As Introduced

130th General Assembly Regular Session 2013-2014

H. C. R. No. 9

Representative Adams, J.

Cosponsors: Representatives Grossman, Hood, Hottinger, Retherford, Brenner, Duffey, Thompson, Boose, Hill, Stautberg, Derickson, Beck, Becker, Rosenberger, Hall, Johnson, Sears, Wachtmann, Adams, R., Henne, Brown, Buchy, Green, Hackett, Maag, Lynch, Sprague, Roegner, Dovilla, Milkovich, Huffman

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

То	urge the United States Department of State to	1
	approve the presidential permit application	2
	allowing the construction and operation of the	3
	TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline between the	4
	United States and Canada.	5

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF OHIO (THE SENATE CONCURRING):

WHEREAS, The United States accounts for 20% of world energy	6
consumption and is the world's largest petroleum consumer,	7
consuming 15 million barrels of oil each day, and these amounts	8
are not forecasted to change for decades; and	9
WHEREAS, Current oil imports amount to over 8 million barrels	10
each day, approximately 50% of the United States' requirements;	
and	12
WHEREAS, The United States will remain dependent on imported	13
energy for decades regardless of new technology, oil discoveries,	14
alternative fuels, and conservation efforts; and	15

WHEREAS, A secure supply of crude oil is needed by Americans 16 for heating their homes, cooking their food, and fueling their 17 vehicles, and to allow the United States economy to thrive and be 18 freed from the potential threats and disruptions of the crude oil 19 supply from less secure parts of the world; and 20

WHEREAS, The growing production of conflict-free oil from the21Canadian oil sands and the Bakken formation in Saskatchewan,22Montana, and North Dakota can replace crude oil imported from23countries that do not share American values and therefore24additional pipeline capacity to refineries in the United States25Midwest and Gulf Coast regions is required; and26

WHEREAS, Increasing energy imports from Canada makes sense27for the United States because Canada is a trusted neighbor with a28stable democratic government, strong environmental standards equal29to that of the United States, and some of the most stringent human30rights and worker protection laws in the world; and31

WHEREAS, Improvements in production technology continue to32reduce the carbon footprint of Canadian oil sands development; and33

WHEREAS, Oil sands production accounts for 6.5% of Canada's 34 greenhouse gas emissions and 0.1% of global greenhouse gas 35 emissions, and total emissions from Canada's oil sands sector was 36 45 megatons in 2009 which is equivalent to 3.5% of emissions from 37 United States coal fired power generation in the same year, 38 despite oil sands crude having similar carbon dioxide emissions to 39 other heavy oils and being 6% more carbon-intensive than the 40 United States crude supply average on a wells-to-wheels basis; and 41

WHEREAS, The 58 refineries in the Gulf Coast region provide a42total refining capacity of approximately 8.4 million barrels per43day, or nearly half of the United States' refining capacity; and44

WHEREAS, In 2009, Gulf Coast region refineries imported45approximately 5 million barrels per day of crude oil from more46

12% from Saudi Arabia, and 11% from Nigeria; and	48
WHEREAS, Crude oil imports from Mexico and Venezuela are	49
declining as production from those countries decreases and supply	
contracts expire; and	51
WHEREAS, Once completed, the TransCanada's Keystone XL and	52
Gulf Coast Pipeline Projects could displace roughly 40% of the oil	53
the United States currently imports from the Middle East and	54
Venezuela; and	55
WHEREAS, The Keystone XL Pipeline Project has been subject to	56
the most thorough public consultation process of any proposed	57
United States pipeline and the subject of multiple environmental	58
impact statements and several United States Department of State	59
studies that have concluded that the Pipeline poses the least	60
impact to the environment as compared to, and is much safer than,	61
other modes of transporting crude oil; and	62
WHEREAS, Pipelines are the safest method for the	63
transportation of petroleum products when compared to other	64
methods of transportation - for example, transporting by pipeline	65
is 100 times safer than transporting by truck and 40 times safer	66
than transporting by rail; and	67
WHEREAS, The Keystone XL Pipeline will replace the hauling	68
capacity of a tanker train that is 25 miles long or 200 ocean	69
tankers per year thereby reducing greenhouse gas emissions by as	70
much as 19 million tons, which is the equivalent of taking almost	71
4 million cars off the road; and	

than 40 countries with 21% coming from Mexico, 17% from Venezuela,

WHEREAS, The Keystone XL Pipeline Project will support over7310,000 jobs in United States construction and manufacturing74industries such as pipefitting, welding, electrical, heavy75equipment operating, and other sectors in virtually every state in76the United States; and77

47

WHEREAS, 75% of the pipe used to build the Keystone XL 78 Pipeline in the United States will come from North American mills, 79 including half made by workers in the United States, and goods for 80 the pipeline valued at approximately \$800 million have already 81 been sourced from manufacturers in the United States; now 82 therefore be it 83

RESOLVED, That we, the members of the Ohio House of 84 Representatives of the 130th General Assembly, respectfully urge 85 the United States Department of State to approve the presidential 86 permit application allowing the construction and operation of the 87 TransCanada Keystone XL Pipeline between the United States and 88 Canada in order to strengthen the United States' energy security, 89 provide for critical pipeline infrastructure to achieve North 90 American energy independence, and to stimulate the economy and 91 create jobs; and be it further 92

RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the House of Representatives 93 transmit duly authenticated copies of this resolution to the 94 Secretary of State of the United States, the President of the 95 United States, the Speaker and Clerk of the United States House of 96 Representatives, the President Pro Tempore and Secretary of the 97 United States Senate, the members of the Ohio Congressional 98 99 delegation, and the news media of Ohio.