Ohio Legislative Service Commission

Bill Analysis

Sam Benham

H.B. 402 130th General Assembly (As Introduced)

Reps. Duffey and Landis

BILL SUMMARY

- Authorizes the Tax Commissioner to either apply a taxpayer's overpayment of a tax
 or fee administered by the Commissioner to the taxpayer's future tax liabilities or
 issue a refund to the taxpayer without the taxpayer having to request the credit or
 refund.
- Requires the Commissioner to notify taxpayers of tax or fee overpayments.
- Makes an appropriation.

CONTENT AND OPERATION

Tax or fee overpayments

The bill prescribes the manner in which the Tax Commissioner may address overpayments of taxes and fees administered by the Commissioner. Under the bill, the Commissioner is empowered to refund any tax or fee overpayment to the taxpayer or credit the overpayment to the taxpayer's future tax liability, even if the taxpayer does not file an application for a refund. The bill also prescribes a time period within which the Commissioner must notify a taxpayer that the taxpayer has overpaid a tax or fee.

Generally, under current law, a taxpayer that overpays a tax or fee may receive a refund of that tax or fee only if the taxpayer files an application for a refund or, in some cases, an amended return with the Commissioner. The bill does not preclude a taxpayer from filing a refund application.

Refund or crediting of overpayments

The bill authorizes the Commissioner to issue a refund or apply a credit against future tax liabilities to any person that overpays a tax or fee. The amount of the refund or credit equals the amount of the overpayment minus any minimum refund and after adjusting for accounting factors applicable to the taxpayer such as accelerated tax payments, estimated payments, and tax credits (this amount is the "credit account balance"). (Under continuing law, a taxpayer may receive a refund for most taxes and fees if the amount of the overpayment exceeds \$1.2)

The Commissioner may either credit the taxpayer's credit account balance against the taxpayer's liability for a tax or fee in the taxpayer's next reporting period or refund the credit account balance. If the taxpayer has an outstanding tax debt that has been certified to the Attorney General for collection or any other outstanding tax or fee liability, the refund must be reduced to that extent. The amount so deducted must first be applied to satisfy the taxpayer's certified tax debt and then to satisfy the taxpayer's other outstanding tax or fee liability.³

Overpayment notification

The bill requires the Commissioner to review taxpayers' accounts and notify a taxpayer if the taxpayer has a credit account balance. The Commissioner is required to issue this notification no later than 60 days before the deadline for filing a refund application for the tax or fee (usually three or four years after the date of the overpayment).

The bill does not prescribe the method the Commissioner must use to deliver the notification, but the bill does require the Commissioner to use information on file with the Commissioner to contact the taxpayer.⁴

Rules

The bill authorizes the Commissioner to adopt rules to administer the refunding, crediting, and taxpayer notification of credit account balances.⁵

⁵ R.C. 5703.77(E).



¹ R.C. 5703.77(A) and (C).

² See R.C. 5703.75, not in the bill.

³ R.C. 5703.77(C) and (D).

⁴ R.C. 5703.05 and 5703.77(B).

Appropriation

The bill appropriates \$924,000 in fiscal year 2015 from the General Revenue Fund to augment existing funding for the operating expenses of the Department of Taxation.⁶

HISTORY

ACTION DATE

Introduced 01-14-14

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⁶ Section 3.

