



Max Gakh

## *Bill Analysis*

*Legislative Service Commission*

### **H.B. 649\***

127th General Assembly  
(As Passed by the House)

**Reps. Hottinger, Bacon, Dolan, Flowers, Jones, R. McGregor, Schlichter,  
J. Stewart**

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#### **BILL SUMMARY**

- Requires the Director of Veterans Services to implement and administer a compensation program for persons who served in active duty in the United States Armed Services during the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq conflicts.
- Establishes eligibility requirements and compensation amounts for those persons and for the spouse, children, or parents of such a person if the person is deceased or determined to be missing in action or a prisoner of war.
- Requires the Director of Budget and Management to transfer \$150 million from the Budget Stabilization Fund to the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Fund created in the bill (from which fund the compensation is to be paid) and authorizes the Director of Veterans Services to request an additional transfer of up to \$50 million.
- Requires, upon payment of all valid claims under the program, the Director of Veterans Services to submit a final report to the General Assembly and the transfer of any funds remaining in the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Fund to the Budget Stabilization Fund.

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\* This analysis was prepared before the report of passage of the bill by the House appeared in the House Journal. Note that the list of co-sponsors and the legislative history may be incomplete.

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## CONTENT AND OPERATION

### *Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Program*

(R.C. 5902.02 and 5902.16)

The bill authorizes the Department of Veterans Services to administer a program that provides compensation to veterans of the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq conflicts.

#### *Definitions*

For purposes of the bill:

"**Afghanistan service**" means military service within Afghanistan during the period between October 7, 2001, and the date determined by the President or Congress of the United States as the end of the involvement of the United States Armed Forces in Afghanistan.

"**Domestic service**" means service within the territorial limits of the 50 states, excluding sea duty.

"**Foreign service**" means service in locations other than the territorial limits of the 50 states, excluding Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, or Iraq service.

"**Iraq service**" means military service within Iraq during the period between March 19, 2003, and the date determined by the President or Congress as the end of the involvement of the United States Armed Forces in Iraq.

"**Persian Gulf service**" means military service within the Persian Gulf theater of operations during the period between August 2, 1990, and March 3, 1991.

"**United States Armed Forces**" includes members of the Ohio National Guard serving on active duty.

#### *Eligibility for the compensation program*

The bill requires the Director of Veterans Services to implement and administer the compensation program. Payments under the program must be made to each person who meets all of the following requirements:

(1) The person has served in active duty in the United States Armed Forces, except active duty for training only, at any time between August 2, 1990, and March 3, 1991; at any time between October 7, 2001, and the date determined

by the President or Congress of the United States as the end of involvement of the United States Armed Forces in Afghanistan; or at any time between March 19, 2003, and the date determined by the President or Congress as the end of the involvement of the United States Armed Forces in Iraq.

(2) The person was an Ohio resident for at least one year immediately preceding the start of active duty service and is currently an Ohio resident.

(3) The person was separated from the United States Armed Forces under honorable conditions, is still serving in active duty service, is retired from active duty service, or remains in the Ohio National Guard after serving on active duty.

#### **Amount of compensation for veterans**

A person who meets all of the requirements listed above is entitled to receive compensation of \$50 for each month of active domestic or foreign service and \$100 for each month of Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, or Iraq service during the compensable periods. A person who is medically discharged or medically retired from service due to combat-related disabilities sustained during Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, or Iraq service may apply to receive compensation of \$1,000. The maximum amount of cash payable to any person in active domestic or foreign service is \$500 and the maximum amount of cash payable to any person in Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, or Iraq service is \$1,000, unless the person qualifies for a survivor's payment or a payment based on missing in action or prisoner of war status (see below). Compensation for a fraction of a month of service is to be paid on the basis of one-thirtieth of the appropriate monthly amount for each day of service.

#### **Compensation eligibility and amounts for special circumstances**

The surviving spouse, surviving child or children, or surviving parent or parents<sup>1</sup> are entitled to the same amount of compensation that the person who served in the Armed Forces would have received pursuant to the terms described directly above. If the United States Department of Veterans Affairs determines that the person's death was the result of injuries or illness sustained in Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, or Iraq service, the person's survivors are entitled to a survivor's payment of \$5,000, regardless of the amount of compensation that the deceased would have been entitled to receive under the bill, if living. The survivor's payment is to be made to the surviving spouse. If there is no surviving

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<sup>1</sup> Under the bill and for purposes of this analysis, the term "parent" includes a person standing in loco parentis for one year preceding commencement of the child's service in the United States Armed Forces. "In loco parentis" means charged with a parent's rights, duties, and responsibilities (Black's Law Dictionary, 5th Edition).

spouse, the payment is to go to the surviving child or children. And if there are no surviving children, the payment is to go to the surviving parent or parents.

