty-three;	1610
(b) For tax year 2007, a fraction, the numerator of which is	1611
nine and one-half and the denominator of which is twenty-three;	1612
(c) For tax year 2008, a fraction, the numerator of which is	1613
thirteen and one-fourth and the denominator of which is	1614
twenty-three;	1615
(d) For tax year 2009 and thereafter a fraction, the	1616
numerator of which is seventeen and the denominator of which is	1617
twenty-three.	1618
(3) Furniture and fixtures property tax value loss is the	1619
taxable value of furniture and fixture property as reported by	1620
taxpayers for tax year 2004 multiplied by:	1621
(a) For tax year 2006, twenty-five per cent;	1622
(b) For tax year 2007, fifty per cent;	1623

- (c) For tax year 2008, seventy-five per cent; 1624
- (d) For tax year 2009 and thereafter, one hundred per cent. 1625

The taxable value of property reported by taxpayers used in 1626 divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this section shall be such 1627 values as determined to be final by the tax commissioner as of 1628 August 31, 2005. Such determinations shall be final except for any 1629 correction of a clerical error that was made prior to August 31, 1630 2005, by the tax commissioner. 1631

(4) Telephone property tax value loss is the taxable value of
telephone property as taxpayers would have reported that property
for tax year 2004 if the assessment rate for all telephone
1634
property for that year were twenty-five per cent, multiplied by:
1635

- (a) For tax year 2006, zero per cent; 1636
- (b) For tax year 2007, zero per cent; 1637
- (c) For tax year 2008, zero per cent; 1638
- (d) For tax year 2009, sixty per cent; 1639
- (e) For tax year 2010, eighty per cent; 1640
- (f) For tax year 2011 and thereafter, one hundred per cent. 1641

(5) Division (C)(5) of this section applies to any school 1642 district, joint vocational school district, or local taxing unit 1643 in a county in which is located a facility currently or formerly 1644 devoted to the enrichment or commercialization of uranium or 1645 uranium products, and for which the total taxable value of 1646 property listed on the general tax list of personal property for 1647 any tax year from tax year 2001 to tax year 2004 was fifty per 1648 cent or less of the taxable value of such property listed on the 1649 general tax list of personal property for the next preceding tax 1650 1651 year.

In computing the fixed-rate levy losses under divisions 1652 (D)(1), (2), and (3) of this section for any school district, 1653

joint vocational school district, or local taxing unit to which 1654 division (C)(5) of this section applies, the taxable value of such 1655 property as listed on the general tax list of personal property 1656 for tax year 2000 shall be substituted for the taxable value of 1657 such property as reported by taxpayers for tax year 2004, in the 1658 taxing district containing the uranium facility, if the taxable 1659 value listed for tax year 2000 is greater than the taxable value 1660 reported by taxpayers for tax year 2004. For the purpose of making 1661 the computations under divisions (D)(1), (2), and (3) of this 1662 section, the tax year 2000 valuation is to be allocated to 1663 machinery and equipment, inventory, and furniture and fixtures 1664 property in the same proportions as the tax year 2004 values. For 1665 the purpose of the calculations in division (A) of section 5751.21 1666 of the Revised Code, the tax year 2004 taxable values shall be 1667 used. 1668

To facilitate the calculations required under division (C) of 1669 this section, the county auditor, upon request from the tax 1670 commissioner, shall provide by August 1, 2005, the values of 1671 machinery and equipment, inventory, and furniture and fixtures for 1672 all single-county personal property taxpayers for tax year 2004. 1673

(D) Not later than September 15, 2005, the tax commissioner 1674 shall determine for each tax year from 2006 through 2009 for each 1675 school district, joint vocational school district, and local 1676 taxing unit its machinery and equipment, inventory, and furniture 1677 and fixtures fixed-rate levy losses, and for each tax year from 1678 2006 through 2011 its telephone property fixed-rate levy loss. 1679 Except as provided in division (F) of this section, such losses 1680 are the applicable amounts described in divisions (D)(1), (2), 1681 (3), and (4) of this section: 1682

(1) The machinery and equipment fixed-rate levy loss is the
 machinery and equipment property tax value loss multiplied by the
 sum of the tax rates of fixed-rate qualifying levies.
 1685

(2) The inventory fixed-rate loss is the inventory property 1686
tax value loss multiplied by the sum of the tax rates of 1687
fixed-rate qualifying levies. 1688
(3) The furniture and fixtures fixed-rate levy loss is the 1689
furniture and fixture property tax value loss multiplied by the 1690
sum of the tax rates of fixed-rate qualifying levies. 1691

(4) The telephone property fixed-rate levy loss is the
telephone property tax value loss multiplied by the sum of the tax
rates of fixed-rate qualifying levies.

