As Introduced

130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

S. B. No. 40

Senator Schiavoni

Cosponsors: Senators Brown, Cafaro, Beagle, Obhof, Tavares

A BILL

То	amend sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,	1
	1533.12, and 1533.32 of the Revised Code to	2
	provide for the issuance of free fishing and	3
	hunting licenses, fur taker, deer, and wild turkey	4
	permits, and wetlands habitat stamps to Ohio	5
	residents who are at least sixty-five years old.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1.	That sections	1533.10, 1533.11,	1533.111, 1533.12,	7
and 1533.32 of	the Revised Cod	e be amended to re	ead as follows:	8

Sec. 1533.10. Except as provided in this section or division 9 (A)(2) of section 1533.12 or section 1533.73 or 1533.731 of the 10 Revised Code, no person shall hunt any wild bird or wild quadruped 11 without a hunting license. Each day that any person hunts within 12 the state without procuring such a license constitutes a separate 13 offense. Except as otherwise provided in this section, every 14 applicant for a hunting license who is a resident of the state and 15 eighteen years of age or more shall procure a resident hunting 16 license or an apprentice resident hunting license, the fee for 17 which shall be eighteen dollars unless the rules adopted under 18 division (B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code provide for 19

issuance of a resident hunting license to the applicant free of 20 charge. Except as provided in rules adopted under division (B)(2) 21 of that section, each applicant who is a resident of this state 22 and who at the time of application is sixty-six years of age or 23 older shall procure a special senior hunting license, the fee for 24 which shall be one-half of the regular hunting license fee. Every 25 applicant who is under the age of eighteen years shall procure a 26 special youth hunting license or an apprentice youth hunting 27 license, the fee for which shall be one-half of the regular 28 hunting license fee. 29

A resident of this state who owns lands in the state and the 30 owner's children of any age and grandchildren under eighteen years 31 of age may hunt on the lands without a hunting license. A resident 32 of any other state who owns real property in this state, and the 33 spouse and children living with the property owner, may hunt on 34 that property without a license, provided that the state of 35 residence of the real property owner allows residents of this 36 state owning real property in that state, and the spouse and 37 children living with the property owner, to hunt without a 38 license. If the owner of land in this state is a limited liability 39 company or a limited liability partnership that consists of three 40 or fewer individual members or partners, as applicable, an 41 individual member or partner who is a resident of this state and 42 the member's or partner's children of any age and grandchildren 43 under eighteen years of age may hunt on the land owned by the 44 limited liability company or limited liability partnership without 45 a hunting license. In addition, if the owner of land in this state 46 is a trust that has a total of three or fewer trustees and 47 beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee or beneficiary and 48 who is a resident of this state and the individual's children of 49 any age and grandchildren under eighteen years of age may hunt on 50 the land owned by the trust without a hunting license. The tenant 51 and children of the tenant, residing on lands in the state, may 52 hunt on them without a hunting license.

Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1) of section 54 1533.12 of the Revised Code, every applicant for a hunting license 55 who is a nonresident of the state and who is eighteen years of age 56 or older shall procure a nonresident hunting license or an 57 apprentice nonresident hunting license, the fee for which shall be 58 one hundred twenty-four dollars unless the applicant is a resident 59 of a state that is a party to an agreement under section 1533.91 60 of the Revised Code, in which case the fee shall be eighteen 61 dollars. Apprentice resident hunting licenses, apprentice youth 62 hunting licenses, and apprentice nonresident hunting licenses are 63 subject to the requirements established under section 1533.102 of 64 the Revised Code and rules adopted pursuant to it. 65

The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a small game 66 hunting license expiring three days from the effective date of the 67 license to a nonresident of the state, the fee for which shall be 68 thirty-nine dollars. No person shall take or possess deer, wild 69 turkeys, fur-bearing animals, ducks, geese, brant, or any nongame 70 animal while possessing only a small game hunting license. A small 71 game hunting license or an apprentice nonresident hunting license 72 does not authorize the taking or possessing of ducks, geese, or 73 brant without having obtained, in addition to the small game 74 hunting license or the apprentice nonresident hunting license, a 75 wetlands habitat stamp as provided in section 1533.112 of the 76 Revised Code. A small game hunting license or an apprentice 77 nonresident hunting license does not authorize the taking or 78 possessing of deer, wild turkeys, or fur-bearing animals. A 79 nonresident of the state who wishes to take or possess deer, wild 80 turkeys, or fur-bearing animals in this state shall procure, 81 respectively, a deer or wild turkey permit as provided in section 82 1533.11 of the Revised Code or a fur taker permit as provided in 83 section 1533.111 of the Revised Code in addition to a nonresident 84

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hunting license, an apprentice nonresident hunting license, a
special youth hunting license, or an apprentice youth hunting
license, as applicable, as provided in this section.