A person designated by the United States Department of Defense as missing in action as a result of honorable service or held in enemy captivity, or the spouse, child, or parent of a person designated as missing in action or held in enemy captivity, is entitled to a payment of \$5,000. This payment replaces any other cash benefit payable under the bill. While the person is missing or held captive, the payment is to be made to the person's spouse. If there is no spouse, payment is to be made to the person's child or children. If the person does not have children, payment is to go to the person's parent or parents.

Payment of compensation to a spouse, child, or parent of a person designated as missing in action as a result of honorable service or held in enemy captivity, while the person is missing in action or held captive, does *not* prevent the missing or captive person--on the person's release or location--from claiming and receiving a bonus of an equal amount.

**Denial of compensation**

Compensation is *not* to be paid, as follows:

- (1) To any person who received from another state a bonus or compensation of a similar nature;
- (2) To any person who served less than 90 days in the United States Armed Forces, unless active duty was terminated as a result of injuries or illness sustained during Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, or Iraq service during the compensable period;
- (3) To any person for any time period spent under penal confinement during the compensable period.

**Applications for payment of compensation; deadline**

All applications for payment of compensation are to be made to the Director according to the following schedule:

- (1) For Persian Gulf service, not later than December 31, 2010;
- (2) For Afghanistan service, not later than three years after the date determined by the President or Congress of the United States as the end of involvement of the United States Armed Forces in Afghanistan;

(3) For Iraq service, not later than three years after the date determined by the President or Congress as the end of involvement of the United States Armed Forces in Iraq.

### **Duties of the Director of Veterans Services**

The bill provides the Director of Veterans Services with "complete charge" of making compensation payments and requires the Director to adopt rules, including rules regarding the amounts to which beneficiaries are entitled, residency requirements, and any other rules necessary to implement the amendment. These rules must be adopted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (R.C. Chapter 119.).

The Director must select and appoint legal counsel and employees as are necessary, fix their compensation, and prescribe their duties. All appointees serve at the Director's pleasure. When practical, the Director is to employ Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflict veterans to fill the positions.

On payment of all valid claims for cash compensation made within the time limitations set forth above, any funds remaining in the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Fund (discussed below) must be transferred to the Budget Stabilization Fund. At that time, the Director must make a final report to the General Assembly.

### **Restrictions regarding rights or claims to compensation**

No sale or assignment of any right or claim to compensation under the bill is valid. No claims of creditors are enforceable against rights or claims to or payments of compensation. And no fees can be charged for services in connection with the prosecution of any right or claim to compensation or the collection of any compensation.

### **Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Fund**

(R.C. 5902.161; Section 3; R.C. 131.43 [not in the bill])

The bill creates the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Fund in the state treasury. The Fund consists of amounts lawfully appropriated, transferred, and credited to the Fund. Within 15 days after the bill's effective date, the Director of Budget and Management (OBM) must transfer \$150 million in fiscal year 2009 from the Budget Stabilization Fund (BSF) to the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Fund. If the Director of Veterans Services determines that the amount in the Fund is inadequate to provide compensation in accordance with the bill's requirements, the Director may request, after estimating the amount sufficient to meet those requirements, that the

OBM Director transfer the requested amount into the Fund from the BSF. The amount transferred pursuant to such a request, however, may not exceed \$50 million because the bill limits transfers from the BSF to the Fund to a total of \$200 million and the bill already transfers \$150 million from the BSF for fiscal year 2009.

The Fund is to be used by the Director of Veterans Services to pay for the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts Compensation Program. Investment earnings of the Fund are to be credited to the Fund.

**Effective date**

(Section 5)

The bill's provisions are not subject to the referendum because they are, or relate to, an appropriation for current expenses of the state government and state institutions as contemplated in Article II, Section 1d, Ohio Constitution. Therefore, the bill takes immediate effect.

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**HISTORY**

| ACTION                                | DATE     |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Introduced                            | 12-02-08 |
| Reported, H. Finance & Appropriations | 12-09-08 |
| Passed House                          | ---      |

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