(E) Not later than September 15, 2005, the tax commissioner 1695
shall determine for each school district, joint vocational school 1696
district, and local taxing unit its fixed-sum levy loss. The 1697
fixed-sum levy loss is the amount obtained by subtracting the 1698
amount described in division (E)(2) of this section from the 1699
amount described in division (E)(1) of this section: 1700

(1) The sum of the machinery and equipment property tax value 1701 loss, the inventory property tax value loss, and the furniture and 1702 fixtures property tax value loss, and, for 2008 through 2010, the 1703 telephone property tax value loss of the district or unit 1704 multiplied by the sum of the fixed-sum tax rates of qualifying 1705 levies. For 2006 through 2010, this computation shall include all 1706 qualifying levies remaining in effect for the current tax year and 1707 any school district levies charged and payable under section 1708 5705.194 or 5705.213 of the Revised Code that are qualifying 1709 levies not remaining in effect for the current year. For 2011 1710 through 2017 in the case of school district levies charged and 1711 payable under section 5705.194 or 5705.213 of the Revised Code and 1712 for all years after 2010 in the case of other fixed-sum levies, 1713 this computation shall include only qualifying levies remaining in 1714 effect for the current year. For purposes of this computation, a 1715 qualifying school district levy charged and payable under section 1716 5705.194 or 5705.213 of the Revised Code remains in effect in a 1717 year after 2010 only if, for that year, the board of education 1718 levies a school district levy charged and payable under section 1719 5705.194, 5705.199, 5705.213, or 5705.219 of the Revised Code for 1720 an annual sum at least equal to the annual sum levied by the board 1721 in tax year 2004 less the amount of the payment certified under 1722 this division for 2006. 1723

(2) The total taxable value in tax year 2004 less the sum of 1724
the machinery and equipment, inventory, furniture and fixtures, 1725
and telephone property tax value losses in each school district, 1726
joint vocational school district, and local taxing unit multiplied 1727
by one-half of one mill per dollar. 1728

(3) For the calculations in divisions (E)(1) and (2) of this 1729 section, the tax value losses are those that would be calculated 1730 for tax year 2009 under divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this 1731 section and for tax year 2011 under division (C)(4) of this 1732 section.

(4) To facilitate the calculation under divisions (D) and (E) 1734 of this section, not later than September 1, 2005, any school 1735 district, joint vocational school district, or local taxing unit 1736 that has a qualifying levy that was approved at an election 1737 conducted during 2005 before September 1, 2005, shall certify to 1738 the tax commissioner a copy of the county auditor's certificate of 1739 estimated property tax millage for such levy as required under 1740 division (B) of section 5705.03 of the Revised Code, which is the 1741 rate that shall be used in the calculations under such divisions. 1742

If the amount determined under division (E) of this section 1743 for any school district, joint vocational school district, or 1744 local taxing unit is greater than zero, that amount shall equal 1745 the reimbursement to be paid pursuant to division (E) of section 1746 5751.21 or division (A)(3) of section 5751.22 of the Revised Code, 1747 and the one-half of one mill that is subtracted under division 1748 (E)(2) of this section shall be apportioned among all contributing 1749 fixed-sum levies in the proportion that each levy bears to the sum 1750 of all fixed-sum levies within each school district, joint 1751 vocational school district, or local taxing unit. 1752

(F) If a school district levies a tax under section 5705.219 1753
of the Revised Code, the fixed-rate levy loss for qualifying 1754
levies, to the extent repealed under that section, shall equal the 1755
sum of the following amounts in lieu of the amounts computed for 1756
such levies under division (D) of this section: 1757

(1) The sum of the rates of qualifying levies to the extent
so repealed multiplied by the sum of the machinery and equipment,
inventory, and furniture and fixtures tax value losses for 2009 as
determined under that division;

(2) The sum of the rates of qualifying levies to the extent
so repealed multiplied by the telephone property tax value loss
for 2011 as determined under that division.