No person shall procure or attempt to procure a hunting 88 license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any false 89 statement. 90

This section does not authorize the taking and possessing of deer or wild turkeys without first having obtained, in addition to the hunting license required by this section, a deer or wild turkey permit as provided in section 1533.11 of the Revised Code or the taking and possessing of ducks, geese, or brant without first having obtained, in addition to the hunting license required by this section, a wetlands habitat stamp as provided in section 1533.112 of the Revised Code.

This section does not authorize the hunting or trapping of99fur-bearing animals without first having obtained, in addition to100a hunting license required by this section, a fur taker permit as101provided in section 1533.111 of the Revised Code.102

No hunting license shall be issued unless it is accompanied 103 by a written explanation of the law in section 1533.17 of the 104 Revised Code and the penalty for its violation, including a 105 description of terms of imprisonment and fines that may be 106 imposed. 107

No hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting license, 108 shall be issued unless the applicant presents to the agent 109 authorized to issue the license a previously held hunting license 110 or evidence of having held such a license in content and manner 111 approved by the chief, a certificate of completion issued upon 112 completion of a hunter education and conservation course approved 113 by the chief, or evidence of equivalent training in content and 114 manner approved by the chief. A previously held apprentice hunting 115

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license does not satisfy the requirement concerning the 116 presentation of a previously held hunting license or evidence of 117 it. 118

119 No person shall issue a hunting license, except an apprentice hunting license, to any person who fails to present the evidence 120 required by this section. No person shall purchase or obtain a 121 hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting license, without 122 presenting to the issuing agent the evidence required by this 123 section. Issuance of a hunting license in violation of the 124 requirements of this section is an offense by both the purchaser 125 of the illegally obtained hunting license and the clerk or agent 126 who issued the hunting license. Any hunting license issued in 127 violation of this section is void. 128

The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, shall adopt 129 rules prescribing a hunter education and conservation course for 130 first-time hunting license buyers, other than buyers of apprentice 131 hunting licenses, and for volunteer instructors. The course shall 132 consist of subjects including, but not limited to, hunter safety 133 and health, use of hunting implements, hunting tradition and 134 ethics, the hunter and conservation, the law in section 1533.17 of 135 the Revised Code along with the penalty for its violation, 136 including a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that 137 may be imposed, and other law relating to hunting. Authorized 138 personnel of the division or volunteer instructors approved by the 139 chief shall conduct such courses with such frequency and at such 140 locations throughout the state as to reasonably meet the needs of 141 license applicants. The chief shall issue a certificate of 142 completion to each person who successfully completes the course 143 and passes an examination prescribed by the chief. 144

Sec. 1533.11. (A) Except as provided in this section or145section 1533.731 of the Revised Code, no person shall hunt deer on146

lands of another without first obtaining an annual deer permit. 147 Except as provided in this section, no person shall hunt wild 148 turkeys on lands of another without first obtaining an annual wild 149 turkey permit. Each applicant for a deer or wild turkey permit 150 shall pay an annual fee of twenty-three dollars for each permit 151 unless the rules adopted under division (B) of section 1533.12 of 152 the Revised Code provide for issuance of a deer or wild turkey 153 permit to the applicant free of charge. Except as provided in 154 rules adopted under division (B)(2) of that section, each 155 applicant who is a resident of this state and who at the time of 156 application is sixty six years of age or older shall procure a 157 senior deer or wild turkey permit, the fee for which shall be 158 one half of the regular deer or wild turkey permit fee. Each 159 applicant who is under the age of eighteen years shall procure a 160 youth deer or wild turkey permit, the fee for which shall be 161 one-half of the regular deer or wild turkey permit fee. Except as 162 provided in division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised 163 Code, a deer or wild turkey permit shall run concurrently with the 164 hunting license. The money received shall be paid into the state 165 treasury to the credit of the wildlife fund, created in section 166 1531.17 of the Revised Code, exclusively for the use of the 167 division of wildlife in the acquisition and development of land 168 for deer or wild turkey management, for investigating deer or wild 169 turkey problems, and for the stocking, management, and protection 170 of deer or wild turkey. Every person, while hunting deer or wild 171 turkey on lands of another, shall carry the person's deer or wild 172 turkey permit and exhibit it to any enforcement officer so 173 requesting. Failure to so carry and exhibit such a permit 174 constitutes an offense under this section. The chief of the 175 division of wildlife shall adopt any additional rules the chief 176

considers necessary to carry out this section and section 1533.10 177 of the Revised Code. 178

An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner who is 179

exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 1533.10 of 180 the Revised Code and the children of the owner of lands in this 181 state may hunt deer or wild turkey thereon without a deer or wild 182 turkey permit. If the owner of land in this state is a limited 183 liability company or a limited liability partnership that consists 184 of three or fewer individual members or partners, as applicable, 185 an individual member or partner who is a resident of this state 186 and the member's or partner's children of any age may hunt deer or 187 wild turkey on the land owned by the limited liability company or 188 limited liability partnership without a deer or wild turkey 189 permit. In addition, if the owner of land in this state is a trust 190 that has a total of three or fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an 191 individual who is a trustee or beneficiary and who is a resident 192 of this state and the individual's children of any age may hunt 193 deer or wild turkey on the land owned by the trust without a deer 194 or wild turkey permit. The tenant and children of the tenant may 195 hunt deer or wild turkey on lands where they reside without a deer 196 or wild turkey permit. 197

(B) A deer or wild turkey permit is not transferable. No198person shall carry a deer or wild turkey permit issued in the name199of another person.200

(C) The wildlife refunds fund is hereby created in the state
treasury. The fund shall consist of money received from
application fees for deer permits that are not issued. Money in
the fund shall be used to make refunds of such application fees.

(D) If the division establishes a system for the electronic 205 submission of information regarding deer or wild turkey that are 206 taken, the division shall allow the owner and the children of the 207 owner of lands in this state to use the owner's name or address 208 for purposes of submitting that information electronically via 209 that system. 210

Sec. 1533.111. Except as provided in this section or division 211 (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, no person shall 212 hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on land of another without first 213 obtaining some type of an annual fur taker permit. Each applicant 214 for a fur taker permit or an apprentice fur taker permit shall pay 215 an annual fee of fourteen dollars for the permit, except as 216 otherwise provided in this section or unless the rules adopted 217 under division (B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code provide 218 for issuance of a fur taker permit to the applicant free of 219 charge. Except as provided in rules adopted under division (B)(2) 220 of that section, each applicant who is a resident of this state 221 and who at the time of application is sixty-six years of age or 222 older shall procure a special senior fur taker permit, the fee for 223 which shall be one-half of the regular fur taker permit fee. Each 224 applicant under the age of eighteen years shall procure a special 225 youth fur taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker permit, 226 the fee for which shall be one-half of the regular fur taker 227 permit fee. Each type of fur taker permit shall run concurrently 228 with the hunting license. The money received shall be paid into 229 the state treasury to the credit of the fund established in 230 section 1533.15 of the Revised Code. Apprentice fur taker permits 231 and apprentice youth fur taker permits are subject to the 232 requirements established under section 1533.102 of the Revised 233 Code and rules adopted pursuant to it. 234

No fur taker permit shall be issued unless it is accompanied 235 by a written explanation of the law in section 1533.17 of the 236 Revised Code and the penalty for its violation, including a 237 description of terms of imprisonment and fines that may be 238 imposed. 239

No fur taker permit, other than an apprentice fur taker 240 permit or an apprentice youth fur taker permit, shall be issued 241 unless the applicant presents to the agent authorized to issue a 242

fur taker permit a previously held hunting license or trapping or 243 fur taker permit or evidence of having held such a license or 244 permit in content and manner approved by the chief of the division 245 of wildlife, a certificate of completion issued upon completion of 246 a trapper education course approved by the chief, or evidence of 247 equivalent training in content and manner approved by the chief. A 248 previously held apprentice hunting license, apprentice fur taker 249 permit, or apprentice youth fur taker permit does not satisfy the 250 requirement concerning the presentation of a previously held 251 hunting license or fur taker permit or evidence of such a license 252 or permit. 253