The fixed-rate levy losses for qualifying levies to the 1765 extent not repealed under section 5705.219 of the Revised Code 1766 shall be as determined under division (D) of this section. The 1767 revised fixed-rate levy losses determined under this division and 1768 division (D) of this section first apply in the year following the 1769 first year the district levies the tax under section 5705.219 of 1770 the Revised Code. 1771

(G) Not later than October 1, 2005, the tax commissioner 1772 shall certify to the department of education for every school 1773 district and joint vocational school district the machinery and 1774 equipment, inventory, furniture and fixtures, and telephone 1775 property tax value losses determined under division (C) of this 1776 section, the machinery and equipment, inventory, furniture and 1777 fixtures, and telephone fixed-rate levy losses determined under 1778 division (D) of this section, and the fixed-sum levy losses 1779 calculated under division (E) of this section. The calculations 1780 under divisions (D) and (E) of this section shall separately 1781 display the levy loss for each levy eligible for reimbursement. 1782

(H) Not later than October 1, 2005, the tax commissioner 1783
shall certify the amount of the fixed-sum levy losses to the 1784
county auditor of each county in which a school district, joint 1785
vocational school district, or local taxing unit with a fixed-sum 1786
levy loss reimbursement has territory. 1787

(I) Not later than the twenty-eighth day of February each
year beginning in 2011 and ending in 2014, the tax commissioner
shall certify to the department of education for each school
district first levying a tax under section 5705.219 of the Revised
Code in the preceding year the revised fixed-rate levy losses
determined under divisions (D) and (F) of this section.

(J)(1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 1794commercial activity tax motor fuel receipts fund. 1795

(2)(a) On or before June 15, 2014, the director of the Ohio 1796 public works commission shall certify to the director of budget 1797 and management the amount of debt service paid from the general 1798 revenue fund in fiscal years 2013 and 2014 on bonds issued to 1799 finance or assist in the financing of the cost of local 1800 subdivision public infrastructure capital improvement projects, as 1801 provided for in Sections 2k, 2m, and 2p of Article VIII, Ohio 1802 Constitution, that are attributable to costs for construction, 1803 reconstruction, maintenance, or repair of public highways and 1804 bridges and other statutory highway purposes. That certification 1805 shall allocate the total amount of debt service paid from the 1806 general revenue fund and attributable to those costs in each of 1807 fiscal years 2013 and 2014 according to the applicable section of 1808 the Ohio Constitution under which the bonds were originally 1809 issued. 1810

(b) On or before June 30, 2014, the director of budget and 1811

management shall determine an amount up to but not exceeding the 1812 amount certified under division (J)(2)(a) of this section and 1813 shall reserve that amount from the cash balance in the commercial 1814 activity tax motor fuel receipts fund for transfer to the general 1815 revenue fund at times and in amounts to be determined by the 1816 director. The director shall transfer the cash balance in the 1817 commercial activity tax motor fuel receipts fund in excess of the 1818 amount so reserved to the highway operating fund on or before June 1819 30, 2014. 1820

(3)(a) On or before the fifteenth day of June of each fiscal 1821 year beginning with fiscal year 2015, the director of the Ohio 1822 public works commission shall certify to the director of budget 1823 and management the amount of debt service paid from the general 1824 revenue fund in the current fiscal year on bonds issued to finance 1825 or assist in the financing of the cost of local subdivision public 1826 infrastructure capital improvement projects, as provided for in 1827 Sections 2k, 2m, and 2p of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, that 1828 are attributable to costs for construction, reconstruction, 1829 maintenance, or repair of public highways and bridges and other 1830 statutory highway purposes. That certification shall allocate the 1831 total amount of debt service paid from the general revenue fund 1832 and attributable to those costs in the current fiscal year 1833 according to the applicable section of the Ohio Constitution under 1834 which the bonds were originally issued. 1835

(b) On or before the thirtieth day of June of each fiscal 1836 year beginning with fiscal year 2015, the director of budget and 1837 management shall determine an amount up to but not exceeding the 1838 amount certified under division (J)(3)(a) of this section and 1839 shall reserve that amount from the cash balance in the motor fuel 1840 receipts petroleum activity tax public highways fund or the 1841 commercial activity tax motor fuel receipts fund for transfer to 1842 the general revenue fund at times and in amounts to be determined 1843

by the director. The director shall transfer the cash balance in 1844 the motor fuel receipts petroleum activity tax public highways 1845 fund or the commercial activity tax motor fuel receipts fund in 1846 excess of the amount so reserved to the highway operating fund on 1847 or before the thirtieth day of June of the current fiscal year. 1848

Section 2. That existing sections 5703.059, 5736.01, 5736.02,18495736.03, 5736.04, 5736.06, 5736.09, 5736.13, 5751.01, and 5751.201850of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.1851

Section 3. Division (J) of section 5751.20 of the Revised1852Code is amended by this act and also by H.B. 59 of the 130th1853General Assembly (effective July 1, 2014). The amendments of H.B.185459 are included in this act to confirm the intention to retain1855them, but are not intended to be effective until July 1, 2014.1856

Section 4. This act takes effect July 1, 2014. 1857