No person shall issue a fur taker permit, other than an 254 apprentice fur taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker 255 permit, to any person who fails to present the evidence required 256 by this section. No person shall purchase or obtain a fur taker 257 permit, other than an apprentice fur taker permit or an apprentice 258 youth fur taker permit, without presenting to the issuing agent 259 the evidence required by this section. Issuance of a fur taker 260 permit in violation of the requirements of this section is an 261 offense by both the purchaser of the illegally obtained permit and 262 the clerk or agent who issued the permit. Any fur taker permit 263 issued in violation of this section is void. 264

The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, shall adopt 265 rules prescribing a trapper education course for first-time fur 266 taker permit buyers, other than buyers of apprentice fur taker 267 permits or apprentice youth fur taker permits, and for volunteer 268 instructors. The course shall consist of subjects that include, 269 but are not limited to, trapping techniques, animal habits and 270 identification, trapping tradition and ethics, the trapper and 271 conservation, the law in section 1533.17 of the Revised Code along 272 with the penalty for its violation, including a description of 273 terms of imprisonment and fines that may be imposed, and other law 274 relating to trapping. Authorized personnel of the division of 275 wildlife or volunteer instructors approved by the chief shall 276 conduct the courses with such frequency and at such locations 277 throughout the state as to reasonably meet the needs of permit 278 applicants. The chief shall issue a certificate of completion to 279 each person who successfully completes the course and passes an 280 examination prescribed by the chief. 281

Every person, while hunting or trapping fur-bearing animals282on lands of another, shall carry the person's fur taker permit283with the person's signature written on the permit. Failure to284carry such a signed permit constitutes an offense under this285section. The chief shall adopt any additional rules the chief286considers necessary to carry out this section.287

An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner who is 288 exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 1533.10 of 289 the Revised Code and the children of the owner of lands in this 290 state may hunt or trap fur-bearing animals thereon without a fur 291 taker permit. If the owner of land in this state is a limited 292 liability company or a limited liability partnership that consists 293 of three or fewer individual members or partners, as applicable, 294 an individual member or partner who is a resident of this state 295 and the member's or partner's children of any age may hunt or trap 296 fur-bearing animals on the land owned by the limited liability 297 company or limited liability partnership without a fur taker 298 permit. In addition, if the owner of land in this state is a trust 299 that has a total of three or fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an 300 individual who is a trustee or beneficiary and who is a resident 301 of this state and the individual's children of any age may hunt or 302 trap fur-bearing animals on the land owned by the trust without a 303 fur taker permit. The tenant and children of the tenant may hunt 304 or trap fur-bearing animals on lands where they reside without a 305 fur taker permit. 306

A fur taker permit is not transferable. No person shall carry 307 a fur taker permit issued in the name of another person. 308

A fur taker permit entitles a nonresident to take from this 309 state fur-bearing animals taken and possessed by the nonresident 310 as provided by law or division rule. 311

Sec. 1533.12. (A)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division 312 (A)(2) of this section, every person on active duty in the armed 313 forces of the United States who is stationed in this state and who 314 wishes to engage in an activity for which a license, permit, or 315 stamp is required under this chapter first shall obtain the 316 requisite license, permit, or stamp. Such a person is eligible to 317 obtain a resident hunting or fishing license regardless of whether 318 the person qualifies as a resident of this state. To obtain a 319 resident hunting or fishing license, the person shall present a 320 card or other evidence identifying the person as being on active 321 duty in the armed forces of the United States and as being 322 stationed in this state. 323

(2) Every person on active duty in the armed forces of the 324 United States, while on leave or furlough, may take or catch fish 325 of the kind lawfully permitted to be taken or caught within the 326 state, may hunt any wild bird or wild quadruped lawfully permitted 327 to be hunted within the state, and may trap fur-bearing animals 328 lawfully permitted to be trapped within the state, without 329 procuring a fishing license, a hunting license, a fur taker 330 permit, or a wetlands habitat stamp required by this chapter, 331 provided that the person shall carry on the person when fishing, 332 hunting, or trapping, a card or other evidence identifying the 333 person as being on active duty in the armed forces of the United 334 States, and provided that the person is not otherwise violating 335 any of the hunting, fishing, and trapping laws of this state. 336

In order to hunt deer or wild turkey, any such person shall 337

obtain a deer or wild turkey permit, as applicable, under section3381533.11 of the Revised Code. However, the person need not obtain a339hunting license in order to obtain such a permit.340

(B) The chief of the division of wildlife shall provide byrule adopted under section 1531.10 of the Revised Code all of thefollowing:

(1) Every resident of this state with a disability that has 344 been determined by the veterans administration to be permanently 345 and totally disabling, who receives a pension or compensation from 346 the veterans administration, and who received an honorable 347 discharge from the armed forces of the United States, and every 348 veteran to whom the registrar of motor vehicles has issued a set 349 of license plates under section 4503.41 of the Revised Code, shall 350 be issued a fishing license, hunting license, fur taker permit, 351 deer or wild turkey permit, or wetlands habitat stamp, or any 352 combination of those licenses, permits, and stamp, free of charge 353 on an annual, multi-year, or lifetime basis as determined 354 appropriate by the chief when application is made to the chief in 355 the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief. 356

(2) Every resident of the state who was born on or before
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December 31, 1937, is sixty-five years of age or older shall be
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issued an annual fishing license, hunting license, fur taker
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permit, deer or wild turkey permit, or wetlands habitat stamp, or
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any combination of those licenses, permits, and stamp, free of
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charge when application is made to the chief in the manner
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prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief.

(3) Every resident of state or county institutions,
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charitable institutions, and military homes in this state shall be
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issued an annual fishing license free of charge when application
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is made to the chief in the manner prescribed by and on forms
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provided by the chief.

(4) Any mobility impaired or blind person, as defined in 369 section 955.011 of the Revised Code, who is a resident of this 370 state and who is unable to engage in fishing without the 371 assistance of another person shall be issued an annual fishing 372 license free of charge when application is made to the chief in 373 the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief. The 374 person who is assisting the mobility impaired or blind person may 375 assist in taking or catching fish of the kind permitted to be 376 taken or caught without procuring the license required under 377 section 1533.32 of the Revised Code, provided that only one line 378 is used by both persons. 379

(5) As used in division (B)(5) of this section, "prisoner of
war" means any regularly appointed, enrolled, enlisted, or
inducted member of the military forces of the United States who
was captured, separated, and incarcerated by an enemy of the
United States.

Any person who has been a prisoner of war, was honorably 385 discharged from the military forces, and is a resident of this 386 state shall be issued a fishing license, hunting license, fur 387 taker permit, or wetlands habitat stamp, or any combination of 388 those licenses, permits, and stamp, free of charge on an annual, 389 multi-year, or lifetime basis as determined appropriate by the 390 chief when application is made to the chief in the manner 391 prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief. 392

(C) The chief shall adopt rules pursuant to section 1531.08 393 of the Revised Code designating not more than two days, which need 394 not be consecutive, in each year as "free sport fishing days" on 395 which any resident may exercise the privileges accorded the holder 396 of a fishing license issued under section 1533.32 of the Revised 397 Code without procuring such a license, provided that the person is 398 not otherwise violating any of the fishing laws of this state. 399

Sec. 1533.32. Except as provided in this section or division 400 (A)(2) or (C) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, no person, 401 including nonresidents, shall take or catch any fish by angling in 402 any of the waters in the state or engage in fishing in those 403 waters without a license. No person shall take or catch frogs or 404 turtles without a valid fishing license, except as provided in 405 this section. Persons fishing in privately owned ponds, lakes, or 406 reservoirs to or from which fish are not accustomed to migrate are 407 exempt from the license requirements set forth in this section. 408 Persons fishing in privately owned ponds, lakes, or reservoirs 409 that are open to public fishing through an agreement or lease with 410 the division of wildlife shall comply with the license 411 requirements set forth in this section. 412

The fee for an annual license shall be thirty-nine dollars 413 for a resident of a state that is not a party to an agreement 414 under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. The fee for an annual 415 license shall be eighteen dollars for a resident of a state that 416 is a party to such an agreement. The fee for an annual license for 417 residents of this state shall be eighteen dollars unless the rules 418 adopted under division (B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code 419 provide for issuance of a resident fishing license to the 420 applicant free of charge. Except as provided in rules adopted 421 under division (B)(2) of that section, each applicant who is a 422 resident of this state and who at the time of application is 423 sixty-six years of age or older shall procure a special senior 424 fishing license, the fee for which shall be one half of the annual 425 resident fishing license fee. 426

Any person under the age of sixteen years may take or catch 427 frogs and turtles and take or catch fish by angling without a 428 license. 429

The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a tourist's 430

license expiring three days from the effective date of the license 431 to a resident of a state that is not a party to an agreement under 432 section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. The fee for a tourist's 433 license shall be eighteen dollars. 434

The chief shall adopt rules under section 1531.10 of the 435 Revised Code providing for the issuance of a one-day fishing 436 license to a resident of this state or of any other state. The fee 437 for such a license shall be fifty-five per cent of the amount 438 established under this section for a tourist's license, rounded up 439 to the nearest whole dollar. A one-day fishing license shall allow 440 the holder to take or catch fish by angling in the waters in the 441 state, engage in fishing in those waters, or take or catch frogs 442 or turtles in those waters for one day without obtaining an annual 443 license or a tourist's license under this section. At the request 444 of a holder of a one-day fishing license who wishes to obtain an 445 annual license, a clerk or agent authorized to issue licenses 446 under section 1533.13 of the Revised Code, not later than the last 447 day on which the one-day license would be valid if it were an 448 annual license, shall credit the amount of the fee paid for the 449 one-day license toward the fee charged for the annual license if 450 so authorized by the chief. The clerk or agent shall issue the 451 annual license upon presentation of the one-day license and 452 payment of a fee in an amount equal to the difference between the 453 fee for the annual license and the fee for the one-day license. 454

Unless otherwise provided by division rule, each annual 455 license shall begin on the first day of March of the current year 456 and expire on the last day of February of the following year. 457

No person shall alter a fishing license or possess a fishing 458 license that has been altered. 459

No person shall procure or attempt to procure a fishing460license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any false461statement.462

A resident of this state who owns land over, through, upon, 463 or along which any water flows or stands, except where the land is 464 in or borders on state parks or state-owned lakes, together with 465 the members of the immediate families of such owners, may take 466 frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind permitted 467 to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring a license 468 provided for in this section. This exemption extends to tenants 469 actually residing upon such lands and to the members of the 470 immediate families of the tenants. A resident of any other state 471 who owns land in this state over, through, upon, or along which 472 any water flows or stands, except where the land is in or borders 473 on state parks or state-owned lakes, and the spouse and children 474 living with the owner, may take frogs and turtles and may take or 475 catch fish of the kind permitted to be taken or caught from that 476 water without obtaining a license under this section, provided 477 that the state of residence of the owner allows residents of this 478 state owning real property in that state, and the spouse and 479 children living with such a property owner, to take frogs and 480 turtles and take or catch fish without a license. If the owner of 481 such land in this state is a limited liability company or a 482 limited liability partnership that consists of three or fewer 483 individual members or partners, as applicable, an individual 484 member or partner who is a resident of this state and the member's 485 or partner's children of any age may take frogs and turtles and 486 may take or catch fish of the kind permitted to be taken or caught 487 therefrom without procuring a license provided for in this 488 section. In addition, if the owner of such land in this state is a 489 trust that has a total of three or fewer trustees and 490 beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee or beneficiary and 491 who is a resident of this state and the individual's children of 492 any age may take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of 493 the kind permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without 494 procuring a license provided for in this section. Residents of 495

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state or county institutions, charitable institutions, and 496 military homes in this state may take frogs and turtles without 497 procuring the required license, provided that a member of the 498 institution or home has an identification card, which shall be 499 carried on that person when fishing. 500

Every fisher required to be licensed, while fishing or taking 501 or attempting to take frogs or turtles, shall carry the license 502 and exhibit it to any person. Failure to so carry and exhibit the 503 license constitutes an offense under this section. 504

 Section 2. That existing sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,
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 1533.12, and 1533.32 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.
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